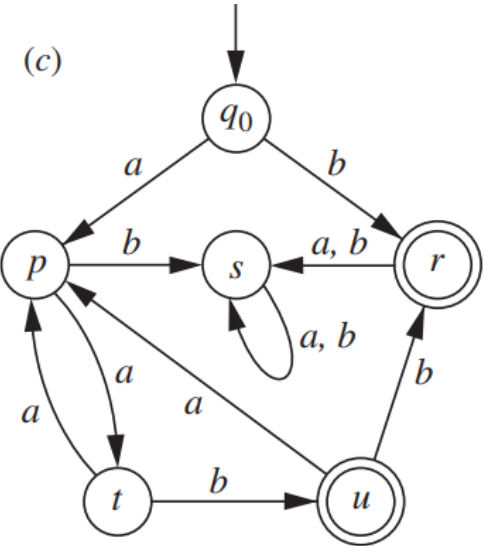
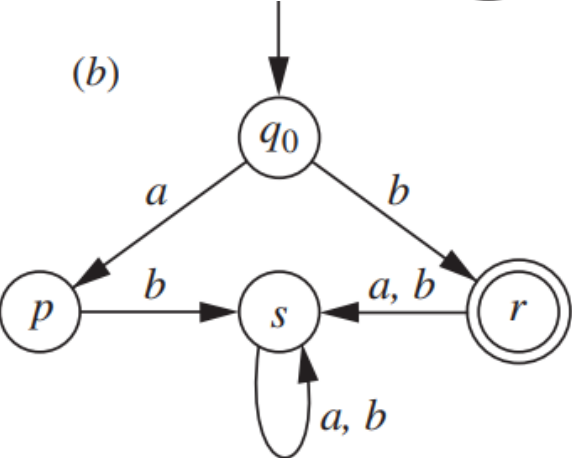
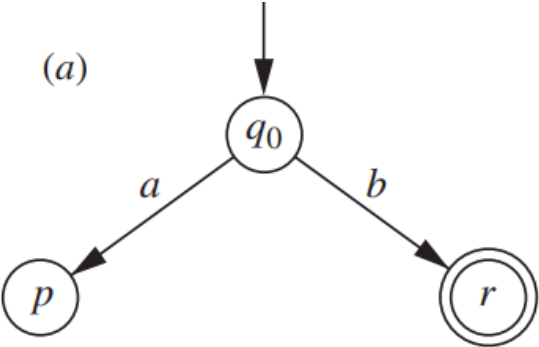
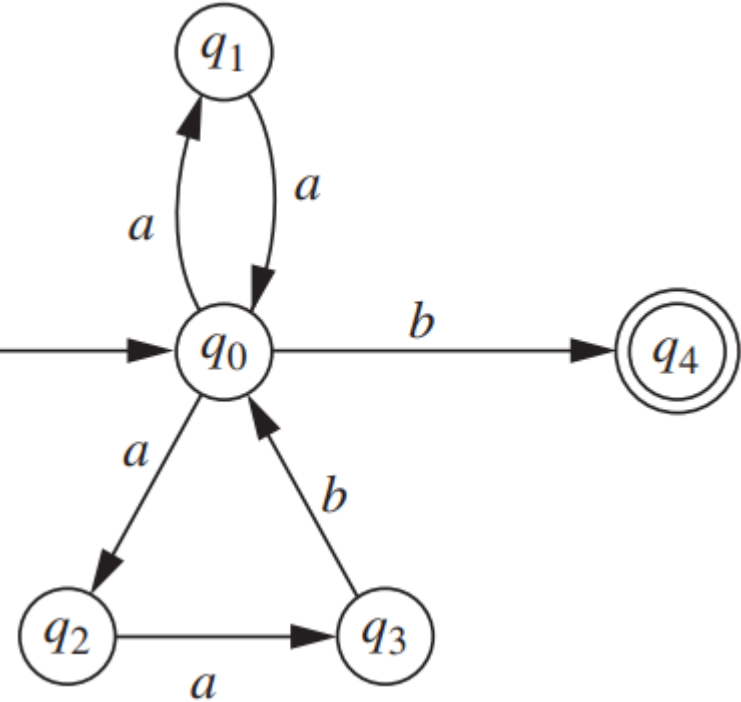


