



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

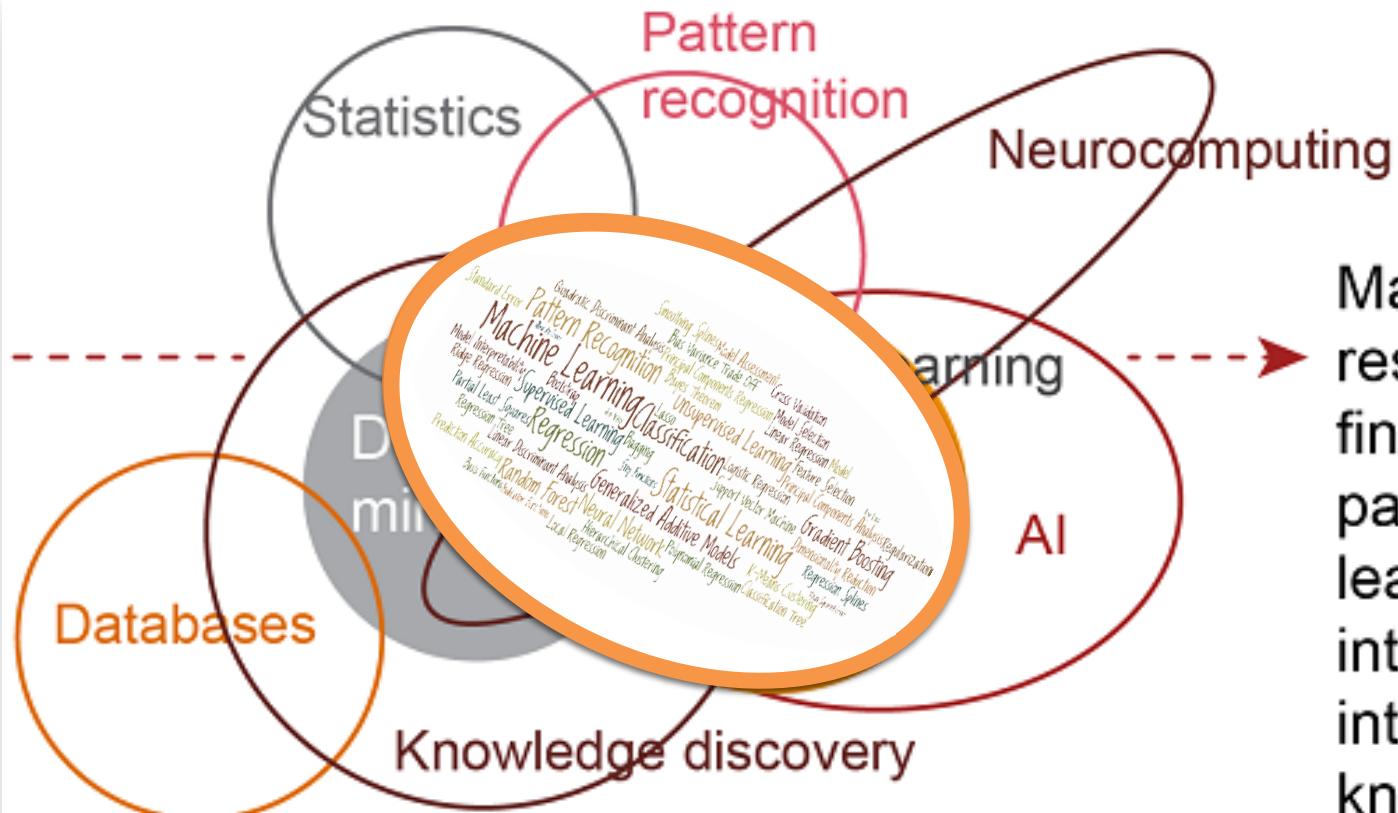
Artificial Neural Networks and Deep Learning

- Machine Learning vs Deep Learning-

Matteo Matteucci, PhD (matteo.matteucci@polimi.it)

*Artificial Intelligence and Robotics Laboratory
Politecnico di Milano*

Machine Learning



Machine learning is a category of research and algorithms focused on finding patterns in data and using those patterns to make predictions. Machine learning falls within the artificial intelligence (AI) umbrella, which in turn intersects with the broader field of knowledge discovery and data mining.

Source: SAS, 2014 and PwC, 2016 *and Matteucci, 2017*

Machine Learning



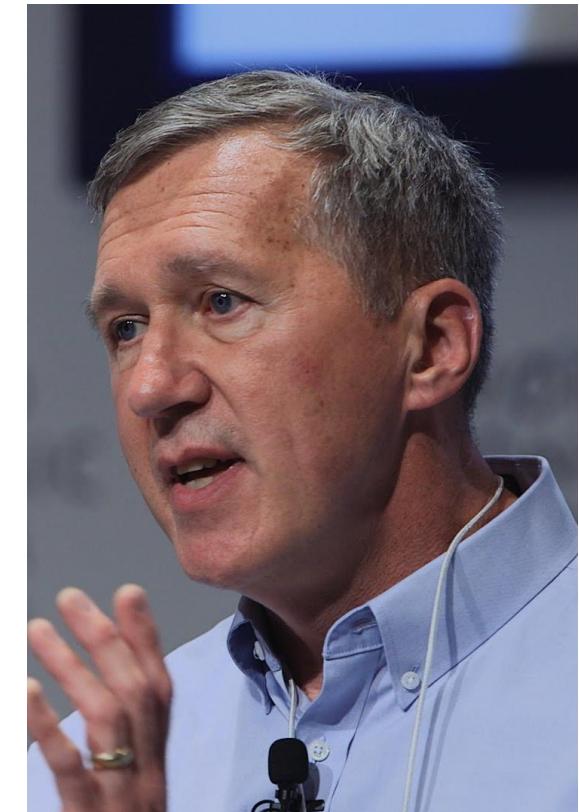
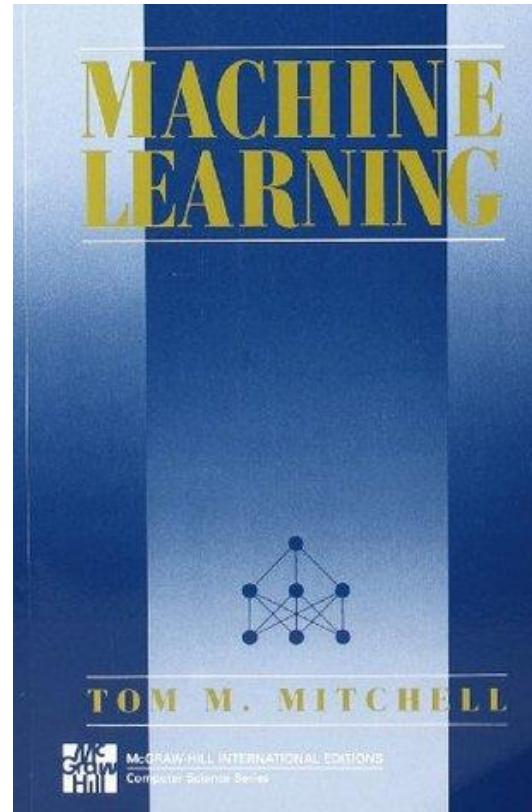
Machine Learning (Tom Mitchell – 1997)

T = Regression/Classification/...

E = Data

P = Errors/Loss

"A computer program is said to learn from experience E with respect to some class of task T and a performance measure P , if its performance at tasks in T , as measured by P , improves because of experience E ."



Machine Learning Paradigms

Imagine you have a certain experience D , i.e., data, and let's name it

$$D = x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_N$$

- Supervised learning: given the desired outputs $t_1, t_2, t_3, \dots, t_N$ learn to produce the correct output given a new set of input
- Unsupervised learning: exploit regularities in D to build a representation to be used for reasoning or prediction
- Reinforcement learning: producing actions $a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_N$ which affect the environment, and receiving rewards $r_1, r_2, r_3, \dots, r_N$ learn to act in order to maximize rewards in the long term



Supervised learning: Classification



Cars



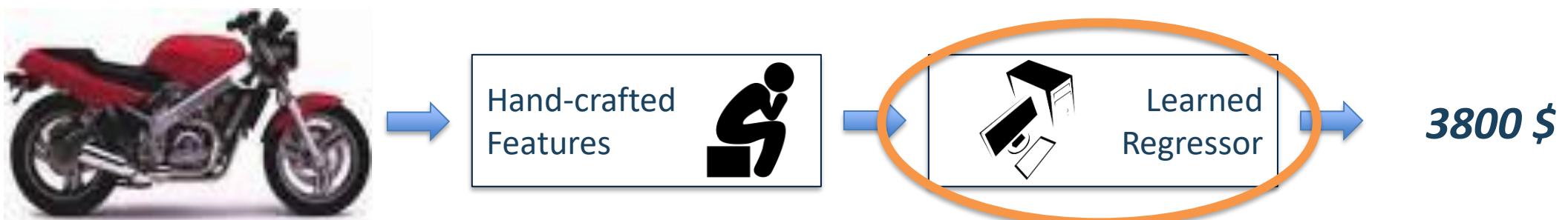
Motorcy...

*Learning is about
modeling ...*



Motorcycle

Supervised learning: Regression



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Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



Unsupervised learning: Clustering



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- **Reinforcement learning**: producing actions in the environment, and receiving rewards r_1, r_2, \dots to maximize rewards in the long term

This course focuses most on Supervised Learning (with some unsupervised spots)



What about Deep Learning?



YAHOO!

