

Tersinin Olması

- Aralarında asal çiftler: (n, m)
- $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{y}{m}$

Modüler Aritmetik

- $a = r \pmod{m} \rightarrow a = qm + r$
- $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \pmod{m}$
- $k = \gcd(m, \gcd(a, b))$

örnek

$$14 = 8 \pmod{6}$$

$$k = \gcd(6, \gcd(14, 8)) = 2$$

$$9 = 4 \pmod{3}$$

Modüler Üzerinde Kuvar

- $x^2 = 1 \pmod{35}$
- $x = \pm 1 \pmod{5}$
- $x = \pm 1 \pmod{7}$

Modüler Birim Elemanlar

- Toplamda $\phi(m)$ tane var
- Kuvarde $\phi(m)$ tane var
- $a = a + m$
- $a^{-1} = a^{p-2}$

Euclid Algoritması

$$\gcd(1180, 482) =$$

$$1180 = 2 \cdot 482 + 216$$

$$482 = 2 \cdot 216 + 50$$

$$216 = 4 \cdot 50 + 16$$

$$50 = 3 \cdot 16 + 2$$

$$16 = 8 \cdot 2 + 0$$

$$\gcd(\dots) = 2$$

Doğrusal Denklemler Oluşturma

$$\gcd(n, m) = s \cdot n + t \cdot m$$

$$n^{-1} \pmod{m}$$

$$\gcd(252, 198) = ? \rightarrow 18$$

$$252 = 1 \cdot 198 + 54$$

$$198 = 3 \cdot 54 + 36$$

$$54 = 1 \cdot 36 + 18$$

$$36 = 2 \cdot 18 + 0$$

$$\gcd(\dots) = 18$$

$$18 = 54 - 1 \cdot 36$$

$$18 = 54 - (198 - 3 \cdot 54)$$

$$18 = 4 \cdot (252 - 198) - 198$$

$$18 = 4 \cdot 252 - 5 \cdot 198$$

$$1 = 4 \cdot 14 - 5 \cdot 11$$

$$14^{-1} \pmod{11}$$

$$11^{-1} \pmod{14}$$

Extended Euclid Algoritması

$$\gcd(89, 55) = 1$$

$$(55, 32)$$

$$(32, 23)$$

$$(23, 9)$$

$$(9, 5)$$

$$(5, 4)$$

$$(4, 1)$$

$$(1, 0)$$

$$\gcd(\dots) = 1$$

$$\gcd(\dots) = n^{-1} \pmod{m}$$

$$a = b \cdot n + m \cdot s$$

$$b \cdot n = a - m \cdot s$$

$$b \cdot n = a - m \cdot s$$

$$b \cdot n = a - m \cdot s$$

Chinese Remainder Theorem

$$x = n_1 \pmod{m_1}$$

$$x = n_2 \pmod{m_2}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$x = n_n \pmod{m_n}$$

$$M = \prod_{i=1}^n m_i$$

$$x = \sum_{i=1}^n n_i \cdot \frac{M}{m_i} \left(\frac{M}{m_i} \right)^{-1} \pmod{M}$$

Euler Fonksiyonu

$$\phi(10) = \{1, 3, 7, 9\}$$

$$\phi(10) = 4$$

$$\phi(p) = p-1$$

$$\phi(p^2) = p \cdot (p-1)$$

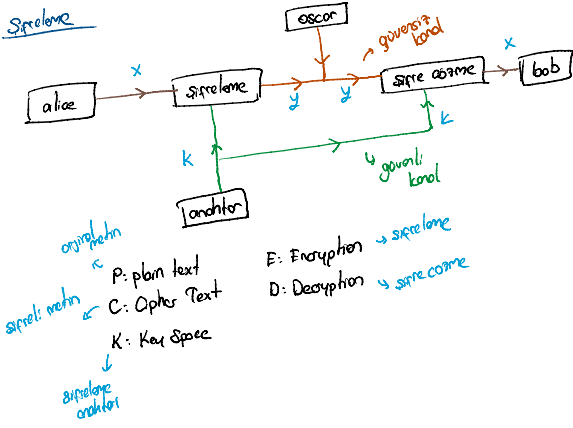
$$\phi(a \cdot b) = \phi(a) \cdot \phi(b)$$

$$a \perp b$$

Euler-Fermat

$$\gcd(a, m) = 1 \Rightarrow a^{\phi(m)} = 1 \pmod{m}$$

Sifreleme



Shift Cipher

• Kayarlı sifreleme $A \rightarrow B$

• Kayarlı sifreleme $B \rightarrow C$

$$y = e_k(x) = (x + k) \pmod{m}$$

$$x = d_k(y) = (y - k) \pmod{m}$$

$$m: \text{Alfabet boyu}$$