$\{aa, aab\}^* \{b\}$

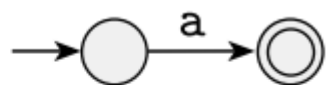


DFA

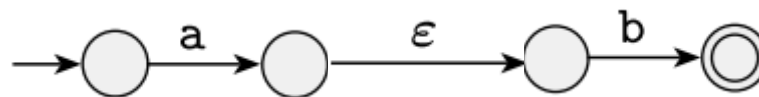
NFA



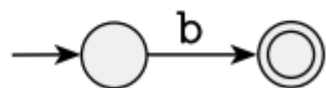
a



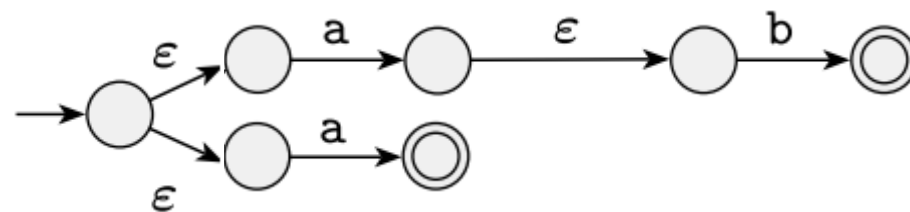
ab



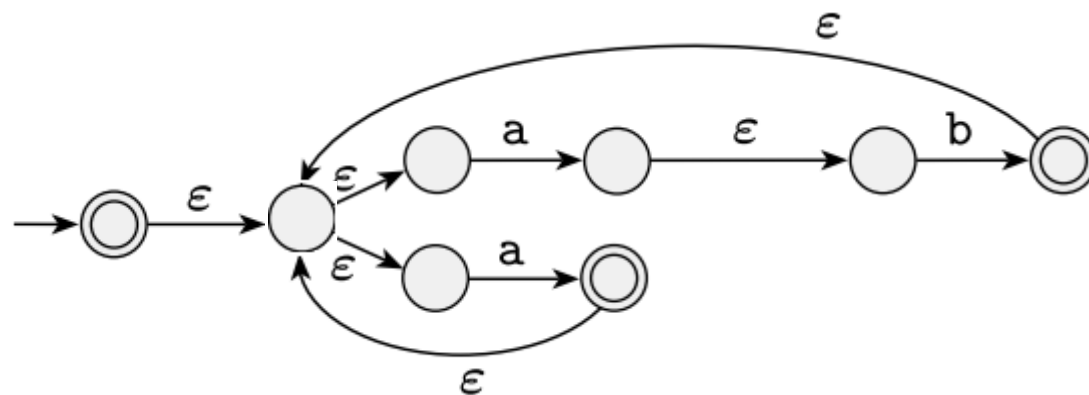
b



$ab \cup a$

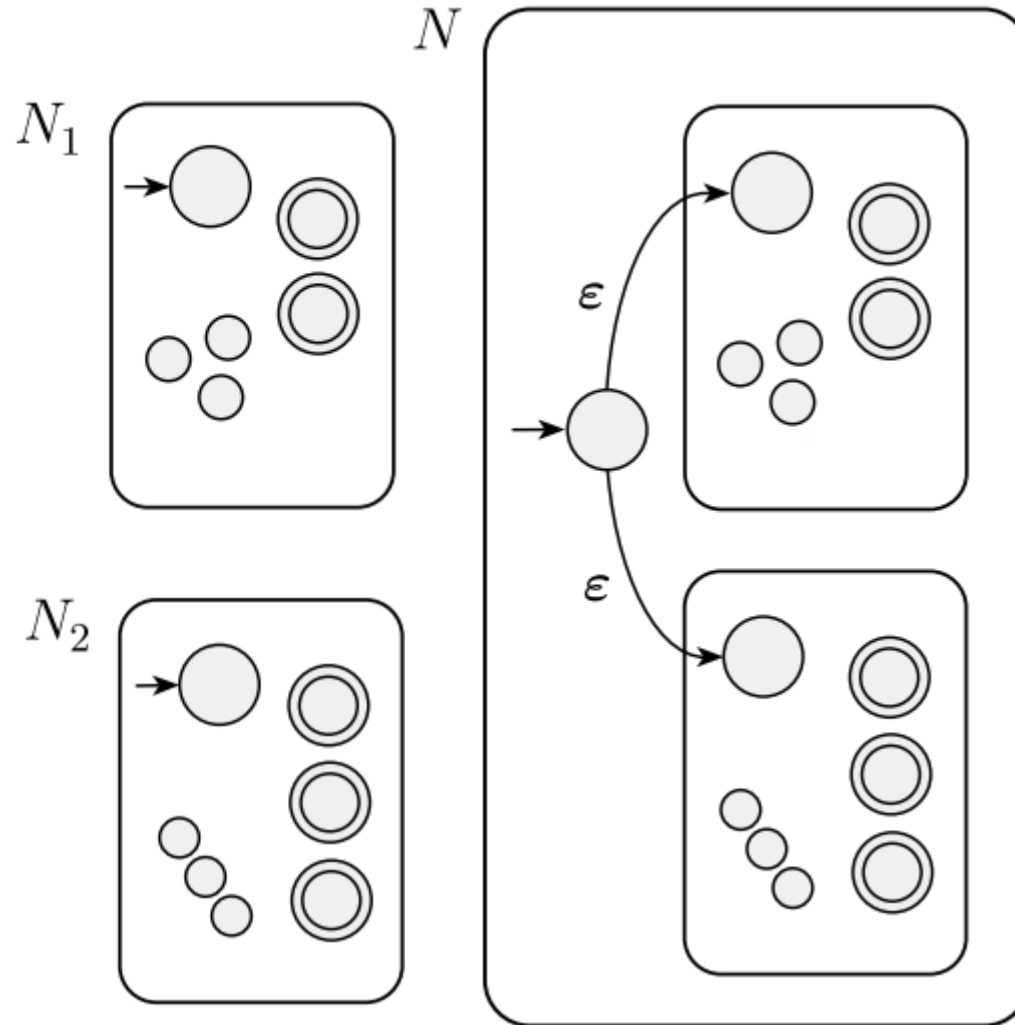


$(ab \cup a)^*$



A1 U A2'yi tanımak için bir NFA'nin oluşturulması

A1 ve A2 düzgün dilleri ise $A1 \cup A2$ dili de düzenli dildir.

