

## Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

## Situation Report - 176

Data as received by WHO from national authorities by 10:00 CEST, 14 July 2020

## **Highlights**

The latest edition of the <u>State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World</u>, published yesterday, estimates that almost 690 million people went hungry in 2019 – up by 10 million from 2018, and by nearly 60 million in the past five years. The report forecasts <u>the COVID-19 pandemic could tip over 130 million more people into chronic hunger by the end of 2020.</u>

In <u>South Sudan, WHO and the Ministry of Health are working to address stigma and fear</u>, which are proving to be major barriers to tackling the COVID-19 pandemic.

A <u>new report from WHO highlights that violence and injuries are a leading cause of death</u> in the WHO European Region, accounting for almost 500 000 deaths a year. Evidence shows that violence can increase during and in the aftermath of disease outbreaks, particularly affecting <u>women, children and older people</u>. WHO has also produced guidance specifically addressing <u>violence against women</u>.

The WHO Information Network for Epidemics (EPI-WIN) has launched a new webinar series to manage infodemics through effective risk communication and community engagement. This is discussed in today's 'Subject in Focus' below.

## Situation in numbers (by WHO Region)

Total (new cases in last 24 hours)

Globally	12 964 809 cases (196 775)	570 288 deaths (3 634)
Africa	492 660 cases (15 085)	8 430 deaths (177)
Americas	6 780 428 cases (110 549)	288 430 deaths (1 853)
Eastern Mediterranean	1 302 297 cases (15 646)	31 751 deaths (523)
Europe	2 946 104 cases (20 691)	203 957 deaths (373)
South-East Asia	1 196 651 cases (33 095)	29 900 deaths (642)
Western Pacific	245 928 cases (1 709)	7 807 deaths (66)