Google



Baidu 百度



darkAI

nervana

UMIND

SMALLESE

ersatz

isists

coda.ca

se taint

Numenta

OpenAI

MetaMind

DEEPMIND

AlchemyAPI™

An IBM Company

wit.ai DNNresearch

Acquired



MIT Technology Review

10 BREAKTHROUGH TECHNOLOGIES 2013

DeepLearning With massive amounts of computational power, machines can now recognize objects and translate speech in real time. Artificial intelligence is finally getting smart.	Temporary Social Media Messages that quickly self-destruct could enhance the privacy of online communications and make people freer to be spontaneous.	Prenatal DNA Sequencing Reading the DNA of fetuses will be the next frontier of the genomic revolution. But do you really want to know about the genetic problems or musical aptitude of your unborn child?	Additive Manufacturing Skeptical about 3-D printing? GE, the world's largest manufacturer, is on the verge of using the technology to make jet parts.	Baxter: The Blue-Collar Robot Rodney Brooks's newest creation is easy to interact with, but the complex innovations behind the robot show just how hard it is to get along with people.
Memory Implants A maverick neuroscientist believes he has deciphered the code by which the brain forms long-term memories. Next: testing a prosthetic implant for people suffering from long-term memory loss.	Smart Watches The designers of the Pebble watch realized that a mobile phone is more useful if you don't have to take it out of your pocket.	Ultra-Efficient Solar Power Doubling the efficiency of a solar cell would completely change the economics of renewable energy. Nanotechnology just might make it possible.	Big Data from Cheap Phones Collecting and analyzing information from simple cell phones can provide surprising insights into how people move about and behave – and even help us understand the spread of diseases.	Supergrids A new high-power circuit breaker could finally make highly efficient DC power grids practical.



What is Deep Learning after all?

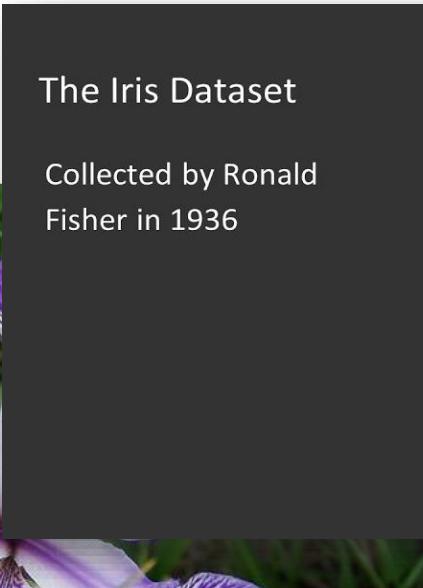
... let's say it with flowers!



Iris Setosa

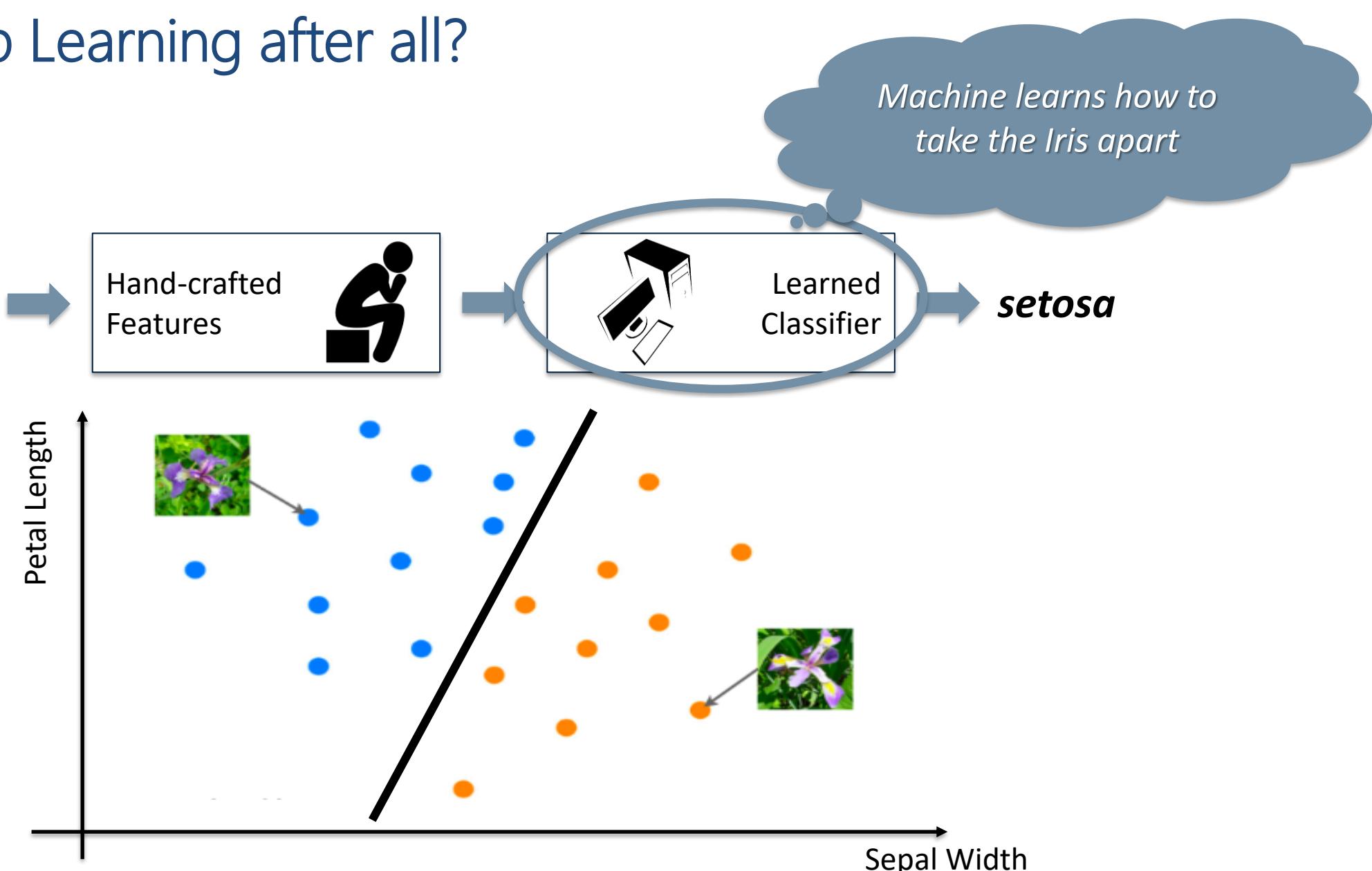
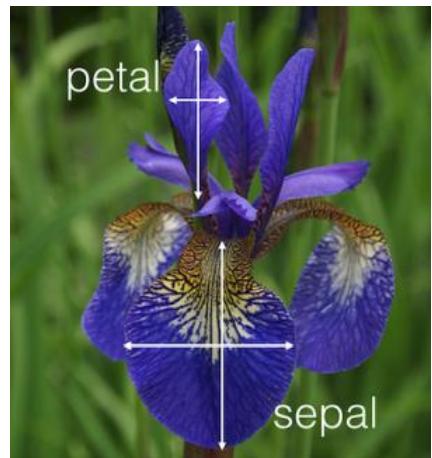


