My Project

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# **Chapter 1**

# **Hierarchical Index**

## 1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Function					8
Function_1					10
Function_2					
Function_3					13
Function_4					
Function_5					17
OptimizationMethod					
Newton					
Stochastic					24
StopCriterion					26
SC_FuncRelative					22
SC_GradientNorm					23
SC PointsClose					23

2 Hierarchical Index

# **Chapter 2**

# **Class Index**

## 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Area		
	Class containing information about the given rectangular area	7
Function		
	Class implementing computing of function's value, gradient and Gesse's matrix in the given point.  @detailed There are three hardcoded functions. The user is choosing one of them, implementation involved polymorphism.	0
Function	tion involved polymorphism	8
runction	$F(x, y) = \sin(x) * \cos(y)$	10
Function		10
r anotion	$F(x, y) = 20 * \exp(\sin((x+y)/20)) + xy$	12
Function		
	$F(x, y) = (1-x)^2 + 100(y-x^2)^2 \dots \dots$	13
Function	_4	
	$F(x, y, z) = \sin(x)*(y^2+1) - z*\cos(x)$	15
Function		
	$F(x, y, z, w) = x^2 * y^2 * w + x^2 * z * w - z * w^2 \dots \dots$	17
Newton		
	Class containing Newton's optimization method @detailed That involves computing Gesse's matrixes and gradients	19
Optimiza	utionMethod	
	Optimizing class containing realization of determined or stochastic method. @detailed Different methods are being applied using polymorphism	21
SC_Fund	cRelative	
	Class that stops iterations if the absolute difference between current and previous values related to the current value is less than eps	22
SC_Grad	dientNorm	
	Class that stops iterations if the norm of the gradient in the current point is less than eps	23
SC_Poin		
	Class that stops iterations if the norm of the difference between current and previous points are less than eps	23
Stochast	ic	
	Class containing stochastic optimization method @detailed That involves finding random points in general area and locally	24
StopCrite	erion	
	Class containing a criterion with which iterations are being stopped. @detailed There are three of them. They are implemented using polymorphism	26

4 Class Index

# **Chapter 3**

# File Index

## 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

finitions.h	?
nctions.h	?
timizationMethods.h	?
4M.hpp	?
ppCriteria h	

6 File Index

## Chapter 4

## **Class Documentation**

## 4.1 Area Class Reference

Class containing information about the given rectangular area.

```
#include <Definitions.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- bool is\_in (vector< double > x)
   Answers the question "is the point x in this area?".
- Area (vector< double > lefts, vector< double > rights)
   Constructor.

#### **Public Attributes**

- int dim
- vector< double > left\_borders
- vector< double > right\_borders

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Class containing information about the given rectangular area.

#### 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.1.2.1 Area()

```
Area::Area ( \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > \mbox{\it lefts}, \\ \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > \mbox{\it rights} \mbox{)} \mbox{ [inline]}
```

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

lefts	contains left borders of the rectangular area
rights	contains right borders of the rectangular area

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

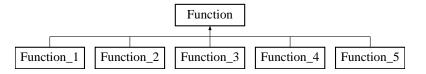
- · Definitions.h
- · Definitions.cpp

#### 4.2 Function Class Reference

Class implementing computing of function's value, gradient and Gesse's matrix in the given point. @detailed There are three hardcoded functions. The user is choosing one of them, implementation involved polymorphism.

```
#include <Functions.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Function:



#### **Public Member Functions**

virtual double eval (vector< double > x)

Computes function's value in the given point.

virtual vector< double > eval\_gr (vector< double > x)

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

virtual vector< vector< double > > eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Class implementing computing of function's value, gradient and Gesse's matrix in the given point. @detailed There are three hardcoded functions. The user is choosing one of them, implementation involved polymorphism.

#### 4.2.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 eval()

```
double Function::eval ( \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} \ > \mbox{x ) [virtual]}
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented in Function\_1, Function\_2, Function\_3, Function\_4, and Function\_5.

#### 4.2.2.2 eval\_Gesse()

```
\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} \b
```

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

Reimplemented in Function\_1, Function\_2, Function\_3, Function\_4, and Function\_5.

#### 4.2.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} \b
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

## Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented in Function\_1, Function\_2, Function\_3, Function\_4, and Function\_5.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · Functions.h
- · Functions.cpp

## 4.3 Function 1 Class Reference

```
f(x, y) = sin(x)*cos(y)
#include <Functions.h>
Inheritance diagram for Function_1:
```



#### **Public Member Functions**

