

Pakistan Regional Economic Integration Activity (PREIA)

Request for Proposals (RFP)

No. REQ-PRE-20-0039

Research on Non-Tariff Measures (NTMs) in Pakistan – Afghanistan Bilateral Trade

Issue Date: January 5, 2021

WARNING: Prospective Offerors who have received this document from a source other than the Pakistan Regional Economic Integration Activity (PREIA), Third Floor, National Telecommunication Headquarters (NTC) Building, G-5/2, Islamabad, Capital territory 44000, Pakistan, should immediately contact PREIAprocurement@DAI.com and provide their name and mailing address in order that amendments to the RFP or other communications can be sent directly to them. Any prospective Offeror who fails to register their interest assumes complete responsibility in the event that they do not receive communications prior to the closing date. Any amendments to this solicitation will be issued and shared only through PREIAprocurement@DAI.com.

Disclaimer: Issuance of this RFP in no way obligates DAI PREIA to award a purchase order and offerors will not be reimbursed for any costs associated with the preparation and submission of their proposals. DAI PREIA reserve the right to accept or reject any or all proposals without assigning any reason thereof.

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1. Synopsis of the RFP

RFP No.	REQ-PRE-20-0041
Issue Date	January 5, 2021
Title	Research on Non-Tariff Measures (NTMs) in Pakistan – Afghanistan Bilateral Trade
Issuing Office & Point of Contact	Procurement Department, Operations Manager
Deadline for Receipt of Questions	Questions (regarding SOW or RFP) due by (01:00 PM PST) January 17, 2021, (if any)
	Each Offeror is responsible for reading very carefully and understanding fully the terms and conditions of this RFP. All communications regarding this solicitation are to be made solely through the Issuing Office and must be submitted no later than the date specified. All questions received will be compiled and answered in writing and distributed to all interested Offerors.
Email Address for Submission of Questions	PREIAProcurement@dai.com
Deadline for Receipt of Proposals	Separately files of Technical and Financial Proposals are due by or before (5:00 PM PST) on January 31, 2021
Email Address for Submission of Proposals	PREIAProcurementINBOX@dai.com
Anticipated Award Type	DAI anticipates issuing a Firm Fixed Price Sub-Contract. This is only the anticipated type of award and may be changed as a result of negotiations.
Basis for Award	An award will be made based on the Trade Off Method. The award will be issued to the responsible and reasonable offeror who provides the best value to DAI and its client using the criteria listed below

2. Procurement Ethics

Neither payment nor preference shall be made by either the Offeror, or by any DAI staff, in an attempt to affect the results of the award. DAI treats all reports of possible fraud/abuse very seriously. Acts of fraud or corruption will not be tolerated, and DAI employees and/or subcontractors/grantees/vendors who engage in such activities will face serious consequences. Any such practice constitutes an unethical, illegal, and corrupt practice and either the Offeror or the DAI staff may report violations to the Toll-Free Ethics and Compliance Anonymous Hotline at +1 855-603-6987, via the DAI website, or via email to FPI hotline@dai.com. DAI ensures anonymity and an unbiased, serious review and treatment of the information provided. Such practice may result in the cancellation of the procurement and disqualification of the Offeror's participation in this, and future, procurements. Violators will be reported to USAID, and as a result, may be reported to the U.S. Department of Justice to be included in a Restricted Parties list, preventing them from participating in future U.S. Government business.

Offerors must provide full, accurate and complete information in response to this solicitation. The penalty for materially false responses is prescribed in Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

In addition, DAI takes the payment of USAID funds to pay Terrorists, or groups supporting Terrorists, or other parties in exchange for protection very seriously. Should the Terrorist, groups or other parties attempt to extort/demand payment from your organization you are asked to immediately report the incident to DAI's Ethics and Compliance Anonymous Hotline at the contacts described in this clause.

By submitting an offeror, offerors certify that they have not/will not attempt to bribe or make any payments to DAI employees in return for preference, nor have any payments with Terrorists, or groups supporting Terrorists, been attempted.

3. Anti-Corruption and Anti-Bribery Policy and Reporting Responsibilities

DAI conducts business under the strictest ethical standards to assure fairness in competition, reasonable prices and successful performance or delivery of quality goods and equipment. **DAI does not tolerate the following acts of corruption:**

- Any requests for a bribe, kickback, facilitation payment or gratuity in the form of payment, gift or special consideration by a DAI employee, Government official, or their representatives, to influence an award or approval decision.
- Any offer of a bribe, kickback, facilitation payment or gratuity in the form of payment, gift or special
 consideration by an offeror or subcontractor to influence an award or approval decision.
- Any fraud, such as mis-stating or withholding information to benefit the offeror or subcontractor.
- Any collusion or conflicts of interest in which a DAI employee, consultant, or representative has a
 business or personal relationship with a principal or owner of the offeror or subcontractor that may
 appear to unfairly favor the offeror or subcontractor. Subcontractors must also avoid collusion or
 conflicts of interest in their procurements from vendors. Any such relationship must be disclosed
 immediately to DAI management for review and appropriate action, including possible exclusion from
 award.

These acts of corruption are not tolerated and may result in serious consequences, including termination of the award and possible suspension and debarment by the U.S. Government, excluding the offeror or subcontractor from participating in future U.S. Government business.

Any attempted or actual corruption should be reported immediately by either the offeror, subcontractor or DAI staff to:

- Toll-free Ethics and Compliance Anonymous Hotline at (U.S.) +1-503-597-4328
- Hotline website www.DAI.ethicspoint.com, or
- Email to Ethics@DAI.com
- USAID's Office of the Inspector General Hotline at hotline@usaid.gov.

By signing this proposal, the offeror confirms adherence to this standard and ensures that no attempts shall be made to influence DAI or Government staff through bribes, gratuities, facilitation payments, kickbacks or fraud. The offeror also acknowledges that violation of this policy may result in termination, repayment of funds disallowed by the corrupt actions and possible suspension and debarment by the U.S. Government.

4. Purpose

DAI, the implementer of the USAID's Pakistan Regional Economic Integration Activity (PREIA), invites qualified offerors to submit proposals for Research on Non-Tariff Measures (NTMs) in Pakistan – Afghanistan Bilateral Trade.