Iris Virginica

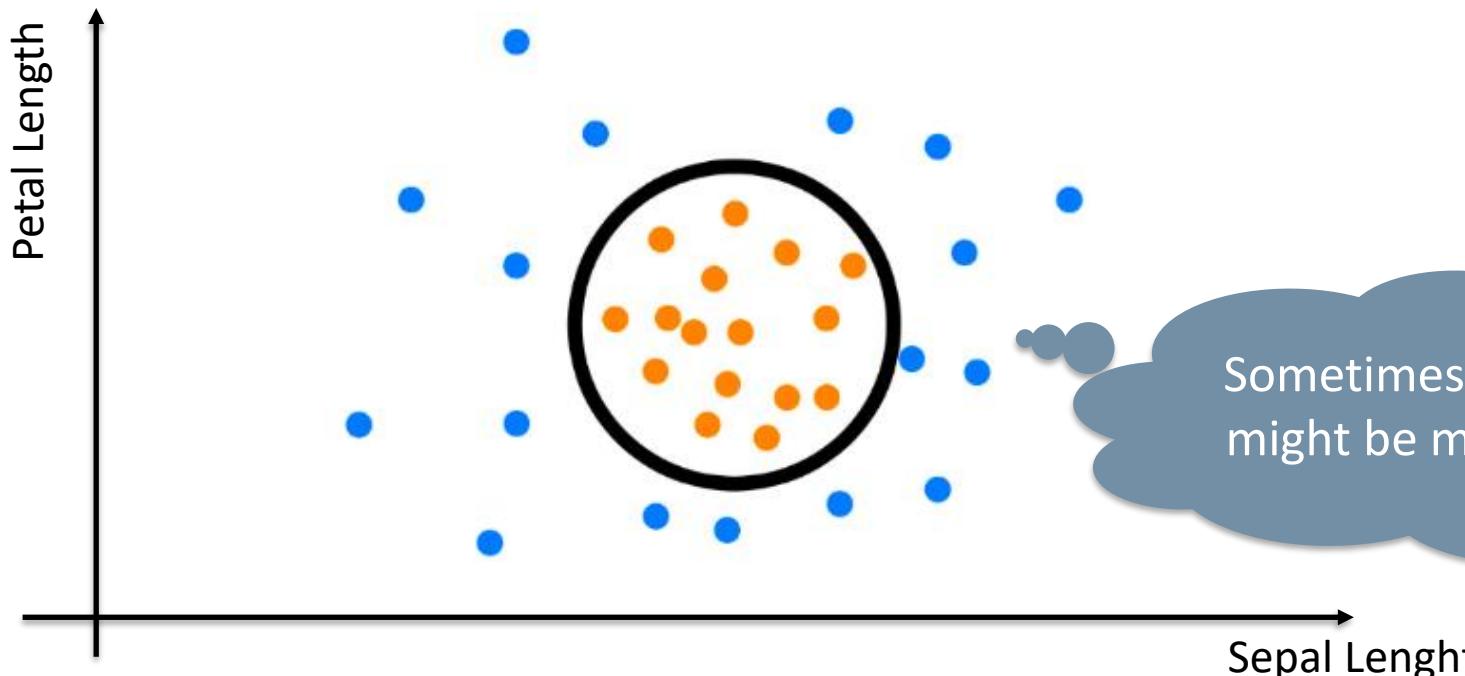
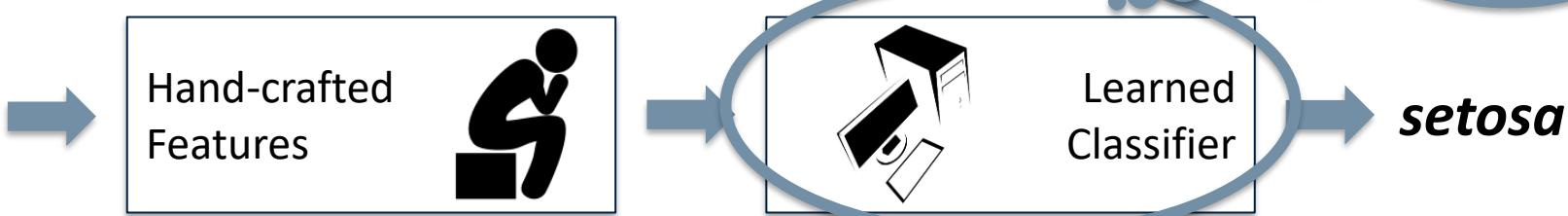
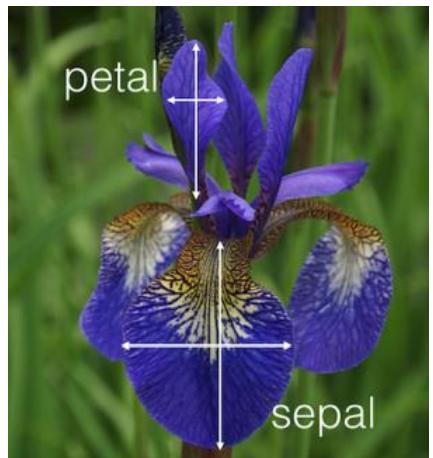


Iris Versicolor

What is Deep Learning after all?

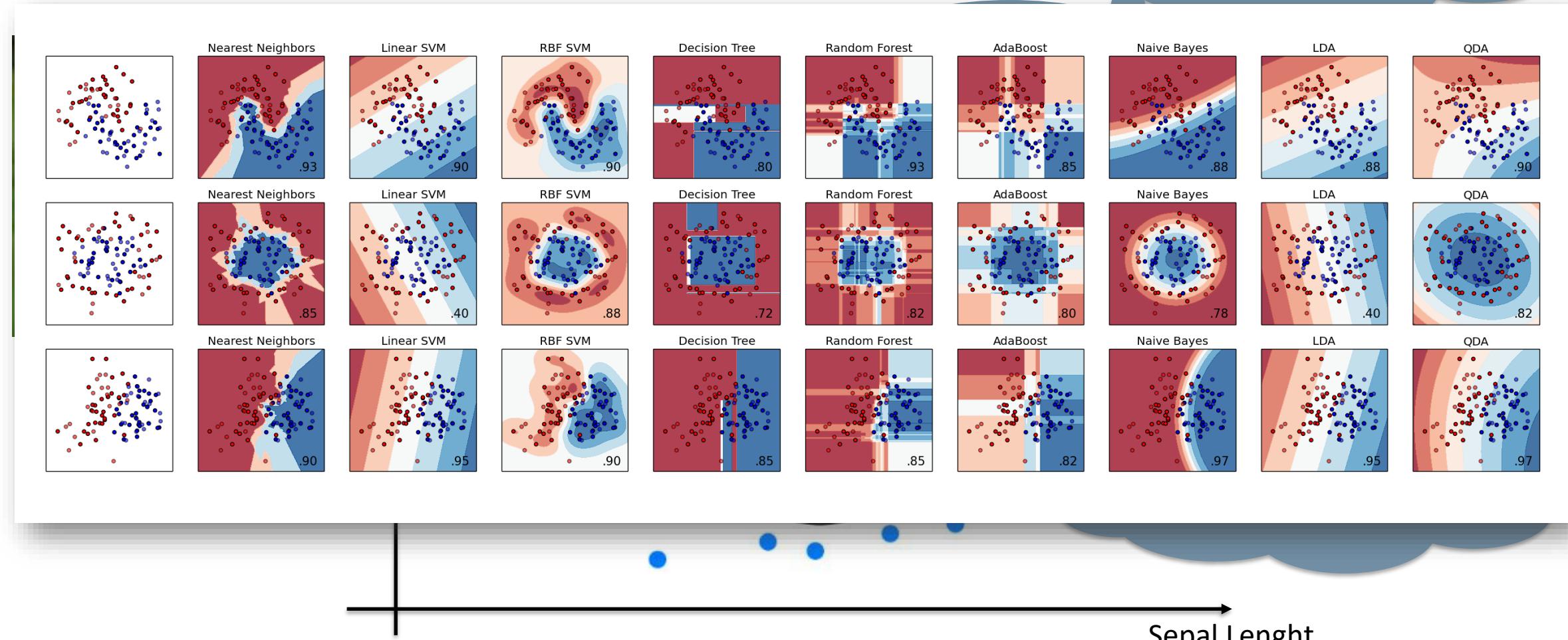


What is Deep Learning after all?

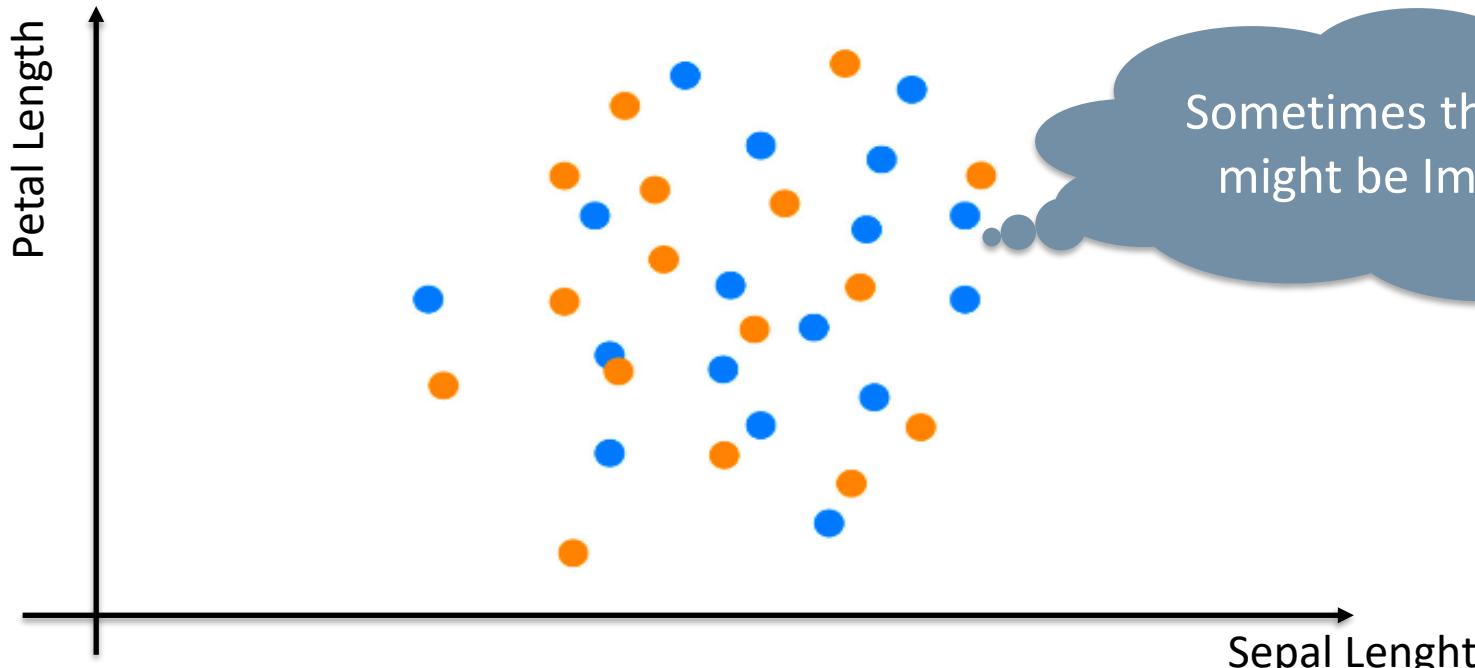
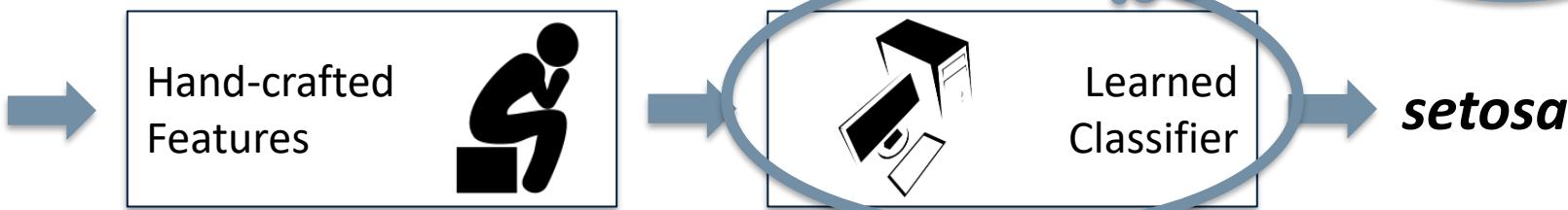
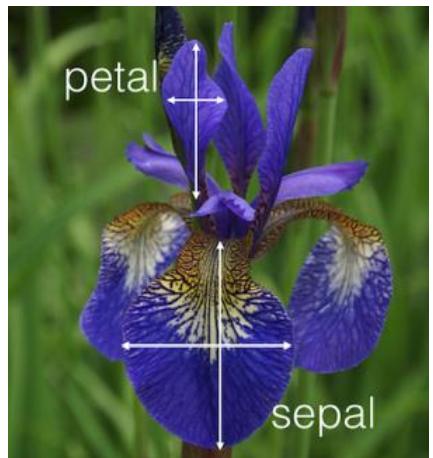


What is Deep Learning after all?

