

Java Collections Framework in java.util.*

Collection

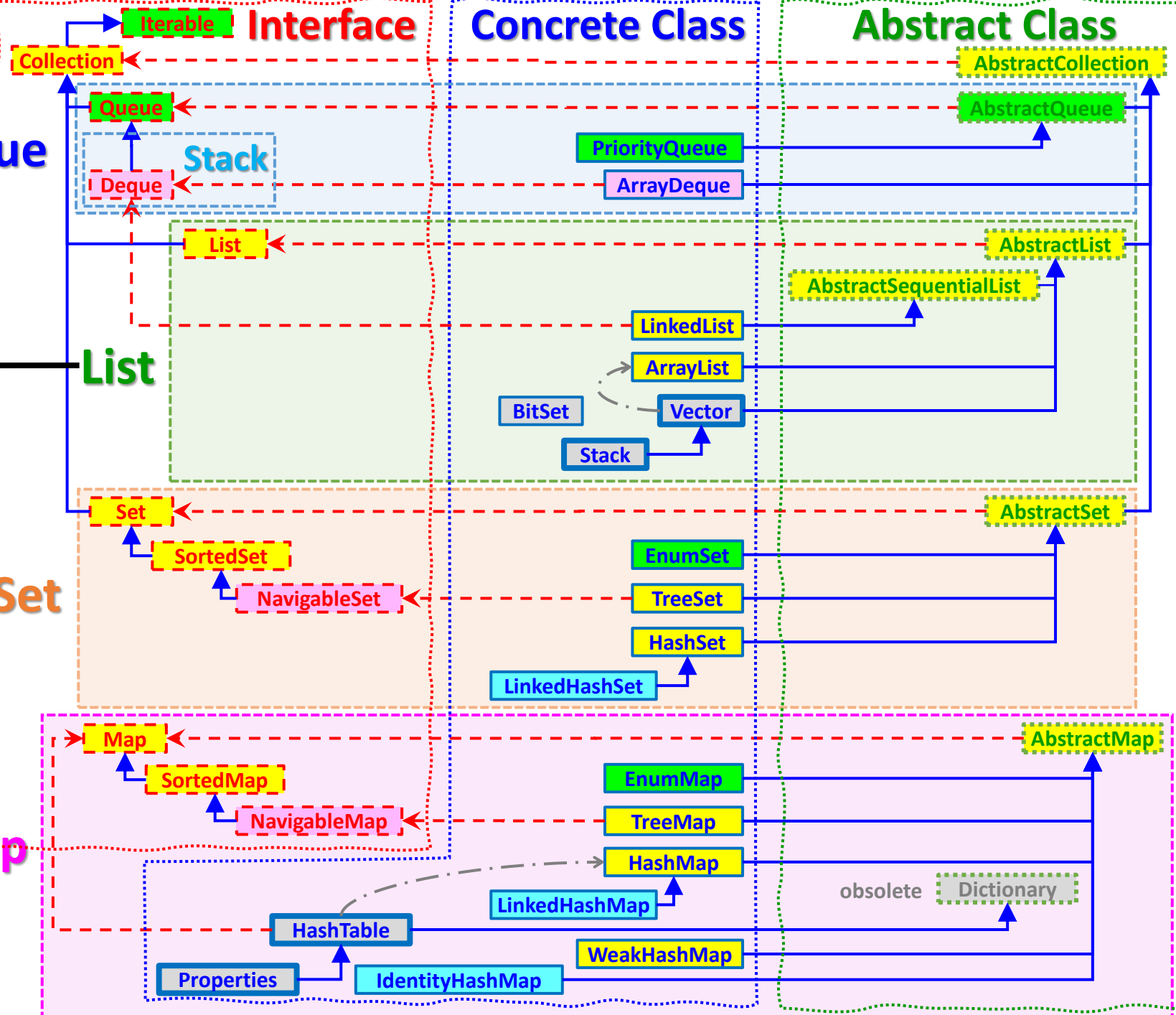
← - - implements
← extends

Queue

List

Set

Map



Data Structures

Building Blocks:

- Reference
- Array

Abstract Data Structures:

- List
- Stack
- Queue
- Hash Table
- Balanced Tree
- Priority Queue
- Disjoint Set
- Graph

Java

1.0

1.2

1.4

1.5

1.6

Java Collections Framework in java.util.*

1.0 1.2 1.5 1.6

Iterable iterator() { hasNext(); next(); }

Java

←-- implements
← extends

Concrete Class

Interface

Collection

size(); clear(); add(T); remove(T); contains(T); ...

PriorityQueue

Queue

enqueue: offer(T), add(T); **dequeue:** poll(), remove(); **peek:** peek(), element(); ...

Queue

ArrayDeque

Deque

Queue: addLast(T); removeFirst(); getFirst(); **Stack:** addFirst(T); removeFirst(); getFirst(); ...

LinkedList

Stack

List

ArrayList

List

add(index,T); remove(index); get(index); set(index,T); indexOf(T); sort(Comparator); ...

HashSet

Set

prevent duplication in Collection

Set

TreeSet

NavigableSet

first(), pollFirst(); last(), pollLast(); higher(T); lower(T); ceiling(T); floor(T); subset(T,T); ...

