

School of Computing and Information Systems  
The University of Melbourne  
COMP90049 Introduction to Machine Learning (Semester 2, 2022)  
Workshop: week 10

- Approximately 1% of women aged between 40 and 50 have breast cancer. 80% of mammogram screening tests detect breast cancer when it is there. 90% of mammograms DO NOT show breast cancer when it is **NOT** there<sup>1</sup>. Based on this information, complete the following table.

Cancer	Probability
No	99%
Yes	1%

Cancer	Test	Probability
Yes	Positive	80%
Yes	Negative	?
No	Positive	?
No	Negative	90%

- Based on the results in question 2, calculate the **marginal probability** of ‘positive’ results in a Mammogram Screening Test.
- Based on the results in question 2, calculate  $P(\text{Cancer} = \text{‘Yes’} \mid \text{Test} = \text{‘Positive’})$ , using the Bayes Rule.
- For the following dataset:

ID	Outl	Temp	Humi	Wind	PLAY
TRAINING INSTANCES					
A	s	h	h	F	N
B	s	h	h	T	N
C	o	h	h	F	Y
D	r	m	h	F	Y
E	r	c	n	F	Y
F	r	c	n	T	N
TEST INSTANCES					
G	o	c	n	T	?
H	s	m	h	F	?

Classify the test instances using the **ID3 Decision Tree** method and **Gain Ratio** as a splitting criterion.

<sup>1</sup> Remember these numbers are not accurate and simplified to ease the calculations in this question.