

Phys 20 Week 2: Friction

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1 Aim for Experiment

Test out the coefficients of static and kinetic friction of the cart on ramps made of different materials.

2 Experimental Setup

Equipments include: Meter stick, tape, masses, mass scale, stand, wooden ramp, clamp, paper, plastic board, protractor, and a cart.

1. Fix the stand next to the table.
2. Fix the clip onto the wooden ramp, clamp the clip onto the stand, and let one side of the wooden ramp lay on the table. This is used for adjusting the angle of the ramp.
3. Fix the protractor's center at the edge of the wooden ramp that's touching the table, which is used to measure the angle.
4. Tape the (desired) surface for the experiment (ex: plastic board, paper, etc.) onto the wooden ramp.

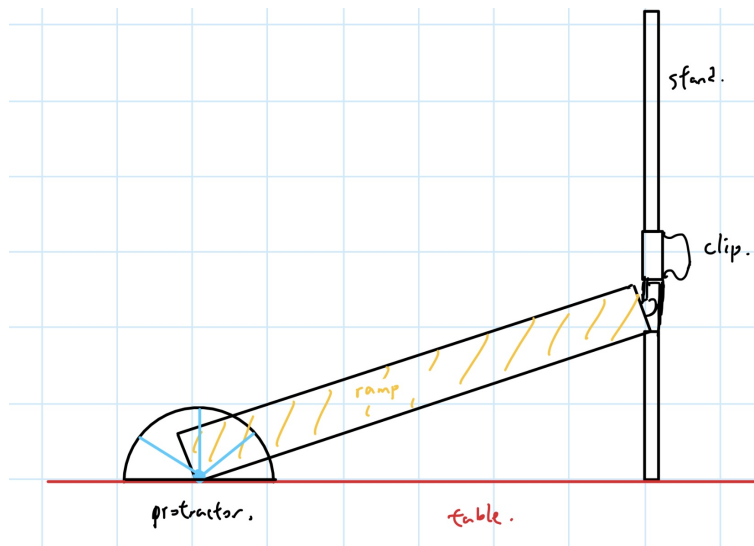


Figure 1: Sketch of the Experimental Setup

3 Measurement & Methods of Measure

For each pair of manipulated variables, we'll do 5 trials of measurement.

3.1 Static Friction

For static friction, the aim is to find the "Critical Angle" when the object starts sliding (or the angle such that gravitational force surpasses static friction). We'll use the protractor to measure the angle.

To test out the coefficient of static friction for different surfaces (while having the cart sliding on it), we'll fix the mass on the cart (including the cart itself) as 292.1g (or 0.2921 kg), while varying the material of the surface. In this lab, the materials of the surface include: Wood, Plastic board, and Paper.

Then, to test out the effect of varying mass of the cart on static friction, we'll fix the material of the surface of the ramp (fix as paper), while varying the mass of the cart. Here, the tested masses include: 292.1, 492.5, and 576.8 g. (Or, using kg as standard mass unit, 0.2921, 0.4925, and 0.5768 kg).

3.2 Kinetic Friction

For kinetic friction, the aim is to find the total time it takes for the object to travel a fixed distance, which we'll use the timer to measure the elapsed time. If choosing an angle that's strictly greater than the critical angle, "ideally" one can assume the kinetic friction is fixed as constant, and as the angle is fixed, the gravitational force also remains constant, hence can assume constant acceleration under this case. Which, to retrieve the acceleration caused by friction, it suffices to know the total acceleration (since other components of accelerations are determined by the mass).

To test out the coefficient of static friction for a fixed mass and surface, we'll fix the mass as 292.1 g (0.2921 kg), and fix the traveling distance to 27.5 cm (or 0.275 m). And, to observe different accelerations, we'll vary the ramp's angle between 15°, 17.5°, and 20°.

4 Experimental Procedures

4.1 Static Friction

4.1.1 Varying Materials of the Ramp Surface

The aim of this section is to test out the critical angle between different materials of the surface of the ramp, while fixing other variables. We'll follow the below procedure:

1. Measure a fixed mass of the cart placed on the ramp, and fix a material for the surface of the ramp.
2. Put the cart on the flattened ramp, and start slowly increasing the angle of the ramp, by adjusting the position of the clip on the stand.
3. When the cart starts to travel (i.e. no longer static), stop increasing the angle of the ramp, and record the angle using the protractor (called *critical angle*).
4. Repeat Step 2 and 3 for five times.
5. Keep the mass of the cart fixed, change the material of the surface of the ramp, and redo Step 2 to 4 for each desired material.

4.1.2 Varying Mass of the Ramp Surface

The aim of this section is to test out the effect of mass on the critical angle, while fixing other variables. We'll follow the below procedure:

1. sFix a material of the surface of the ramp, measure the mass of the cart.
2. Put the cart on the flattened ramp, and start slowly increasing the angle of the ramp.
3. When the cart starts to travel, stop increasing the angle of the ramp, and record the angle using the protractor.
4. Repeat Step 2 and 3 for five times.
5. Keep the material of the surface of the ramp fixed, change the mass of the cart to other values awaited to be tested, and redo Step 2 to 4 for each desired mass.

4.2 Kinetic Friction

The aim of this section is to calculate the kinetic friction when the cart is sliding on the ramp. To observe different values, we'll vary the angle of the ramp, while fixing other variables. We'll follow the below procedure:

1. Fix the material of the surface of the ramp, measure the fixed mass of the cart, and fix a length on the ramp that the cart would travel each time.
2. Set the angle of the ramp to a desired value (where the angle should be larger than the angles found in the section of Static Friction).
3. Put the cart on the ramp, and record the time the cart takes to travel the fixed length mentioned in Step 1 (using a timer).
4. Repeat Step 2 and 3 for five times.
5. Keep the mass of the cart and the material of the surface of teh ramp fixed, change the angle of the ramp to other values awaited to be tested, and redo Step 2 to 4 for each desired angle.

5 Collected Data

Static Friction (Varying Surface Material only):

| Trial \ Material | Black Paper | Wood | Plastic | | | Goal: | measure angle |
|------------------|-------------|------|---------|--|--|-------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | Mass: 292.1 g |
| 1 | 13 | 18 | 17 | | | | |
| 2 | 13.5 | 19 | 15 | | | | |
| 3 | 12 | 18.5 | 15.5 | | | | |
| 4 | 12 | 21 | 16.5 | | | | |
| 5 | 11.5 | 17.5 | 15.5 | | | | |

Static Friction (Varying Mass only):

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|-------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | Material: Paper |
| Trial \ Mass (g) | 292.1 | 492.5 | 576.8 | | | Goal: | Measure Angle |
| 1 | 11 | 10.5 | 10.5 | | | | |
| 2 | 11.5 | 11 | 10.5 | | | | |
| 3 | 11 | 10.5 | 10 | | | | |
| 4 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 11 | | | | |
| 5 | 10.5 | 10 | 11 | | | | |

Kinetic Friction (Varying Ramp Angle only):

| | | | | | |
|---------------|------|------|------|-------|-----------------|
| | | | | Goal: | Measure Time |
| | | | | | Material: Paper |
| Trial \ Angle | 15 | 17.5 | 20 | | Mass: 292.1g |
| 1 | 0.96 | 0.79 | 0.71 | | Length: 27.5 cm |
| 2 | 0.98 | 0.83 | 0.66 | | |
| 3 | 1.06 | 0.79 | 0.66 | | |
| 4 | 1.04 | 0.84 | 0.78 | | |
| 5 | 0.99 | 0.83 | 0.63 | | |