■ Product introduction

XC6206 series is a CMOS step-down voltage regulator with high ripple rejection, low power consumption, low dropout, overcurrent and short-circuit protection. These devices have a very low static bias current (6.0μA Typ.), which can provide an output current of 250mA even if the difference between the input and output voltages is very small, and still maintain a good regulation rate. Because the voltage difference between input and outpu t is very small and the static bias current is very small, these devices are especially suitable for battery-powered products that want to prolong the battery life, such as computers, consumer products and industrial equipment.

■ Product features

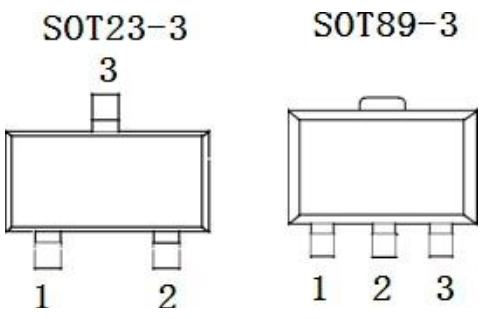
- High precision output voltage: gear A: ±1%, gear B: ±2.5%
- Output voltage: 1.5V~5.0V (step size 0.1V)
- Very low static bias current (Typ.=6.0 μ A)
- Low temperature adjustment coefficient
- The highest input voltage can reach 8V.
- With strong load capacity: when Vin=4.3V and Vout=3.3V, Iout=250mA.
- It can be used as regulator and reference voltage.
- Good input stability: Typ. 0.03%/V
- Package form: SOT89-3, SOT23-3

■ product usage

- Battery power supply system
- Cordless telephone equipment
- Wireless control system
- Portable/palm computer
- Portable consumer equipment
- Portable instrument
- Automobile electronic equipment
- Voltage reference source

■ Package form and pin definition function

Pin serial number		Pin definition	function declaration
MR package	PR package		
SOT23-3	SOT89-3		
1	1	VSS	Chip grounding terminal
2	3	OUT	Output
3	2	VIN	Input

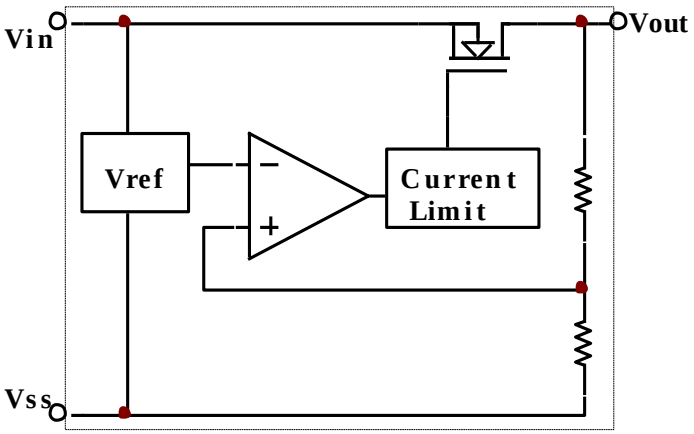


Model description

XC6206P ①②③④⑤

Representative number	describe	symbol	describe
①②	Output voltage	12~50	: e.g. output 3.0V →① =3, ② =0
③	precision	2	: ±2.5%
		1	: ±1%
④	package	M	: SOT-23
		P	: SOT-89
⑤	Belt loading	R	: embossed belt, standard inflow

functional block diagram



Limit parameter

project	symbol	parameter		limit value	unit
voltage	Vin	input voltage		9	V
	Vout	Output voltage		Vss-0.3 ~Vout+0.3	V
elect riccurrent	Iout	output current		500	mA
power consumption	PD	SOT23	Maximum allowable power consumption	300	mW
		SOT89-3		500	
temperature	Tw	Working temperature		-25～+80	℃
	Tc	Storage temperature		-40～+125	℃
	Th	welding temperature		260	℃ ,10s

