Collecting and Analyzing Social Media Data with R

Pablo Barberá pablo.barbera@nyu.edu

Social media and Political Participation Lab New York University

February 25, 2014

Collecting and Analyzing Social Media Data with R

The tools I have developed:

- smappR package: R tools for the analysis of Twitter data
 - Access the lab database and run most common tasks.
- 2 streamR package: Access to Twitter Streaming API via R.
 - Capture tweets in real time and read tweets in R
- 3 Rfacebook package: Access to Facebook API via R.
 - Download public information about Facebook users, search public posts, scrape pages, retrieve network of friends...

Additional materials:

- "Social Media and Political Participation" NYU-AD J-Term lab sessions
 - Introduction to the analysis of social media data using R
- smappPy and other Python tools

smappR package

Functions to access Twitter data in lab server and run most common tasks:

- Count the number of tweets that mention a set of keywords or were sent within a certain time period, and extract them as a data frame in R
- Find the most retweeted tweets and the most popular hashtags in a collection
- Prepare a plot showing volume of tweets over time (days/hours/minutes)
- Ownload timeline, followers, and friends of any Twitter user.
- 6 Access users' profile information and parse location into geographic coordinates

Documentation: github.com/SMAPPNYU/smappR

streamR package

Functions to collect Twitter data from the Streaming API:

- filterStream function will return tweets in real time that:
 - Mention a set of keywords or hashtags
 - Mention a set of users
 - Are sent within a geographic "bounding box"
- 2 sampleStream function will return a 1% random sample of tweets in real time

Tweets are downloaded in JSON format, but can be parsed to data frames in R (or exported to the lab server)

Documentation: github.com/pablobarbera/streamR

Rfacebook package

Functions to collect Facebook data from the Graph API:

- 1 Public Facebook posts that mention a certain keyword
- User information (gender, location, language, full name, profile picture)
- Posts on public pages (content of post, as well as list of likes and comments)
- Friends information (network, likes, checkins, newsfeed...)

Data can be saved as .csv files or R objects.

Documentation: github.com/pablobarbera/Rfacebook

J-term materials

Introduction to analysis of social media data using R:

- Lab 3. Collecting and analyzing Twitter data: using the Streaming API to download tweets, finding most popular tweet, doing a word cloud and a map of tweets, etc.
- Lab 4. Collecting and analyzing Facebook data: searching public Facebook posts, getting user information, scraping pages, plotting number of likes over time...
- Labs 5 & 6. More advanced examples.

Materials: github.com/SMAPPNYU/NYU-AD-160J

smappPy

Python library developed by SMaPP programmers Peihong Chai and Duncan Penfold-Brown. Similar to smappR, but using python.

Additional functions:

- Extract URLs and images shared on Twitter
- Utilities for text parsing and cleaning
- Build and display retweet networks
- Measure naive sentiment in tweets

In general python is faster than R, specially when working with large collections.

Documentation: github.com/SMAPPNYU/smappPy Examples: github.com/SMAPPNYU/ProgrammerGroup