# API Workshop

## Build REST APIs with Spring Boot

Software Architecture

#### AGENDA

- Introduction to Spring & Spring Boot
- Web services, APIs and REST

#### WHAT IS SPRING?

## "Make the right thing easy to do"

Rod Johnson

#### WHAT IS SPRING?

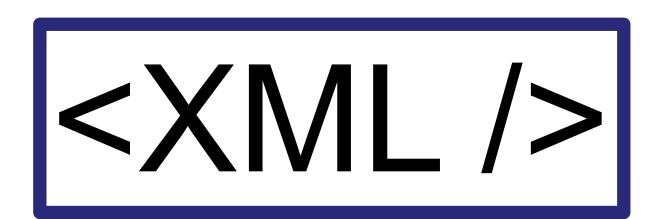
- Originally a very simple dependency injection framework for Java
- Abstractions for common patterns
- Now consists of many projects and components for building applications
- Data Access transaction support, JDBC, ORM
- Integration with external concerns e.g. messaging and caching
- Spring MVC and the newer WebFlux
- Multiple language support for the JVM

#### BUILDING SERVICES USING JAVA

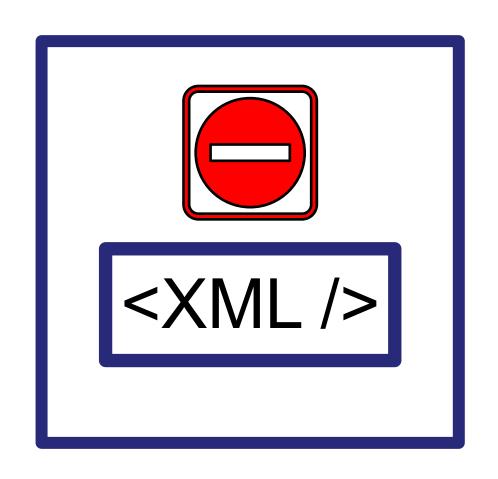
IN THE OLD(ISH) DAYS







### WHAT IS SPRING BOOT?

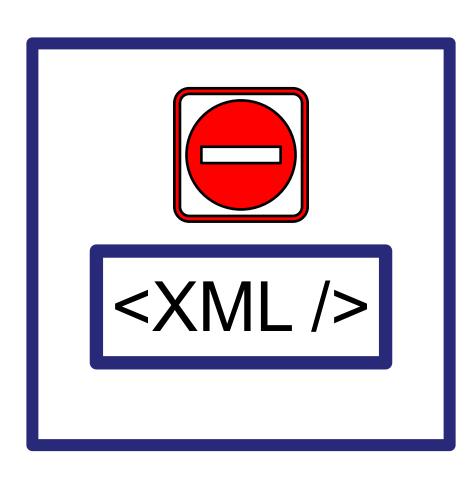






#### AUTO CONFIGURATION

- Including a library dependency will usually also include auto configuration
  - This is facilitated by Spring Boot Starters
- Driven by the @EnableAutoConfiguration annotation
- The configuration of a @Bean can be overridden



#### STANDALONE

- Previously with Java applications we had to
  - Package the application up into a WAR file or similar
  - Download the package onto a webserver
  - Configure that webserver to run the application
  - Deploy and start the webserver
- Spring Boot is simply package and run