HashMap

Map

put(K,V); remove(K); get(K); containKey(K); containsValue(V); entrySet(); keyset(); values(); ...

Map

TreeMap

NavigableMap

firstKey(); firstEntry(); lastKey(); lastEntry(); higherKey(K); higherEntry(K); submap(K,K); ...

Java Collections Framework

in java.util.*

- * **Collection**: don't mind and don't care about duplication.
- * **Stack**: Collection that is Last-In-First-Out (LIFO).
- * **Queue**: Collection that is First-In-First-Out (FIFO).
- * **Priority Queue**: Queue that is Higher Priority (based on Comparator) Out First.
- * **List**: Collection that is accessible by position; don't allow empty slots.
- * **Set**: don't allow duplication. (*In Java, a **Set** is a **Map** where values are a dummy object.*)
- * **Map**: Set of Key-Value Pairs that don't allow **key** duplication.

Building Blocks: Pointer, **Reference**, **Array**

Composite Structures:

- * **List**: **LinkedList**, **ArrayList**, Skip List
- * Stack & **Queue > Deque**: **LinkedList**, **ArrayDeque**
- * **PriorityQueue**: **Binary Heap**, Binomial Heap, Fibonacci Heap
- * Hash Table: **Separate Chaining**; Open Addressing
- * Disjoint Set (Union-Find Data Structure)
- * Tree > Rooted Tree > Binary Tree > Binary Search Tree (BST) > **Balanced BST**
- * Graph > Directed/Undirected
 - Single-source/all-pair Shortest Paths
 - Minimum-cost Spanning Tree

Iterable<E>

- iterator()
- + for-each loop
- + forEach(consumer)

Collection<E> extends **Iterable<E>**

contains null?, duplicate?, ordered?

- contains(object)
- containsAll(collection)
- size(),isEmpty()
- toArray(),toArray(T[])
- * add(e),addAll(collection)
- * remove(e),removeAll(collection),clear()
- * retainAll(collection)
- + stream(),removeIf(predicate)

Set<E> extends **Collection<E>**

no duplicate

Queue<E> extends **Collection<E>**

- add(e) [enqueue, IllegalStateException]
- remove() [dequeue, NoSuchElementException]
- element() [peek, NoSuchElementException]
- offer(e) [enqueue, false]
- poll() [dequeue, null]
- peek() [peek, null]

List<E> extends **Collection<E>**

ordered, index, no empty position

- get(index),subList(from,to)
- indexOf(object),lastIndexOf(object)
- listIterator(),listIterator(index)
- * add(index,e),set(index,e),remove(index)
- * addAll(index,collection)
- + sort(comparator)
- + replaceAll(unaryOperator)
- [static] of(...e),copyOf(collection)

Summary of Queue methods

	<i>Throws exception</i>	<i>Returns special value</i>
Insert	<code>add(e)</code>	<code>offer(e)</code>
Remove	<code>remove()</code>	<code>poll()</code>
Examine	<code>element()</code>	<code>peek()</code>

Comparison of Stack and Deque methods

Stack Method	Equivalent Deque Method
<code>push(e)</code>	<code>addFirst(e)</code>
<code>pop()</code>	<code>removeFirst()</code>
<code>peek()</code>	<code>getFirst()</code>

Comparison of Queue and Deque methods

Queue Method	Equivalent Deque Method
<code>add(e)</code>	<code>addLast(e)</code>
<code>offer(e)</code>	<code>offerLast(e)</code>
<code>remove()</code>	<code>removeFirst()</code>
<code>poll()</code>	<code>pollFirst()</code>
<code>element()</code>	<code>getFirst()</code>
<code>peek()</code>	<code>peekFirst()</code>

Summary of Deque methods

	First Element (Head)		Last Element (Tail)	
	<i>Throws exception</i>	<i>Special value</i>	<i>Throws exception</i>	<i>Special value</i>
Insert	<code>addFirst(e)</code>	<code>offerFirst(e)</code>	<code>addLast(e)</code>	<code>offerLast(e)</code>
Remove	<code>removeFirst()</code>	<code>pollFirst()</code>	<code>removeLast()</code>	<code>pollLast()</code>
Examine	<code>getFirst()</code>	<code>peekFirst()</code>	<code>getLast()</code>	<code>peekLast()</code>

Map<K,V>

no duplicate key

\$ Set<E> is a Map<K,V> with dummy values

- put(key,value),get(key),size(),isEmpty()
- containsKey(key),containsValue(value)
- entrySet(),keySet(),values()

* remove(key),clear(), putAll(map)

+ forEach(BiConsumer)

+ putIfAbsent(key,value),getOrDefault(key,defaultValue)

+ merge(key,value,remappingFunction)

+ remove(key,value)

+ replace(key,value),replace(key,oldV,newV),replaceAll(BiFunction)

+ compute(key,remappingFunction)

+ computeIfAbsent(key,mappingFunction)

+ computeIfPresent(key,remappingFunction)

[static] entry(key,value)

[static] copyOf(map),of(),of(key,value,...),ofEntries(... entries)