5. General Information and Instructions to Offerors

5.1 Issuing Office

The Issuing Office and Contact Person noted in the above synopsis is the sole point of contact at DAI for purposes of this RFP. Any prospective offeror who fails to register their interest with this office assumes complete responsibility in the event that they do not receive direct communications (amendments, answers to questions, etc.) prior to the closing date.

5.2 Type of Award Anticipated

DAI anticipates awarding a **Firm Fixed Price Sub-Contract**. This subcontract type is subject to change during the course of negotiations.

5.3 Instructions

- "Offeror", "Subcontractor", and/or "Bidder" means a firm proposing the work under this RFP. "Offer" and/or "Proposal" means the package of documents the firm submits to propose the work.
- Offerors wishing to respond to this RFP must submit proposals, in English, in accordance with the
 following instructions. Offerors are required to review all instructions and specifications contained in
 this RFP. Failure to do so will be at the Offeror's risk. If the solicitation is amended, then all terms
 and conditions not modified in the amendment shall remain unchanged.
- Proposals are due no later than January 31, 2020, to be submitted on <u>PREIAProcurementINBOX@dai.com</u>. Late offers may only be accepted under extraordinary circumstances at PREIA's discretion.
- The submission to DAI of a proposal in response to this RFP will constitute an offer and indicates the Offeror's agreement to the terms and conditions in this RFP and any attachments hereto. DAI reserves the right not to evaluate a non-responsive or incomplete proposal.
- Offers must show unit prices, extensions, and total price. Proposal must be a fixed price, expressed in US Dollars or Pak Rupee.
- Offerors are asked to specify the available resources and the total number of calendar days it will take
 to complete the assignment.
- Bidders must provide fixed prices, inclusive of all applicable tax. Tax at source will be deducted from all payments as per government rules, unless a valid exemption certificate is provided by the supplier.
- Small/ medium size business, minorities owned firms, women led business and those owned by
 other disadvantaged groups will be given preference, in any such case additional documentation must
 be provided along with Proposal.
- Only those bids will be considered which are prepared in legible writing and are absolutely clear and unambiguous. Any unavoidable cutting/over-writing must be signed and stamped by authorized signatory of the bidders

- Submission of Proposal against this RFP would automatically mean that supplier agrees to all the terms and conditions mentioned in this RFP.
- Arithmetical errors will be rectified on the following basis:
 - If there is a discrepancy between the unit price and the total price that is obtained by multiplying the unit price and quantity, the unit price shall prevail, and the total price shall be corrected.
 - If there is a discrepancy between words and figures the amount in words shall prevail.
 - If the Offeror does not accept the correction of errors, its Proposal will be rejected.
- A cover letter shall be included with the proposal on the Offeror's company letterhead with a duly authorized signature and company stamp/seal using Attachment B as a template for the format. The cover letter shall include the following items:
 - The Offeror will certify a minimum validity period of 90 days for the prices provided.
 - Acknowledge the solicitation amendments received.

6. Questions regarding the RFP

Each Offeror is responsible for reading and complying with the terms and conditions of this RFP. Requests for clarification or additional information must be submitted in writing via email or in writing to the Issuing Office as specified in the Synopsis above. No questions will be answered by phone. Any verbal information received from a DAI or PREIA employee or other entity shall not be considered as an official response to any question regarding this RFP.

Copies of questions and responses will be distributed in writing to all prospective bidders who are on record as having received this RFP after the submission date specified in the Synopsis above.

7. Instructions for the Preparation of Technical Proposals

Technical proposals shall be submitted as a separate file from cost/price proposals and shall be clearly labeled as "VOLUME I: TECHNICAL PROPOSAL".

Technical proposals shall include the following contents

- Technical Approach Description of the proposed services which meets or exceeds the stated technical specifications or scope of work in Attachment A. The proposal must show how the Offeror plans to complete the work and describe an approach that demonstrates the achievement of timely and acceptable performance of the work.
- 2. Management approach Description of the Offeror's staff assigned to the project. The proposal should describe how the proposed team members have the necessary experience and capabilities to carry out the Technical Approach
- 3. Past Performance –Provide a list of at least three (3) recent awards of similar scope and duration. The information shall be supplied as a table, and shall include the legal name and address of the organization for which services were performed, a description of work performed, the duration of the work and the value of the contract, description of any problems encountered and how it was resolved, and a current contact phone number of a responsible and knowledgeable representative of the organization. See Attachment F.

7.1 Proposal Evaluation Criteria

Technical Proposal shall have 70% of overall weightage. Each Technical proposal will be evaluated and scored against the evaluation criteria stated in the following table.

Evaluation Criteria	Maximum Points
Technical Approach	
1. Does the proposal understand and contextualize to the requirements of the project as stated in the Scope of Work?	10 points
2. Does proposal include description of proposed approach and development tools?	10 points
3. Did the bidder provide a clear explanation of how each aspect and requirement of the SOW will be met? Is the proposed methodology cogent and creative?	10 points
4. Does the proposal demonstrate the offeror's technical knowledge related to requirements of the research topic and its related areas?	20 points
5. Does the offeror clearly demonstrate knowledge and ability to design and conduct research studies in general and on trade in particular?	
	10 points
Subtotal Points- Technical Approach	60 Points
Management Approach	
 Does the offeror have network of experts and staff who are qualified, experienced and available to complete proposed scope of work? 	10 points
2. Project plan – Does the proposal with detailed activities and timeline fulfill the requirements of executing the Scope of Work	10 points
effectively and efficiently?	10 points
3. Does the offeror have demonstrated established procedure/mechanism of Monitoring, Evaluation & Risk management (human resources, data analysis etc) to meet the requirements of SoW?	
Subtotal Points-Management Approach	30 points
Past Performance	
1. Does the offeror have the profile, experience, human resources, financial capacity and track record (testimonial from clients) in conducting similar work as the scope of work?	10 points
Subtotal Points-Past Performance	10 points
Total Points	100 points

8. Instructions for the Preparation of Cost/Price Proposals

Cost/Price Proposal shall have 30% of overall weightage. Cost/Price proposals shall be submitted as a separate file from technical proposals and shall be clearly labeled as "VOLUME II: COST/PRICE PROPOSAL" provided in Attachment C is a template for the Price Schedule, for firm-fixed price awards. Offerors shall complete the template including as much detailed information as possible.

