

PA07 Extended BSTClass

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.6

Thu Mar 17 2016 19:39:47

Contents

1	Class Index	1
1.1	Class List	1
2	File Index	2
2.1	File List	2
3	Class Documentation	2
3.1	BSTClass< DataType > Class Template Reference	2
3.1.1	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	4
3.1.2	Member Function Documentation	5
3.2	BSTNode< DataType > Class Template Reference	21
3.2.1	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	21
3.3	SimpleTimer Class Reference	22
3.3.1	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	23
3.3.2	Member Function Documentation	23
3.4	StudentType Class Reference	24
3.4.1	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	24
3.4.2	Member Function Documentation	26
4	File Documentation	31
4.1	BSTClass.cpp File Reference	31
4.1.1	Detailed Description	31
4.2	BSTClass.h File Reference	31
4.2.1	Detailed Description	31
4.3	PA07.cpp File Reference	32
4.3.1	Detailed Description	32
4.4	SimpleTimer.cpp File Reference	32
4.4.1	Detailed Description	33
4.5	SimpleTimer.h File Reference	33
4.5.1	Detailed Description	33
4.6	StudentType.cpp File Reference	33
4.6.1	Detailed Description	34
	Index	35

1 Class Index

1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

BSTClass< DataType >	2
BSTNode< DataType >	21
SimpleTimer	22
StudentType	24

2 File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

BSTClass.cpp	
Implementation file for BSTClass	31
BSTClass.h	
Definition file for BSTClass	31
PA07.cpp	
Driver program to exercise the BST class, with account information	32
SimpleTimer.cpp	
Implementation file for SimpleTimer class	32
SimpleTimer.h	
Definition file for simple timer class	33
StudentType.cpp	
Implementation file for StudentType class	33
StudentType.h	??

3 Class Documentation

3.1 BSTClass< DataType > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- [BSTClass](#) ()
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class default constructor.
- [BSTClass](#) (const [BSTClass](#)< [DataType](#) > &copied)
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class copy constructor.
- [~BSTClass](#) ()
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class destructor.
- const [BSTClass](#) & [operator=](#) (const [BSTClass](#)< [DataType](#) > &rhData)
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class overloaded assignment operator.
- void [clear](#) ()
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to clear the tree.
- void [insert](#) (const [DataType](#) &newData)
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to insert an item into the tree.
- bool [find](#) ([DataType](#) &searchDataItem) const
Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class to search for an item in the tree.

- bool **remove** (const DataType &dataItem)
Implementation of BSTClass class that removes a node in the tree.
- bool **isEmpty** () const
Implementation of BSTClass class method that determines whether or not the tree is empty.
- void **preOrderTraversal** () const
Implementation of BSTClass class to print the values in the tree to the screen.
- void **inOrderTraversal** () const
Implementation of BSTClass class to print the values in the tree to the screen.
- void **postOrderTraversal** () const
Implementation of BSTClass class to print the values in the tree to the screen.
- void **showBSTStructure** (char IDChar)
Implementation of BSTClass method to print out the structure of the tree to the screen.
- int **getHeight** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr)
Implementation of BSTClass method to get the height of the tree or subtree.
- void **showBSTStructureHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr, int treeHeight, int currentRow, int printRow, bool &newLine)
Implementation of BSTClass method to print out the structure of the tree to the screen.
- int **powerFunction** (int base, int exponent)
Implementation of BSTClass method to calculate the result of raising a number to a power.

Static Public Attributes

- static const char **TAB** = '\t'
- static const char **SPACE** = ' '
- static const int **MAX_DATA_LEN** = 80
- static const int **INITIALIZE** = 101
- static const int **AT_BOTTOM** = 102
- static const int **GET_RESULT** = 103

Private Member Functions

- void **copyTree** (BSTNode< DataType > *&workingPtr, const BSTNode< DataType > *sourcePtr)
Implementation of BSTClass class method that copies the structure and values from one tree into another.
- void **clearHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr)
Implementation of BSTClass class method to clear the tree.
- void **insertHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *&workingPtr, const DataType &newData)
Implementation of BSTClass class method to insert a new item into the tree.
- bool **findHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr, DataType &searchDataItem) const
Implementation of BSTClass class to search for an item in the tree.
- bool **removeHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *&workingPtr, const DataType &removeDataItem)
Implementation of BSTClass class that removes a node in the tree.
- void **preOrderTraversalHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr) const
Implementation of BSTClass class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.
- void **inOrderTraversalHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr) const
Implementation of BSTClass class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.
- void **postOrderTraversalHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr) const
Implementation of BSTClass class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.
- int **getHeightHelper** (BSTNode< DataType > *workingPtr)
Implementation of BSTClass method to get the height of the tree or subtree.
- void **spacePrinter** (int height, bool &newLine)
Implementation of BSTClass method to print spaces before the nodes in the tree.
- void **dashPrinter** (bool &newLine, int height, int dashes)
Implementation of BSTClass method to print out dashes to the screen when a node isn't present in the tree.