```
    double eval (vector< double > x)
    Computes function's value in the given point.
```

vector< double > eval\_gr (vector< double > x)
 Computes function's gradient in the given point.

vector< vector< double >> eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

## 4.3.1 Detailed Description

```
f(x, y) = \sin(x) * \cos(y)
```

#### 4.3.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 eval()

```
double Function_1::eval (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > x \mbox{ ) [inline], [virtual] }
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

x is the given point

#### Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.3.2.2 eval\_Gesse()

```
\label{eq:vector} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > \mbox{Function\_1::eval\_Gesse (} \\ \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > \mbox{x )} \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

Reimplemented from Function.

## 4.3.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:condition_1::eval_gr} $$ \ensuremath{\text{vector}} < \ensuremath{\text{double}} > x \ensuremath{\text{)}} \ensuremath{\text{[virtual]}} $$
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented from Function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Functions.h
- Functions.cpp

## 4.4 Function 2 Class Reference

```
f(x, y) = 20*exp(sin((x+y)/20)) + xy \#include < Functions.h >
```

Inheritance diagram for Function\_2:



#### **Public Member Functions**

double eval (vector< double > x)
 Computes function's value in the given point.

vector< double > eval\_gr (vector< double > x)
 Computes function's gradient in the given point.

- vector< vector< double > > eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

```
f(x, y) = 20*exp(sin((x+y)/20))+xy
```

#### 4.4.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 eval()

Computes function's value in the given point.

**Parameters** 

x is the given point

Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.4.2.2 eval Gesse()

```
\label{eq:condition} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{ double } > \mbox{ Function\_2::eval\_Gesse (} \\ \mbox{ vector} < \mbox{ double } > \mbox{ x ) } \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.4.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \be
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented from Function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · Functions.h
- · Functions.cpp

## 4.5 Function\_3 Class Reference

$$f(x, y) = (1-x)^2 + 100(y-x^2)^2$$

```
#include <Functions.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Function\_3:



#### **Public Member Functions**

```
• double eval (vector< double > x)
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

 $\bullet \ \ \text{vector} < \text{double} > \underbrace{\text{eval\_gr}} \ (\text{vector} < \text{double} > \mathbf{x})$ 

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

vector< vector< double > > eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

## 4.5.1 Detailed Description

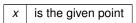
$$f(x, y) = (1-x)^2 + 100(y-x^2)^2$$

#### 4.5.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.5.2.1 eval()

Computes function's value in the given point.

#### **Parameters**



Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.5.2.2 eval\_Gesse()

```
vector< vector< double > > Function_3::eval_Gesse ( vector< double > x ) [virtual]
```

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.5.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \be
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### Parameters

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented from Function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · Functions.h
- Functions.cpp

## 4.6 Function\_4 Class Reference

```
f(x, y, z) = \sin(x)*(y^2+1) - z*\cos(x)
\#include < Functions.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Function\_4:



#### **Public Member Functions**

double eval (vector< double > x)

Computes function's value in the given point.

vector< double > eval\_gr (vector< double > x)
 Computes function's gradient in the given point.

• vector< vector< double > > eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

```
f(x, y, z) = \sin(x)*(y^2+1) - z*\cos(x)
```

#### 4.6.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.6.2.1 eval()

```
double Function_4::eval (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > x \mbox{ ) [inline], [virtual] }
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

#### Parameters

```
x is the given point
```

Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.6.2.2 eval\_Gesse()

```
\label{eq:condition} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{ double } > \mbox{ Function\_4::eval\_Gesse (} \\ \mbox{ vector} < \mbox{ double } > \mbox{ x ) } \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

x is the given point

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

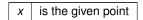
Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.6.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \be
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented from Function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · Functions.h
- · Functions.cpp

## 4.7 Function 5 Class Reference

```
f(x, y, z, w) = x^2 * y^2 * w + x^2 * z * w - z * w^2 
 #include <Functions.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Function 5:



#### **Public Member Functions**

```
    double eval (vector< double > x)
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

vector< double > eval\_gr (vector< double > x)

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

vector< vector< double > > eval\_Gesse (vector< double > x)

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

## 4.7.1 Detailed Description

$$f(x, y, z, w) = x^2 * y^2 * w + x^2 * z * w - z * w^2$$

#### 4.7.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.7.2.1 eval()

```
double Function_5::eval (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > x \mbox{ ) [inline], [virtual] }
```

Computes function's value in the given point.

#### Parameters

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's value

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.7.2.2 eval Gesse()

Computes function's Gesse's matrix in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

x is the given point

#### Returns

Function's Gesse's matrix

Reimplemented from Function.

#### 4.7.2.3 eval\_gr()

```
\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} vector < double > x \ ) & [virtual] \end{tabular}
```

Computes function's gradient in the given point.

#### **Parameters**

```
x is the given point
```

#### Returns

Function's gradient

Reimplemented from Function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

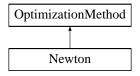
- · Functions.h
- · Functions.cpp

#### 4.8 Newton Class Reference

Class containing Newton's optimization method @detailed That involves computing Gesse's matrixes and gradients.