■ Electrical characteristics (Cin=Cout=10uF, Ta=25℃ unless otherwise specified)

trait	symbol	condition		minimum value	typical value	maximum	unit
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}(E)$	I_{OUT}=1mA, V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1V		$V_{OUT}(T)$ *0.98	$V_{OUT}(T)$	$V_{OUT}(T)$* 1.02	V
Maximum output current	I_{OUT} (max)	V_{IN}=$V_{OUT}(T)$+1V		100			mA
Drop pressure difference	Vdrop	I_{OUT} =50mA	1.5V≤$V_{OUT}(T)$≤2.5V		200	280	mV
			2.6V≤$V_{OUT}(T)$≤3.3V		160	240	
			3.4V≤$V_{OUT}(T)$≤5.5V		120	200	
quiescent current	I_{SS}	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1V			7		μA
Load stability	ΔV_{OUT}	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1V, 1mA≤I_{OUT}≤80mA			20		mV
Input stability	$\Delta V_{OUT}/(\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT})$	I_{OUT} =1mA, $V_{OUT}(T)$+0.5V ≤V_{IN}≤5.5V			0.1	0.2	%/V
Output voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{OUT}/(\Delta Ta \cdot V_{OUT})$	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1V, I_{OUT}=10mA -40℃≤Ta≤85℃			±100		ppm/℃
input voltage	V_{IN}			1.8	--	8.0	V
Ripple suppression ratio	PSRR	V_{IN}= [$V_{OUT}(T)$+1]V +1Vp-pAC I_{OUT} =10mA, f=1kHz			40		dB
Short circuit current	Ishort	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1.5V , V_{OUT}=Vss			30		mA
Overcurrent protection current	Ilimt	V_{IN}= $V_{OUT}(T)$+1.5V			380		mA

Note:

1. VOUT (T): the specified output voltage.
2. VOUT (E): effective output voltage (that is, the output voltage when IOUT keeps a certain value and VIN = (VOUT (T)+1.0V))
3. IOUT (max):VIN=VOUT(T)+1V, slowly increase the output current, and the current value when the output voltage is ≤ VOUT(E)*95%.
4. Vdrop = Vin1 – Vout (e) s: Vin1 = the input voltage when the output voltage drops to 98% of VOUT (E)1. VOUT (E)s= VOUT (E)*98%

   VOUT (E)1= the output voltage value when vin = vout (t)+1V and iout = a certain value.

■ test circuit

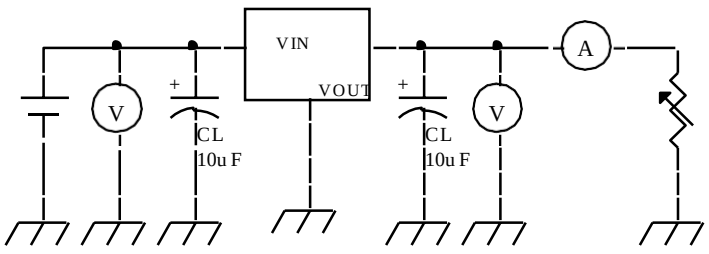


图 1

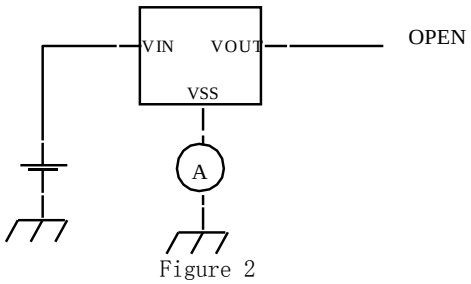
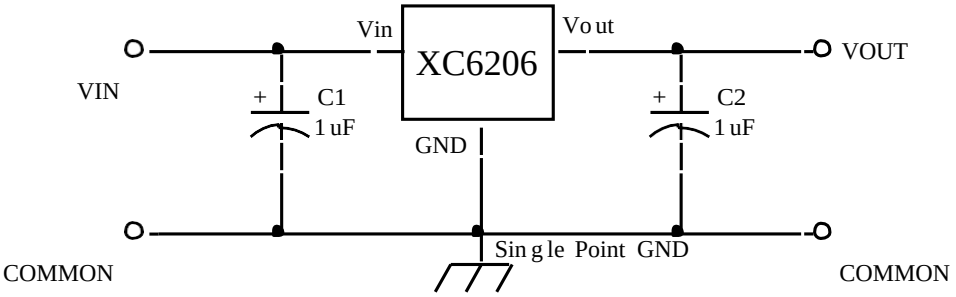