Private Attributes

- `BSTNode< DataType > * rootNode`

3.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.1.1 `template<class DataType > BSTClass< DataType >::BSTClass ()`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class default constructor.

The data member has a default value assigned to it

Precondition

Assumes an uninitialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The data member has a default value

Algorithm

An initializer is used to set the root to NULL

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Returns

None

Note

Initializer used

3.1.1.2 `template<class DataType > BSTClass< DataType >::BSTClass (const BSTClass< DataType > & copied)`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class copy constructor.

Creates a tree with the same structure as the object passed in as parameter

Precondition

Assumes an uninitialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The local object has the same structure as the parameter passed in

Algorithm

An initializer is used to set the root to NULL and then the method `copyTree` is called to copy the structure of the parameter into the local object

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>copied</i>	A const reference parameter of type BSTClass which will have its values copied into the local object (BSTClass<DataType>)
-----------	---------------	---

Returns

None

Note

Initializers used

3.1.1.3 `template<class DataType > BSTClass< DataType >::~~BSTClass ()`Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class destructor.

Deletes all nodes in the tree and sets the data member to its default value

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

All nodes in the tree deleted and the data member set to NULL

Algorithm

The method clear is called to delete all nodes and set the root to NULL

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>None</i>

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2 Member Function Documentation

3.1.2.1 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::clear ()`Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to clear the tree.

Deletes all nodes in the tree and sets the root to NULL

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

All nodes in the tree deleted and the data member set to NULL

Algorithm

An if statement checks that the tree is not empty and if its not then the method `clearHelper` is called to delete all nodes and the root is set to NULL

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.2 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::clearHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr)`
`[private]`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class method to clear the tree.

Deletes the nodes in the tree recursively

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

All nodes in the tree are deleted

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the left pointer is NULL, if not then the method is called recursively on the left, then another if statement checks if the right is NULL, and if not the method is called recursively on the right, and the node is deleted

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

--

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A pointer of type <code>DataType</code> corresponding to the current node under consideration (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
----	-------------------	---

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.3 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::copyTree (BSTNode< DataType > *& workingPtr, const BSTNode< DataType > * sourcePtr) [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method that copies the structure and values from one tree into another.

Recursive calls to the method copy the structure and values from the tree passed in as a parameter into the local object

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object with no nodes

Postcondition

The local object has the same structure as the parameter passed in

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the pointer pointing to the parameter is NULL and if not then then pointer to the local object has a node created for it and then the method is called recursively on the left and right pointers of the tree passed in as a parameter

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A reference BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the local tree (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
in	<i>sourcePtr</i>	A BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the tree passed in as a parameter (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.4 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::dashPrinter (bool & newLine, int height, int dashes) [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) method to print out dashes to the screen when a node isn't present in the tree.

Uses `spacePrinter` to print out the appropriate number of spaces and then prints out dashes in the amount specified

Precondition

Assumes valid parameters

Postcondition

Spaces and dashes printed out to the screen in the amount specified and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

A counter controlled loop calls `spacePrinter` and then prints dashes equal to the number of times passed in by the parameter `dashes`

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>newLine</i>	A reference parameter of type <code>bool</code> which corresponds to whether or not the first node in the row under consideration has been printed out yet or not (<code>bool</code>)
<i>in</i>	<i>height</i>	An <code>int</code> corresponding to the height of the tree or subtree at the node under consideration (<code>int</code>)
<i>in</i>	<i>dashes</i>	An <code>int</code> corresponding to the number of sets of dashes to print out to the screen (<code>int</code>)

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.5 `template<class DataType > bool BSTClass< DataType >::find (DataType & searchDataItem) const`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class to search for an item in the tree.

The item passed in as a parameter is searched for in the tree and `true` is returned if it is found

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

A `bool` corresponding to whether or not the item is found is returned and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An `if` statement checks whether the tree is empty and if not then the method `findHelper` is called to recursively search for the item

Exceptions

None

Parameters

in	<i>searchDataItem</i>	A reference parameter of type DataType which corresponds to the item searched for in the tree (DataType)
----	-----------------------	--

Returns

A bool corresponding to whether or not the item was found in the tree (bool)

Note

None

3.1.2.6 `template<class DataType > bool BSTClass< DataType >::findHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr, DataType & searchDataItem) const [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class to search for an item in the tree.