*Machine learns how to
take the Iris apart*



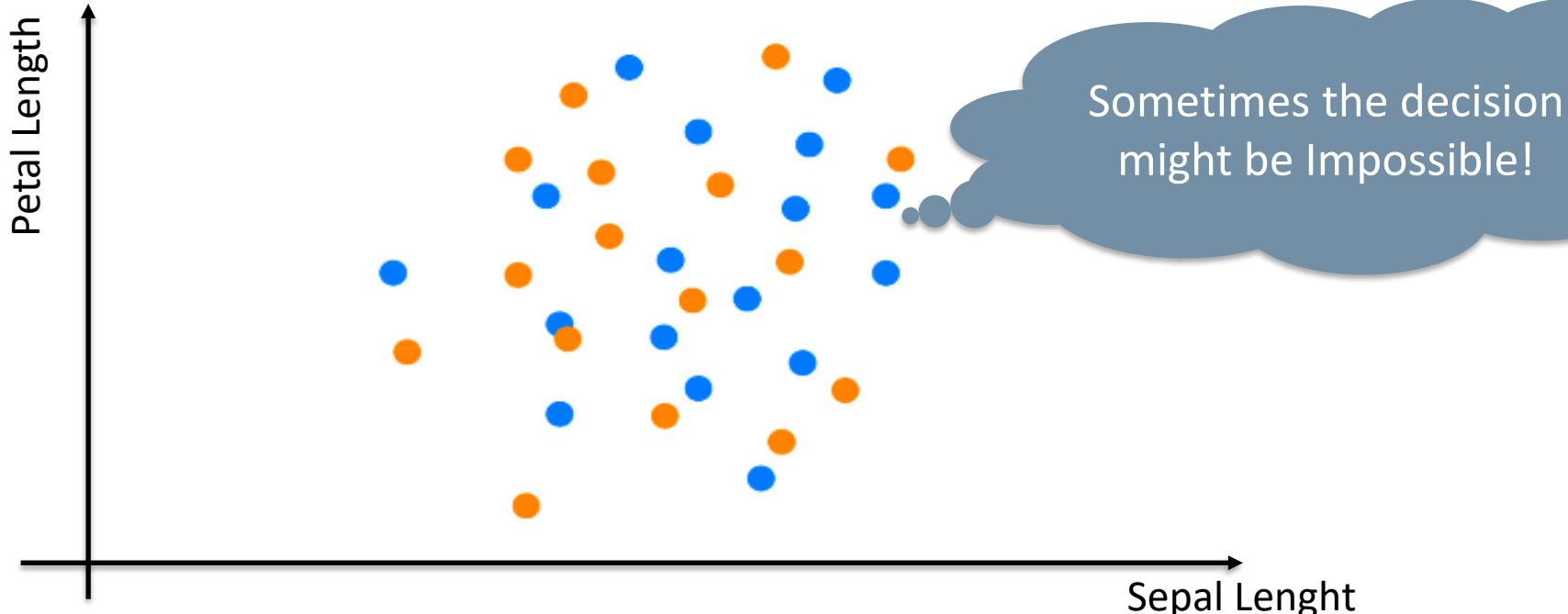
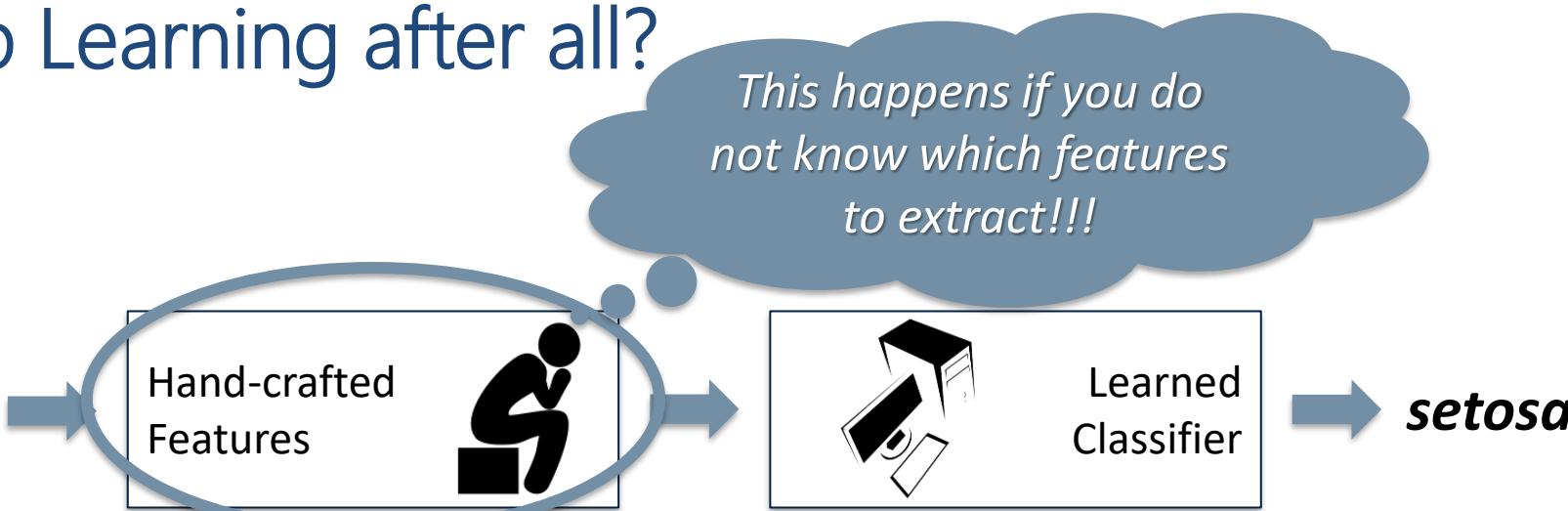
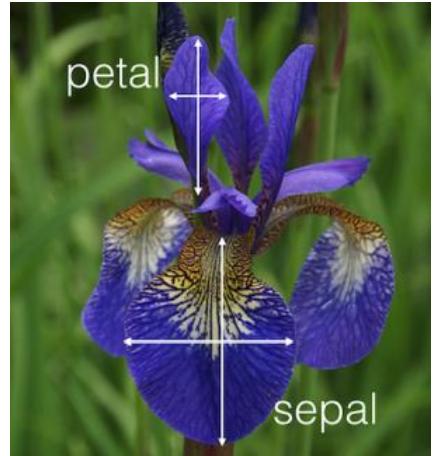
What is Deep Learning after all?



Machine learns how to take the Iris apart

Sometimes the decision might be Impossible!

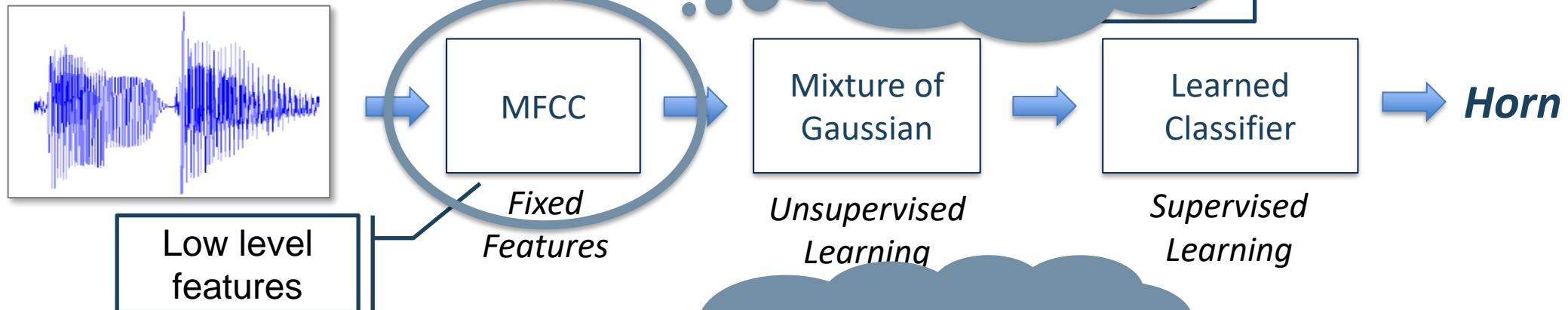
What is Deep Learning after all?