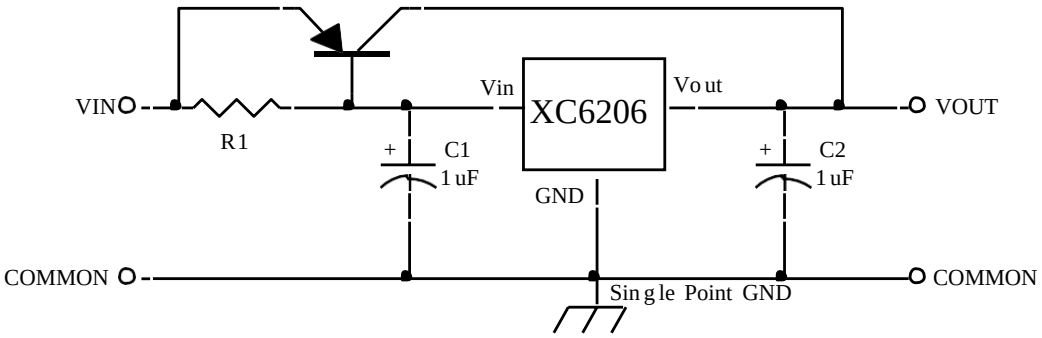
Figure 2

■ Applied circuit

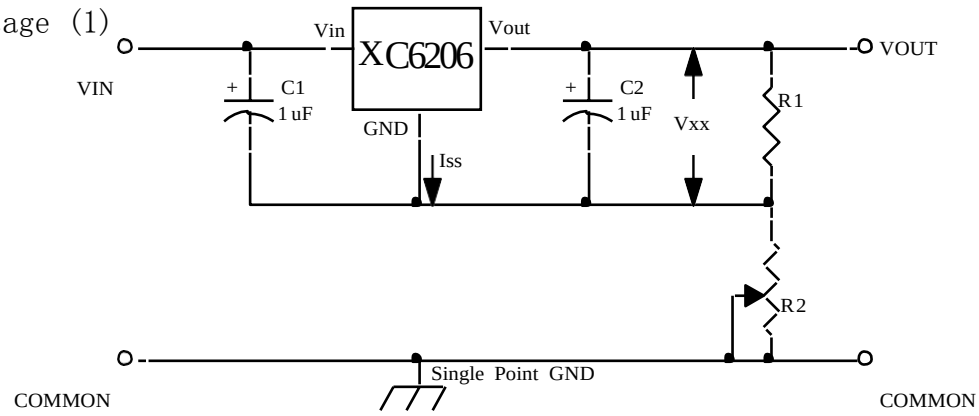
1. Basic circuit



2. Positive voltage regulator with large output current

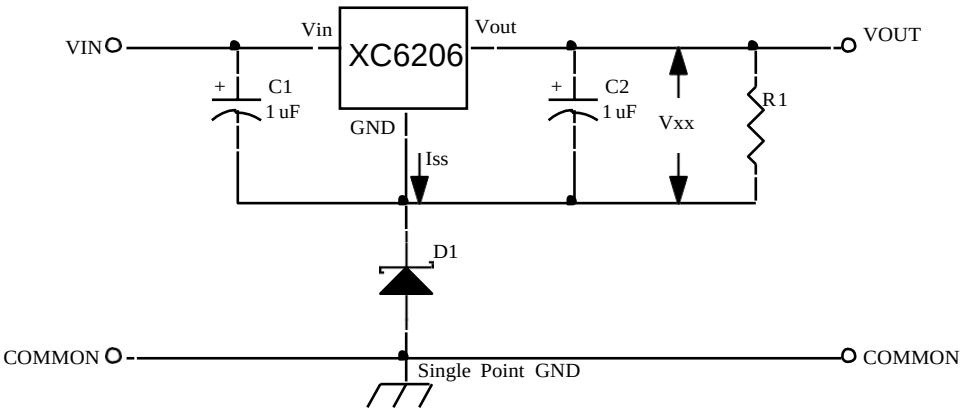


3. Circuit for increasing output voltage (1)



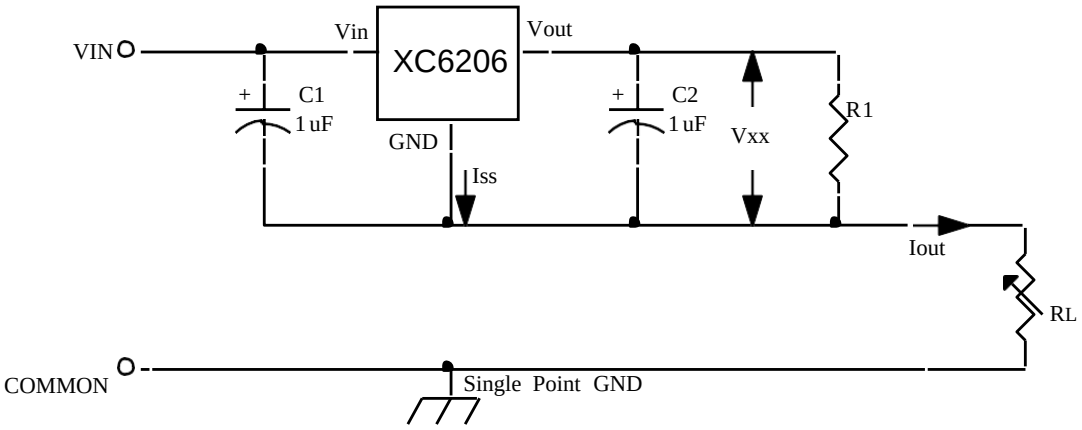
$$Vout=Vxx(1+R2/R1)+IssR2$$

4. Circuit for increasing output voltage (2)