An item is searched for in the tree and if found true is returned

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object and that the item searched for has a compareTo method

Postcondition

A bool corresponding to whether or not the item is found is returned and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

If statements check whether the item passed in is equal to, less than, or greater than the item at the node under consideration, if it's equal then true is returned, if it's either less than or greater than it then in either case an if statement checks whether there is a node to the left or right and if so the method is called on that node otherwise false is returned

Exceptions

None

Parameters

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A parameter of type BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the recursion (BSTNode<DataType>*)
in	<i>searchDataItem</i>	A const reference parameter of type DataType corresponding to the item searched for in the tree (DataType)

Returns

A bool corresponding to whether or not the item was found in the tree (bool)

Note

The item searched for must have a compareTo method

3.1.2.7 `template<class DataType > int BSTClass< DataType >::getHeight (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr)`

Implementation of `BSTClass` method to get the height of the tree or subtree.

Calls a helper method to recursively determine the height of the tree or subtree

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The height of the tree or subtree under consideration is calculated and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

The helper method is called and the result is returned

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>workingPtr</i>	A pointer of type <code>BSTNode</code> that points to the node currently under consideration (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
-----------	-------------------	--

Returns

An int corresponding to the height of the tree (int)

Note

None

3.1.2.8 `template<class DataType > int BSTClass< DataType >::getHeightHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr) [private]`

Implementation of `BSTClass` method to get the height of the tree or subtree.

Recursively determines the height of the tree or subtree at a given node passed in as a parameter

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The height of the tree or subtree under consideration is calculated and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks if the `workingPtr` is NULL, the base case, and if so zero is returned, then the method is called recursively on the left and then the right node pointers, then the values each returns are compared and the greater one plus one is returned

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>workingPtr</i>	A pointer of type BSTNode that points to the node currently under consideration (BSTNode<DataType>*)
-----------	-------------------	--

Returns

An int corresponding to the height of the tree or subtree currently under consideration (int)

Note

None

3.1.2.9 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::inOrderTraversal () const`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class to print the values in the tree to the screen.

The tree is traversed in order and the values in the nodes are printed to the screen

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The values in the tree are printed and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether or not the tree is empty and if not then the method inOrderTraversalHelper is called with the root as a parameter

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>None</i>

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.10 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::inOrderTraversalHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr) const [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.

Recursively moves through the tree and prints the value at each node

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The values in the nodes of the tree are printed to the screen and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the pointer is NULL and if not then the method is called on the left branch, the value at the node is printed to the screen, and then the method is called on the right branch

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>workingPtr</i>	A parameter of type <code>BSTNode</code> pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the recursion (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
-----------	-------------------	--

Returns

None

Note

A helper method to `preOrderTraversal`

3.1.2.11 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::insert (const DataType & newData)`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class method to insert an item into the tree.

Inserts an item into the appropriate location in the tree with a call to a recursive helper method

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The tree has the item inserted into the appropriate location

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the tree is empty, if so then a new node is created at the root, otherwise the recursive helper method is called

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>newData</i>	A reference parameter of type <code>DataType</code> corresponding to the item to be inserted (<code>DataType</code>)
-----------	----------------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.12 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::insertHelper (BSTNode< DataType > *& workingPtr, const DataType & newData) [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to insert a new item into the tree.

The item to be inserted is added to tree with recursive calls to the method

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object and that the item to be inserted has a `compareTo` method

Postcondition

The tree has the item inserted into the appropriate location

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the current node pointer is NULL, if not then if statements check whether the item to be inserted is greater or less than the item at the current node, going right or left in either respective case, and then if that node is a leaf then a new node is created, otherwise the method is called on the child node

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>workingPtr</i>	A pointer of type BSTNode pointer which corresponds to the current node under consideration (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
<i>in</i>	<i>newData</i>	A reference parameter of type <code>DataType</code> corresponding to the item to be inserted (<code>DataType</code>)

Returns

None

Note

The inserted item must have a `compareTo` method

3.1.2.13 `template<class DataType > bool BSTClass< DataType >::isEmpty () const`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method that determines whether or not the tree is empty.

If there are no nodes in the tree then true is returned

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

A bool is returned based on whether or not the tree is empty

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the root is NULL and if so true is returned

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>None</i>

Returns

A bool corresponding to whether or not the tree is empty (bool)

Note

None

3.1.2.14 `template<class DataType > const BSTClass< DataType > & BSTClass< DataType >::operator= (const BSTClass< DataType > & rhData)`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class overloaded assignment operator.

Assigns one [BSTClass](#) object to the local object

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The local object has the same structure as the parameter passed in

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the local object and the parameter passed in are the same, if not then the method `copyTree` copies the structure and values of the parameter into the local object

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>rhData</code>	A const reference parameter of type BSTClass which will be the object which has its structure and values copied into the local object (BSTClass<DataType>)
-----------------	---------------------	--

Returns

The local object is returned with this dereferenced (BSTClass<DataType>)

Note

None

3.1.2.15 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::postOrderTraversal () const`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class to print the values in the tree to the screen.