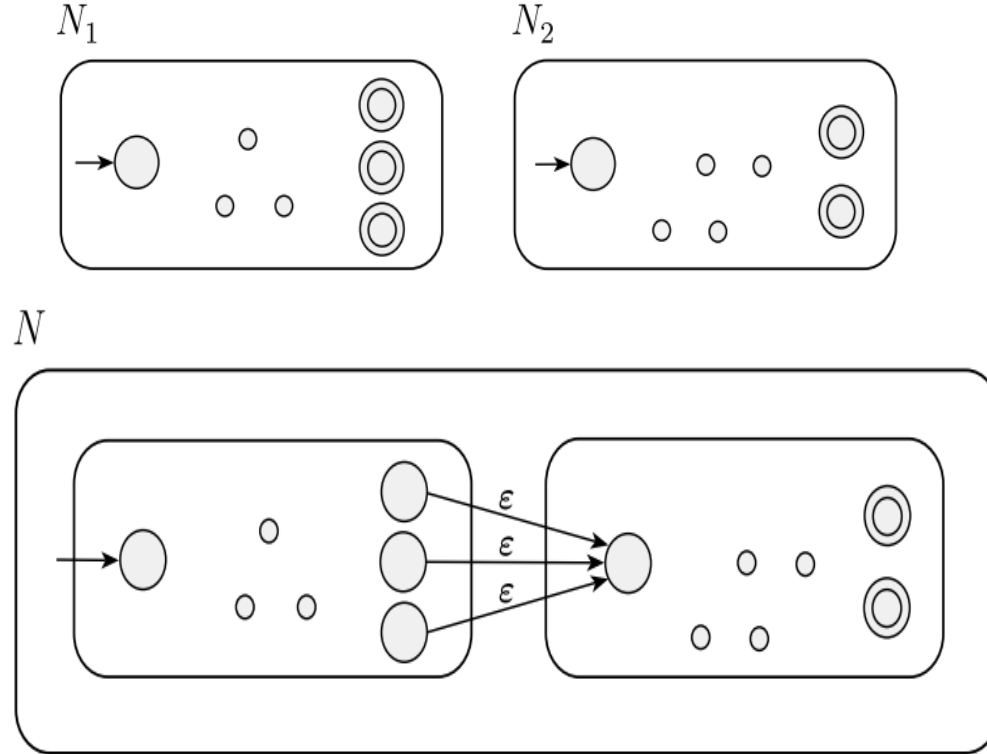


$N_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_1, F_1)$ recognize A_1 ,
 $N_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, q_2, F_2)$ recognize A_2 .

1. $Q = \{q_0\} \cup Q_1 \cup Q_2$.
2. The state q_0 is the start state of N .
3. $F = F_1 \cup F_2$.

4. $\delta(q, a) = \begin{cases} q \in Q \text{ and any } a \in \Sigma \\ \delta_1(q, a) & q \in Q_1 \\ \delta_2(q, a) & q \in Q_2 \\ \{q_1, q_2\} & q = q_0 \text{ and } a = \epsilon \\ \emptyset & q = q_0 \text{ and } a \neq \epsilon. \end{cases}$

A1 ve A2 düzgün dilleri ise A1 . A2 dili de düzenli dildir.



