

Enterprise SMS



Implementation Guide

This document provides guidelines and examples on how to implement the ESMSlib library

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1 Introduction

Please follow the guidelines examples below to implement the Enterprise SMS web service and ESMSlib library.

1.1 Prerequisites

- An internet connection
 - ESMSlib requires an internet connection to operate. In case internet is restricted please ensure that your application server is able to communicate with the URL:
<http://smeapps.mobitel.lk:8585> .
 - Non-Java developers can access the service via a web service located at the URL:
<http://smeapps.mobitel.lk:8585/EnterpriseSMSV3/EnterpriseSMSWS?wsdl> .
- Dependencies
 - This library depends on the **webservices-rt.jar** library.
- Username and password
 - You would have been provided with a username and password. If not please contact your account manager.

2 Testing the service

Import the ESMSlib library to your project

Run the following code to test the ESMS service

```
lk.mobitel.esms.User user = new lk.mobitel.esms.User();  
user.setUsername("Your_username");  
user.setPassword("Your_Password")
```

Create an object of type **User** (Please note that only the **username** and **password** properties needs be filled

Call the “**testService()**” method and pass with the user object:

```
lk.mobitel.esms.test.ServiceTestst = new  
lk.mobitel.esms.test.ServiceTest();  
System.out.println(st.testService(user));
```

If the application prints “SUCCESS”, it works.

3 Handling Sessions

This chapter contains details on how to start/stop and query sessions. All session activities are handled by the `lk.mobitel.esms.session.SessionManager` class (JAVA).

3.1 How to Login

Some example login code:

```
User user = new User();  
user.setUsername("TestUser");  
user.setPassword("Password");  
  
SessionManager sm = SessionManager.getInstance();
```

Once this set is done, all session management including session renewal will be done through the `SessionManager` class.

```
sm.login(user);
```

Session availability can be checked calling below method which returns a boolean

```
sm.isSession();
```

3.2 Query a Session

Querying a session can be done using the following code:

```
SessionManager sm = SessionManager.getInstance();  
boolean isSession = sm.isSession();
```

This will return whether the session is active or not.

3.3 Renew aSession

Renewing sessions will be done automatically through the API. However, if you wish to renew a session manually it can be done in the following manner:

```
SessionManager sm= SessionManager.getInstance();  
sm.renewSession()
```

Each renewal extends the expiry date of the session by 24hours.

3.4 Logout from a Session

It is highly recommended that you log out of the ESMS application on exiting your system. This ensures security and session consistency. Logging out from a session can be done in the following manner:

```
SessionManager sm = SessionManager.getInstance();  
sm.logout();
```

3.4 Exit ESMSAPI

Exiting the ESMSlib API performs a garbage cleanup of the application. It cancels all internal timers and exits the API safely.

```
SessionManager sm sm.lexit();
```

4 Sending SMSs

There are several methods of sending SMS. They can be sent to a list of numbers or a group.

4.1 Send Standard SMSs

Sending a normal SMS can be done in the following manner:

```
SmsMessage msg = new SmsMessage();
msg.setMessage("This is a test");
msg.setSender("ALIAS");
msg.setMessageType(1);

/** recipients per SMSMessage is limited to 500 */
msg.getRecipients().add("0094711234567");
msg.getRecipients().add("712345678");

try {

    SMSManager smsMgr = new SMSManager();

    smsMgr.sendMessage(msg);

} catch (NullSessionException ex) {

    Logger.getLogger(TestEsms.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE
, null, ex);

}
```

MessageType is the attribute which define the type of the message as a Promotional Message or a Normal messages. For Promotional Messages the value should be 1 whereas for Normal Messages I is 0

The **Alias** is what appears as the sender address of the SMS as shown in Figure 1.