The tree is traversed in post-order and the values in the nodes are printed to the screen

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The values in the tree are printed and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether or not the tree is empty and if not then the method `postOrderTraversalHelper` is called with the root as a parameter

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.16 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::postOrderTraversalHelper (BSTNode< DataType > *
workingPtr) const [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.

Recursively moves through the tree and prints the value at each node

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The values in the nodes of the tree are printed to the screen and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the pointer is NULL and if not then the method is called on the left branch, then the right branch, and then the value at the node is printed to the screen

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>workingPtr</i>	A parameter of type BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the recursion (<code>BSTNode<DataType>*</code>)
-----------	-------------------	---

Returns

None

Note

A helper method to `postOrderTraversal`

3.1.2.17 `template<class DataType > int BSTClass< DataType >::powerFunction (int base, int exponent)`

Implementation of `BSTClass` method to calculate the result of raising a number to a power.

An int is returned corresponding to the result of taking one parameter to the power of the other

Precondition

Assumes positive integers

Postcondition

The result of the calculation is returned and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks that the exponent is greater than zero and if so then a counter controlled loop multiplies the base by itself that many times and returns the result, otherwise one is returned

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>base</i>	An int corresponding to the base in the calculation (int)
<i>in</i>	<i>exponent</i>	An int corresponding to the exponent in the calculation (int)

Returns

An int corresponding to the result of the power calculation (int)

Note

None

3.1.2.18 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::preOrderTraversal () const`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class to print the values in the tree to the screen.

The tree is traversed in pre-order and the values in the nodes are printed to the screen

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

The values in the tree are printed and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether or not the tree is empty and if not then the method `preOrderTraversalHelper` is called with the root as a parameter

Exceptions

None

Parameters

None

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.19 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::preOrderTraversalHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr) const [private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class method to traverse the tree and print its structure to the screen.

Recursively moves through the tree and prints the value at each node

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The values in the nodes of the tree are printed to the screen and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the pointer is NULL and if not then the the value at the node is printed to the screen, the method is called on the left branch, and then on the right branch

Exceptions

None

Parameters

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A parameter of type BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the recursion (BSTNode<DataType>*)
----	-------------------	--

Returns

None

Note

A helper method to inOrderTraversal

3.1.2.20 `template<class DataType > bool BSTClass< DataType >::remove (const DataType & dataItem)`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) class that removes a node in the tree.

If the item passed in as a parameter is found the in tree then it is removed

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

If the item to be removed is in the tree it is removed and the parameter holds the value of the item removed

Algorithm

An if statement checks that the tree is not empty and then calls the method `removeHelper` with the root and the parameter as arguments

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<code>out</code>	<i><code>dataItem</code></i>	A const reference parameter of type <code>DataType</code> corresponding to the item to be removed from the tree (<code>DataType</code>)
------------------	------------------------------	---

Returns

A `bool` is returned corresponding to whether or not the removal was successful (`bool`)

Note

None

3.1.2.21 `template<class DataType > bool BSTClass< DataType >::removeHelper (BSTNode< DataType > *&workingPtr, const DataType & removeDataItem) [private]`

Implementation of `BSTClass` class that removes a node in the tree.

The item passed in as a parameter is found and removed recursively if it's in the tree

Precondition

Assumes an initialized `BSTClass` object

Postcondition

If the item to be removed is in the tree then it is removed and the `DataType` parameter holds the value of the removed item

Algorithm

If statements check whether the item passed in is equal to, less than, or greater than the item at the node under consideration, if it's less or great then the method is called recursively and if it's equal then it is removed, if it has two children then the greatest item in the left branch is put into its node, if it has only one child then it's linked with the child's child, and if it's a leaf then it is deleted

Exceptions

None	
------	--

Parameters

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A parameter of type BSTNode pointer which points to the current node under consideration in the recursion (BSTNode<DataType>*)
out	<i>removeDataItem</i>	A const reference parameter of type DataType corresponding to the item to be removed from the tree (DataType)

Returns

A bool is returned corresponding to whether or not the removal was successful (bool)

Note

None

3.1.2.22 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::showBSTStructure (char IDChar)`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) method to print out the structure of the tree to the screen.

A helper method is called recursively to print out the structure of the tree in a way the resembles the structure of a tree

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The items in the tree are printed out to the screen and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether or not the tree is empty and if not then a counter controlled loop calls the helper function as many times as there are rows in the tree

Exceptions

None	
------	--

Parameters

in	<i>IDChar</i>	A char corresponding to the identifier of the tree (char)
----	---------------	---

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.23 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::showBSTStructureHelper (BSTNode< DataType > * workingPtr, int treeHeight, int currentRow, int printRow, bool & newLine)`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) method to print out the structure of the tree to the screen.

