Gebze Technical University Computer Engineering

CSE 222 - 2018 Spring

HOMEWORK 6 REPORT

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1 Worst RedBlack Tree

1.1 Problem Solution Approach

Bu bölümün kodları Ders kitabından alınmıştır. Sadece Test amaçlı kod eklenmiştir. Test kodu:

6 yüksekliğinde RedBlack Tree için 14 elaman artan sıra ile yerleştirilerek worst case durumu elde edilmeye çalışıldı.

1.2 Test Cases

İlk durumda Integer alan bir RedBlack oluşturuldu sırasıyla 1 den 14 e kadar sayılar Tree ye eklenerek test edildi İkinci durumda ise String alan bir RedBlack oluşturuldu "0" dan "13" e kadar olan sayıların Stringleri yerleştirilerek test edildi.

1.3 Running Commands and Results.

```
RedBlackTree.java
                                                                                                                                                  Worst RedBlack Tree with height of 6.
                                                                                                                                                       Try Integer
                  RedBlackTree<String> redBlackTreeStr = new RedBlackTree<>();
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeInt.add(3)
                  System.out.println("******* TEST Q1 *******);
System.out.println("*********);
                  System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(1) ->"+redBlackTreeInt.add(1));
System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(2) ->"+redBlackTreeInt.add(2));
                  System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(3) ->"+redBlackTreeInt.add(3));
System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(4)) ->"+redBlackTreeInt.add(4));
                  System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(5));
System.out.println("redBlackTreeInt.add(6) ->"+redBlackTreeInt.add(6));
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeStr.add("0") ->true
                                                                                                                                                                                     ->true
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeStr.add("2")
                                                                                                                                                                                     ->true
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeStr.add("3")
                                                                                                                                                                                      ->true
                                                                                                                                                                                      ->true
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeStr.add("6")
                                                                                                                                                                                      ->true
                                                                                   ->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("1"));
->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("2"));
                                                                                    ->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("3"));
->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("4"));
                  System.out.println("redBlackTreeStr.add(\"5\")
System.out.println("redBlackTreeStr.add(\"6\")
                                                                                   ->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("5"));
->"+redBlackTreeStr.add("6"));
                                                                                                                                                  redBlackTreeStr.add("13") ->true
```

2 binarySearch method

2.1 Problem Solution Approach

```
Bu bölümün kodlarının bir kısmı Ders Kitabından alınmıştır.
binarySearch item, root, left, right
if item compareTo root[left] is smaller than right
and item compareTo root[left] is smaller than 0
increase left
recursive call binarySearch item root, left, right
else
return left
```

2.2 Test Cases

Bu bölümde ilk test Integer alan bir BTree üzerinde yapılmıştır bazı sayılar eklenerek, eklenmiş sayıları tekrar eklemeye çalışarak ve BTree üzerinde find işlemi yapılarak son olarak bütün BTree'yi ekrana bastırarak işlem tamamlanmıştır. İkinci testte ise String şeklinde oluşturulan BTree üzerinde benzer uygulamalar yapılmıştır.

2.3 Running Commands and Results

```
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```

Project 9.5 in book 3

Bu bölün kodlarının bir bölümü Ders Kitabından alınmıştır.

3.1 Problem Solution Approach

```
AVLB = AVLNODE BALANCED
```

IncrementBalance node

++node.balance If node balance is bigger than AVLB increase assign true else increase assign false

rebalanceRight (localRoot)

increase assign false rightChild assign localroot get right if rightChild is smaller than AVLB rightChildLeft assign rightChild get left if rightChildLeft smaller than AVLB rightChild balance assign RigtHeavy rightChidLeft balance assign AVLB localroot balance assign LeftHeavy else if rightChildLeft bigger than AVLB rightChild balance assign AVLB rightChidLeft balance assign AVLB localroot balance assign LeftHeavy else // equalty rightChild balance assign AVLB rightChidLeft balance assign AVLB localroot balance assign AVLB endof else localroot get right assign call rotateRight rightChild return call rotateLeft localRoot

else

rightChild balance assign AVLB localroot balance assign AVLB return call rotateLeft localRoot

AVLTree (BinaryTree binTree)

If binTree is null set flag true else

set flag call CheckIsAvl binTree

if flag is true

write "The Given Binary Tree is an AVLTree"

else

write "The Given Binary Tree is NOT an AVLTree"

```
CheckIsAvl BinaryTree binTree
If call isBalance binTree is true
       return true
else
       return false
isBalance BinaryTree root
if root is null
       return true
leftHeigh assign call heigh root getLeftSubTree
rightHeigh assign heigh root getRightSubTree
if mutlak( leftHeigh - rightHeigh) is smaller with1 and
       call isBalance root get LeftSubTree and
       call isBalance root get RightSubTree
       return true
return false
heigh BinartTree root
if root is null
      return 0
else
       return 1 + call maxim root get LeftSubTree, root get RightSubTree
```

maxim value1 value2 return maximum of valu1, value2

3.2 Test Cases

Bu bölümün testleri aşağıdaki gibidir.

Test1:

Integer olarak defauld constructorla oluşturulan AVLTree Integer elemanlar eklenmiştir öncelikle eklenen bazı elamanlar yeniden eklenmeye çalışılarak eklenip eklenmediği kontroledilmiştir. Eklenen öğelerin gerçekten eklenilip eklenilmediği test edilmiştir.

Test 2:

Bu bölümde elimle bir Binary tree oluşturdum ilk önce dengeli olacak şekilde oluşturup AVLTree nin constructoruna vererek Test ettim test başarı ile sonuçlandı .

Devamında aynı binaryTree ye dengeyi bozacak şekilde yeni elemanlar ekledim ve yinme AVLTree nın constructoruna vererek AVLTree olup olmadığını kontrol ettim AVLTree yi desteklemeyen yapı başarı ile AVLTree olmadığı saqptanmıştır.

3.3 Running Commands and Results