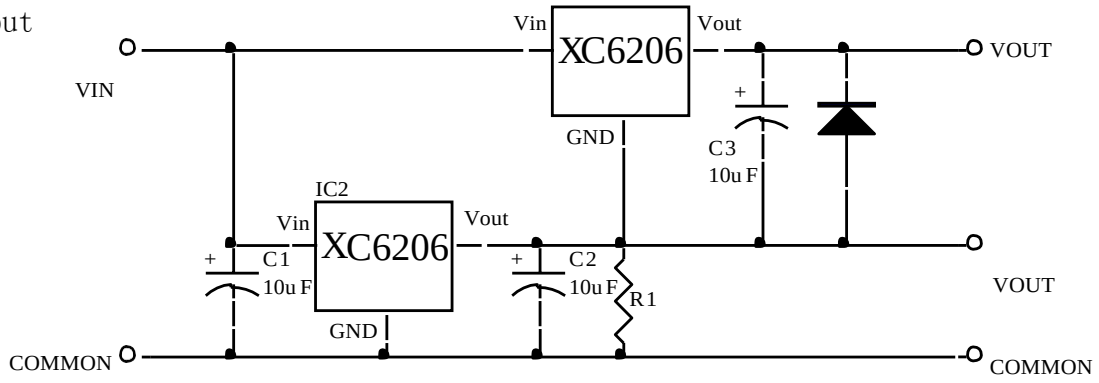
$$Vout=Vxx+V_{D1}$$

5. Constant current regulator



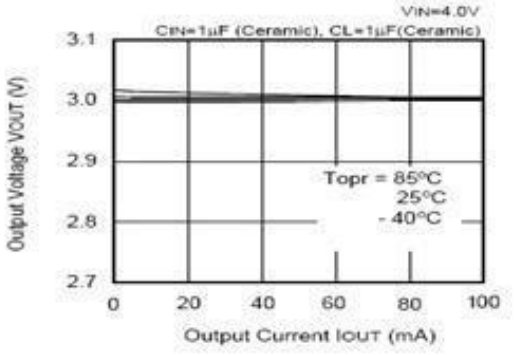
$$Iout=Vxx/R_A+Iss$$

6. Double output

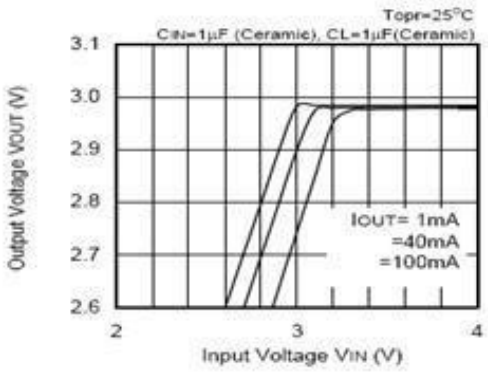


■ Characteristic curve

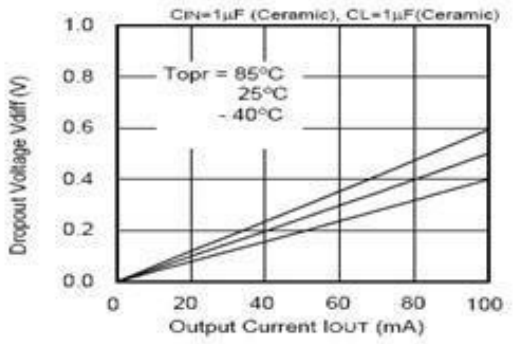
1. Output voltage-output current
(when the load current increases)