Recursively moves through the entire tree and prints out the nodes to the screen in a way that resembles the actual structure of a tree

Precondition

Assumes an initialized [BSTClass](#) object

Postcondition

The items in the tree are printed out to the screen and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

An if statement checks whether the pointer to the current node is NULL or not and whether the current row is above the row to be printed, if not then the method ends, the base case, if so then if statements check whether the row to be printed is the current row, if so then the node is printed after spaces, else if there is a node to the left but not the right then the row is incremented, the method is called recursively with the node's left pointer, the row is decremented, calculations are performed with the print row versus the current row and that many dashes or spaces are printed with a call to dashPrinter, likewise, for if there is a node to the right but not to the right, else if there are no child nodes then the number of dashes is calculated and dashPrinter prints out the spaces and dashes, else the method is called recursively on both the left and right subtrees

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

in	<i>workingPtr</i>	A pointer to a BSTNode which corresponds to the current node under consideration (BSTNode<DataType>*)
in	<i>treeHeight</i>	An int corresponding to the total height of the tree (int)
in	<i>currentRow</i>	An int corresponding to the current row (int)
in	<i>printRow</i>	An int corresponding to the current row to be printed (int)
in	<i>newLine</i>	A reference parameter of type bool which corresponds to whether or not the first node in the row has been printed (bool)

Returns

None

Note

None

3.1.2.24 `template<class DataType > void BSTClass< DataType >::spacePrinter (int height, bool & newLine)`
`[private]`

Implementation of [BSTClass](#) method to print spaces before the nodes in the tree.

The number of spaces to print out is calculated based on the parameters passed in

Precondition

Assumes valid parameters

Postcondition

Spaces printed out to the screen in the appropriate number and the tree is unchanged

Algorithm

If statements check whether the bool newLine is true, if so the first node of the row is to be printed and the number of leading spaces are calculated ($2^n - 1$), otherwise the number of dividing spaces is calculated ($2^{n+1} - 3$), then a counter controlled loop prints out spaces in that amount

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>height</i>	An int corresponding the number of sets of dashes to print out to the screen (int)
<i>in</i>	<i>newLine</i>	A reference parameter of type bool which corresponds to whether or not the first node in the row under consideration has been printed out yet or not (bool)

Returns

None

Note

None

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [BSTClass.h](#)
- [BSTClass.cpp](#)

3.2 BSTNode< DataType > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- [BSTNode](#) (const DataType &nodeData, [BSTNode](#) *leftPtr, [BSTNode](#) *rightPtr)
Implementation of [BSTNode](#) class parameterized constructor.

Public Attributes

- DataType **dataItem**
- [BSTNode](#)< DataType > * **left**
- [BSTNode](#)< DataType > * **right**

3.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.1.1 `template<class DataType > BSTNode< DataType >::BSTNode (const DataType & nodeData, BSTNode< DataType > * leftPtr, BSTNode< DataType > * rightPtr)`

Implementation of [BSTNode](#) class parameterized constructor.

Initializers used to assign data members to the parameters passed in

Precondition

Assumes an uninitialized [BSTNode](#) object

Postcondition

An initialized [BSTNode](#) object

Algorithm

Initializers used to set data members to the values passed in as parameters

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

in	<i>nodeData</i>	A const reference parameter of type <code>DataType</code> which the node will hold (<code>DataType</code>)
in	<i>leftPtr</i>	A pointer of type <code>BSTNode</code> to the left child node (<code>BSTNode*</code>)
in	<i>rightPtr</i>	A pointer of type <code>BSTNode</code> to the right child node (<code>BSTNode*</code>)

Returns

None

Note

Initializers used

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [BSTClass.h](#)
- [BSTClass.cpp](#)

3.3 SimpleTimer Class Reference**Public Member Functions**

- [SimpleTimer](#) ()
Default constructor.
- [~SimpleTimer](#) ()
Default constructor.
- void [start](#) ()
Start control.
- void [stop](#) ()
Stop control.
- void [getElapsedTime](#) (char *timeStr)

Static Public Attributes

- static const char **NULL_CHAR** = '\0'
- static const char **RADIX_POINT** = '.'

Private Attributes

- struct timeval startData **endData**
- long int **beginTime**
- long int **endTime**
- long int **secTime**
- long int **microSecTime**
- bool **running**
- bool **dataGood**

3.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.3.1.1 SimpleTimer::SimpleTimer ()

Default constructor.