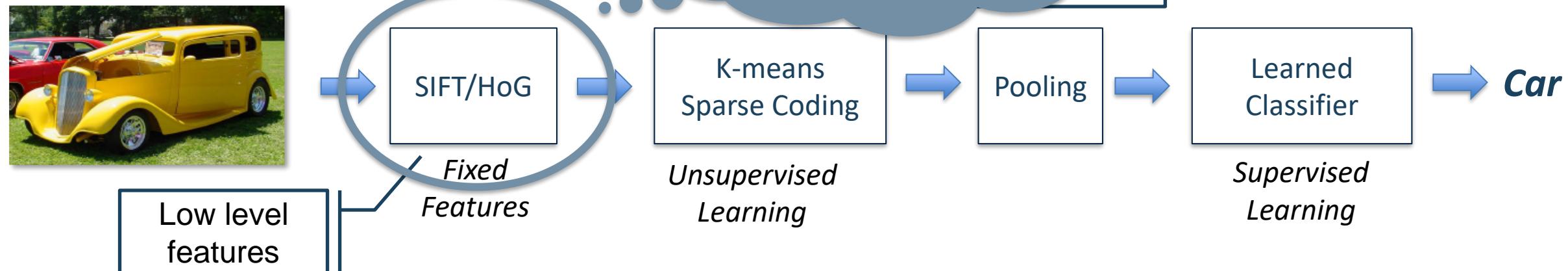
Sometimes the decision might be Impossible!

Modern Pattern Recogniton

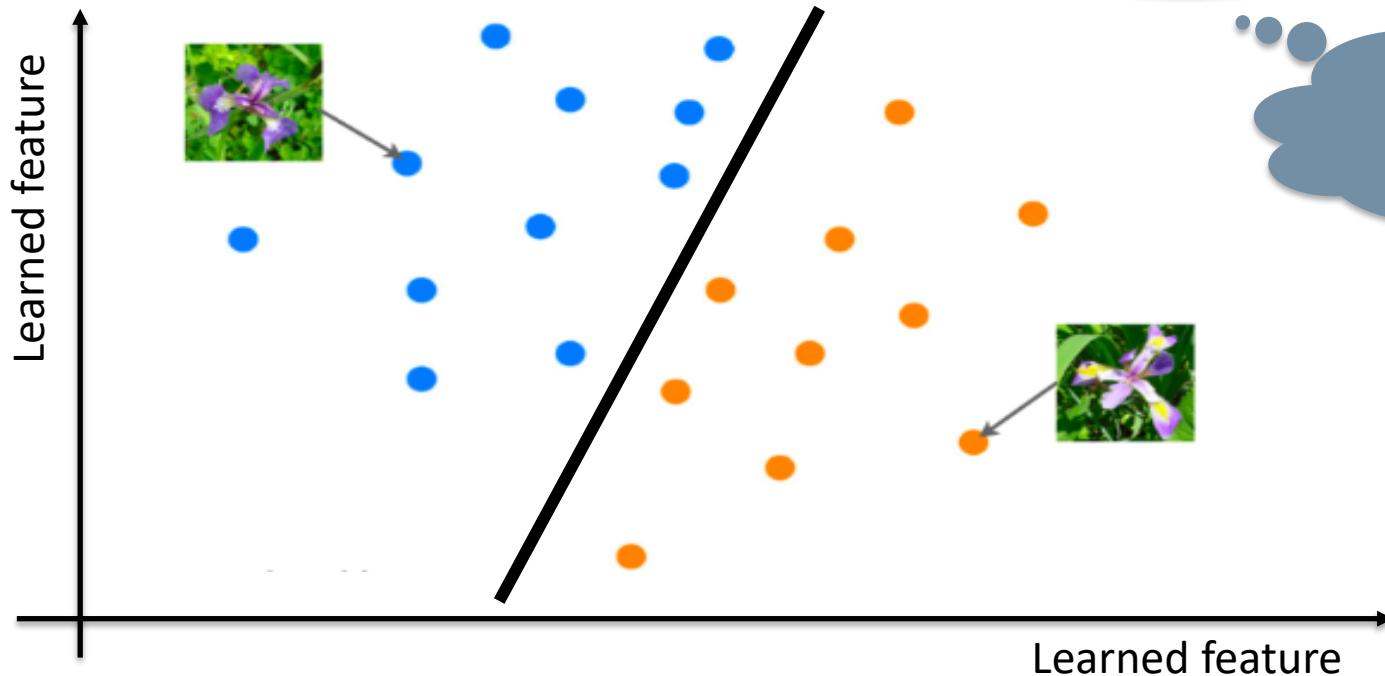
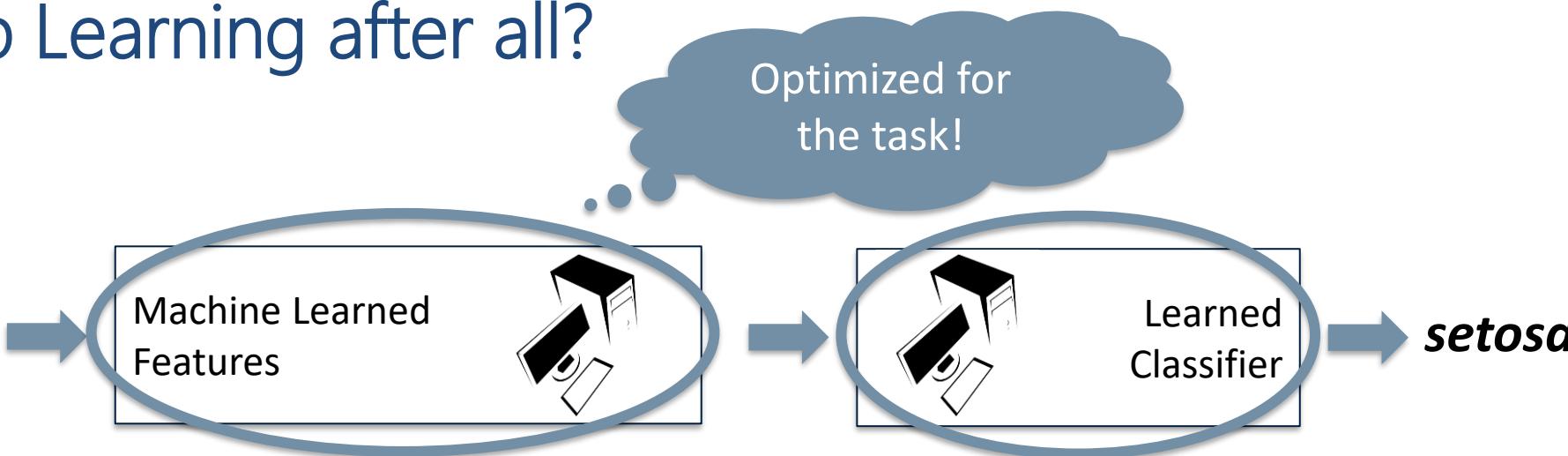
Speech recognition (early 90's – 2012)



Object recognition (2006 – 2012)

