

# Linux Party

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FOCS Group

# What is Linux















Linux kernel has just past its 32nd birthday. In many devices, including web servers, smartphones, electric cars, and of course on Steam Decks, you can find Linux.

Linux is an operating system *kernel*. Kernel means "core; central part" in English. Linux on itself can only respond to hardware events; there are no ways to interact with the Linux kernel directly.

People bundle software (browsers, file managers, etc.) together with the Linux kernel to form a functional operating system. Many different people and companies bundle various software with Linux, each coming with their own configurations (wallpapers, theme, etc.) Various "flavors" of the Linux operating system, or *Linux distributions*, are thus created.

Today, we will help you to install a Linux distribution on your computer. You can choose Ubuntu, one of the most popular Linux distributions; or choose FOCS Debian, a Debian-based distribution which is developed by and for fellow JIers. Also you can choose other distributions.

# Linux and Linux Distributions

Beginner-friendly 新手友好型	Intermediate 中间等级	Hard mode 高难度模式
		
 Ubuntu Based on Debian 基于Debian	 Garuda Linux Based on Arch 基于Arch	 Arch [Independent] – DIY 独立开发-自行搭建
 Pop!_OS Based on Ubuntu 基于Ubuntu	 EndeavourOS Based on Arch 基于Arch	 Gentoo [Independent] – DIY 独立开发-自行搭建
 elementary OS Based on Ubuntu (LTS) 基于Ubuntu(LTS)	 Manjaro Based on Arch 基于Arch	 Slackware [Independent] 独立开发
 Mint Based on Ubuntu 基于Ubuntu	 MX Linux Based on Debian 基于Debian	 Linux From Scratch [Independent] – DIY 独立开发-自行搭建
 Zorin Based on Ubuntu 基于Ubuntu	 Fedora Based on Red Hat 基于红帽	 Qubes OS 基于Fedora-以安全为中心 Based on Fedora – Security
 Solus [Independent] 独立开发	 OpenSUSE [Independent] 独立开发	 NixOS [Independent] – DIY 独立开发-自行搭建

# FOCS Debian

- Features a similar interface to Windows 10. Windows users will feel at home
- Developed from base system to avoid redundant software as in the official Debian images
- Aims to lower the time spent by students on installing software during labs
- Has the following software pre-installed:



# Benefits of having a Linux system

- Survive 151, 280, 482 and other JI courses without having to worry about configuring your system
- More control of your computer; no disturbing desktop ads anymore, no worrying about Big Brother watching you ;)
- A bonus point on your resume that can help you find a job
- Most importantly... Linux is fun!

# Ways to get a Linux system

- Use Windows Subsystem on Linux - WSL
- Use a virtual machine
- Install a dual boot system
- Only use Linux on your computer

# Administering a Linux system

Linux is pretty much designed around a command-line shell. A *shell* is a program that interacts with the operating system *kernel*: you issue commands via the shell, and the OS does it for you. In order to master Linux, some basic shell knowledge is necessary.



# Alternatives of common Windows tools

1. Install by the App Store provided by your distribution, or
  2. Use CLI to control the package manager
- Chrome, Edge, 360 Browser ... -> Firefox, Chromium
  - Microsoft Office -> LibreOffice, WPS Office
  - Chinese Input Method -> `ibus` (easier to configure, bundled with Ubuntu by default), `fcitx5` (more powerful and more features)

# Where can I find help and support

- Check your distro's Wiki. For example, Ubuntu Wiki is hosted at <https://wiki.ubuntu.com>
- Arch Linux Wiki often have know-how that you want. Check <https://wiki.archlinux.org> if you can't find help on your distro Wiki
- Join FOCS Mattermost! We are available at <https://focs.ji.sjtu.edu.cn/mm> at any time. You are always welcomed!
- You may also join a local Linux User Group. SJTU have its own Linux User Group; check <https://sjtug.org> for how to join them