Constructs Timer class

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Note

set running flag to false

3.3.1.2 SimpleTimer::~~SimpleTimer ()

Default constructor.

Destructs Timer class

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Note

No data to clear

3.3.2 Member Function Documentation

3.3.2.1 void SimpleTimer::start ()

Start control.

Takes initial time data

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Note

None

3.3.2.2 void SimpleTimer::stop ()

Stop control.

Takes final time data, calculates duration

Parameters

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Note

None

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [SimpleTimer.h](#)
- [SimpleTimer.cpp](#)

3.4 StudentType Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- [StudentType](#) ()
Default/Initialization constructor.
- [StudentType](#) (char *initStudentName, int initUnivIDNum, char initGender)
Initialization constructor.
- const [StudentType](#) & [operator=](#) (const [StudentType](#) &rhStudent)
Assignment operation.
- void [setStudentData](#) (char *inStudentName, int inStudentID, char inGender)
Data setting utility.
- int [compareTo](#) (const [StudentType](#) &otherStudent) const
Data comparison utility.
- void [toString](#) (char *outString) const
Data serialization.

Static Public Attributes

- static const int **STD_STR_LEN** = 50
- static const int **DATA_SET_STR_LEN** = 100
- static const char **COMMA** = ','
- static const char **SPACE** = ' '
- static const char **NULL_CHAR** = '\0'

Private Member Functions

- void [copyString](#) (char *destination, const char *source) const
String copy utility.
- void [parseNames](#) (char *lastName, char *firstName, const char *fullName) const
Name parsing utility.
- int [compareStrings](#) (const char *oneStr, const char *otherStr) const
String comparison facility.
- char [toLower](#) (char testChar) const
Letter to lower case facility.

Private Attributes

- char **name** [STD_STR_LEN]
- int **universityID**
- char **gender**

3.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.4.1.1 StudentType::StudentType ()

Default/Initialization constructor.

Constructs [StudentType](#) with default data

Precondition

assumes uninitialized [StudentType](#) object

Postcondition

Initializes all data quantities

Algorithm

Initializes class by assigning name, Id number, and class level

Exceptions

None	
------	--

Parameters

None	
------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.4.1.2 StudentType::StudentType (char * *initStudentName*, int *initUnivIDNum*, char *initGender*)

Initialization constructor.

Constructs [StudentType](#) with provided data

Precondition

assumes uninitialized [StudentType](#) object, assumes string max length < STD_STR_LEN

Postcondition

Initializes all data quantities

Algorithm

Initializes class by assigning name, Id number, and gender

Exceptions

None	
------	--

Parameters

in	<i>initStudentName</i>	Name of student as c-string
in	<i>initUnivIDNum</i>	University ID number as integer
in	<i>initGender</i>	gender

Returns

None

Note

None

3.4.2 Member Function Documentation

3.4.2.1 `int StudentType::compareStrings (const char * oneStr, const char * otherStr) const` `[private]`

String comparison facility.

Compares two strings ignoring case

Precondition

assumes standard string conditions, including `NULL_CHAR` end

Postcondition

first name and last name strings hold correct components of original full name string

Algorithm

Compares letters one by one with each letter set to lower case, if a difference in letter is found, it is returned, if the end of the shortest string is reached without a difference, strings are assumed to be the same Returns 0 if strings are equal, returns > 0 if one string > other string returns < 0 if one string < other string

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<i>oneStr</i>	One of the two strings to be compared
<code>in</code>	<i>otherStr</i>	The other of the two strings to be compared

Returns

Difference between two strings (int)

Note

None

3.4.2.2 `int StudentType::compareTo (const StudentType & otherStudent) const`

Data comparison utility.

Provides public comparison operation for use in other classes

Precondition

Makes no assumption about [StudentType](#) data

Postcondition

Provides integer result of comparison such that:

- result < 0 indicates this < other
- result == 0 indicates this == other
- result > 0 indicates this > other

Algorithm

Parses student name into last and first using `parseName`, then returns test for last name first, then first name

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>otherStudent</i>	Other student data to be compared to this object
-----------	---------------------	--

Returns

Integer result of comparison process

Note

None

3.4.2.3 void StudentType::copyString (char * *destination*, const char * *source*) const [private]

String copy utility.

Copies source string into destination string

Precondition

assumes standard string conditions, including NULL_CHAR end

Postcondition

desination string holds copy of source string

Algorithm

Copies string character by character until end of string character is found, assumes string max length < STD_STR_LEN

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>out</i>	<i>Destination</i>	string
<i>in</i>	<i>Source</i>	string

Returns

None

Note

None

3.4.2.4 const StudentType & StudentType::operator= (const StudentType & *rhStudent*)

Assignment operation.