Where applicable, offerors should include Sales Tax (G/S ST) as separate lines on the invoice (if applicable). PREIA will provide GST and customs exemption slip instead of money for GST and customs amount to the supplier as based on the Strategic Objective Grant Agreement (SOGA) between Islamic Republic of Pakistan and United States of America USAID is exempted of paying GST and customs on all purchases. Basis of Award

9. Basis of Award and Selection Process

9.1 Best Value Determination

DAI will review all proposals, and make an award based on the technical and cost evaluation criteria stated above and select the offeror whose proposal provides the best value to DAI. DAI may also exclude an offer from consideration if it determines that an Offeror is "not responsible", i.e., that it does not have the management and financial capabilities required to perform the work required.

DAI may award to a higher priced offeror if a determination is made that the higher technical evaluation of that offeror merits the additional cost/price.

DAI may award to an Offeror without discussions. Therefore, the initial offer must contain the Offeror's best terms (price and technical).

9.2 Responsibility Determination

DAI will not enter into any type of agreement with an Offeror prior to ensuring the Offeror's responsibility. When assessing an Offeror's responsibility, the following factors are taken into consideration:

- I. Provide evidence of the required business licenses to operate in the host country.
- II. Evidence of a DUNS number (explained below and instructions contained in Attachment D).
- III. The source, origin and nationality of the products or services are not from a Prohibited Country (explained below).
- IV. Having adequate financial resources to finance and perform the work or deliver goods or the ability to obtain financial resources without receiving advance funds from DAI.
- V. Ability to comply with required or proposed delivery or performance schedules.
- VI. Have a satisfactory past performance record.
- VII. Have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics.
- VIII. Have the necessary organization, experience, accounting and operational controls and technical skills.
 - IX. Have the necessary production, construction and technical equipment and facilities if applicable.
 - X. Be qualified and eligible to perform work under applicable laws and regulations.

10. Compliance with Terms and Conditions

10.1 General Terms and Conditions

Offerors agree to comply with the general terms and conditions for an award resulting from this RFP. The selected Offeror shall comply with all Representations and Certifications of Compliance listed in Attachment G.

10.2 Prohibited Technology

Bidders MUST NOT provide any goods and/or services that utilize telecommunications and video surveillance products from the following companies: Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company, or any subsidiary or affiliate thereof, in compliance with FAR 52.204-25.

10.3 Source and Nationality

Under the authorized geographic code for its contract DAI may only procure goods and services from the following countries.

Geographic Code 937: Goods and services from the United States, the cooperating country, and "Developing Countries" other than "Advanced Developing Countries: excluding prohibited countries. A list of the "Developing Countries" as well as "Advanced Developing Countries" can be found at: http://www.usaid.gov/policy/ads/300/310maa.pdf and http://www.usaid.gov/policy/ads/300/310maa.pdf and http://www.usaid.gov/policy/ads/300/310maa.pdf and http://www.usaid.gov/policy/ads/300/310mab.pdf respectively.

DAI must verify the source and nationality of goods and services and ensure (to the fullest extent possible) that DAI does not procure any goods or services from prohibited countries listed by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) as sanctioned countries. OFAC sanctioned countries may be searched within the System for Award Management (SAM) at www.SAM.gov. The current list of countries under comprehensive sanctions include: Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan, and Syria. Goods may not transit through or be assembled in comprehensive sanctioned origin or nationality countries nor can the vendor be owned or controlled by a prohibited country. DAI is prohibited from facilitating any transaction by a third party if that transaction would be prohibited if performed by DAI.

By submitting a proposal in response to this RFP, Offerors confirm that they are not violating the Source and Nationality requirements of the goods or services being offered and that the goods and services comply with the Geographic Code and the exclusions for prohibited countries outlined above.

10.4 Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) (if applicable)

There is a mandatory requirement for your organization to provide a DUNS number to DAI. The Data Universal Numbering System is a system developed and regulated by Dun & Bradstreet (D&B) that assigns a unique numeric identifier, referred to as a "DUNS number" to a single business entity. Without a DUNS number, DAI cannot deem an Offeror "responsible" to conduct business with and therefore, DAI will not enter into a subcontract/purchase order or monetary agreement with any organization. The determination of a successful offeror/applicant resulting from this RFP/RFQ/RFA is contingent upon the winner providing a DUNS number to DAI. Offerors who fail to provide a DUNS number will not receive an award and DAI will select an alternate Offeror.

All U.S. and foreign organizations which receive first-tier subcontracts/ purchase orders with a value of \$30,000 and above **are required** to obtain a DUNS number prior to signing of the agreement. Organizations are exempt from this requirement if the gross income received from all sources in the previous tax year was under \$300,000. DAI requires that Offerors sign the self-certification statement if the Offeror claims exemption for this reason.

For those required to obtain a DUNS number, see Attachment D - Instructions for Obtaining a DUNS Number - DAI'S Vendors, Subcontractors

For those not required to obtain a DUNS number, see Attachment E: Self Certification for Exemption from DUNS Requirement

10.5 Vetting Requirements (if applicable)

Pursuant to AIDAR 752.204-71, all recipients of DAI Pakistan awards above \$25,000 must comply with vetting requirements of all key individuals under the given award. No cash or in-kind disbursements will be provided until the recipient organization and all key individual(s) under the organization have passed vetting. The purpose of vetting is to mitigate the risk that USAID funds and other resources do not, even inadvertently provide support or benefit individual or entities that are terrorists, supporters of terrorists or affiliated with terrorists.

11. Attachments

11.1 Attachment A: Scope of Work (SOW) Research on Non-Tariff Measures (NTMs) in Pakistan – Afghanistan Bilateral Trade

11.1.1 Project Brief

The USAID funded Pakistan Regional Economic Integration Activity (PREIA) is a USAID funded project aimed at supporting the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and the private sector to improve Pakistan's competitiveness in international markets and, ultimately, increase the country's trade and transit volumes. The three overarching goals of PREIA include:

- Improved Business Enabling Environment;
- Improved Regional Trade and Transit Facilitation by Customs; and
- Improved Regional Business to Business (B2B) Linkages.

To achieve its objectives, PREIA works alongside several GoP departments (including Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Communication, Pakistan Customs etc.) and private sector trade bodies including chambers of commerce and industries and sector specific associations.

