Optimization and Computational Linear Algebra for Data Science Homework 4: Norm and inner product

Due on October 4th, 2019



- Unless otherwise stated, all answers must be mathematically justified.
- Partial answers will be graded.
- Your submission has to be uploaded to Gradescope. Indicate Gradescope the page on which each problem is written.
- You can work in groups but each student must write his/her own solution based on his/her own understanding of the problem. Please list on your submission the students you work with for the homework (this will not affect your grade).
- Problems with a (*) are extra credit, they will not (directly) contribute to your score of this homework. However, for every 4 extra credit questions successfully answered your lowest homework score get replaced by a perfect score.
- If you have any questions, feel free to contact me (lm4271@nyu.edu) or to stop at the office hours.

Problem 4.1 (2 points). Let $\|\cdot\|$ be the usual Euclidean norm on \mathbb{R}^n . For $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ compute (and justify your result):

$$\max \left\{ v^{\mathsf{T}} x \,\middle|\, v \in \mathbb{R}^n, \|v\| = 1 \right\}.$$

Problem 4.2 (1 points). Show that for all $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$,

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \|x\|_1 \le \|x\|_2 \le \|x\|_1.$$

Problem 4.3 (3 points). Let S be a subspace of \mathbb{R}^n . We define the orthogonal complement of S by

$$S^{\perp} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ x \in \mathbb{R}^n \, | \, x \perp S \} = \{ x \in \mathbb{R}^n \, | \, \forall y \in S, \, \langle x, y \rangle = 0 \}.$$

- (a) Show that S^{\perp} is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^n .
- (b) Show that $\dim(S^{\perp}) = n \dim(S)$. Hint: use the rank-nullity theorem.

Let $v = (1, 1, 1) \in \mathbb{R}^3$ and define

$$H = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x \perp v\} = \operatorname{Span}(v)^{\perp}.$$

- (c) Find an orthonormal basis of H and an orthonormal basis of H^{\perp} .
- (d) Write the matrix of P_H , the orthogonal projection on H.

Problem 4.4 (4 points). In this problem, we will see how to compress (using a method similar to the one used in the jpeg standard) and denoise images, by using a particular orthonormal basis called a "wavelet basis".

All the questions are in the jupyter notebook wavelets. ipynb and have to be answered directly in the notebook. (Submit only a pdf export of your notebook: $Print \rightarrow Save \ as \ pdf$)

The notebook may look long, however the questions are all very short: most of them only require to do a matrix product or a plot. You have to use Python and its library numpy. A useful command: A @ B : performs the matrix product of the matrix A with the matrix B.

Problem 4.5 (\star) . Let P be an $n \times n$ matrix such that

$$\begin{cases} P^2 = P \\ P^\mathsf{T} = P. \end{cases}$$

Show that P is the matrix of the orthogonal projection on some subspace V of \mathbb{R}^n .

