SECTION 10

ACADEMIC ARTICLES

Introduction

What is an Academic Article?

An academic article is a detailed research report published in a scholarly journal, where researchers or scholars present:

- Original research
- New theories
- Case studies
- Reviews of existing literature
- Analytical discussions on a specific topic within a field of study.

Academic articles are also known as papers or research articles.

Key Features of an Academic Article

- Peer-reviewed: Most academic articles are reviewed by experts before being published.
- Structured format: Typically follows sections like Abstract, Introduction, Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusion.
- Evidence-based: Uses data, analysis, and citations to support claims.
- Formal tone: Objective, precise, and scholarly language.
- Citations & references: Takes what others have done and adds something new.

Structure of an Academic Article

The main sections of an academic paper usually follow a standard structure.

Title

The title clearly states the topic of the paper. It should be short but descriptive.

Abstract

The abstract is a summary (usually 150–300 words), which includes the research question, methods, results, and conclusions, and helps readers quickly determine the paper's relevance.

Introduction

The introduction presents the background and context, defines the problem or research question, and states the paper's purpose—sometimes including the hypothesis. It often ends with a brief outline of the paper's structure.

Literature Review

The Literature Review examines existing research related to the topic, identifies gaps that the paper addresses, and explains how your work connects to or adds to what is already known. It can sometimes be included as part of the introduction.

Methodology / Methods

The methodology section describes how the research was conducted. It includes detailed information on the study design, data collection procedures, and analysis techniques. This section should be deailed and clear enough to allow for replication by other researchers.

Results

This section presents the research findings without interpretation. It is objective and concise, often supported by tables, figures, or charts to visually display the data.

Discussion

This section interprets the results within the context of the research question and existing literature. It compares the findings with previous studies, shows what the results mean in real life, points out limitations, and suggests directions for future research.

Conclusion

The conclusion summarizes the main results of the research and reminds the reader why the study is important. It highlights the main message again and explains how the study could be useful in other areas. Sometimes, this part is included with the Discussion section.

References / Bibliography

This section shows all the sources used in the paper, written in the right citation style.

Optional Sections

- **Acknowledgements**: This section is used to mention funding sources, people who helped with the project, or anyone else you'd like to thank.
- **Appendices**: This section includes extra material that supports your paper, such as raw data, detailed calculations, or anything too long to include in the main text.