11.1.2 Introduction

Businesses are trying to focus and expand their markets to more regional/neighbouring areas for diversification while perceiving the low cost of doing business including travel and financial costs (arising out of any dispute). However, access to any markets including regional/neighbouring are now increasingly dependent on compliance with trade regularity measures. This has also increased the cost of trade whereas bilateral, regional and multilateral trade agreements have greatly reduced the tariff. With lower tariff, countries are now protecting their own industries and markets by taking various measures including technical and non-technical measures. Some essential non-trade objectives involve measures for the protection of public health or the environment etc.

The businesses from developed countries are quick to adopt and comply the restrictive and distortionary effects, however, businesses from developing countries, including Pakistan, have to face these discriminatory measures. It increases their cost of product many folds and distracts them from expanding their businesses. Pakistani businesses are struggling to comply with regulations and procedures in Pakistan and abroad.

Pakistan's Strategic Trade Policy Framework (2015-2018) placed a strong emphasis on regional connectivity and leveraging Pakistan's strategic location as a hub for trade and transit. Pakistan trade has not grown exponentially in Afghanistan as envisaged, due to various markets factors. GoP is focusing on improving the trade volumes with Afghanistan.

11.1.3 Background

On September 27, 2018 PREIA, in collaboration with Sarhad Chamber of Commerce and Industries (SCCI) conduced a focused group discussion (FGD) with representatives of businesses, engaged in trading with Afghanistan. One of the purposes of the discussion was to identify policy, procedural and structural issues that have an impact on Pakistan's competitiveness in Afghani market. It was pointed out that Pakistan's market share saw a decline and captured by other countries by capitalizing on the opportunity that opened considering the political and administrative impediments slowing down Pak-Afghan bilateral trade. Below two tables are the good indicator of the overall market share of key countries in Afghanistan's total imports and exports.

Table # 1: Importing markets for a product exported by Afghanistan (Value in Afghanistan's exports, %)

S #	Importers	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	United Arab Emirates	5	4.3	1.6	N/A	1.8	43.4
2	Pakistan	33	39.7	47.5	N/A	42.9	25.1
3	India	28	33.1	38.6	N/A	40.6	22.6
4	China	2.7	1.8	0.8	N/A	3.2	1.3
5	Turkey	7.1	3.1	2	N/A	2.5	0.6
6	Iran	5.8	5.1	3.2	N/A	2.3	N/A
7	Iraq	3.2	3	1.9	N/A	1.5	N/A

Source: Trademap.org

Table # 2: Supplying markets for a product imported by Afghanistan (Value in Afghanistan's imports, %)

S #	Exporters	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	United Arab Emirates	6.7	4.2	3.1	N/A	1.7	22.9
2	Pakistan	17.2	17.4	18.3	N/A	14.7	16.7
3	India	1.4	1.7	2.3	N/A	4.8	12.4
4	United States of America	1.1	3.3	1.1		0.7	10.6
5	China	13.4	13.5	16.7	N/A	15.7	8.5
6	Uzbekistan	9.3	4.4	6.1	N/A	7.5	6.4
7	Kazakhstan	5	5.5	9.5	N/A	10.7	5.6
8	Iran	19.5	23.4	19.4	N/A	17.1	N/A

Source: Trademap.org

A look at Pakistan's share in both export and import markets of Afghanistan shows declining trends over the last 5 years reinstates the importance of identifying obstacles hampering trade, both at policy and operational level. Keeping this backdrop in mind, more specifically Pakistan's weakening position in the landscape of Afghanistan's imports, the impediments are of grave importance – not only to be identified but also to be communicated to the relevant authorities for a necessary course of action. It was emphasized by the representatives of businesses that Pakistani exporters to Afghanistan enjoy / enjoyed certain competitive advantage that arose form ease of movement of goods and people across border; and from relaxed application of regulations. However, following two are key findings important for review and consideration:

Lack of Harmonization of Standards between Pakistan and Afghanistan Create Non – Tariff Barriers

A mismatch of standards and/or procedural requirements also hampers bilateral trade. Not only that, but the intention behind using such actions to pose non-tariff barriers on one another presents a bigger challenge. One specific example presented by the pharmaceutical sector suggests that Afghanistan refuses to accept Pakistan's regulatory standard for its drugs and thus delays/rejects drug registration for many companies. This is not an absolute case of lack of harmonization, but also an intentional effort by the Ministry of Afghanistan to protect its nascent industry. The resultant victims are not small Pakistani businesses alone but also well renowned brands. Another issue is faced when importing fresh fruit and dry fruit from Afghanistan since there are inadequate quarantine verification facilities available in the country to provide certification. When imports are blocked by Pakistan because of such reasons, Afghanistan reacts and places restrictions on a reciprocal basis.

2. Need Exists to Improve the Awareness Amongst Pakistani Exporters to Afghanistan on Export Related Rules, Regulations, and Procedures

There is a clear case of lack of awareness and understanding of policies and procedures for trade across Pakistan Afghanistan border and Pakistan border. This void gives rise to confusion, misinterpretation and often, illegitimate ways of avoiding compliance with the policies/procedures. Form E and Quarantine Certification, explained in detail earlier, are two relevant examples. The Government of Pakistan must be aware of non-tariff barriers applied to Afghani goods by Pakistan and vice versa for effective dialogue and negotiation.

11.1.4 Objectives and Scope

PREIA proposes to research the impact of NTMs in Afghanistan for Pakistani products, and vice versa. The research will also study their classification, mapping, trade costs, benefits of trade agreements, how NTMs have been addressed in trade policy, institutional framework and how private sectors of Pakistan and Afghanistan are sustaining and expanding in each other's markets with current NTMs. As such, the main objectives of this research are:

