

# Optimization and Computational Linear Algebra for Data Science

## Homework 1: Vector spaces

Due on September 20, 2020

- 
- Unless otherwise stated, all answers must be mathematically justified.
  - Partial answers will be graded.
  - Your submission has to be uploaded to Gradescope. Indicate Gradescope the page on which each problem is written.
  - You can work in groups but each student must write his/her own solution based on his/her own understanding of the problem. Please list on your submission the students you work with for the homework (this will not affect your grade).
  - Problems with a  $(\star)$  are extra credit, they will not (directly) contribute to your score of this homework. However, for every 4 extra credit questions successfully answered your lowest homework score get replaced by a perfect score.
  - If you have any questions, feel free to contact me ([lm4271@nyu.edu](mailto:lm4271@nyu.edu)) or to stop at the office hours.
- 

**Problem 1.1** (3 points). *Are the following sets subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ? Justify your answer.*

- (a)  $E_1 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x - 2y + z = 0\}$ .
- (b)  $E_2 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x - 2y + z = 3\}$ .
- (c)  $E_3 = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 5x + y^2 + z = 0\}$ .

**Problem 1.2** (2 points). *Let  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Assume that  $x_1 \in \text{Span}(x_2, \dots, x_k)$ . Show that*

$$\text{Span}(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \text{Span}(x_2, \dots, x_k).$$

**Problem 1.3** (2 points). *Suppose that  $v_1, \dots, v_k \in \mathbb{R}^n$  are linearly independent. Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and assume that  $x \notin \text{Span}(v_1, \dots, v_k)$ . Show that  $(v_1, \dots, v_k, x)$  are linearly independent.*

**Problem 1.4** (3 points). We prove in this problem Proposition 3.2 from the notes. You can use the results of Problems 1.2 and 1.3 and of course the other results from the lecture.

*Let  $S$  be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  of dimension  $k$  and let  $x_1, \dots, x_k \in S$ .*

- (a) *Show that if  $x_1, \dots, x_k$  are linearly independent, then  $(x_1, \dots, x_k)$  is a basis of  $S$ .*
- (b) *Show that if  $\text{Span}(x_1, \dots, x_k) = S$ , then  $(x_1, \dots, x_k)$  is a basis of  $S$ .*

**Problem 1.5**  $(\star)$ . *Let  $U$  and  $V$  be two subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that if*

$$\dim(U) + \dim(V) > n,$$

*then there must exist a non-zero vector in their intersection, i.e.  $U \cap V \neq \{0\}$ .*

