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CSE 2331

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Homework 1

1.

a) $f_{a(n)} = 9 \log_7(n^4 + 2n^3) + 5 n^{0.2} \rightarrow f_{a(n)} \in \Theta(n^{0.2})$

b) $f_{b(n)} = 3 \log_{10}(4n-12) + 8 \log_5(32n+100)$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 \log_{10}(4n-12)}{8 \log_5(32n+100)} = \frac{3 \log_{10}(4n) + 3 \log_{10}(n)}{8 \log_5(32) + 8 \log_5(n)} = \infty \quad f_{b(n)} \in \Theta(\log_{10}(n))$$

* drop constants for limits

c) $f_{c(n)} = 13n + 2n \log_9(7n^5 + 4n^8)$ $7n^5 + 4n^8 \in \Theta(n^8)$
 $\approx 1 \log_9(n^8) \in \Theta(\log_9(n))$ $2n \in \Theta(n)$
 $f_{c(n)} = \Theta(n \log_9(n))$

d) $f_{d(n)} = 5 \log_{10}(7n^3 - 6n + 9) + 9 \log_2(5n^{4.5} + 33n)$
 $\hookrightarrow 7n^3 - 6n + 9 \in \Theta(n^3)$ $\hookrightarrow (5n^{4.5} + 33n) \in \Theta(n^{4.5})$
 $\approx 5 \log_{10}(n^3) \in \Theta(\log_{10}(n))$ $\approx 9 \log_2(n^{4.5}) \in \Theta(\log_2(n))$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(n)}{\log_2(n)} = \infty \quad f_{d(n)} \in \Theta(\log_{10}(n))$

e) $f_{e(n)} = \log_6(13n+3) \cdot \log_4(9n+2) + \log_2(6n^5 + 5n^3 + 2n^2 + 5)$
 $\hookrightarrow \in \Theta(\log_6(n) \cdot \log_4(n))$ $\hookrightarrow \in \Theta(\log_2(n))$

$$\log_4(n) = \log_6(n) / \log_6(4)$$

$$\approx \in \Theta(\log_6(n))^2 \quad f_{e(n)} \in \Theta(\log_6(n)^2)$$

f) $f_f(n) = (5 \log_3(3n^4 + 11) + 4 \log_8(n+12)) \cdot (6\sqrt{17n^5} + 3 \log_{11}(3n^3 + 14))$

First part: $\approx \in \Theta(\log_8^2(n))$ and part $\approx \in \Theta(n^5 \log_{11}(n))$
 $(\log_8(n))^2 = \frac{(\log_{11}(n))^2}{(\log_{11}(8))^2}$

$$f_f(n) \in \Theta(n^5 \log_{11}^3(n))$$

g) $f_g(n) = 3\sqrt[3]{5n^3 + 8n^2 - 16}$ LB: $\geq 3\sqrt[3]{5n^3 - 16} \geq 3\sqrt[3]{5n^3 - n^3}$ for $n \geq 3$
UB: $\leq 3\sqrt[3]{5n^3 + 8n^3} = 3\sqrt[3]{13} n^{1.5}$ for $n \geq 1$ $= 3 \cdot 2 n^{1.5}$

$f_g(n) \in \Theta(n^{1.5})$

$$h) f_h(n) = 8 \log_5(n) + 4n + 12\sqrt{6n-17}$$

$$1. \approx \in \Theta(\log_5(n)) \quad 2. \approx \in \Theta(n) \quad 3. \text{UB: } 12\sqrt{6n-17} n^5$$

$$\text{LB: } 12\sqrt{6n-17} \text{ for } n \geq 17 \\ 12\sqrt{5} n^5 \in \Theta(n^5)$$

$$\underline{f_h(n) \in \Theta(n)}$$

$$i) 11^7 + 4^{13} \cdot 3 \log_7(6^{23}) \quad \text{all constants} \rightarrow \underline{f_i(n) \in \Theta(1)}$$

$$j) f_j(n) = \sqrt{3(\log_7(n))^3 + 5n^2}$$

$$\text{LB: } \geq \sqrt{5n^2} = \sqrt{5} n \in \Theta(n) \quad \text{UB: } \tilde{\sqrt{5n^2 + 3n^2}}$$

$$\underline{f_j(n) \in \Theta(n)}$$

$$\sqrt{8} n \in \Theta(n)$$

$$k) (3n-23) \log_6(5n^3 - 15n^2 - 22n - 24) + 9n + 85$$

$$1. \in \Theta(n) \quad 2. \in \Theta(\log_6(n)) \quad 3. \in \Theta(n) \quad 4. \Theta(1)$$

$$\underline{f_k(n) \in \Theta(n \log_6(n))}$$

$$l) f_{l,n} = 9n^3 + 3n^4 \quad \text{UB: } 9n^4 + 3n^4 \in \Theta(n^4)$$

$$\text{LB: } 3n^4 \in \Theta(n^4) \quad \underline{f_l(n) \in \Theta(n^4)}$$

$$m) f_m(n) = \sqrt{13 \log_5(7n) + 5n + 41} \geq \text{LB: } \sqrt{5n} = \sqrt{5} n^5$$

$$\text{UB: } \leq \sqrt{13n + 5n + 41} = \sqrt{59} n^5$$

$$\underline{f_m(n) \in \Theta(n^5)}$$

$$n) f_n(n) = 4^n + 6^n + 8^n \geq \text{LB: } 8^n \in \Theta(8^n)$$

$$\text{UB: } \geq 8^n + 8^n + 8^n = 38^n \in \Theta(8^n) \quad \underline{f_n(n) \in \Theta(8^n)}$$