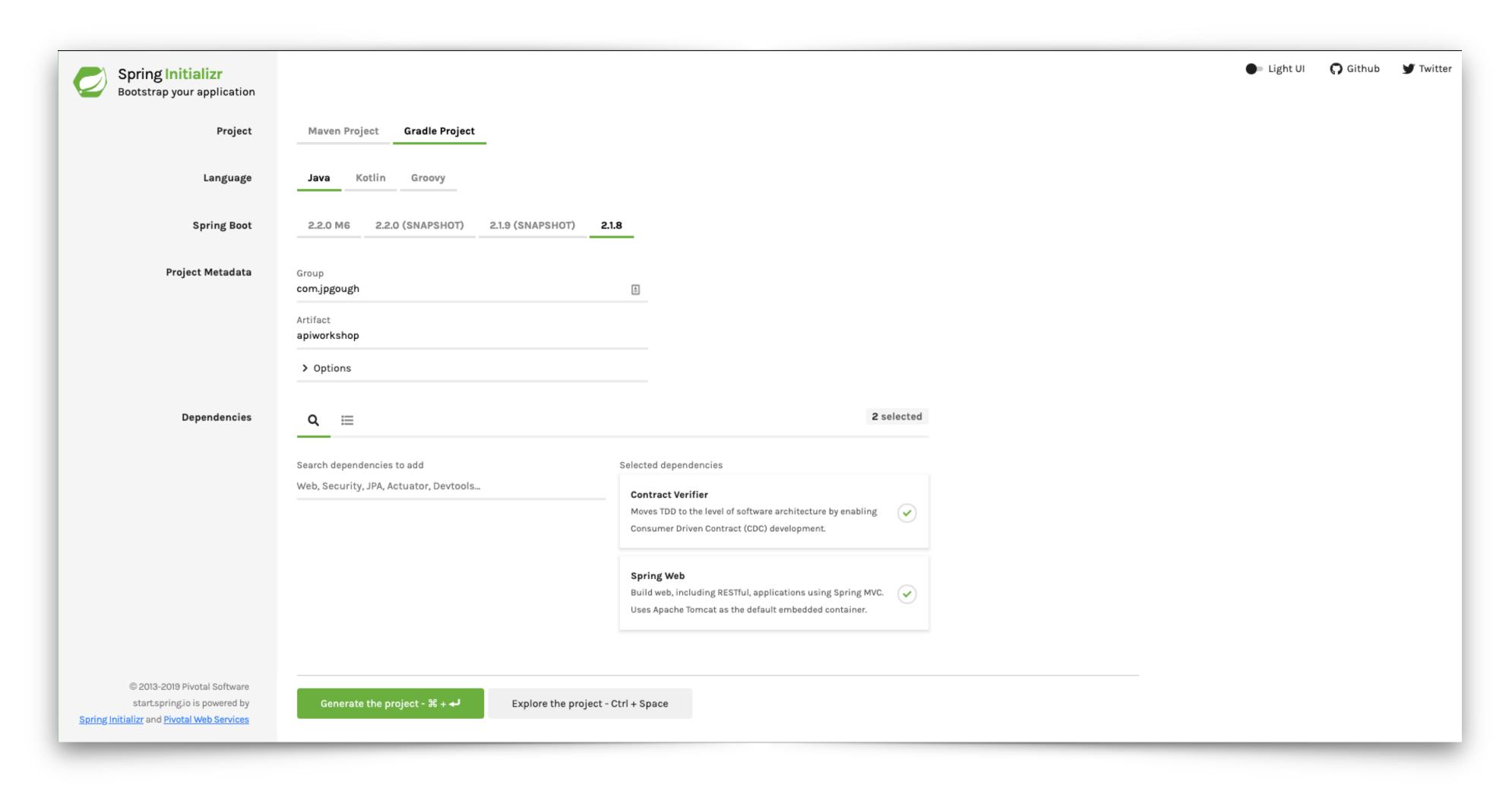
Stand Alone

#### OPINIONATED

- Closely tied to AutoConfiguration
- Spring will make opinions about how to configure your application
- Convention over configuration
- Using Spring's opinion means you can be up and running in minutes
- WARNING: hidden complexity!



### http://start.spring.io



### WEB SERVICES, APIS & REST

- SpringBoot makes it relatively easy to build and deploy HTTP based web services
- Web services (or micro services) can be designed to expose business data or capabilities via APIs
- REST can be used over HTTP to provide structure to those APIs

#### WHAT IS REST?

- Representational State Transfer
- An architectural style, or design pattern, for APIs.
- Resources
- Operations
  - Create, Read, Update, Delete

#### REST OVER HTTP

- HTTP as the transport layer
- URLs identify resources
  - http://www.api-workshop.com/todos
  - http://www.api-workshop.com/todos/1

#### REST OVER HTTP

- HTTP verbs for operations
  - POST, GET, PUT, DELETE
- HTTP status codes represent the result of a request
  - HTTP 2xx Success
  - HTTP 3xx Redirection
  - HTTP 4xx Client errors
  - HTTP 5xx Server errors

#### **EXAMPLE: GET ALL TODOS**

### Request: GET <a href="http://www.api-workshop.com/todos">http://www.api-workshop.com/todos</a>

```
HTTP Headers:
```

- Accept: application/json

### Response: 200 OK

#### EXAMPLE: GET WITH QUERY PARAMETERS

### Request: GET <a href="http://www.api-workshop.com/todos?done=false">http://www.api-workshop.com/todos?done=false</a>

#### **HTTP Headers**:

- Accept: application/json

## Response: 200 OK

#### EXAMPLE: CREATE A TODO

### Request: POST <a href="http://www.api-workshop.com/todos">http://www.api-workshop.com/todos</a>

```
HTTP Headers:
- Content-Type: application/json

{
   "description": "Learn about REST APIS"
}
```

### Response: 201 CREATED

```
"id": 3,
  "description": "Learn about REST APIS",
  "done": false
}
```