

DBMS LABORATORY

LAB_ASSIGNMENT-1

14-AUGUST-2019

1) SELECT Query :-

- Retrieve the birth date and address of the employee(s) whose name is '*fname init lname*'
- Retrieve the name and address of all employees who work for the '*your dept name*' department.

2) SELECT without condition :-

- Select all EMPLOYEE Ssns.
- Select all combinations of EMPLOYEE Ssn and DEPARTMENT Dname.

3) DISTINCT :-

- Display Salary of all the employees without repetition of same salary value.

4) SUBSTRING COMPARISON :-

- Retrieve all employees whose address is in '*Some address*'.
- Find all employees who were born during the 1950s. (Hint: Use `()` for matching).

5) BETWEEN AND :-

- Retrieve all employees in department 5 whose salary is between 10,000 and 20,000.
- Retrieve all employees whose date of birth is between '*some year range*'

6) SET OPERATIONS (UNION, INTERSECT, MINUS) :-

- Retrieves the salary which are common in department 10 and 20.
- Display name of employees present in department 10 but not in department 20.
- Display name, employee id, salary of two different departments by unifying them.

7) JOINS :-

- Display employee id(ssn), salary, supervisor number(super_ssn), Dept name, start date(Mgr_start_date) by joining Employee and Department table.

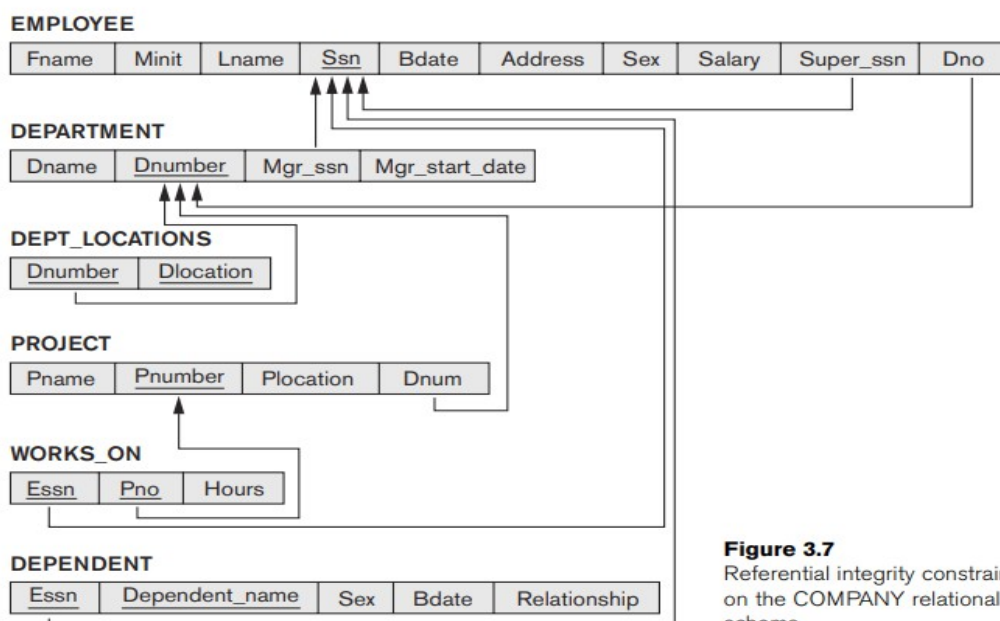


Figure 3.7
Referential integrity constraints displayed on the COMPANY relational database schema.