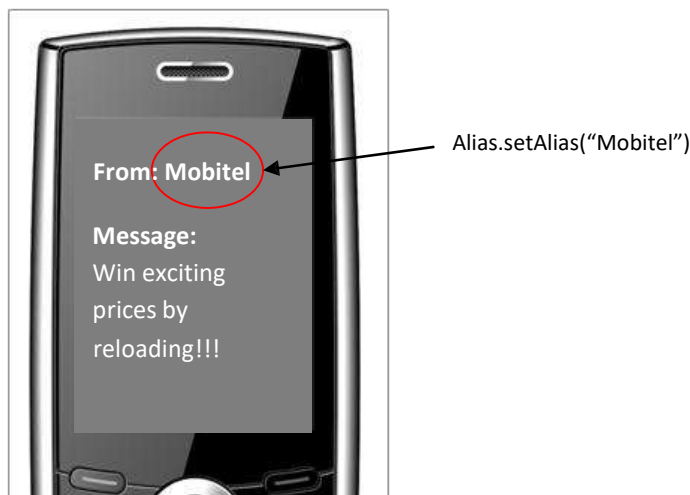


Figure 1: Alias

The response codes are as follows:

- ? **200** - Message received OK
- ? **151** - invalid session
- ? **152** - session is still in use for previous request
- ? **155** - service halted
- ? **156** - other network messaging disabled
- ? **157** - IDD messages disabled
- ? **159** - failed credit check
- ? **160** - no message found
- ? **161** - message exceeding 160 characters
- ? **162** - invalid message type found
- ? **164** - invalid group
- ? **165** - no recipients found
- ? **166** - recipient list exceeding allowed limit

- ? **167** - invalid long number
- ? **168** - invalid short code
- ? **169** - invalid alias
- ? **170** - black listed numbers in number list
- ? **171** - non-white listed numbers in number list
- ? **175** - deprecated method
- ? **200** - message sent OK

4.2 Send Multi-Language SMSs

This method can be used send messages with any especial character including English and Sinhala characters. The method is same as the previous method except **smsMessageMultiLang()** object is created in sending multilanguage messages.

```
smsMessageMultiLang msg = new SmsMessage();
msg.setMessage("This is a test");
msg.setSender("ALIAS");
msg.setMessageType(1);

/** recipients per SMSMessage is limited to 500 */

msg.getRecipients().add("0094711234567");
msg.getRecipients().add("712345678");

try {

    SMSManager smsMgr = new SMSManager();

    smsMgr.sendMessage(msg);
} catch (NullSessionException ex) {
    Logger.getLogger(TestEsms.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);
}
```


5 Receiving SMSs

5.1 *Getting SMSs from a Short Code*

```
SMSManager smsMgr = new SMSManager();

try {

    List<SmsMessage> smsList =
        smsMgr.getMessagesFromShortcode("55599");
    processReceivedMessages(smsList);

} catch (NullSessionException ex) {

    Logger.getLogger(TestEsms.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);

}
```

The ***getMessagesFromShortcode()*** returns a list of type `SmsMessage` which can be used to process the received messages.

5.2 *Getting SMSs from a Long Number*

```
SMSManager smsMgr = new SMSManager();

try {

    List<SmsMessage> smsList =
        smsMgr.getMessagesFromLongNumber("07198899
88");

}
```

```
        processReceivedMessages(smsList);  
    } catch (NullSessionException ex) {  
        Logger.getLogger(TestEsms.class.getName()).log(Level.SEVERE, null, ex);  
    }
```

Method will return a list of smsMessage objects

- ? message :String
- ? sender : Object of type 'alias' with property 'alias' of type String

5 Recommended Coding Practices

- The SessionManager is designed to renew a session every 24 hours.
- ? If you keep receiving a 152 code try waiting for between 100 milliseconds – 1 second before trying again.
- Avoid using special characters such as {, [,], }, ^, \, |, ~ in the message content which will reduce the allowed character count from 160 to smaller value due to international encoding standards.
- Use number format as 947XXXXXXX for mobile numbers and 94XXXXXXX for all local numbers to avoid fixed-line numbers are considered as IDD numbers.