4. $q \in Q$ and any $a \in \Sigma_\epsilon$,

$$\delta(q, a) = \begin{cases} \delta_1(q, a) & q \in Q_1 \text{ and } q \notin F_1 \\ \delta_1(q, a) & q \in F_1 \text{ and } a \neq \epsilon \\ \delta_1(q, a) \cup \{q_2\} & q \in F_1 \text{ and } a = \epsilon \\ \delta_2(q, a) & q \in Q_2. \end{cases}$$

$N_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_1, F_1)$ recognize A_1 ,

$N_2 = (Q_2, \Sigma, \delta_2, q_2, F_2)$ recognize A_2 .

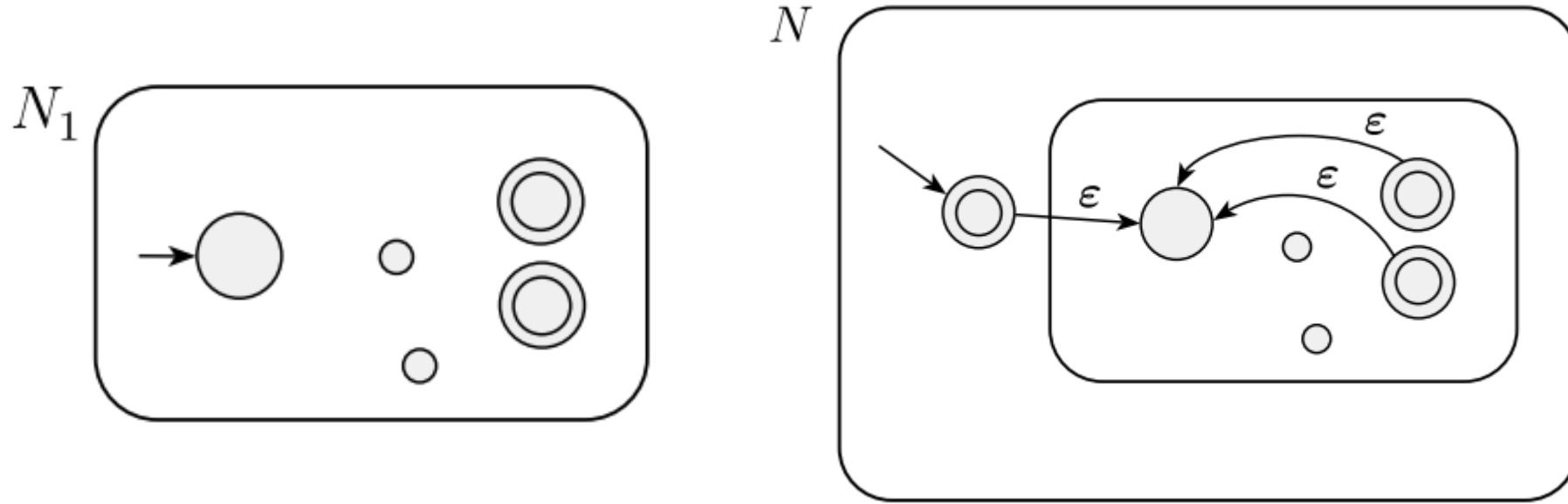
$N = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_1, F_2)$ to recognize $A_1 \circ A_2$.