```
#include <OptimizationMethods.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Newton:



#### **Public Member Functions**

double get\_alpha\_alt (vector< double > x\_n)

Function that computes the best step length in the direction p\_n.

• Newton (Function \*F, vector< double  $> x_0_$ , vector< double  $> l_border$ , vector< double  $> r_border$ , int  $SC_var=1$ , double eps\_=0.001, ostream  $*out_=&cout$ )

Constructor @detailed See OptimizationMethod constructor for more.

- vector< double > iteration (vector< double > &x\_, double alpha)
- vector< double > optimize ()

Main function.

#### **Public Attributes**

vector< double > p\_n

## 4.8.1 Detailed Description

Class containing Newton's optimization method @detailed That involves computing Gesse's matrixes and gradients.

## 4.8.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.8.2.1 get\_alpha\_alt()

```
double Newton::get_alpha_alt ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > x\_n \; )
```

Function that computes the best step length in the direction p\_n.

#### **Parameters**

X←	The point of current iteration
_n	

#### Returns

The fraction of p\_n with which the next iteration will be optimal

### 4.8.2.2 optimize()

```
vector< double > Newton::optimize ( ) [virtual]
```

Main function.

#### Returns

The point of last iteration

Reimplemented from OptimizationMethod.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · OptimizationMethods.h
- OptimizationMethods.cpp

## 4.9 OptimizationMethod Class Reference

Optimizing class containing realization of determined or stochastic method. @detailed Different methods are being applied using polymorphism.

```
#include <OptimizationMethods.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OptimizationMethod:



#### **Public Member Functions**

Constructor.

• virtual vector< double > optimize ()

Main function.

#### **Public Attributes**

- Area D
- Function \* f
- StopCriterion \* SC
- vector< double  $> x_0$
- · double answer

#### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

Optimizing class containing realization of determined or stochastic method. @detailed Different methods are being applied using polymorphism.

#### 4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.9.2.1 OptimizationMethod()

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

F	is one of the hardcoded functions (see Functions.h for more)
x_0_	starting point
SC_var	current variant of stop criterion (see StopCriteria.h for more)

#### 4.9.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.9.3.1 optimize()

virtual vector< double > OptimizationMethod::optimize ( ) [inline], [virtual]

Main function.

#### Returns

The point of last iteration

Reimplemented in Newton, and Stochastic.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

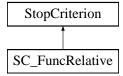
- · OptimizationMethods.h
- · OptimizationMethods.cpp

## 4.10 SC\_FuncRelative Class Reference

Class that stops iterations if the absolute difference between current and previous values related to the current value is less than eps.

#include <StopCriteria.h>

Inheritance diagram for SC\_FuncRelative:



#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 4.10.1 Detailed Description

Class that stops iterations if the absolute difference between current and previous values related to the current value is less than eps.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

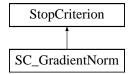
- · StopCriteria.h
- · StopCriteria.cpp

## 4.11 SC\_GradientNorm Class Reference

Class that stops iterations if the norm of the gradient in the current point is less than eps.

#include <StopCriteria.h>

Inheritance diagram for SC\_GradientNorm:



#### **Additional Inherited Members**

## 4.11.1 Detailed Description

Class that stops iterations if the norm of the gradient in the current point is less than eps.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

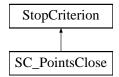
- · StopCriteria.h
- · StopCriteria.cpp

## 4.12 SC\_PointsClose Class Reference

Class that stops iterations if the norm of the difference between current and previous points are less than eps.

#include <StopCriteria.h>

Inheritance diagram for SC\_PointsClose:



#### **Additional Inherited Members**

#### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

Class that stops iterations if the norm of the difference between current and previous points are less than eps.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

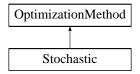
- · StopCriteria.h
- · StopCriteria.cpp

#### 4.13 Stochastic Class Reference

Class containing stochastic optimization method @detailed That involves finding random points in general area and locally.