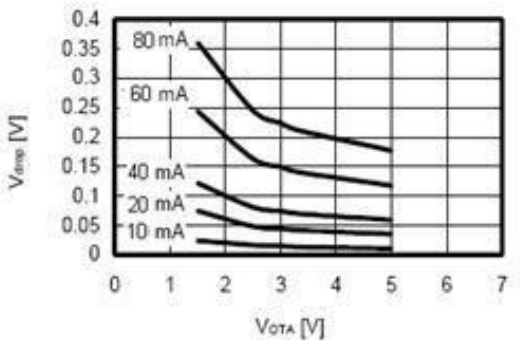
2. Output voltage and input voltage



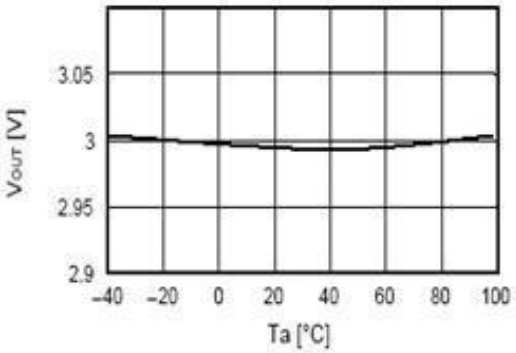
3. Dropout voltage and output current



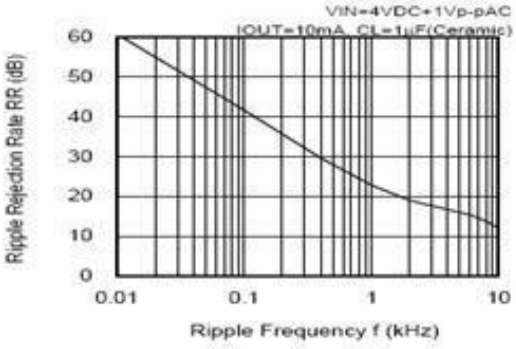
4. Dropout voltage and output voltage



5. Output voltage and temperature

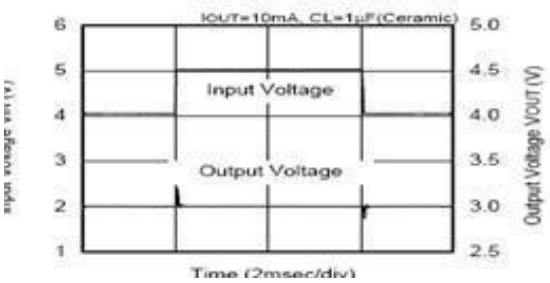


6. Ripple suppression

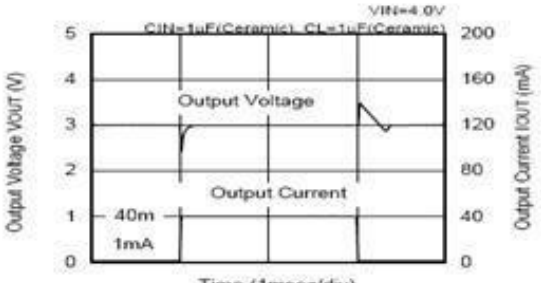


7. Transient response

Input transient response characteristics