Class overloaded assignment operator

Precondition

assumes initialized other object

Postcondition

desination object holds copy of local this object

Algorithm

Copies each data item separately

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>rhStudent</i>	other StudentType object to be assigned
-----------	------------------	---

Returns

Reference to local this [StudentType](#) object

Note

None

3.4.2.5 `void StudentType::parseNames (char * lastName, char * firstName, const char * fullName) const` `[private]`

Name parsing utility.

Takes full name and breaks into first and last names

Precondition

assumes standard string conditions, including NULL_CHAR end

Postcondition

first name and last name strings hold correct components of original full name string

Algorithm

Copies string character by character from source into last name string until a comma is found, then it copies the remainder into the first name string, assumes string max length < STD_STR_LEN

Exceptions

<i>None</i>	
-------------	--

Parameters

<i>out</i>	<i>lastName</i>	String containing last name of student
<i>out</i>	<i>firstName</i>	String containing first name of student

<i>in</i>	<i>fullName</i>	String containing full name of student, with first and last names delimited by a comma
-----------	-----------------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.4.2.6 void StudentType::setStudentData (char * *inStudentName*, int *inStudentID*, char *inGender*)

Data setting utility.

Allows resetting data in [StudentType](#)**Precondition**Makes no assumption about [StudentType](#) data**Postcondition**Data values are correctly assigned in [StudentType](#)**Algorithm**

Assigns data values to class members

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>studentName</i>	String name of student
<i>in</i>	<i>studentID</i>	Integer value of student ID
<i>in</i>	<i>gender</i>	Character identifier for gender

Returns

Integer result of comparison process

Note

None

3.4.2.7 char StudentType::toLower (char *testChar*) const [private]

Letter to lower case facility.

None

Precondition

No assumptions are made related to the input data

Postcondition

If the character is an upper case letter, it is converted to lower case and returned; otherwise the character is returned unchanged

Algorithm

Tests for upper case letter; If upper case, letter is mathematically modified to lower case otherwise no action is taken

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>testChar</i>	Character to be tested for upper case and modified as needed
-----------	-----------------	--

Returns

None

Note

None

3.4.2.8 void StudentType::toString (char * *outString*) const

Data serialization.

Converts data set to string for output by other data types

Precondition

Assumes data is initialized

Postcondition

Provides all data as string containing the name as initials

Algorithm

Places data into formatted string

Exceptions

<i>None</i>

Parameters

<i>out</i>	<i>outString</i>	string containing class data
------------	------------------	------------------------------

Returns

None

Note

None

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- StudentType.h
- [StudentType.cpp](#)

4 File Documentation

4.1 BSTClass.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for [BSTClass](#).

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include "BSTClass.h"
```

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for [BSTClass](#).

Author

Bryan Kline

Implements all member methods of the [BSTNode](#) and [BSTClass](#) classes

Version

1.10 Bryan Kline (17 March 2016) Updated for new assignment

1.00 Bryan Kline (10 March 2016) Original implementation

None

4.2 BSTClass.h File Reference

Definition file for [BSTClass](#).

```
#include <iostream>
```

Classes

- class [BSTNode< DataType >](#)
- class [BSTClass< DataType >](#)

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Definition file for [BSTClass](#). Specifies all member methods of the [BSTClass](#)

Version

1.20 Bryan Kline (17 March 2016) Updated for use with new assignment

1.10 Michael Leverington (27 February 2016) Updated for use with new assignment

1.00 Michael Leverington (30 August 2015) Original code

None

4.3 PA07.cpp File Reference

Driver program to exercise the BST class, with account information.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include "StudentType.h"
#include "BSTClass.cpp"
```

Enumerations

- enum **cCodes** {
DUMMY, **BC_1_IOT**, **BC_1_ASSGND**, **BC_1_PSTOT**,
BC_1_PREOT, **BC_1_RI**, **BC_1_FI**, **BC_1_CLRD**,
BC_1_CPYD, **BC_1_SHTR** }

Functions

- int **getControlCode** (istream &consoleIn)
- bool **getALine** (istream &consoleIn, [StudentType](#) &inputData)
- void **displayCodeChoices** ()
- int **main** ()

Variables

- const char **ENDLINE_CHAR** = '\n'
- const char **CARRIAGE_RETURN_CHAR** = '\r'
- const char **NULL_CHAR** = '\0'
- const char **SEMI_COLON** = ';'
- const int **MAX_NAME_LEN** = 50
- const int **MAX_DATA_LEN** = 100
- const bool **INPUT_TEST** = false
- const bool **MANUAL_ENTRY** = false

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Driver program to exercise the BST class, with account information. Allows for testing the BST class, along with a timer class that will be used for evaluation

Version

1.10 Michael Leverington (28 February 2016) Updated for new assignment

1.00 Michael Leverington (09 October 2015) Original code

Requires `iostream.h`, `cstring`, [StudentType.h](#), [BSTClass.cpp](#)

4.4 SimpleTimer.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for [SimpleTimer](#) class.

```
#include "SimpleTimer.h"
```

4.4.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for [SimpleTimer](#) class.

