```
1 import components.simplereader.SimpleReader;
7
8 /**
9 * Program to convert a set of XML RSS (version 2.0) feed from a given URL into
10 * the corresponding HTML output file. There will be an index page with links to
11 * all the single RSS feeds.
13 * @author Robert Frenken
14 *
15 */
16 public final class RSSAggregator {
17
      /**
18
      * Private constructor so this utility class cannot be instantiated.
19
20
21
      private RSSAggregator() {
22
23
24
25
      * Outputs the "opening" tags in the generated HTML file. These are the
26
       * expected elements generated by this method:
27
28
       * <html> <head> <title>the channel tag title as the page title</title>
29
       * </head> <body>
       * <h1>the page title inside a link to the <channel> link</h1>
30
31
       * 
32
      * the channel description
33
      * 
34
      * 
35
      * 
36
      * Date
37
      * Source
       * News
38
39
      * 
40
      * @param channel
41
42
                    the channel element XMLTree
       * @param out
43
44
                    the output stream
45
       * @updates out.content
46
       * @requires [the root of channel is a <channel> tag] and out.is_open
       * @ensures out.content = #out.content * [the HTML "opening" tags]
47
48
49
      private static void outputHeader(XMLTree channel, SimpleWriter out) {
50
          assert channel != null : "Violation of: channel is not null";
51
          assert out != null : "Violation of: out is not null";
52
          assert channel.isTag() && channel.label().equals("channel") : ""
53
                  + "Violation of: the label root of channel is a <channel> tag";
54
          assert out.isOpen() : "Violation of: out.is_open";
55
56
          // know from earlier that this is a valid rss, so all these elements are
57
          // a part of the rss
58
59
          int titleIndex = getChildElement(channel, "title");
          int linkIndex = getChildElement(channel, "link");
60
          String title = "";
61
          String link = "";
62
```

```
63
           if (channel.child(titleIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
 64
               title = channel.child(titleIndex).child(0).label();
 65
 66
           if (channel.child(linkIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
               link = channel.child(linkIndex).child(0).label();
 67
 68
           }
 69
 70
           out.print("<html xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\r\n"
                  + "<head>\r\n"
 71
 72
                  + "<meta http-equiv=\"Content-Type\" content=\"text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1\"
   />\r\n"
 73
                  + "<title>" + title + "</title>\r\n" + "\r\n" + "</head>\r\n"
 74
                  + "\r\n" + "\r\n" + "<body>");
 75
           out.print("<h1>\r\n" + "<a href= \"" + link + "\">" + title + "</a>\r\n"
 76
 77
                  + "</h1>\r\n");
 78
 79
           int descriptionIndex = getChildElement(channel, "description");
 80
           if (channel.child(descriptionIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
 81
               String description = channel.child(descriptionIndex).child(0)
 82
                       .label();
 83
               out.print("" + description + "\r\n");
 84
           } else {
               out.print("" + "No description available" + "\r\n");
 85
 86
           }
 87
 88
           out.print("\r\n" + "\r\n"
                  + "Date\r\n" + "Source\r\n"
 89
                  + "News\r\n" + "\r\n");
 90
 91
 92
       }
 93
       /**
 94
        * Outputs the "closing" tags in the generated HTML file. These are the
 95
 96
        * expected elements generated by this method:
 97
 98
        * 
 99
        * </body> </html>
100
101
        * @param out
102
                    the output stream
        * @updates out.contents
103
104
        * @requires out.is_open
105
        * @ensures out.content = #out.content * [the HTML "closing" tags]
106
107
       private static void outputFooter(SimpleWriter out) {
108
           assert out != null : "Violation of: out is not null";
109
           assert out.isOpen() : "Violation of: out.is_open";
110
111
           out.print("\r\n" + "</body>\r\n" + "</html>");
112
       }
113
       /**
114
        * Finds the first occurrence of the given tag among the children of the
115
116
        * given {@code XMLTree} and return its index; returns -1 if not found.