1. $Q = Q_1 \cup Q_2$.

2. The state q_1

3. The accept states F_2

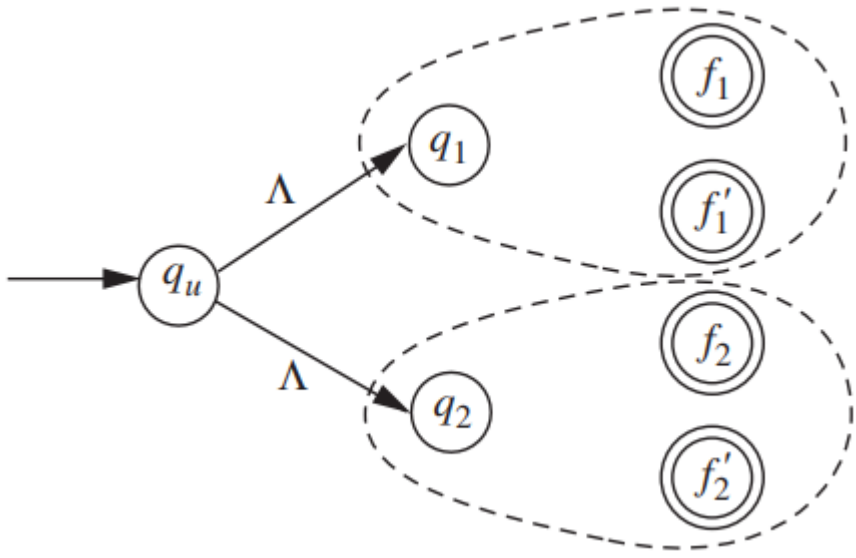
A_1 düzgün dil ise A_1^* dili de düzenli dildir.



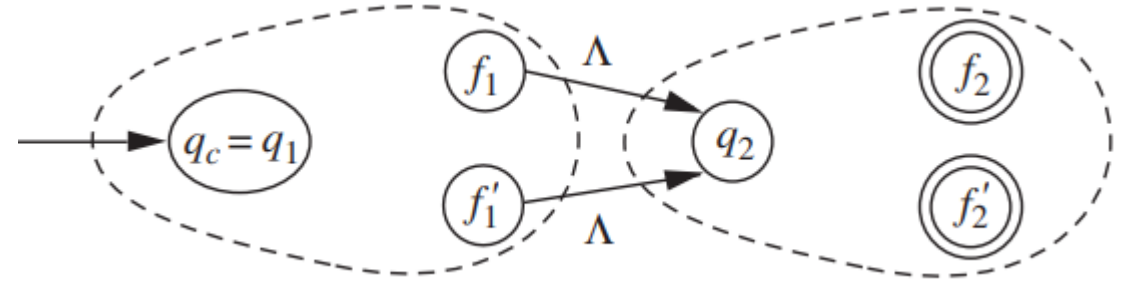
$N_1 = (Q_1, \Sigma, \delta_1, q_1, F_1)$ recognize A_1 .

