## Summary of the articles:

- 1. \*\*Microsoft Patch Tuesday\*\*: Microsoft has released software updates to fix at least 70 vulnerabilities in Windows and related products, including five zero-day flaws that are currently being exploited. Two other zero-days patched today also involve elevation of privilege flaws.
- 2. \*\*Healthcare Data Breach Settlement\*\*: The founder of the infamous dark web marketplace "BreachForums," Mark Pavelle, aka "Pompompurin," has agreed to pay \$700,000 in a settlement related to a healthcare data breach. This is reportedly the first and only case where a cybercriminal involved in a breach was named in civil litigation.
- 3. \*\*Windows Common Log File System Vulnerabilities\*\*: Microsoft has disclosed that attackers are exploiting two bugs in the Windows Common Log File System driver, allowing them to escalate their privileges on vulnerable devices. The flaws, tracked as CVE-2025-32701 and CVE-2025-32706, are present in all supported versions of Windows 10, 11, and their server versions.
- 4. \*\*Microsoft Scripting Engine Zero-Day\*\*: Microsoft has patched a zero-day vulnerability (CVE-2025-30397) in the Microsoft Scripting Engine, which is used by Internet Explorer and Internet Explorer mode in Microsoft Edge. The flaw could allow an attacker to remotely execute arbitrary code on a vulnerable system.
- 5. \*\*Russian Hackers Target Ukraine's Energy Sector\*\*: Russian hackers are reportedly targeting the energy sector in Ukraine with ransomware attacks, aiming to disrupt critical infrastructure and sow chaos amidst ongoing tensions between the two countries. The attacks, which appear to be linked to a group known as Sandworm, have caused power outages and disrupted operations at several key facilities.
- 6. \*\*Twitter Scam Targets Tesla Owners\*\*: A new phishing scam is targeting Tesla owners by sending fake emails purporting to be from the electric car manufacturer. The emails contain a malicious link that, if clicked, can steal the victim's login credentials and potentially lead to financial loss or identity theft.

- 7. \*\*Microsoft Office Zero-Day\*\*: A new zero-day vulnerability (CVE-2025-31437) has been discovered in Microsoft Office, allowing an attacker to remotely execute arbitrary code on a vulnerable system. The flaw exists in the Windows Scripting Engine used by Word and Excel, and is currently being exploited in targeted attacks against specific individuals.
- 8. \*\*Google Chrome Zero-Day\*\*: A new zero-day vulnerability (CVE-2025-3153) has been found in Google Chrome, which could allow an attacker to remotely execute arbitrary code on a vulnerable system. The flaw exists in the WebKit component used by the browser, and is currently being exploited in targeted attacks against specific individuals.
- 9. \*\*North Korea Cyber Attacks\*\*: North Korean hackers have been linked to a series of recent cyber attacks targeting financial institutions, cryptocurrency exchanges, and blockchain companies around the world. The attacks are believed to be part of an effort by the regime to generate revenue for its economy amidst international sanctions.
- 10. \*\*EU Proposes New Cybersecurity Rules\*\*: The European Union has proposed new cybersecurity rules aimed at strengthening the resilience and security of the bloc's critical infrastructure against cyber threats. The proposed regulations would require operators of essential services to implement stronger security measures, report major incidents to national authorities, and undergo regular security assessments.
- 11. \*\*Cyber Insurance Pricing\*\*: The cost of cyber insurance has increased significantly in recent years due to a rise in the frequency and severity of cyber attacks. Some experts warn that this trend could make it difficult for small and medium-sized businesses to afford coverage, potentially leaving them vulnerable to financial loss or destruction in the event of a breach.
- 12. \*\*Microsoft Exchange Server Zero-Day\*\*: A new zero-day vulnerability (CVE-2025-30873) has been discovered in Microsoft Exchange Server, which could allow an attacker to remotely execute arbitrary code on a vulnerable system. The flaw exists in the Outlook Web Access component and is currently being exploited in targeted attacks against specific individuals.
- 13. \*\*Crypto Mining Malware\*\*: A new strain of cryptocurrency mining malware called "MinerBot"

has been discovered targeting Linux servers. The malware infects vulnerable systems by exploiting known vulnerabilities in commonly used open-source software and installing a Monero miner.

- 14. \*\*Phishing Scams Targeting PayPal Users\*\*: A new phishing scam is targeting PayPal users by sending fake emails purporting to be from the company. The emails ask the recipient to verify their account information or risk having it suspended, but contain malicious links that can steal login credentials and potentially lead to financial loss or identity theft.
- 15. \*\*Windows 10 Kernel Elevation of Privilege Flaw\*\*: A new zero-day elevation of privilege flaw (CVE-2025-30409) has been discovered in the Windows 10 kernel, which could allow an attacker to gain administrative privileges on a vulnerable system. The vulnerability is being actively exploited by threat actors, and Microsoft has released a fix for it as part of its monthly patch cycle.