117
118
        * @param xml
```

```
119
                     the {@code XMLTree} to search
120
        * @param tag
121
                     the tag to look for
        * @return the index of the first child of type tag of the {@code XMLTree}
122
123
                  or -1 if not found
        * @requires [the label of the root of xml is a tag]
124
125
        * @ensures 
126
        * getChildElement =
127
           [the index of the first child of type tag of the {@code XMLTree} or
128
            -1 if not found]
129
        * 
130
        */
131
       private static int getChildElement(XMLTree xml, String tag) {
           assert xml != null : "Violation of: xml is not null";
132
133
           assert tag != null : "Violation of: tag is not null";
134
           assert xml.isTag() : "Violation of: the label root of xml is a tag";
135
136
           int counter = 0;
137
           int elementIndex = -1;
           while (counter < xml.numberOfChildren() && elementIndex != counter) {</pre>
138
139
               if (xml.child(counter).isTag()
140
                       && tag.equals(xml.child(counter).label())) {
141
                   elementIndex = counter;
142
               }
143
               counter++;
144
           }
145
146
           return elementIndex;
147
       }
148
       /**
149
        * Processes one news item and outputs one table row. The row contains three
150
        * elements: the publication date, the source, and the title (or
151
152
        * description) of the item.
153
        * @param item
154
155
                     the news item
156
        * @param out
157
                     the output stream
158
        * @updates out.content
159
        * @requires [the label of the root of item is an <item> tag] and
160
                    out.is open
        * @ensures 
161
        * out.content = #out.content *
162
            [an HTML table row with publication date, source, and title of news item]
163
        * 
164
165
        */
166
       private static void processItem(XMLTree item, SimpleWriter out) {
167
           assert item != null : "Violation of: item is not null";
           assert out != null : "Violation of: out is not null";
168
           assert item.isTag() && item.label().equals("item") : ""
169
170
                   + "Violation of: the label root of item is an <item> tag";
           assert out.isOpen() : "Violation of: out.is_open";
171
172
           out.print("\r\n");
173
174
175
           int pubDateIndex = getChildElement(item, "pubDate");
```

```
176
           // pubdate column, either there or not
177
           if (pubDateIndex != -1) {
178
               String pubDate = item.child(pubDateIndex).child(0).toString();
               out.print("" + pubDate + "\r");
179
180
           } else {
181
               out.print("No date available");
182
           }
183
184
           int sourceIndex = getChildElement(item, "source");
185
           // source column, either there with url, or not
186
           if (sourceIndex != -1) {
187
               if (item.child(sourceIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
188
                   String source = item.child(sourceIndex).child(0).label();
189
                   String sourceURL = item.child(sourceIndex)
190
                           .attributeValue("url");
                   out.println("\r\n" + "<a href= \"" + sourceURL + "\">"
191
192
                           + source + "</a>\r\n" + "\r\n");
193
               }
194
195
           } else {
               out.print("No source available");
196
197
198
199
           // title column, with either a title with or without a link, or a description
           // with or without a link, or "no title available" with or without a link
200
201
202
           int titleIndex = getChildElement(item, "title");
203
           int descriptionIndex = getChildElement(item, "description");
204
           int linkIndex = getChildElement(item, "link");
205
           if (titleIndex != -1 && item.child(titleIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
206
               String title = item.child(titleIndex).child(0).label();
207
208
209
               // checks if a link tag exists in the particular item
210
211
               if (linkIndex != -1) {
212
                   String link = item.child(linkIndex).child(0).label();
213
                   out.println("\r\n" + "<a href= \"" + link + "\">" + title
214
                           + "</a>\r\n" + "\r\n");
215
               } else {
                   out.println("\r\n" + title + "\r\n");
216
               }
217
218
           } else if (descriptionIndex != -1) {
219
220
               if (item.child(descriptionIndex).numberOfChildren() > 0) {
221
                   String description = item.child(descriptionIndex).child(0)
222
                           .label();
223
                   // checks if a link tag exists in the particular item
224
                   if (getChildElement(item, "link") != 1) {
225
                       String link = item.child(linkIndex).child(0).label();
                       out.println("\r\n" + "<a href= \"" + link + "\">"
226
                               + description + "\langle a \rangle r = + "\langle td \rangle r = );
227
228
                   } else {
229
                       out.println("\r\n" + description + "\r\n");
230
                   }
231
               }
232
```

```
233
           } else {
234
               if (linkIndex != -1) {
235
                   String link = item.child(linkIndex).child(0).label();
                   out.println("\r\n" + "<a href= \"" + link + "\">"
236
237
                           + "No title available" + "</a>\r\n" + "\r\n");
238
               } else {
239
                   out.print("No title available");
240
241
               }
242
243
           out.print("\r\n");
244
       }
245
246
247
        * Processes one XML RSS (version 2.0) feed from a given URL converting it
248
        * into the corresponding HTML output file.