```
#include <OptimizationMethods.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Stochastic:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- vector< double > iteration (vector< double > x, double &delta)
   Function computing the next iteration.
- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{vector} < \mathsf{double} > \mathsf{optimize} \ () \\$

Main function.

• Stochastic (Function \*F, vector< double  $> x\_0$ \_, vector< double  $> l\_$ border, vector< double  $> r\_$ border, int SC\_var=1, double eps\_=0.001, ostream \*out\_=&cout, double alpha\_=0.2, double p\_=0.5)

Constructor.

#### **Public Attributes**

- · double alpha
- double **p**

#### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

Class containing stochastic optimization method @detailed That involves finding random points in general area and locally.

#### 4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.13.2.1 Stochastic()

```
Stochastic::Stochastic (
   Function * F,
   vector< double > x_{-}0_{-},
   vector< double > l_{-}border,
   vector< double > r_{-}border,
   int SC_{-}var = 1,
   double eps_{-} = 0.001,
   ostream * out_{-} = \&cout,
   double alpha_{-} = 0.2,
   double p_{-} = 0.5) [inline]
```

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

alpha is delta's iterational multiplier @detailed See OptimizationMethod constructor for more

#### 4.13.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.13.3.1 iteration()

```
vector< double > Stochastic::iteration (  \mbox{vector} < \mbox{double} > x, \\ \mbox{double & $delta$ )}
```

Function computing the next iteration.

#### **Parameters**

delta is the local square's rib length. Where local square is an area in which the local search will be done with the probability p

#### 4.13.3.2 optimize()

```
vector< double > Stochastic::optimize ( ) [virtual]
```

Main function.

Returns

The point of last iteration

Reimplemented from OptimizationMethod.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

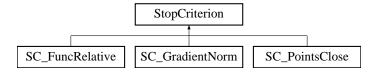
- · OptimizationMethods.h
- · OptimizationMethods.cpp

## 4.14 StopCriterion Class Reference

Class containing a criterion with which iterations are being stopped. @detailed There are three of them. They are implemented using polymorphism.

```
#include <StopCriteria.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for StopCriterion:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- virtual bool do\_we\_stop (vector< vector< double > > &a, Function \*F, int iteration\_number)
   Main function.
- StopCriterion (double ep=0.001, int bo=1000, ostream \*out\_=nullptr)

  Constructor.

#### **Public Attributes**

- double eps
- ostream \* out

#### **Protected Attributes**

int bound

#### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

Class containing a criterion with which iterations are being stopped. @detailed There are three of them. They are implemented using polymorphism.

#### 4.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.14.2.1 StopCriterion()

```
StopCriterion::StopCriterion (
    double ep = 0.001,
    int bo = 1000,
    ostream * out_ = nullptr ) [inline]
```

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

bo is the upper bound of iterations number

#### 4.14.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.14.3.1 do\_we\_stop()

Main function.

#### **Parameters**

а	contains the trajectory of iterations
F	is a function that is being minimized

#### Returns

true if iterations are to be stopped, false otherwise

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· StopCriteria.h

## **Chapter 5**

## **File Documentation**

#### 5.1 Definitions.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <iostream>
4 #include "Eigen/QR"
5 #include <vector>
6 #include <cmath>
7 #include <random>
8 //#include "R64M.hpp"
9 #include "Functions.h"
1.0
11 using namespace std:
15 vector<double> operator-(vector<double> x, vector<double> y);
17 vector<double> operator-(vector<double> x);
18
19 vector<double> operator+(vector<double> x, vector<double> y);
20
21 vector<double> operator*(vector<vector<double> a, vector<double> y);
23 vector<double> operator*(double c, vector<double> x);
28 double norm(vector<double> x);
32 double f_0 (vector<double>& x);
33
37 class Area {
38 public:
    int dim;
39
40
      vector<double> left_borders;
       vector<double> right_borders;
41
       bool is_in(vector<double> x);
45
      Area(vector<double> lefts, vector<double> rights) : left_borders(lefts), right_borders(rights),
51
          dim(rights.size() == lefts.size() ? rights.size() : 0) {}
53 };
```

