

Working with Scholarly Metadata

some thoughts, some tips

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Outline

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- (*some thoughts*) on **scholarly metadata**
 - provenance debt

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- (*some thoughts*) on **scholarly metadata**
 - provenance debt
- (*some tips*) for **working with**
 - data
 - projects
 - code

... Scholarly Metadata

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What even is scholarly metadata or where to begin with scholarly metadata?

How can *provenance debt* help to answer these questions?

<https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1cQoPxYi49n4GuEHsxayrtj3S74BVRrlqRenYpteAltsusp=sharing>

Working with ...

- Data sources, APIs, Clients
- Organizing projects, data, code
- Code stuff

Data sources, APIs, clients

Tip 1 - Read the docs

1. **Read the docs**
2. **Read the docs**
3. **Read the docs**

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1. **Read the docs** of the data source
2. **Read the docs** of the API
3. **Read the docs** of the API client

Example - working with Crossref

Data Source

- [Crossref schema library](#) is useful but mostly intended for publishers

REST API

- Current REST API documentation lives at <https://api.crossref.org/>
- **However**, the [deprecated documentation](#) provides many concrete examples and use-cases
- Similarly, [Github Issues](#) are a great resource for questions

API Clients

- <https://github.com/sckott/habanero>
- <https://commonmeta-py.docs.front-matter.io/>

Tip 2 - Learn `requests`

API clients are great but learn how to work with APIs directly.

- Recommendation: [requests](#)

Data Science Projects

Tip 3 - Think about structure

- Project
 - What kind of outcomes are expected? Research article, software, datasets...
- Data structure
 - Outline the processing pipeline
- Code structure
 - Notebooks, scripts, local processing vs server, ...

The [Cookiecutter Data Science Template](#) is great but an overkill for most research projects. Instead, [this SCL example](#) might be helpful.

Tip 4 - Document changes

Don't shy away from (re-)organizing files, data, and code as the project evolves.

However, try to document these changes. You will thank yourself when writing your methods sections...

I've previously (mis)used Github Wiki pages as a [research changelog](#).

Tip 5 - Managing code environments & dependencies

- Managing Python distributions at system level: `pyenv`
- Installing Python programs like regular apps: `pipx`
- Managing project dependencies & environments: `poetry`

Coding in Python

Tip 6 - Streaming data with JSON Lines

Too small for big data, but still too big for RAM

- Consider using JSON lines over CSV/JSON for raw data
- Sampling and streaming are your friends
- Pandas is amazing but not made for this kind of stuff

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```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd

# Reading .jsonl
df = pd.read_json("input.jsonl", lines=True)

# Writing .jsonl
df.to_json("output.jsonl", lines=True, orient="records")
```

Tip 7 - Document your collection process

There is never too much metadata about our collection processes

- ISO timestamps

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In [ ]: import datetime  
  
ts = datetime.datetime.now().isoformat()
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- Handle those exceptions

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- ISO timestamps

```
In [ ]: import datetime

        ts = datetime.datetime.now().isoformat()
```

- Handle those exceptions

```
In [ ]: try:
        response = requests.get()
except Exception as e:
    error = e
```

Tip 8 - Don't overwrite your files...

just don't...

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just don't...

```
In [ ]: from pathlib import Path

output_file = Path("this/took/a/week/to/process.csv")

# inelegant lifesaver
if output_file.exists():
    sys.exit()

print("you can thank me later")
```

Tip 10 - Nice progress bars are amazing

Just start using `tqdm` ❤️

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```
In [ ]: import time

        from tqdm.notebook import tqdm

        long_list = list(range(0,50))

        for item in tqdm(long_list):
            time.sleep(0.5)
```

One final example

Putting together those tips to query the Crossref API with a list of DOIs

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```
In [ ]: def collect_references(overwrite: False):
    if crossref_responses_f.exists():
        if overwrite:
            with open(crossref_responses_f, 'w') as f:
                for doi in tqdm(dois):
                    ts = datetime.datetime.now().isoformat()
                    error = None

                    try:
                        response = cr.works(doi, warn=True)

                        if response['status'] != 'ok':
                            error = response['status']
                        else:
                            f.write(json.dumps(response["message"]) + "
                    except Exception as e:
                        error = e

                    # Update collection progress
                    update_collection_progress(doi, ts, error)
        else:
            print("file already exists")
```