- 1. Classification of NTMs (general and Pakistan/Afghan specific) in Afghanistan and Pakistan with respect to Pak-Afghan bilateral trade;
- 2. NTM data mapping and mapping of implementation of instruments in Pakistan and Afghanistan with respect to bilateral trade.
- Measuring the impact and analyzing the NTMs (top 10 NTMs based on classifications) for each
 country put up by the trading partner; Impact both in terms of trade potential foregone and the
 description of challenges and opportunities for private sector while ensuring compliance with the
 respective NTMs;
- 4. Comparison of trade costs related to NTMs and Tariffs of specific sectors (5 agriculture, 5 non-agriculture products and services sector) of Pakistan and Afghanistan;
- 5. Review of trade agreements (including bilateral, multilateral and others) of Pakistan and Afghanistan in addressing the NTMs;
- 6. Identification of laws, rules, SROs and regulations of Pakistan and Afghanistan in implementing NTMs;
- 7. Challenges and effects of NTMs addressed in previous and existing Trade Policies of Pakistan and Afghanistan, and trade facilitation measures by various government actors (GoP/GoA and Commerce Ministries) of both countries;
- 8. Mechanism of addressing the NTMs under current institutional framework;
- 9. Policy Recommendation for creating enabling environment for improving competitiveness of Pakistani products in Afghanistan, and of Afghan products in Pakistan;

11.1.5 Tasks

The firm shall be responsible to design the research, develop questionnaires for stakeholder interviews, collecting data, conducting interviews, compile and analyze the data collected and develop the final report. In particular:

a) The firm shall conduct desk research: conduct a thorough desk review of research and information available with regards to NTMs, their impact, trade agreements, laws, rules, SROs and regulations and mechanisms for addressing NTMs, as defined in objectives and scope in this document. In addition, product information for both import and export for both Pakistan and Afghanistan is must.

- b) Based on the initial desk research, the firm shall design the overall research methodology, develop a list of stakeholders and the stakeholder questionnaires and final report templates.
- c) The firm shall agree on the development of research instruments and methodology as per objectives and scope, with the oversight and approval of PREIA.
- d) The firm shall collect primary information from stakeholders via one-on-one interviews and focus group discussions or method necessary to gather information for objectives/scope.
- e) The firm shall analyze and report data as per objectives and scope.
- f) The firm shall check and compile all analysis into a readable reporting format.
- g) The firm shall develop conclusions and recommendations for improving the competitiveness of Pakistani products in Afghanistan, and of Afghan products in Pakistan. The firm may discuss findings and conclusions with relevant stakeholder groups.
- h) The firm shall compile all results into a final report for public dissemination
- i) The firm shall present results at an appropriate forum to be organized for this research.

Note: Companies in partnership with local research firms and/or businesses in Afghanistan will be given preference.

11.1.6 Anticipated Outcomes

Following are the anticipated outcomes of the research:

- i. Overview and classification of all NTMs (general and Pakistan/Afghanistan specific) that have an economic impact on Pakistan and Afghanistan's bilateral trade;
- ii. Development of a directory/database/mapping of NTMs and the implementation of various instruments in Pakistan and Afghanistan with respect to bilateral trade.
- iii. Identification of top 10 NTMs (based on classifications in Pakistan and Afghanistan for each other);
- iv. Quantitative and Qualitative Impact Analysis of top 10 NTMs, including an analysis of impact in terms of trade potential foregone and challenges and opportunities for private sector while ensuring compliance with the respective NTMs;
- v. Comparative review of trade costs for NTMs and tariffs for specific sectors mentioned above;
- vi. Review of the efficacy of trade agreements of both countries in addressing NTMs and legal measures (laws, rules, SROs and regulations) taken by Pakistan and Afghanistan in implementing NTMs;
- vii. Analysis of various challenges and effects of NTMs vis-à-vis Pakistan's and Afghanistan's trade policies frameworks and trade facilitation measures taken by both countries;
- viii. Mechanism of addressing the NTMs under current institutional framework;
- ix. Recommendations and way forward for creating an enabling environment to improve the competitiveness of Pakistani and Afghan products to spur growth in Pak-Afghan bilateral trade;

11.1.7 Deliverables

- 1. Research methodology and Action plan submitted and approved by PREIA
- 2. Research instruments questionnaires and procedures for key stakeholder interviews and/or focus groups to be produced, submitted and approved by PREIA
- 3. Identification and classification of NTMs in Pakistan and Afghanistan;

- 4. Complete directory/database/mapping of NTM data and implementation status of instruments in Pakistan and Afghanistan;
- 5. Draft Research Report analysis of qualitative and quantitative research instruments as described in research objectives/scope;
- Final Research Report incorporation of recommendations from the stakeholders on the draft report. The final report shall be very graphical and able to be posted online for stakeholders in the region.
- 7. Presentations for USAID and key stakeholders based on the recommendations and conclusions.

Important Note: All sources of the data used (not just references) will be presented in their original form in Annexure of the final report.

11.1.8 Tentative Schedule

The research will start in the March/April 2021 and is expected to be completed within four months. The schedule would be decided based on the proposal.

11.1.9 Base of Operations

Pakistan (with travel to Afghanistan, as needed or with partner company in Afghanistan). Companies in partnership with local research firms and/or businesses in Afghanistan will be given preference.

11.2 Attachment B: Proposal Cover Letter

[On Firm's Letterhead]

<Insert date>

TO: Click here to enter text.

Development Alternatives, Inc.

We, the undersigned, provide the attached proposal in accordance with **RFP**-Click here to enter text. Click here to enter text. issued on Click here to enter text. Our attached proposal is for the total price of <Sum in Words (\$0.00 Sum in Figures) >.

I certify a validity period of Click here to enter text. days for the prices provided in the attached Price Schedule/Bill of Quantities. Our proposal shall be binding upon us subject to the modifications resulting from any discussions.

Offeror shall verify here the items specified in this RFP document.

We understand that DAI is not bound to accept any proposal it receives.

Yours sincerely,

Authorized Signature:

Name and Title of Signatory: Click here to enter text.

Name of Firm: Click here to enter text. Address: Click here to enter text.

Telephone: Click here to enter text. Email: Click here to enter text.

Company Seal/Stamp:

11.3 Attachment C: Price Schedule

Please use the Microsoft Excel file (BOQ) for Price Proposal.

11.4 Attachment D: Instructions for Obtaining a DUNS Number

For DAI'S Vendors, Subcontractors

Note: There is a Mandatory Requirement for your Organization to Provide a DUNS number to DAI

- I. SUBCONTRACTS/PURCHASE ORDERS: All domestic and foreign organizations which receive first-tier subcontracts/ purchase orders with a value of \$30,000 and above are required to obtain a DUNS number prior to signing of the agreement. Your organization is exempt from this requirement if the gross income received from all sources in the previous tax year was under \$300,000. Please see the self-certification form attached.
- **II. MONETARY GRANTS:** All foreign entities receiving first-tier monetary grants (standard, simplified and FOGs) with a value equal to or over \$25,000 and performing work outside the U.S. must obtain a DUNS number <u>prior</u> to signing of the grant. All U.S. organizations who are recipients of first-tier monetary grants of any value are required to obtain a DUNS number; the exemption for under \$25,000 applies to foreign organizations only.