## 5.2 Functions.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <cmath>
6 using namespace std;
11 class Function {
12 public:
18
      virtual double eval(vector<double> x);
      virtual vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
24
      virtual vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
35 class Function_1 : public Function {
36 public:
      double eval(vector<double> x) { return sin(x[0]) * cos(x[1]); };
42
      vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
48
54
      vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
```

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```
60 class Function_2 : public Function {
61 public:
                   \label{eq:condition} $$ \double = 
67
                   vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
7.3
                   vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
79
80 };
81
82
86 class Function_3 : public Function {
87 public:
                  double eval(vector<double> x) { return (1. - x[0]) * (1. - x[0]) + 100. * (x[1] - x[0]) * x[0]) *
93
                   (x[1] - x[0] * x[0]); };
vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
99
105
                      vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
106 };
107
111 class Function 4 : public Function {
112 public:
                      double eval(vector<double> x) { return sin(x[0]) * (x[1]*x[1] + 1) - x[2] * cos(x[0]); };
124
                      vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
130
                      vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
131 };
132
136 class Function_5 : public Function {
137 public:
143
                      x[2]*x[3]*x[3]; };
                      vector<double> eval_gr(vector<double> x);
149
                      vector<vector<double> eval_Gesse(vector<double> x);
155
156 };
```

## 5.3 OptimizationMethods.h

```
2 #include "Definitions.h"
3 #include "StopCriteria.h"
 9 class OptimizationMethod {
 10 public:
                      Function* f;
 12
 13
                      StopCriterion* SC;
14
                      vector<double> x_0;
 15
                      double answer;
                      vector<double> r_border, int SC_var = 1, double eps = 0.001, ostream* out_ = &cout);
                      virtual vector<double> optimize() { return x_0; };
29 };
 30
 35 class Newton : public OptimizationMethod {
 36 public:
                       vector<double> p_n;
 43
                       double get_alpha_alt(vector<double> x_n);
                     Newton(Function* F, vector<double> x_0_, vector<double> l_border, vector<double> r_border, int SC_var = 1, double eps_ = 0.001, ostream* out_ = &cout) :p_n(), OptimizationMethod(F, x_0_, l_border, r_border, SC_var, eps_, out_) {} vector<double> iteration(vector<double>& x_, double alpha){return x_ + alpha * p_n;}
 48
 49
50
 51
                      vector<double> optimize();
 56
 57 };
 58
 63 class Stochastic : public OptimizationMethod {
 64 public:
 65
                      double alpha;
                      double p;
 66
                       vector<double> iteration(vector<double> x, double& delta);
 76
                      vector<double> optimize();
 82
                      {\tt Stochastic} \ ({\tt Function*} \ {\tt F, vector<double>} \ {\tt x\_0\_, vector<double>} \ {\tt l\_border, vector<double>} \ {\tt r\_border, vector<double>} \ {\tt r\_b
8.3
                                   int SC_{var} = 1, double eps_{var} = 0.001, ostream* out_ = &cout, double alpha_ = 0.2, double eps_{var} = 0.5)
                                   alpha(alpha_), p(p_), OptimizationMethod(F, x_0_, l_border, r_border, SC_var, eps_, out_) {}
85 };
```

## 5.4 R64M.hpp

```
1 #define _CRT_SECURE_NO_WARNINGS
2 #pragma once
3
4 void rninit (unsigned long long iufir);
5 void rnrest ();
```

5.5 StopCriteria.h

```
6 void rnconst (unsigned long long iufir);
7 //void rnconfix (unsigned nmb);
8
9 unsigned long long rnfirst ();
10 unsigned long long rnlast ();
11 //unsigned long rnconrd ();
12
13 double rnunif ();
14 //double rnexp ();
15 //double rnnorm ();
```

## 5.5 StopCriteria.h

```
1 #pragma once
3 #include <iostream>
4 #include <vector>
5 #include "Functions.h"
6 #include "Definitions.h"
8 using namespace std;
13 class StopCriterion {
14 protected:
15
       int bound;
16 public:
      double eps;
        ostream* out;
        virtual bool do_we_stop(vector<vector<double>% a, Function* F, int iteration_number) { return true;
       StopCriterion(double ep = 0.001, int bo = 1000, ostream* out_ = nullptr) : eps(ep), bound(bo),
30
       out (out_) {}
31 };
35 class SC_GradientNorm : public StopCriterion {
42
       bool do_we_stop(vector<vector<double>% a, Function* F, int iteration_number);
43 };
47 class SC_PointsClose : public StopCriterion {
54 bool do_we_stop(vector<vector<double>& a, Function* F, int iteration_number);
55 };
59 class SC_FuncRelative : public StopCriterion {
       bool do_we_stop(vector<vector<double>& a, Function* F, int iteration_number);
67 };
```

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