Python Files

File Processing

```
From stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za Sat Jan 5 09:14:16 2008
Return-Path: <postmaster@collab.sakaiproject.org>
Date: Sat, 5 Jan 2008 09:12:18 -0500
To: source@collab.sakaiproject.org
From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za
Subject: [sakai] svn commit: r39772 - content/branches/
Details: http://source.sakaiproject.org/viewsvn/?view=rev&rev=39772
```

http://www.py4e.com/code/mbox-short.txt

Opening a File

Before we can read the contents of the file, we must tell Python which file we are going to work with and what we will be doing with the file

This is done with the open() function

 open() returns a "file handle" - a variable used to perform operations on the file

Similar to "File -> Open" in a Word Processor

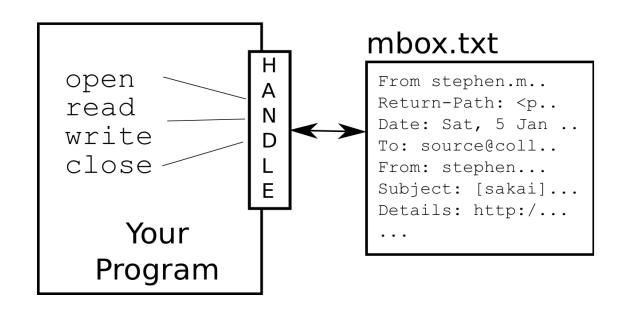
Using open()

fhand = open('mbox.txt', 'r')

- handle = open(filename, mode)
- returns a handle use to manipulate the file
- ☐ filename is a string
- mode is optional and should be 'r' if we are planning to read the file and 'w' if we are going to write to the file

What is a Handle?

```
>>> fhand = open('mbox.txt')
>>> print(fhand)
<_io.TextIOWrapper name='mbox.txt' mode='r' encoding='UTF-8'>
```



When Files are Missing

```
>>> fhand = open('stuff.txt')
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or
directory: 'stuff.txt'
```

The newline Character

We use a special character called the "newline" to indicate when a line ends

We represent it as \n in strings

 Newline is still one character not two

```
>>> stuff = 'Hello\nWorld!'
>>> stuff
'Hello\nWorld!'
>>> print(stuff)
Hello
World!
>>> stuff = 'X\nY'
>>> print(stuff)
Χ
>>> len(stuff)
3
```

File Processing

A text file can be thought of as a sequence of lines

```
From stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za Sat Jan 5 09:14:16 2008
Return-Path: <postmaster@collab.sakaiproject.org>
Date: Sat, 5 Jan 2008 09:12:18 -0500
To: source@collab.sakaiproject.org
From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za
Subject: [sakai] svn commit: r39772 - content/branches/
Details: http://source.sakaiproject.org/viewsvn/?view=rev&rev=39772
```

File Processing

A text file has newlines at the end of each line

```
From stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za Sat Jan 5 09:14:16 2008\n
Return-Path: <postmaster@collab.sakaiproject.org>\n
Date: Sat, 5 Jan 2008 09:12:18 -0500\n
To: source@collab.sakaiproject.org\n
From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za\n
Subject: [sakai] svn commit: r39772 - content/branches/\n
\n
Details: http://source.sakaiproject.org/viewsvn/?view=rev&rev=39772\n
```

Reading Files in Python

File Handle as a Sequence

A file handle open for read can be treated as a sequence of strings where each line in the file is a string in the sequence

We can use the for statement to iterate through a sequence

Remember - a sequence is an ordered set

```
xfile = open('mbox.txt')
for cheese in xfile:
    print(cheese)
```

Counting Lines in a File

Open a file read-only

Use a for loop to read each line

 Count the lines and print out the number of lines

```
fhand = open('mbox.txt')
count = 0
for line in fhand:
    count = count + 1
print('Line Count:', count)
```

```
$ python open.py
Line Count: 132045
```

Reading the *Whole* File

We can read the whole file (newlines and all) into a single string

```
>>> fhand = open('mbox-short.txt')
>>> inp = fhand.read()
>>> print(len(inp))
94626
>>> print(inp[:20])
From stephen.marquar
```

Searching Through a File

We can put an if statement in our for loop to only print lines that meet some criteria

```
fhand = open('mbox-short.txt')
for line in fhand:
    if line.startswith('From:') :
        print(line)
```

OOPS!

What are all these blank lines doing here?

From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za

From: louis@media.berkeley.edu

From: zqian@umich.edu

From: rjlowe@iupui.edu

. . .

OOPS!

What are all these blank lines doing here?

- Each line from the file has a newline at the end
- The print statement adds a newline to each line

```
From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za\n
\n
From: louis@media.berkeley.edu\n
\n
From: zqian@umich.edu\n
\n
From: rjlowe@iupui.edu\n
\n
```

Searching Through a File (fixed)

- □ We can strip the whitespace from the right-hand side of the string using rstrip() from the string library
- The newline is considered "white space" and is stripped

```
fhand = open('mbox-short.txt')
for line in fhand:
    line = line.rstrip()
    if line.startswith('From:') :
        print(line)
```

From: stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za

From: louis@media.berkeley.edu

From: zqian@umich.edu

From: rjlowe@iupui.edu

. . . .

Skipping with continue

We can conveniently skip a line by using the continue statement

```
fhand = open('mbox-short.txt')
for line in fhand:
    line = line.rstrip()
    if not line.startswith('From:') :
        continue
    print(line)
```

Using in to Select Lines

We can look for a string anywhere in a line as our selection criteria

```
fhand = open('mbox-short.txt')
for line in fhand:
    line = line.rstrip()
    if not '@uct.ac.za' in line :
        continue
    print(line)
```

```
From stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za Sat Jan 5 09:14:16 2008

X-Authentication-Warning: set sender to stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za using -f

From: <a href="mailto:stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za">stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za</a>

Author: <a href="mailto:stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za">stephen.marquard@uct.ac.za</a>

From david.horwitz@uct.ac.za Fri Jan 4 07:02:32 2008

X-Authentication-Warning: set sender to david.horwitz@uct.ac.za using -f...
```

```
fname = input('Enter the file name: ')
fhand = open(fname)
count = 0
for line in fhand:
    if line.startswith('Subject:') :
        count = count + 1
print('There were', count, 'subject lines in', fname)
```

Prompt for File Name

Enter the file name: mbox.txt
There were 1797 subject lines in mbox.txt

Enter the file name: mbox-short.txt
There were 27 subject lines in mbox-short.txt

Bad File Names

```
fname = input('Enter the file name: ')
try:
    fhand = open(fname)
except:
    print('File cannot be opened:', fname)
    quit()

count = 0
for line in fhand:
    if line.startswith('Subject:') :
        count = count + 1
print('There were', count, 'subject lines in', fname)
```

Enter the file name: mbox.txt
There were 1797 subject lines in mbox.txt

Enter the file name: na na boo boo File cannot be opened: na na boo boo

Summary

Secondary storage

Opening a file - file handle

File structure - newline character

Reading a file line by line with a for loop

Searching for lines

Reading file names

Dealing with bad files



umsi knowledgements / Contributions

These slides are Copyright 2010- Charles R. Severance (www.dr-chuck.com) of the University of Michigan School of Information and open.umich.edu and made available under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License. Please maintain this last slide in all copies of the document to comply with the attribution requirements of the license. If you make a change, feel free to add your name and organization to the list of contributors on this page as you republish the materials.

Initial Development: Charles Severance, University of Michigan School of Information

... Insert new Contributors and Translators here



. .