NO SUBCONTRACTS/POs (\$30,000 + above) or MONETARY GRANTS WILL BE SIGNED BY DAI WITHOUT PRIOR RECEIPT OF A DUNS NUMBER.

Note: The determination of a successful offeror/applicant resulting from this RFP/RFQ/RFA is contingent upon the winner providing a DUNS number to DAI. Organizations who fail to provide a DUNS number will not receive an award and DAI will select an alternate vendor/subcontractor/grantee.

Background:

Summary of Current U.S. Government Requirements- DUNS

The Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) is a system developed and managed by Dun and Bradstreet that assigns a unique nine-digit identifier to a business entity. It is a common standard world-wide and users include the U.S. Government, European Commission and the United Nations. The DUNS number will be used to better identify related organizations that are receiving U.S. federal funding, and to provide consistent name and address data for electronic application systems.

Instructions detailing the process to be followed in order to obtain a DUNs number for your organization begin on the next page.

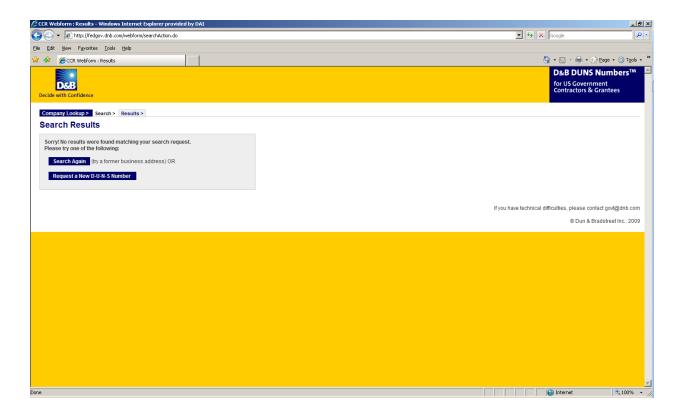
THE PROCESS FOR OBTAINING A DUNS NUMBER IS OUTLINED BELOW:

1. Log on to the D&B (Dun & Bradstreet) DUNS registration website to begin the process of obtaining a DUNS number free of charge.

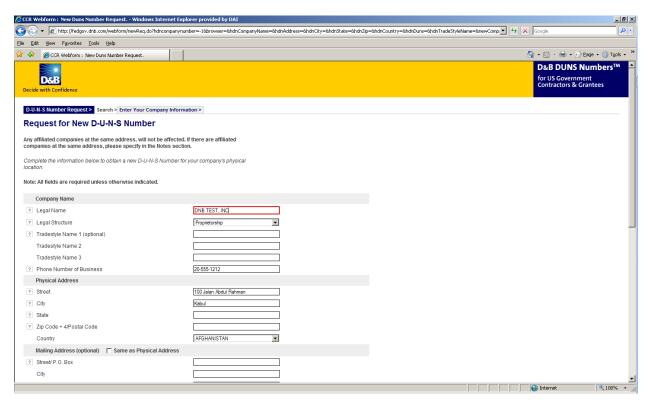
http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform/index.jsp

Please note there is a bar on the left for Frequently Asked Questions as well as emails and telephone numbers for persons at Dun & Bradstreet for you to contact if you have any questions or difficulties completing the application on-line. DAI is not authorized to complete the application on your organization's behalf; the required data must be entered by an authorized official of your organization.

- 2. Select the Country where your company is physically located.
- 3. You will first be asked to search the existing DUNS database to see whether a DUNS number already exists for your organization/entity. Subcontractors/grantees who already have a DUNS number may verify/update their DUNS records.
- 4. Potential DAI subcontractors/vendors/grantees who do not already have a DUNS number will be shown the screen below. To request a new DUNS Number, the "Request a New D-U-N-S Number" button needs to be selected.



- 5. Enter the information regarding your organization listed on the next three screens. (See screen shots below.) Make sure you have the following information available (in English) prior to beginning the process of entering this section in order to ensure successful registration.
 - Legal Business Name (commas are allowed, periods are not allowed)
 - Address
 - Phone
 - Name of Owner/Executive
 - ➤ Total Number of Employees
 - Annual Sales or Revenue (US Dollar equivalent)
 - Description of Operations
- 6. Note that some fields are Optional, however all other fields must be completed to proceed further with the application process. For example, all applicants must complete the Organization Information sections. The Company Name and Physical Address fields are self-populated based on information previously entered during the initial DUNS search. The question marks to the left of the field provide additional information when you click on them.

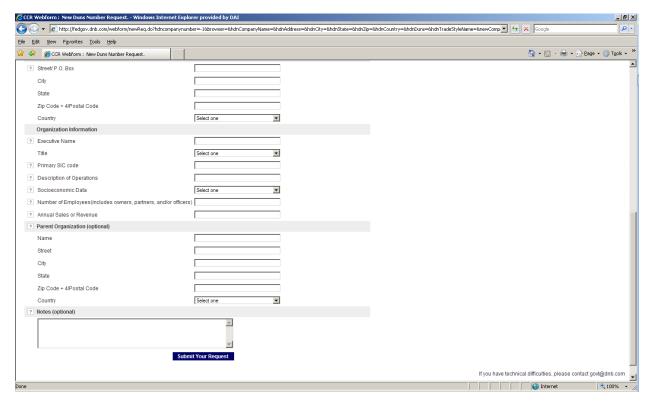


- 7. You must select the legal structure of your organization from the pull down menu. To assist you in selecting the appropriate structure that best represents your organization, a brief description of the various types follows:
 - **Corporation** A firm that meets certain legal requirements to be chartered by the state/province in which it is headquartered by the filing of articles of incorporation. A corporation is considered by law