249
250
          @param url
251
                     the URL of the RSS feed
252
          @param file
253
                     the name of the HTML output file
254
        * @param out
255
                     the output stream to report progress or errors
256
        * @updates out.content
257
        * @requires out.is open
258
        * @ensures 
259
        * [reads RSS feed from url, saves HTML document with table of news items
260
            to file, appends to out.content any needed messages]
261
        * 
262
        */
263
       private static void processFeed(String url, String file, SimpleWriter out) {
264
           XMLTree xml = new XMLTree1(url);
265
           SimpleWriter outHTML = new SimpleWriter1L(file);
266
           outputHeader(xml.child(0), outHTML);
267
           // create channel xml similar to lab
268
           XMLTree channel = xml.child(0);
269
270
           // go through all child tags of channel, looking for item tags
271
           for (int i = 0; i < channel.numberOfChildren(); i++) {</pre>
272
273
               if (channel.child(i).isTag()
274
                       && channel.child(i).label().equals("item")) {
275
276
                   processItem(channel.child(i), outHTML);
277
               }
278
279
           outputFooter(outHTML);
280
281
           outHTML.close();
282
       }
283
       /**
284
        * Main method.
285
286
        * @param args
287
288
                     the command line arguments; unused here
        */
289
```

```
290
       public static void main(String[] args) {
291
           SimpleReader in = new SimpleReader1L();
292
           SimpleWriter out = new SimpleWriter1L();
293
294
           out.print(
295
                    "Enter the URL XML containing a list of RSS 2.0 news feeds: ");
296
           String urlFeed = in.nextLine();
297
298
           XMLTree xmlFeed = new XMLTree1(urlFeed);
299
300
           // makes sure the top tag is correct
301
           while (!xmlFeed.hasAttribute("title")
302
                    || !xmlFeed.label().equals("feeds")) {
303
               out.println("This is not a valid xml with a list of RSS feeds");
304
               out.print(
305
                        "Enter the URL XML containing a list of RSS 2.0 news feeds: ");
306
               urlFeed = in.nextLine();
307
               xmlFeed = new XMLTree1(urlFeed);
308
           }
309
310
           // ask user to output to an html file
311
           out.print("Enter an html file to publish the list of RSS feeds: ");
312
           String htmlFile = in.nextLine();
313
           SimpleWriter outHTML = new SimpleWriter1L(htmlFile);
314
315
           // create header for HTML page
316
           outHTML.print("<html>\r\n" + "<head>\r\n" + "<title>\r\n"
317
                   + xmlFeed.attributeValue("title"));
318
           outHTML.print("</title>\r\n" + "</head>\r\n");
319
           outHTML.print("<body>\r\n" + "<h2>" + xmlFeed.attributeValue("title")
320
                   + "</h2>\r\n");
           outHTML.print("\r\n");
321
322
           // create body for HTML page
323
           for (int i = 0; i < xmlFeed.numberOfChildren(); i++) {</pre>
324
               outHTML.print("\r\n");
               outHTML.print("<a href = " + "\""</pre>
325
                       + xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("file") + "\"" + ">"
326
                       + xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("name") + "</a>\r\n");
327
328
               outHTML.print("\r\n");
329
           }
330
           // create footer for HTML page
           outHTML.print("\r\n" + "</body>\r\n" + "</html>");
331
332
333
           // iterate through the feeds to determine if each feed is a valid RSS feed
           for (int i = 0; i < xmlFeed.numberOfChildren(); i++) {</pre>
334
335
               String url = xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("url");
336
               // Puts url into xml tree object
337
               XMLTree xml = new XMLTree1(url);
338
339
                * Makes sure XML is an rss Checks if it has an attribute version,
340
                * that it's value is "2.0", and if the label name is "rss".
341
342
               while (!xml.hasAttribute("version")
343
344
                       | !(xml.attributeValue("version").equals("2.0"))
345
                       || !(xml.label().equals("rss"))) {
346
```

```
out.println("This is a valid XML, but not an RSS.");
347
                    out.print("Enter the URL of an RSS 2.0 news feed: ");
348
349
                   url = in.nextLine();
350
                   xml = new XMLTree1(url);
               }
351
           }
352
353
354
           for (int i = 0; i < xmlFeed.numberOfChildren(); i++) {</pre>
               processFeed(xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("url"),
355
356
                        xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("file"), out);
357
               out.println(xmlFeed.child(i).attributeValue("file"));
           }
358
359
360
           in.close();
361
362
           out.close();
363
           outHTML.close();
364
       }
365
366 }
```