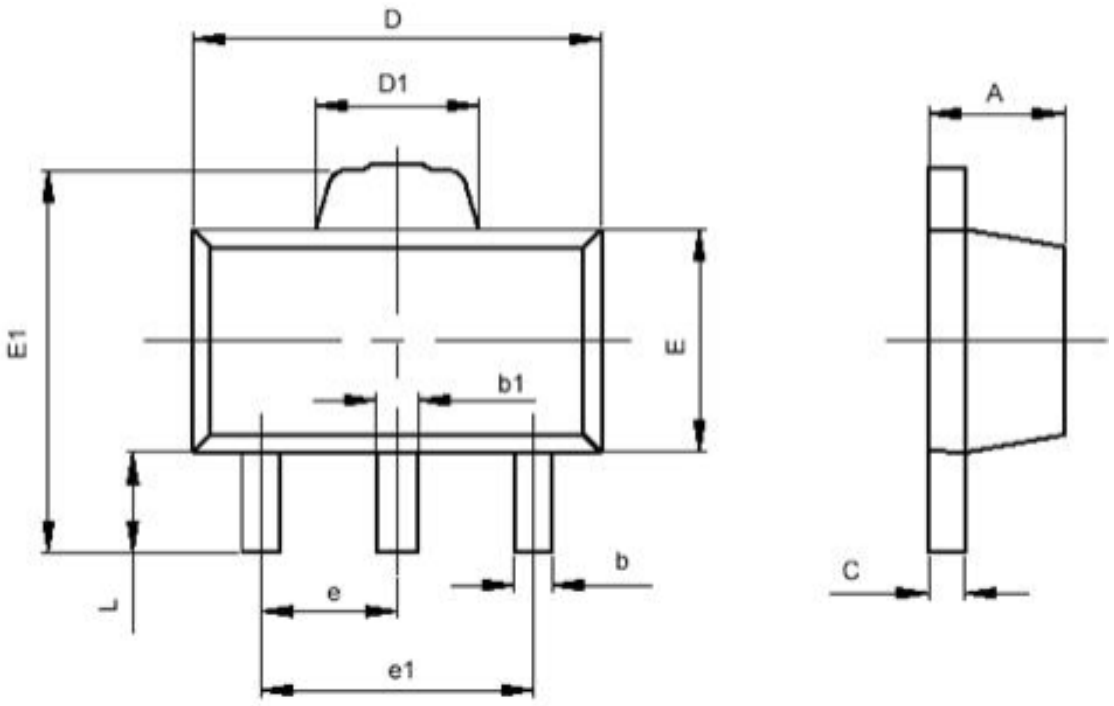


Load transient input response characteristics



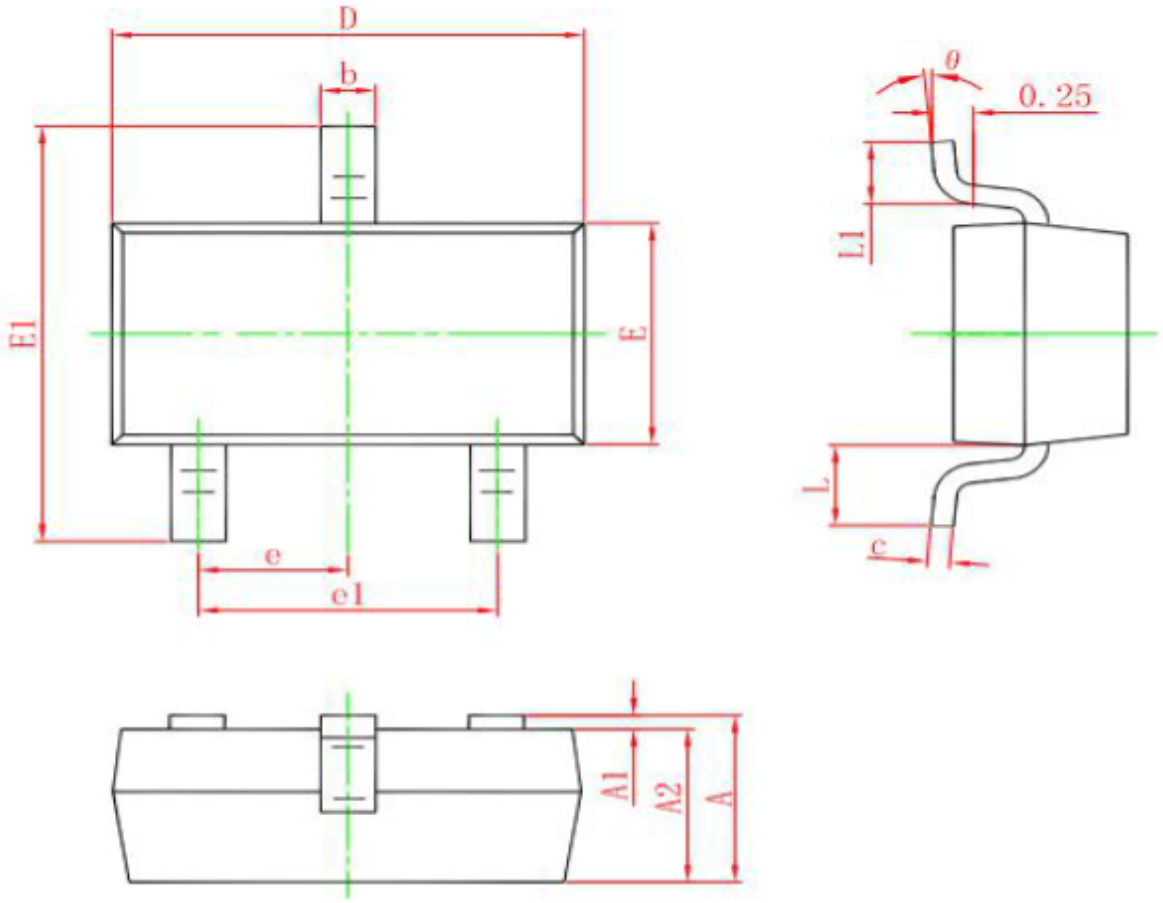
■ Package Information

SOT-89-3



symbol	Minimum (mm)	Maximum (mm)
A	1.400	1.600
b	0.320	0.520
b1	0.360	0.560
c	0.350	0.440
D	4.400	4.600
D1	1.400	1.800
E	2.300	2.600
E1	3.940	4.250
e	1.500TYP	
e1	2.900	3.100
L	0.900	1.100

SOT-23



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	0.900	1.150	0.035	0.045
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.050	0.035	0.041
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
c	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D	2.800	3.000	0.110	0.118
E	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055
E1	2.250	2.550	0.089	0.100
e	0.950 TYP.		0.037 TYP.	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.550 REF.		0.022 REF.	
L1	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°