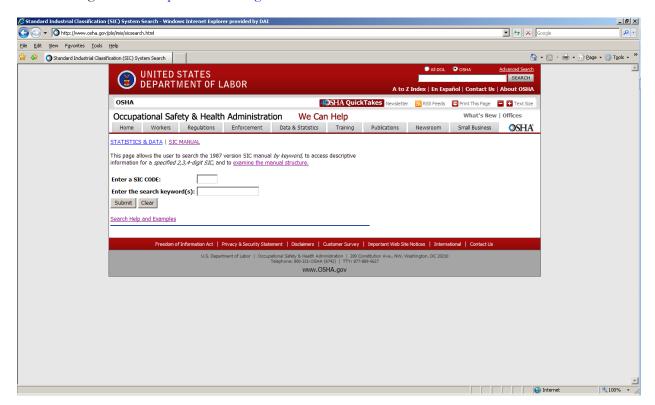
- to be an entity separate and distinct from its owners. It can be taxed; it can be sued; it can enter into contractual agreements.
- Government central, province/state, district, municipal and other U.S. or local government
 entities. Includes universities, schools and vocational centers owned and operated by the
 government.
- Limited Liability Company (LLC) This is a type of business ownership combining several
 features of corporation and partnership structures. It is designed to provide the limited liability
 features of a corporation and the tax efficiencies and operational flexibility of a partnership. Its
 owners have limited personal liability for the LLC's debts and obligations, similar to the status of
 shareholders in a corporation. If your firm is an LLC, this will be noted on the organizations
 registration and licensing documents.
- Non-profit An entity which exists for charitable reasons and is not conducted or maintained for
 the purpose of making a profit. Any money earned must be retained by the organization, and used
 for its own expenses, operations, and programs. Most organizations which are registered in the host
 country as a non-governmental organization (NGO) rather than as a commercial business are anonprofit entities.

Community based organizations, trade associations, community development councils, and similar entities which are not organized as a profit making organization should select this status, even if your organization is not registered formally in country as an NGO.

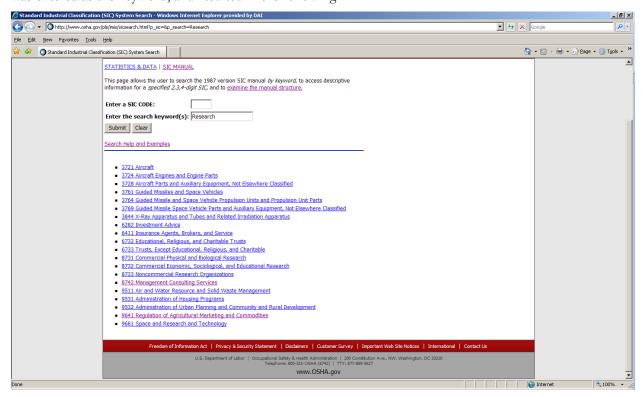
- **Partnership-** a legal form of operation in which two or more individuals carry on a continuing business for profit as co-owners. The profits and losses are shared proportionally.
- Proprietorship-These firms are owned by one person, usually the individual who has day-to-day
 responsibility for running the business. Sole proprietors own all the assets of the business and the
 profits generated by it.
- 8. One of the most important fields that must be filled in is the Primary SIC code field. (See screen shot below.) The Primary Standard Industrial Code classifies the business' most relevant industry and function.



9. If you are unsure of which SIC Code your organization's core business falls under, please refer to the following website: http://www.osha.gov/oshstats/sicser.html



You will need to enter certain keywords to bring up the potential SIC Codes. In the case above, "Research" was entered as the keyword, and resulted in the following:



PLEASE NOTE: Many of the DAI subcontractors and grantees fall under one of the following SIC codes:

8742 Management Consulting Services

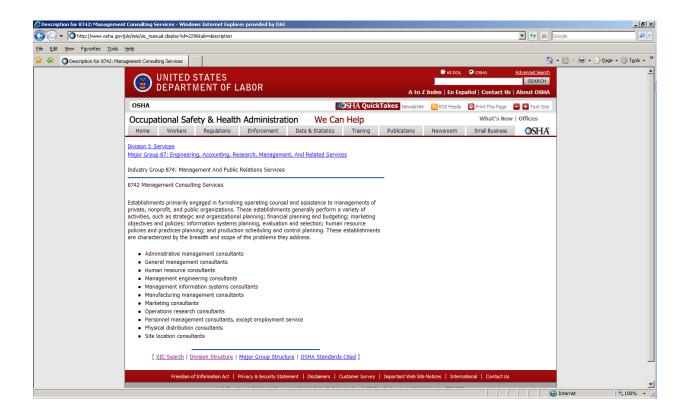
1542 General Contractors-Nonresidential Buildings, Other than Industrial Buildings and Warehouses or one of the codes within:

Industry Group 357: Computer And Office Equipment

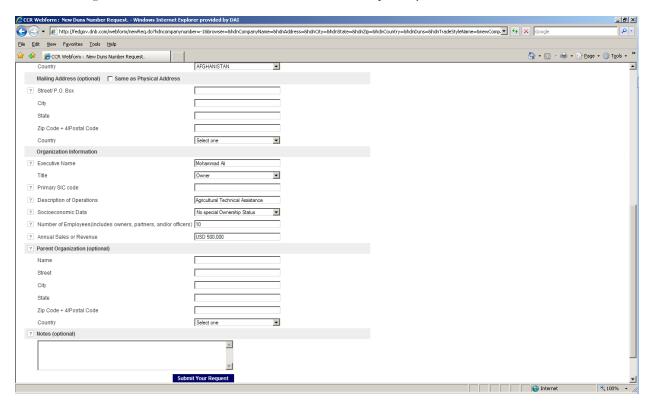
Industry Group 355: Special Industry Machinery, Except Metalworking

Industry Group 356: General Industrial Machinery And Equipment

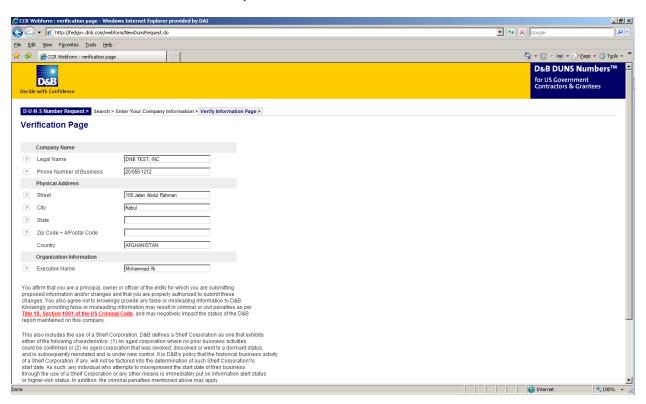
Industry Group 359: Miscellaneous Industrial And Commercial



10. Description of Operations- Enter a brief description of the primary services you provide the example below, "agricultural technical assistance" was chosen as the primary function of the business.



