Debora Bimbi Ironhack Machine Learning Bootcamp Third Week

Diabetes Dataset Analysis

What health factors matter for diabetes?

Agenda:

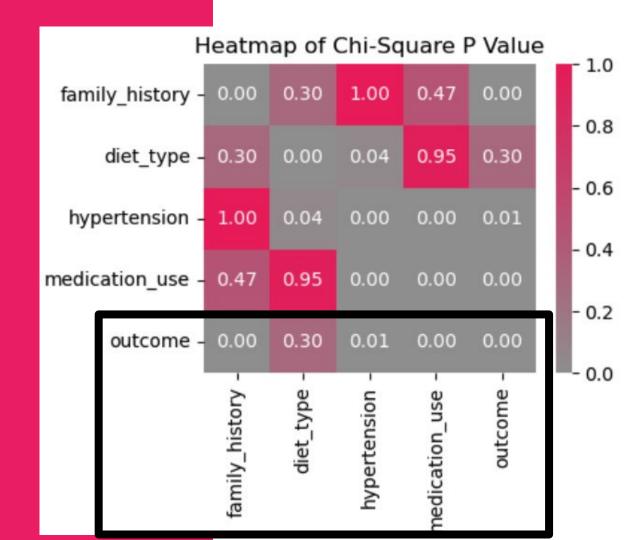
- 1. Introduce the dataset
- 2. Categorical Analysis
- 3. Numerical Analysis
- 4. Conclusion



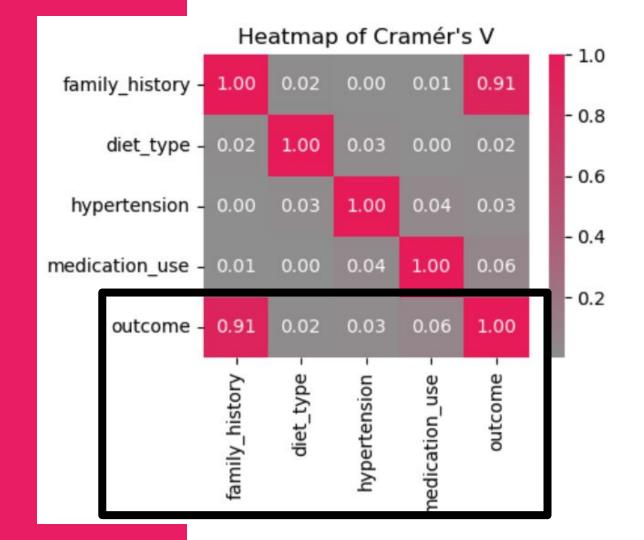
The Dataset:

- from www.kaggle.com
- 9538 patient entries
 - ~34% have diabetes (3282)
 - ~66% have no diabetes (6256)
- 17 columns check health factors, lifestyle and genetic factors for diabetes

Categorical Analysis [Chi-square p]



Categorical Analysis [Cramér's V]



family_history outcome

Chi-square p value is 0 Cramér's Value is 0.91

- → We can reject H0 that the two values are independent
- → There is a strong association between both values

family_history outcome

| | | Absolute Frequency | Relative Frequency |
|----------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Diabetes | Family History | | |
| False | False | 6256 | 100.0 |
| True | False | 397 | 12.1 |
| | True | 2885 | 87.9 |

Numerical Analysis [Spearman]



1.0

0.8

0.6

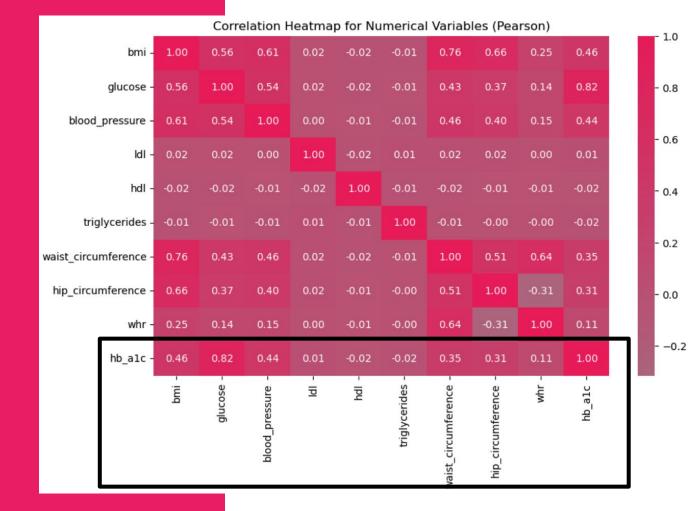
- 0.4

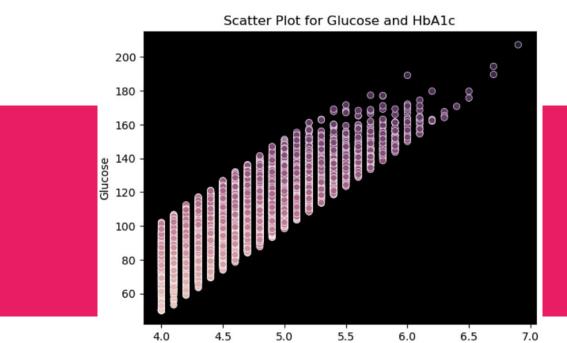
0.2

0.0

-0.2

Numerical Analysis [Pearson]

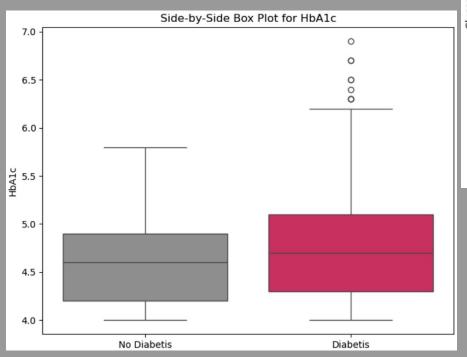


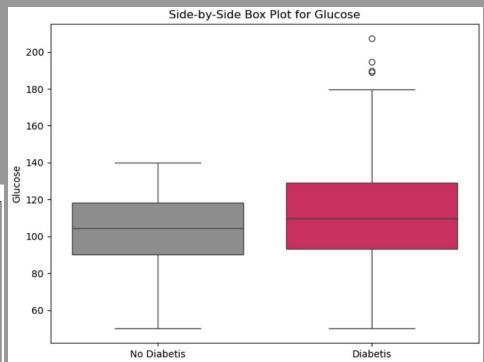


HbA1c

HbA1c Glucose

HbA1c





GLUCOSE

CONCLUSION

- 1. Only Family History is strongly associated with having Diabetes
- 2. Only Glucose is correlated with long term blood sugar HbA1c

My Wish

A more differentiated outcome with Diabetes Type I or II, Pre-Diabetic etc.

A binary column did not allow to collect many results.

Thank You