Author

Michael Leverington

Implements member methods for timing

Version

1.00 (11 September 2015)

Requires [SimpleTimer.h](#).

4.5 SimpleTimer.h File Reference

Definition file for simple timer class.

```
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <cstring>
```

Classes

- class [SimpleTimer](#)

4.5.1 Detailed Description

Definition file for simple timer class.

Author

Michael Leverington

Specifies all member methods of the [SimpleTimer](#)

Version

1.00 (11 September 2015)

None

4.6 StudentType.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for [StudentType](#) class.

```
#include "StudentType.h"
#include <cstdio>
#include <iostream>
```

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for [StudentType](#) class. Implements the constructor method of the [StudentType](#) class

Version

1.20 Bryan Kline (17 March 2016) Update with change to parsNames method to input only first and last initials

1.1 0 Michael Leverington (10 February 2016) Update for use with SorterClass

1.00 Michael Leverington (30 January 2016) Initial development

Requires [StudentType.h](#)

Index

- ~BSTClass
 - BSTClass, 5
- ~SimpleTimer
 - SimpleTimer, 23
- BSTClass
 - ~BSTClass, 5
 - BSTClass, 4
 - BSTClass, 4
 - clear, 5
 - clearHelper, 6
 - copyTree, 7
 - dashPrinter, 7
 - find, 8
 - findHelper, 9
 - getHeight, 9
 - getHeightHelper, 10
 - inOrderTraversal, 11
 - inOrderTraversalHelper, 11
 - insert, 12
 - insertHelper, 12
 - isEmpty, 13
 - operator=, 14
 - postOrderTraversal, 14
 - postOrderTraversalHelper, 15
 - powerFunction, 15
 - preOrderTraversal, 16
 - preOrderTraversalHelper, 17
 - remove, 17
 - removeHelper, 18
 - showBSTStructure, 19
 - showBSTStructureHelper, 19
 - spacePrinter, 20
- BSTClass< DataType >, 2
- BSTClass.cpp, 31
- BSTClass.h, 31
- BSTNode
 - BSTNode, 21
 - BSTNode, 21
- BSTNode< DataType >, 21
- clear
 - BSTClass, 5
- clearHelper
 - BSTClass, 6
- compareStrings
 - StudentType, 26
- compareTo
 - StudentType, 26
- copyString
 - StudentType, 27
- copyTree
 - BSTClass, 7
- dashPrinter
 - BSTClass, 7
- find
 - BSTClass, 8
- findHelper
 - BSTClass, 9
- getHeight
 - BSTClass, 9
- getHeightHelper
 - BSTClass, 10
- inOrderTraversal
 - BSTClass, 11
- inOrderTraversalHelper
 - BSTClass, 11
- insert
 - BSTClass, 12
- insertHelper
 - BSTClass, 12
- isEmpty
 - BSTClass, 13
- operator=
 - BSTClass, 14
 - StudentType, 27
- PA07.cpp, 32
- parseNames
 - StudentType, 28
- postOrderTraversal
 - BSTClass, 14
- postOrderTraversalHelper
 - BSTClass, 15
- powerFunction
 - BSTClass, 15
- preOrderTraversal
 - BSTClass, 16
- preOrderTraversalHelper
 - BSTClass, 17
- remove
 - BSTClass, 17
- removeHelper
 - BSTClass, 18
- setStudentData
 - StudentType, 29
- showBSTStructure
 - BSTClass, 19
- showBSTStructureHelper
 - BSTClass, 19
- SimpleTimer, 22
 - ~SimpleTimer, 23
 - SimpleTimer, 23
 - SimpleTimer, 23
 - start, 23
 - stop, 23
- SimpleTimer.cpp, 32

- SimpleTimer.h, [33](#)
- spacePrinter
 - BSTClass, [20](#)
- start
 - SimpleTimer, [23](#)
- stop
 - SimpleTimer, [23](#)
- StudentType, [24](#)
 - compareStrings, [26](#)
 - compareTo, [26](#)
 - copyString, [27](#)
 - operator=, [27](#)
 - parseNames, [28](#)
 - setStudentData, [29](#)
 - StudentType, [24](#), [25](#)
 - StudentType, [24](#), [25](#)
 - toLower, [29](#)
 - toString, [30](#)
- StudentType.cpp, [33](#)
- toLower
 - StudentType, [29](#)
- toString
 - StudentType, [30](#)