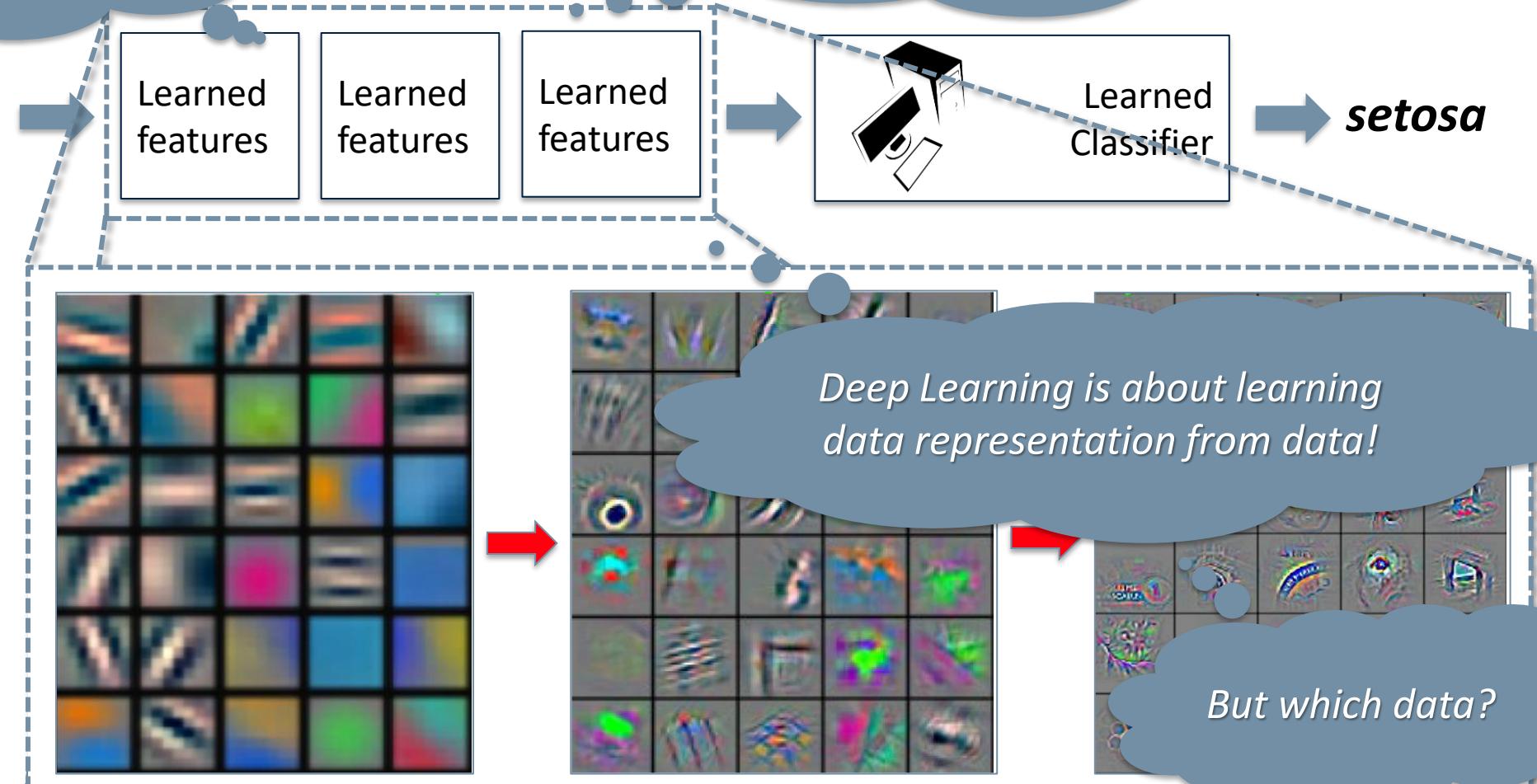


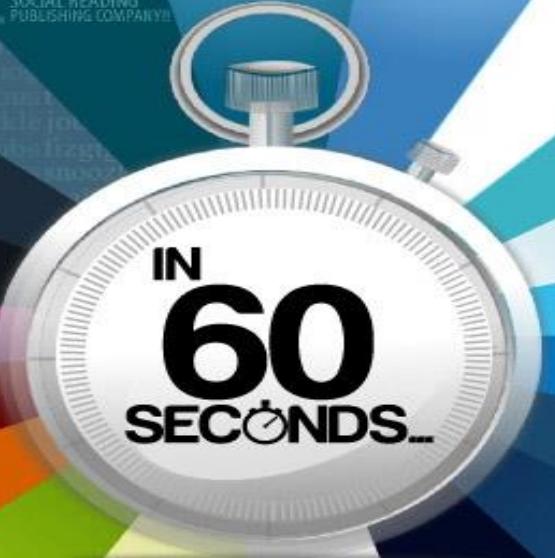
What is Deep Learning after all?



What is Deep Learning after all?

Learn from data!





IN 60 SECONDS...

1
NEW
DEFINITION
IS ADDED ON
URBAN
DICTIONARY

1,600+
READS ON
Scribd.

13,000+ HOURS
MUSIC
STREAMING ON
PANDORA

12,000+
NEW ADS
POSTED ON
craigslist

370,000+ MINUTES
VOICE CALLS ON
skype

98,000+
TWEETS



320+
NEW
twitter
ACCOUNTS



100+
NEW
Linked in
ACCOUNTS



THE
WORLD'S
LARGEST
COMMUNITY
CREATED CONTENT!!

1
associatedcontent
NEW
ARTICLE IS
PUBLISHED



6,600+
NEW
PICTURES ARE
UPLOADED ON
flickr



50+
WORDPRESS
DOWNLOADS



=125+
PLUGIN
DOWNLOADS



QUESTIONS
ASKED ON THE
INTERNET...

100+
Answers.com
40+
YAHOO! ANSWERS



600+
NEW
VIDEOS

25+ HOURS
TOTAL
DURATION

70+
DOMAINS
REGISTERED

60+
NEW
BLOGS

168 MILLION
EMAILS
ARE SENT

694,445
SEARCH
QUERIES

1,700+
Firefox
DOWNLOADS

695,000+
facebook
STATUS
UPDATES

79,364
WALL
POSTS

510,040
COMMENTS



1,500+
BLOG
POSTS



Google

Google Search



What's behind Deep Learning?



YAHOO!

Google



IBM



Baidu 百度



@enlitic

darkAI

nervana

MINDBENCH

SMALLESE

ersatz

isys

codica

se think

Numenta

OpenAI

DEEPMIND

Opennlp

MetaMind

AlchemyAPI™

An IBM Company

wit.ai DNNresearch

Acquired

OUTDATED

The slide is titled "10 BREAKTHROUGH TECHNOLOGIES 2013" from MIT Technology Review. A large blue speech bubble contains the text: "According to MIT, it was all about massive computational power". The slide features several boxes with technology names and descriptions:

- DeepLearning**: With massive amounts of computational power, machines can now recognize objects and translate speech in real time. Artificial intelligence is finally getting smart.
- Memory Implants**: A maverick neuroscientist believes he has deciphered the code by which the brain forms long-term memories. Next: testing a prosthetic implant for people suffering from long-term memory loss.
- Smart Watches**: The designers of the Pebble watch realized that a mobile phone is more useful if you don't have to take it out of your pocket.
- Ultra-Efficient Solar Power**: Doubling the efficiency of a solar cell would completely change the economics of renewable energy. Nanotechnology just might make it possible.
- Big Data from Cheap Phones**: Collecting and analyzing information from simple cell phones can provide surprising insights into how people move about and behave – and even help us understand the spread of diseases.
- Baxter: The Blue-Collar Robot**: Rodney Brooks's newest creation is easy to interact with, but the complex innovations behind the robot show just how hard it is to get along with people.



What's behind Deep Learning?



MIT Technology Review

10 BREAKTHROUGH TECHNOLOGIES 2013

Introduction The 10 Technologies Past Years

Deep Learning

With massive amounts of computational power, machines can now recognize objects and translate speech in real time. Artificial intelligence is finally getting smart.

Memory Implants

A maverick neuroscientist believes he has

Smart Watches

Messages that quickly self-destruct could enhance the privacy of online communications and make people freer to be spontaneous.

Ultra-Efficient Solar Power

Doubling the efficiency of a solar cell would completely change the economics of renewable energy. Nanotechnology just might make it possible.

Big Data from Cheap Phones

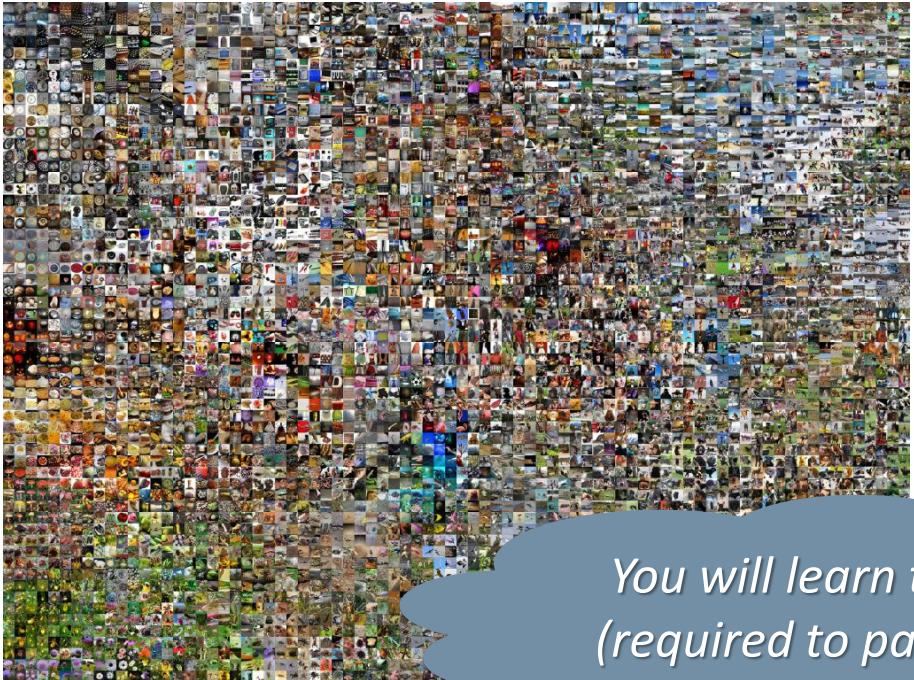
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Baxter: The Blue-Collar Robot

