**MAJEBI IZE AHUOIZA**

**MEDICINE AND SURGERY**

1. 1. Much of our everyday intellectual endeavour has to do with providing good reasons for views,

2. Scholarship is generally concerned with critical assessment of arguments of others with the aim of detecting their shortcomings.

1. It is seen as a heated exchange of words when people have conflicting views.
2. The structure is such that every argument will have at least a premise, a conclusion and most importantly a relationship between the premise and conclusion.
3. Sets of propositions in which some, the premise(s) provide(s) support for the acceptance of another called conclusion.
4. The premises are intended to provide sufficient grounds for the conclusion such that the conclusion rests on the premises for justification.
5. Therefore, thus, so, consequently, which implies that.
6. For, since, because, seeing that, granted that.
7. 1. Identifying and showing the distinction between premise and conclusion of an argument.

2. Determining whether the argument is deductive or inductive

3. Assessing the kind of justification that the premise gives to the conclusion

1. A deductive argument is one in which the premises are claimed to provide conclusive grounds for the conclusion.
2. An inductive argument is one that the support which the premises give to the conclusion is usually not conclusive.
3. Fallacy may be defined as an error in reasoning.
4. Formal Fallacy and Informal Fallacy

**IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF FALLACIES COMMITTED IN THE ARGUMENTS BELOW**

1. Whatever Mr. Jade said must be discredited because he is a perpetual liar – Argumentum ad hominem
2. Since the arguments of philosophers have not shown that God exists, we may conclude that there is no God – Argumentum ad Ignorantium
3. According to Wole Soyinka, malaria is caused by a virus, it must be that Bimbo who is currently down with malaria has viral infection – Argumentum ad Vercundiam
4. Have you stopped stealing from your mother’s pot? – Fallacy of complex question
5. Wale Oni and Bimbo Ola work in MTN and they are efficient people. Therefore, MTN is an efficient business organisation – Fallacy of Composition
6. The United States of America is very rich, hence, Mr. Singer who is an American is very rich – Fallacy of division
7. No one can doubt that the right presidential candidate is Prince Abednego since the majority of the people are in his support – Argumentum ad Populum
8. Always use Close-Up toothpaste because market survey shows that more that three-quarter of the population use it – Fallacy ad Populum