



# Keywords & Identifiers



**B. Ramar(Ph.D)**

Resource Faculty,

AU TVS Centre for Quality Management, Anna University.

# Content

---



**1. Python Keywords**

**2. Python Identifiers**

**a) Rules for writing identifiers**

**b) Things to care about**

# Python Keywords

Keywords are the reserved words in Python. We cannot use a keyword as variable name, function name or any other identifier. They are used to define the syntax and structure of the Python language.

```
Here is a list of the Python keywords.  Enter any keyword to get more help.
```

False	def	if	raise
None	del	import	return
True	elif	in	try
and	else	is	while
as	except	lambda	with
assert	finally	nonlocal	yield
break	for	not	
class	from	or	
continue	global	pass	

# Python Identifiers

---

Identifier is the name given to entities like class, functions, variables etc. in Python. It helps differentiating one entity from another.

## Rules for writing identifiers

1. Identifiers can be a combination of letters in lowercase (a to z) or uppercase (A to Z) or digits (0 to 9) or an underscore (\_). Names like myClass, var\_1 and print\_this\_to\_screen, all are valid example.
2. An identifier cannot start with a digit. 1variable is invalid, but variable1 is perfectly fine.
3. Keywords cannot be used as identifiers.
4. We cannot use special symbols like !, @, #, \$, % etc. in our identifier.
5. Identifier can be of any length.

# Python Identifiers

---

Identifier is the name given to entities like class, functions, variables etc. in Python. It helps differentiating one entity from another.

## Things to care about

Case-sensitive language

### **Example:**

While, `c = 10` is valid. Writing `count = 10` would make more sense and it would be easier to figure out what it does even when you look at your code after a long gap.

# Content

---



**1. Python Keywords**

**2. Python Identifiers**

**a) Rules for writing identifiers**

**b) Things to care about**