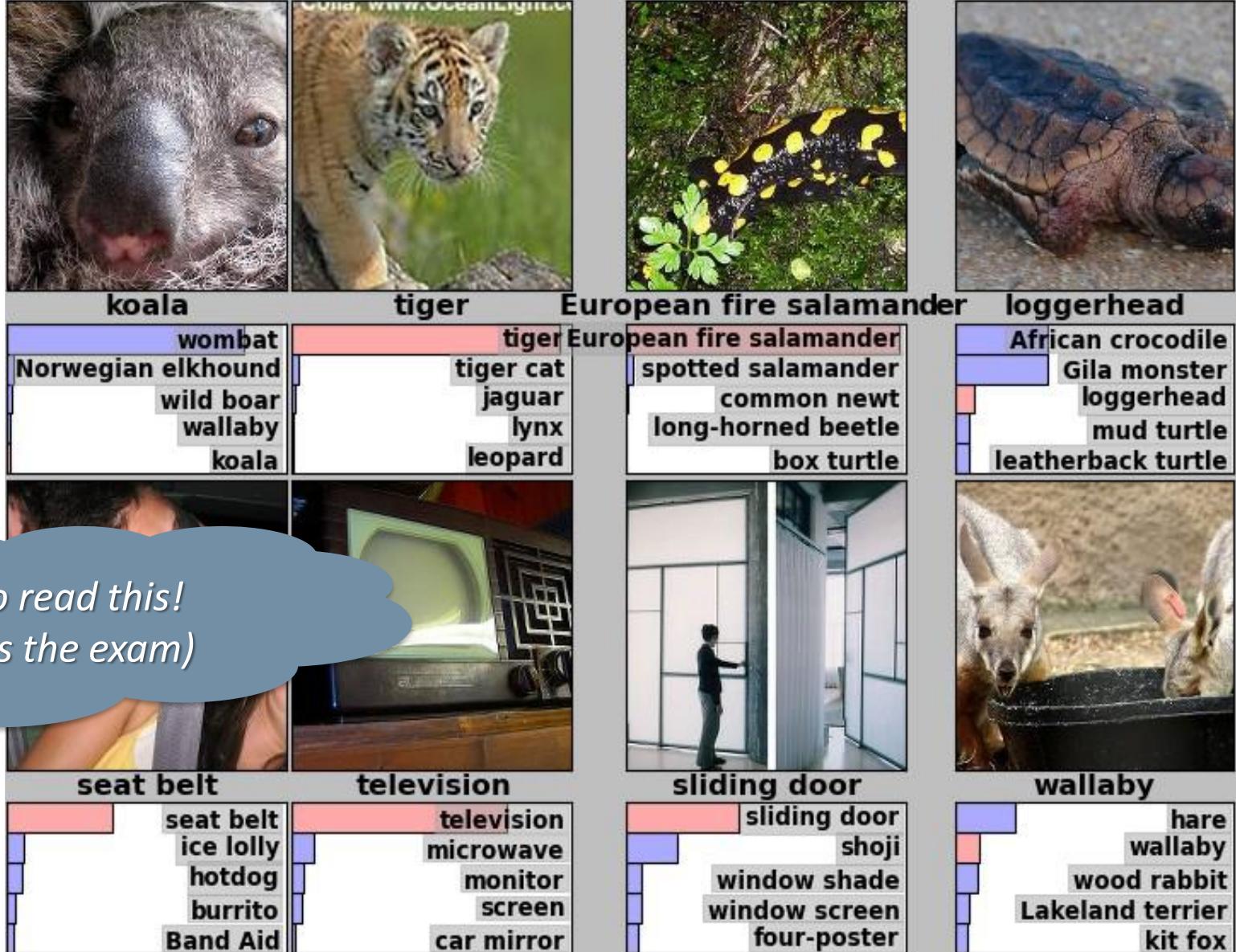
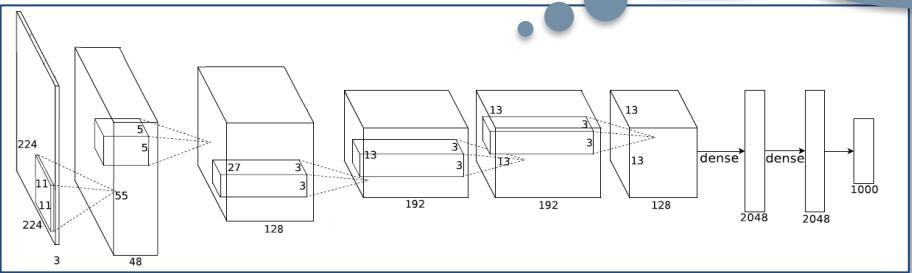
Rodney Brooks's newest creation is easy to interact with, but the complex innovations behind the robot show just how hard it is to get along with people.

According to MIT, it is all about massive computational power

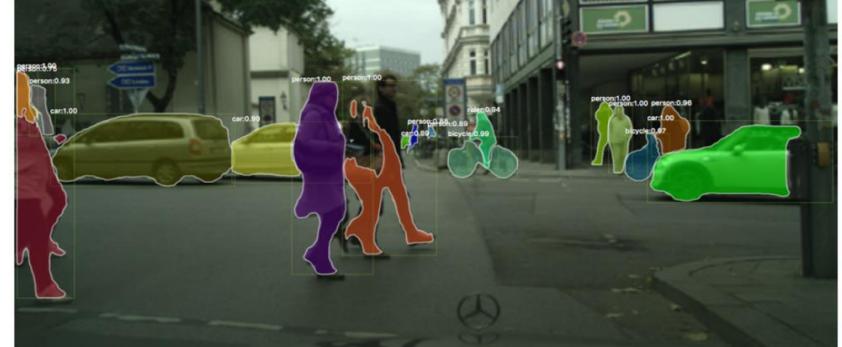
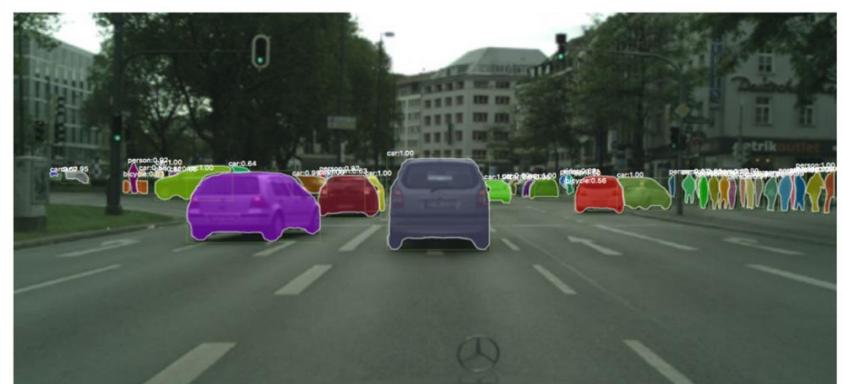
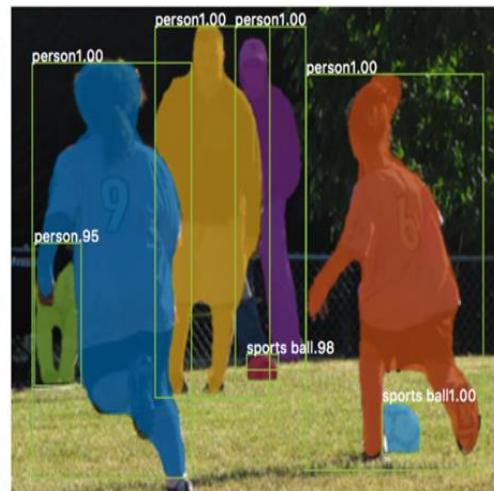
The Economist got it right! It is all about (Big) Data