$$o) f_o(n) = (4n^3 + 2n^2 + 1) \cdot (n^2 + 5n + 13) \cdot (9n - 6)$$

$$\text{LB: } \geq (4n^3)(n^2)(9n) = 36n^6 \in \Theta(n^6)$$

$$\text{UB: } (4n^3 + 2n^3 + n^3) \cdot (n^2 + 5n^2 + 13n^2) \cdot (9n) = 1197n^6 \in \Theta(n^6)$$

$$\underline{f_o(n) \in \Theta(n^6)}$$

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P) $f_p(n) = 3 \cdot 7^{n+2} + 12 \cdot 7^{n+4} = 3 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 7^n + 12 \cdot 7^4 \cdot 7^n$
 $(3 \cdot 7^2 + 12 \cdot 7^4) (7^n)^2 = (3 \cdot 7^2 + 12 \cdot 7^4) 7^{2n}$
 $f_p(n) \in \Theta(7^{2n})$

Q) $f_q(n) = 5^{7n} + 5 \cdot 7^n = \Theta(5^{7n}) + \Theta(7^n) = \Theta(7^n)$
 $f_q(n) \in \Theta(7^n)$

R) $f_r(n) = 7 \log_6(5^n + n^5 + 5)$
LB: $\geq 7 \log_6(5^n) = 7n \log_6(5) = \Theta(n)$
UB: $\leq 7 \log_6(5^n + 5^n + 5^n)$ for $n \geq 1 = 7 \log_6(3 \cdot 5^n)$
 $= 7 \log_6(3) + 7 \log_6(5^n) = \Theta(1) + \Theta(n) = \Theta(n)$
 $f_r(n) \in \Theta(n)$

S) $f_s(n) = 9n^5 + 5^{n+9} + 9^{n+5} = 9n^5 + 5^9 5^n + 9^5 9^n$
 $= \Theta(n^5) + \Theta(5^n) + \Theta(9^n) = \Theta(9^n)$
 $f_s(n) \in \Theta(9^n)$

T) $f_t(n) = 4 \cdot 7^{\log_7(2n^3 + 4n^2)} = 4(2n^3 + 4n^2) = 8n^3 + 16n^2$
LB: $\geq 8n^3 \in \Theta(n^3)$
UB: $\leq 8n^3 + 16n^3 \quad n \geq 1 = 24n^3 \in \Theta(n^3)$
 $f_t(n) \in \Theta(n^3)$

2. Example: $n^2 \log_2^2(n)$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3}{n^2 \log_2^2(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\log_2^2(n)} = \infty \quad n^2 \log_2^2(n) \in O(n^3)$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 \log_2(n)}{n^2 \log_2^2(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\log_2(n)} = 0 \quad n^2 \log_2^2(n) \in \Omega(n^2 \log_2(n))$$

$$\Theta(n^2 \log_2(n)) < \Theta(n^2 \log_2^2(n)) < \Theta(n^3)$$

3. Example: n^3

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^5}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^2 = \infty \quad n^3 \in \Theta(n^5)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^1}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = 0 \quad n^3 \in \Omega(n^1)$$

$$\Theta(n^1) < \Theta(n^3) < \Theta(n^5)$$

4. $\sqrt[7]{4n^6 + 6n^3 + 23}$ LB: $\geq \sqrt[7]{4n^6} = 14n^3$

UB: $\leq \sqrt[7]{4n^6 + 6n^6 + 23n^6}$ for $n \geq 1 = \sqrt[7]{33n^6} = \sqrt[7]{33} n^3$

Thus, $14n^3 \leq \sqrt[7]{4n^6 + 6n^3 + 23} \leq \sqrt[7]{33} n^3$ and $\sqrt[7]{4n^6 + 6n^3 + 23} \in \Theta(n^3)$

5. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n(\log_3(8n+12))^3}{7n \log_4(n^3+9) \log_{10}(n^2+2n)}$ UB: $\geq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n \log_3^3(8n+12)}{21n \log_4(n^3) \log_{10}(n^2)}$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{126} \frac{(\log_3(20)+\log_3(n))^3}{\log_{10}(7) \log_{10}(n)} \leq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 \cdot \log_4(10)}{126} \cdot \frac{(\log_3(n)+\log_3(n))^3}{\log_{10}^2(n)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)40}{126} \cdot \frac{\log_3^3(n)}{\log_{10}^2(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)40}{126} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{\log_{10}(n)}{\log_{10}(3)}\right)^3}{\log_{10}^2(n)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)40}{126 \cdot \log_{10}^3(3)} \cdot \frac{\log_{10}^3(n)}{\log_{10}^2(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)40}{126 \cdot \log_{10}^3(3)} \cdot \log_{10}(n) = \infty$$

LB: $\geq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5n(\log_3(8n))^3}{21n \cdot \log_4(10n^3) \cdot \log_{10}(3n^2)} \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 \cdot \log_3^3(n)}{(21 \log_{10}(10n^3) \log_{10}(3n^2)) / \log_{10}(4)}$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)5}{21 \log_{10}^2(3)} \cdot \frac{\log_3^3(n)}{(\log_{10}(10) + 3\log_{10}(n)) \cdot (\log_{10}(3) + 2\log_{10}(n))}$$

$$\geq \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)5}{21 \log_{10}^2(3)} \cdot \frac{\log_3^3(n)}{(\log_{10}(n) + 3\log_{10}(n)) \cdot (\log_{10}(3) + 2\log_{10}(n))}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)5}{21 \log_{10}^2(3)} \cdot \frac{\log_3^3(n)}{12 \log_{10}^2(n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log_{10}(4)5}{21 \cdot 12 \cdot \log_{10}^3(3)} \cdot \log_{10}(n) = \infty$$

Since the limits for both bounds go to ∞

$$f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$$