- 11. The Annual Sales or Revenue figure should be provided in USD (US Dollar) equivalent.
- 12. Once all of the fields have been completed, click on "Submit Your Request" to be taken to the Verification page.
- 13. Note: Representative (Principal, Owner or Officer) needs to verify and provide affirmation regarding the accuracy of the data under criminal or civil penalties as per Title 18, Section 1001 of the US Criminal Code.
- 14. Once "Yes, Continue" button is clicked, the registration application is sent to D&B, and a DUNS number should be available within 24-48 hours. DUNS database can be checked in 24-48 hours by entering the Business Information in the Search window which should now display a valid result with the new DUNS number for the entity.



11.5 Attachment E: Self Certification for Exemption from DUNS Requirement

Self-Certification for Exemption from DUNS Requirement For Subcontractors and Vendors

Legal Business Name:
Physical Address:
Physical City:
Physical Foreign Province (if applicable):
Physical Country:
Signature of Certifier
Full Name of Certifier
Title of Certifier:
Date of Certification (mm/dd/yyyy):

The sub-contractor/vendor whose legal business name is provided herein, certifies that we are an organization exempt from obtaining a DUNS number, as the gross income received from all sources in the previous tax year is under USD \$300,000.

*By submitting this certification, the certifier attests to the accuracy of the representations and certifications contained herein. The certifier understands that s/he and/or the sub-contractor/vendor may be subject to penalties, if s/he misrepresents the sub-contractor/vendor in any of the representations or certifications to the Prime Contractor and/or the US Government.

The sub-contractor/vendor agrees to allow the Prime Contractor and/or the US Government to verify the company name, physical address, or other information provided herein. Certification validity is for one year from the date of certification.

11.6 Attachment F: Past Performance Form

Include projects that best illustrate your work experience relevant to this RFP, sorted by decreasing order of completion date.

Projects should have been undertaken in the past three years. Projects undertaken in the past six years may be taken into consideration at the discretion of the evaluation committee.

#	Project Title	Description of Activities	Location Province/ District	Client Name/Tel No	Cost in US\$	Start-End Dates	Completed on schedule (Yes/No)	Completion Letter Received? (Yes/No)	Type of Agreement, Subcontract, Grant, PO (fixed price, cost reimbursable)
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									

11.7 Attachment G: Representations and Certifications of Compliance

- Federal Excluded Parties List The Bidder Select is not presently debarred, suspended, or determined ineligible for an award of a contract by any Federal agency.
- Executive Compensation Certification FAR 52.204-10 requires DAI, as prime contractor of U.S. federal government contracts, to report compensation levels of the five most highly compensated subcontractor executives to the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Sub-Award Report System (FSRS)
- 3. Executive Order on Terrorism Financing- The Contractor is reminded that U.S. Executive Orders and U.S. law prohibits transactions with, and the provision of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of the Contractor/Recipient to ensure compliance with these Executive Orders and laws. Recipients may not engage with, or provide resources or support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. No support or resources may be provided to individuals or entities that appear on the Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked persons List maintained by the US Treasury (online at www.SAM.gov) or the United Nations Security Designation List (online at: http://www.un.org/sc/committees/1267/aq_sanctions_list.shtml). This provision must be included in all subcontracts/sub awards issued under this Contract.
- 4. <u>Trafficking of Persons</u> The Contractor may not traffic in persons (as defined in the Protocol to Prevent, Suppress, and Punish Trafficking of persons, especially Women and Children, supplementing the UN Convention against Transnational Organized Crime), procure commercial sex, and use forced labor during the period of this award.
- Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payment to Influence Certain Federal Transactions The Bidder certifies that it currently is and will remain in compliance with FAR 52.203-11, <u>Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payment to</u> Influence Certain Federal Transactions.
- 6. Organizational Conflict of Interest The Bidder certifies that will comply FAR Part 9.5, Organizational Conflict of Interest. The Bidder certifies that is not aware of any information bearing on the existence of any potential organizational conflict of interest. The Bidder further certifies that if the Bidder becomes aware of information bearing on whether a potential conflict may exist, that Bidder shall immediately provide DAII with a disclosure statement describing this information.
- Prohibition of Segregated Facilities The Bidder certifies that it is compliant with FAR 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities.
- 8. Equal Opportunity The Bidder certifies that it does not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of age, sex, religion, handicap, race, creed, color or national origin.
- 9. <u>Labor Laws</u> The Bidder certifies that it is in compliance with all labor laws.
- 10. Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) The Bidder certifies that it is familiar with the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and is in not in violation of any certifications required in the applicable clauses of the FAR, including but not limited to certifications regarding lobbying, kickbacks, equal employment opportunity, affirmation action, and payments to influence Federal transactions.
- 11. Employee Compliance The Bidder warrants that it will require all employees, entities and individuals providing services in connection with the performance of an DAI Purchase Order to comply with the provisions of the resulting Purchase Order and with all Federal, State, and local laws and regulations in connection with the work associated therein.

By submitting a proposal, offerors agree to fully comply with the terms and conditions above and all applicable U.S. federal government clauses included herein, and will be asked to sign these Representations and Certifications upon award.

11.8 Attachment J: Proposal Checklist

Offero	r:					
Have y	ou?					
specific	Submitted your proposal to DAI in a sealed envelope to the address (electronic or mailing) as fied in General Instructions above?					
Does y	our proposal include the following?					
	Signed Cover Letter (use template in Attachment B)					
	Separate Technical and Cost proposals individually labeled as Volume I and Volume II respectfully.					
	CVs of proposed key staff who would be assigned to the project					
	Proposal of the Product or Service that meets the technical requirements as per Attachment A					
	Response to each of the evaluation criteria					
	Documents use to determine Responsibility					
	Evidence of a DUNS Number OR Self Certification for Exemption from DUNS Requirement					
	Past Performance (use template in Attachment F)					