

bon-db/calculus/diff/Z9C89A.json

Problem. Let $f: [a, b] \rightarrow [a, b]$ be a differentiable function such that $f(a) = a$ and $f(b) = b$. Prove that there exist $u, v \in (a, b)$ such that $u < v$ and $f'(u) + f'(v) = 2$.

Solution. By LMVT on $[a, \frac{a+b}{2}]$, we get that there exists $u \in (a, \frac{a+b}{2})$ such that

$$f'(u) = \frac{f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) - f(a)}{\frac{a+b}{2} - a} = \frac{2}{b-a} \cdot \left(f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) - f(a)\right).$$

Similarly by LMVT on $[\frac{a+b}{2}, b]$, we get that there exists $v \in (\frac{a+b}{2}, b)$ such that

$$f'(v) = \frac{f(b) - f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)}{b - \frac{a+b}{2}} = \frac{2}{b-a} \cdot \left(f(b) - f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)\right).$$

Clearly $u < v$ and

$$f'(u) + f'(v) = \frac{2}{b-a} \cdot (f(b) - f(a)) = \frac{2}{b-a} \cdot (b - a) = 2.$$

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