

# ENGR3450 – Project Management

Week 10

The Project Execution  
Auditing – Official Inspections

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# Agenda today

- Types and Purposes of Auditing
- The Project Audit – Points of Auditing
- Audit Life Cycle

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– Problems from Ch 9 – 10 – 11



# Types of Auditing

## Can be Internal or External

- **Quality audits**  
Independent and structured activities to check if  
project activities comply with  
organizational and project  
policies, processes and procedures
- **Risk audits**  
Effectiveness of risk management activities
- **Procurement audits**  
Reviews of contracting activities, processes and effectiveness (In TR  
Sayıştay and governmental inspectors are highly interested)
- **Others whenever boss believes**

# Purpose of Auditing

- Identify problems early
- Clarify      Scope – Time – Cost  
Correctness, relationships, suitability with of organizations(purposes)
- Improve performance as monitoring
- Supply information to stakeholders
- Report to embed new technologies if available



# The project audit

- Current status of the project
  - CPI, SPI, TPI, CSI (Look at week 9) and others.
- Future status
  - Against scope, budget and deadlines
- Risk assessment
- Assumptions of the audit process



# Comparison with financial audits

**Table 12-1** Comparison of Financial Audits with Project Audits

	<b><i>Financial Audits</i></b>	<b><i>Project Audits</i></b>
Status	Confirms status of business in relation to accepted standard	Must create basis for, and confirm, status on each project
Predictions	Company's state of economic well-being	Future status of project
Measurement	Mostly in financial terms	Financial terms plus schedule, progress, resource usage, status of ancillary goals
Record-keeping system	Format dictated by legal regulations and professional standards	No standard system, uses any system desired by individual organization or dictated by contract
Existence of information system	Minimal records needed to start audit	No records exist, data bank must be designed and used to start audit
Recommendations	Usually few or none, often restricted to management of accounting system	Often required, and may cover any aspect of the project or its management
Qualifications to the audit report	Customary to qualify statements if conditions dictate, but strong managerial pressure not to do so	Qualifications focus on shortcomings of audit process (e.g., lack of technical expertise, lack of funds or time)

# Value of audits against time

**Table 12-2** Timing and Value of Project Audits/Evaluations

<b>Project Stage</b>	<b>Value</b>
Initiation	Significant value if audit takes place early—prior to 25 percent completion of initial planning stage
Feasibility study	Very useful, particularly the technical audit
Preliminary plan/schedule budget	Very useful, particularly for setting measurement standards to ensure conformance with standards
Baseline schedule	Less useful, plan frozen, flexibility of team limited
Evaluation of data by project team	Marginally useful, team defensive about findings
Implementation	More or less useful, depending on importance of project methodology to successful implementation
Postproject	More or less useful, depending on applicability of findings to future projects

Unfortunately post project used in TR for governmental.  
Cost lots of money from external audit companies.

# Usual format of audit reports

## 1. Introduction

- Framework to make reader understand

## 2. Current status

- Cost – Schedule – Scope – Quality

## 3. Future project status

- Authors ideas for Cost – Schedule – Scope – Quality for future

## 4. Time – Cost – Scope trade of reviews

## 5. Review of risk management (not new ideas but caveats)





# Audit life cycle

- Assemble a small team of experts and associate (candidate) experts
- Make team familiarize about scope – schedule – budget
  - Do meetings, collect data
- Brief Project Management
- Collect Data – Work in coordination with Project team and PM
- Create report
- Re-brief Project Management including tips of the report
- Recreate final report to submit both Management and team.
- Follow up conclusions of recommendations of the report
  - (if you have given authority)



# Audit life cycle

## *Final Report, Agency Evaluation, Sub-Committee II Physical Plant, Management of Office, Personnel Practices*

### Summary of Recommendations

Recommendations which require Board action.

1. The Board of \_\_\_\_\_ should continue its efforts to obtain additional funds for our salary item.
2. The cost of Blue Cross and Blue Shield insurance coverage on individual employees should be borne by \_\_\_\_\_.

Recommendations which can be put into effect by *Presidential Order* to committees, staff, or others.

3. The House Committee should activate, with first priority, the replacement of the heating/air conditioning system. Further, this committee should give assistance and support to the Secretary to the Executive Director in maintenance and repair procedures.
4. A professional library should be established even if part time workers must share space to accomplish this.
5. Our insurance needs should be re-evaluated.
6. All activities related to food at meetings should be delegated to someone other than the Secretary to the Executive Director.
7. Majority opinion—positions of Administrative Assistant and Bookkeeper will need more time in the future. Minority opinion—positions of Administrative Assistant, Bookkeeper, and Statistical Assistant should be combined.
8. The Personnel Practices Committee should review job descriptions of Bookkeeper and Statistical Assistant and establish salary ranges for those two positions and that of the Administrative Assistant.
9. Dialogue between the Executive Director, his secretary, and the Administrative Assistant should continue in an effort to streamline office procedures and expedite handling of paperwork.
10. The written description of the Personnel Practices Committee should include

Auditors can be a good bridge formally in their reports informally in meetings between top management and project team (including PM) if there exists hierarchical communication problems in company organization chart and organizational culture.

They create good results easily in TR simply by that ability.



# Problem solutions of Ch 9 – 10 – 11



Remember your workshop

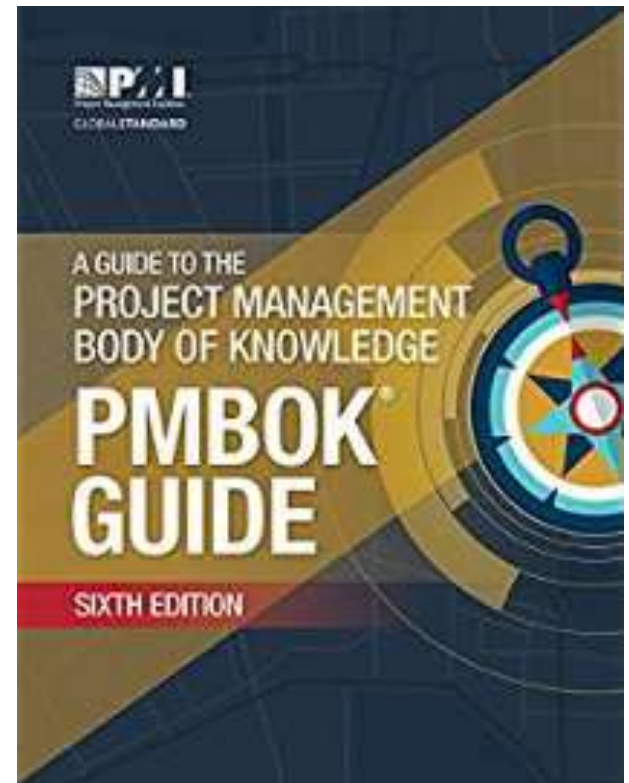
Revise your project charters  
observing lectures  
of weeks 8 – 9 – 10

# Resources



**PAUL E.  
HARRIS**

**PLANNING AND CONTROL USING  
MICROSOFT® PROJECT  
2013 & 2016**





# Questions

- Questions

[hp@quiztechnology.com](mailto:hp@quiztechnology.com)

NEXT WEEK: Project Execution – Project Termination  
Problem solutions Ch 9,10,11