*You will learn to read this!
(required to pass the exam)*







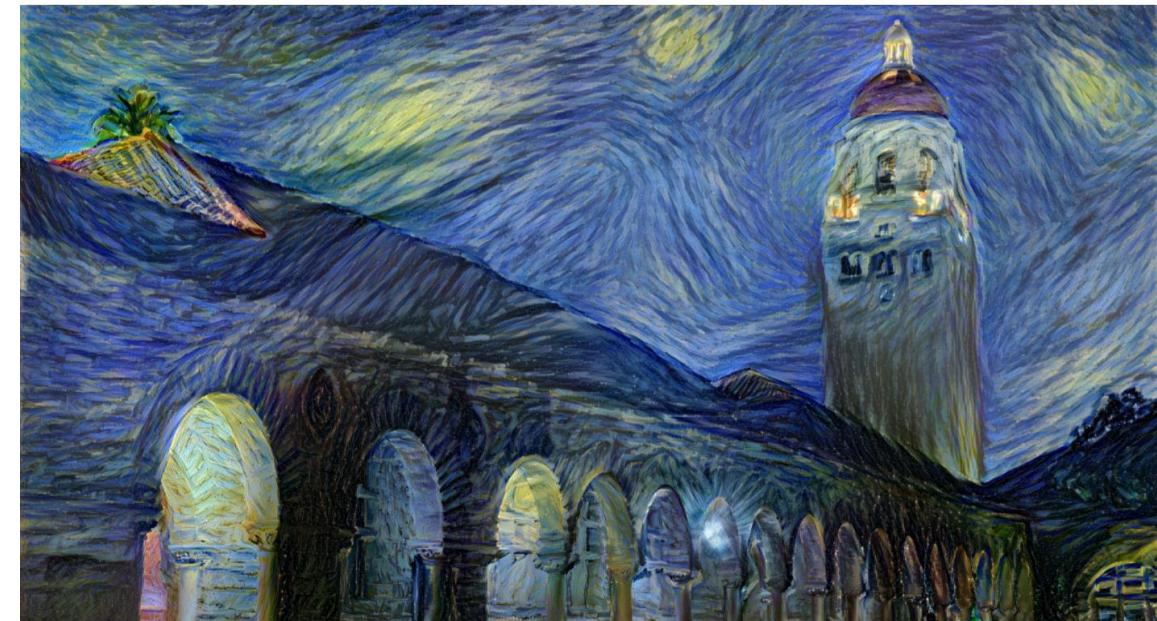


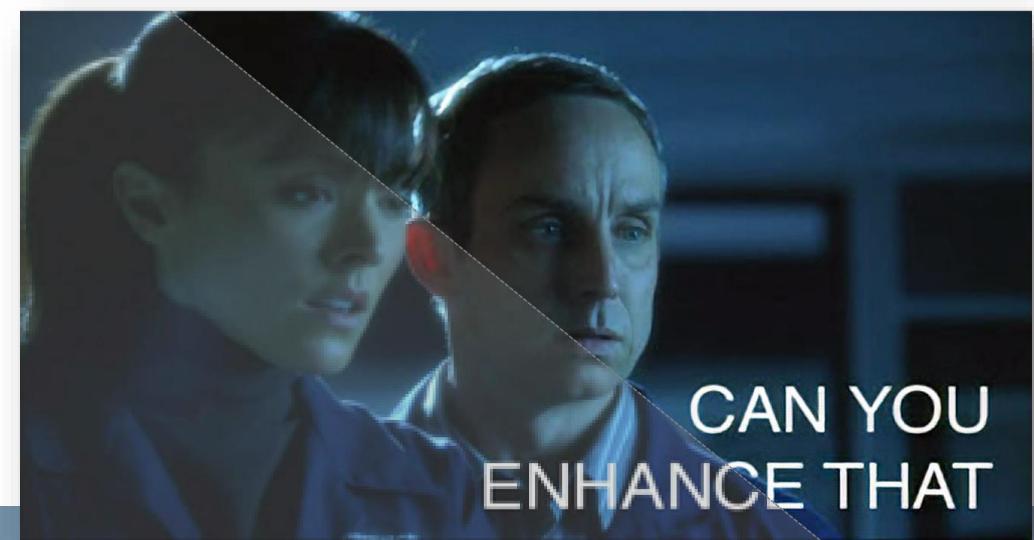
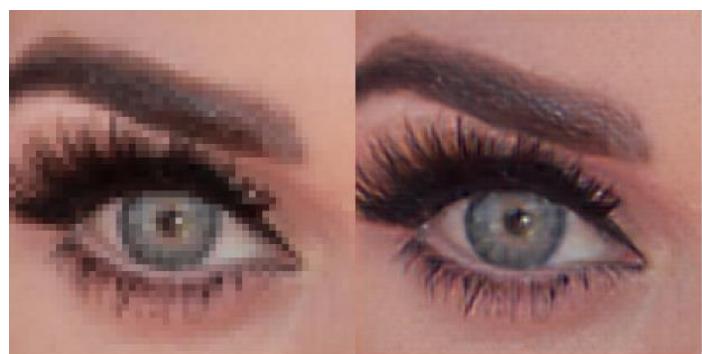
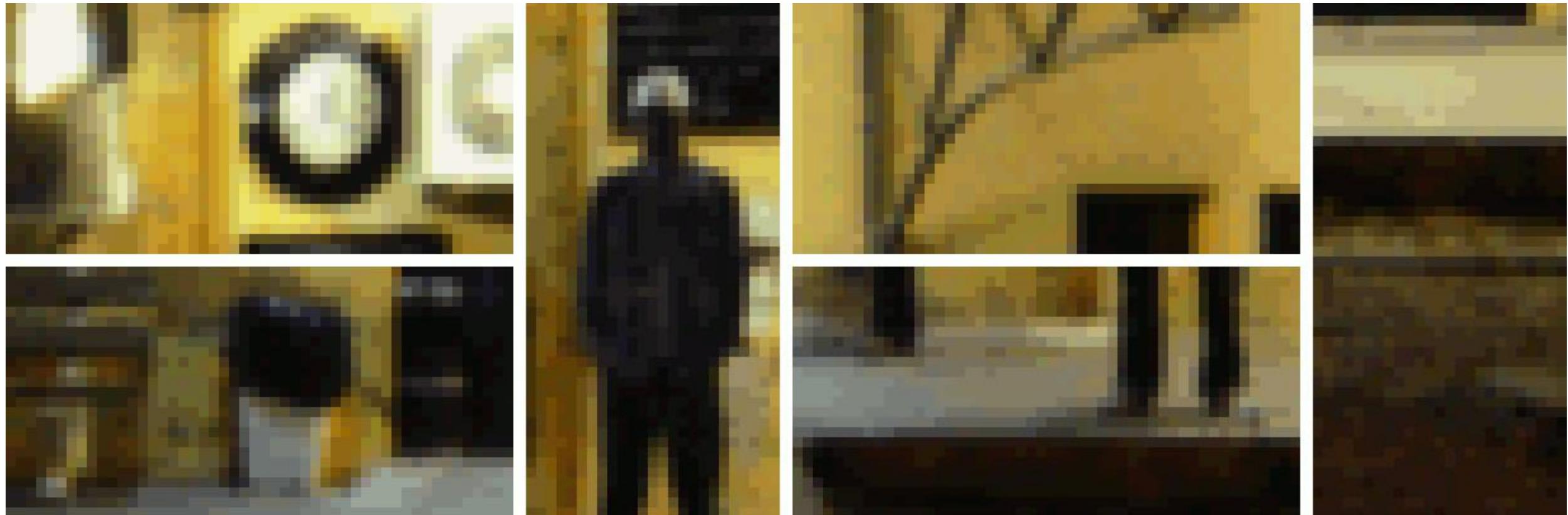
<https://github.com/luanfujun/deep-photo-styletransfer>

<https://github.com/jcjohnson/neural-style>

<https://github.com/jcjohnson/fast-neural-style>

[https://ml4a.github.io/ml4a/style transfer/](https://ml4a.github.io/ml4a/style_transfer/)





<https://github.com/alexjc/neural-enhance>



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Text
description

This flower has petals that are white and has pink shading

This flower has a lot of small purple petals in a dome-like configuration

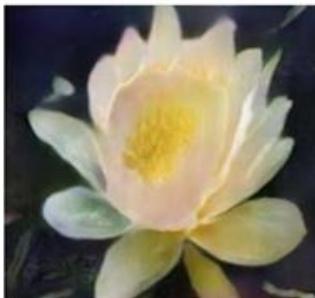
This flower has long thin yellow petals and a lot of yellow anthers in the center

This flower is pink, white, and yellow in color, and has petals that are striped

This flower is white and yellow in color, with petals that are wavy and smooth

This flower has upturned petals which are thin and orange with rounded edges

This flower has petals that are dark pink with white edges and pink stamen



256x256
StackGAN

This bird is red and brown in color, with a stubby beak

The bird is short and stubby with yellow on its body

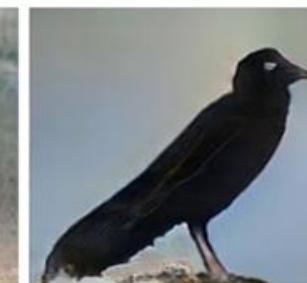
A bird with a medium orange bill white body gray wings and webbed feet

This small black bird has a short, slightly curved bill and long legs

A small bird with varying shades of brown with white under the eyes

A small yellow bird with a black crown and a short black pointed beak

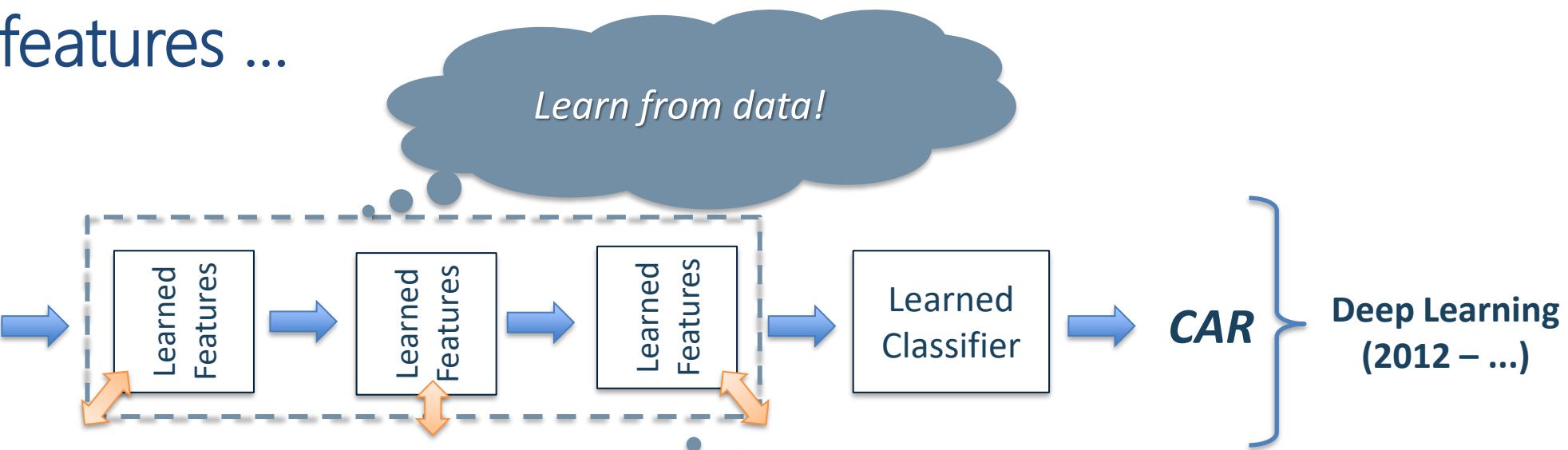
This small bird has a white breast, light grey head, and black wings and tail



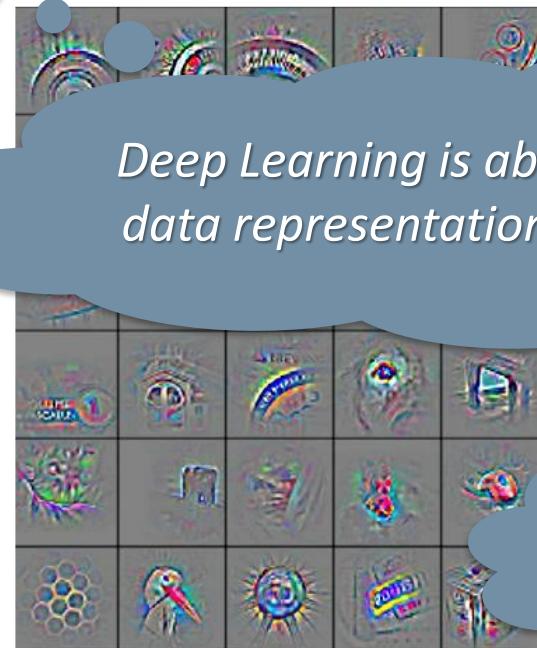
256x256
StackGAN



It's all about features ...



That's what you'll
learn in this course!



*Deep Learning is about learning
data representation from data!*

But which data?