$N = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ to recognize A_1^* .

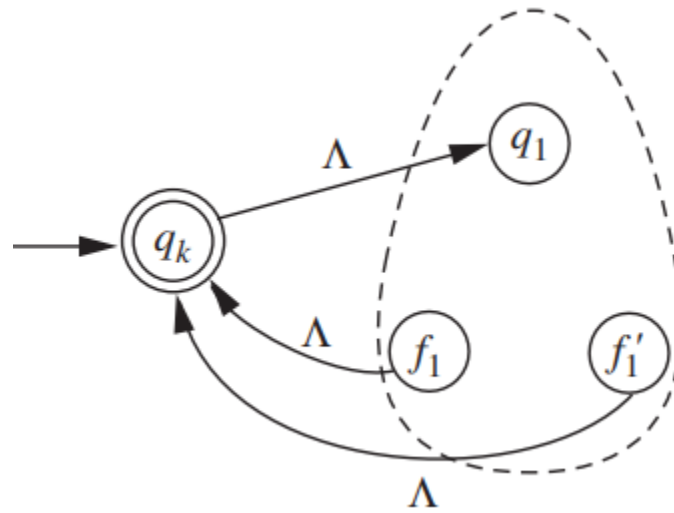
1. $Q = \{q_0\} \cup Q_1$.
2. The state q_0 is the new start state.
3. $F = \{q_0\} \cup F_1$.



VEYA

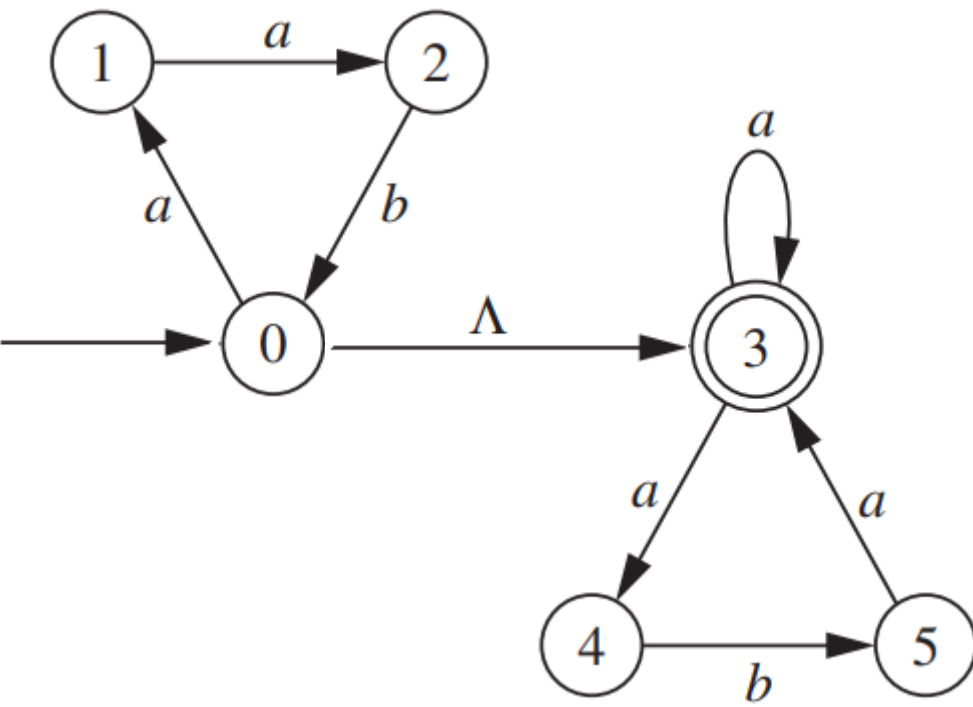


Bitiştirme

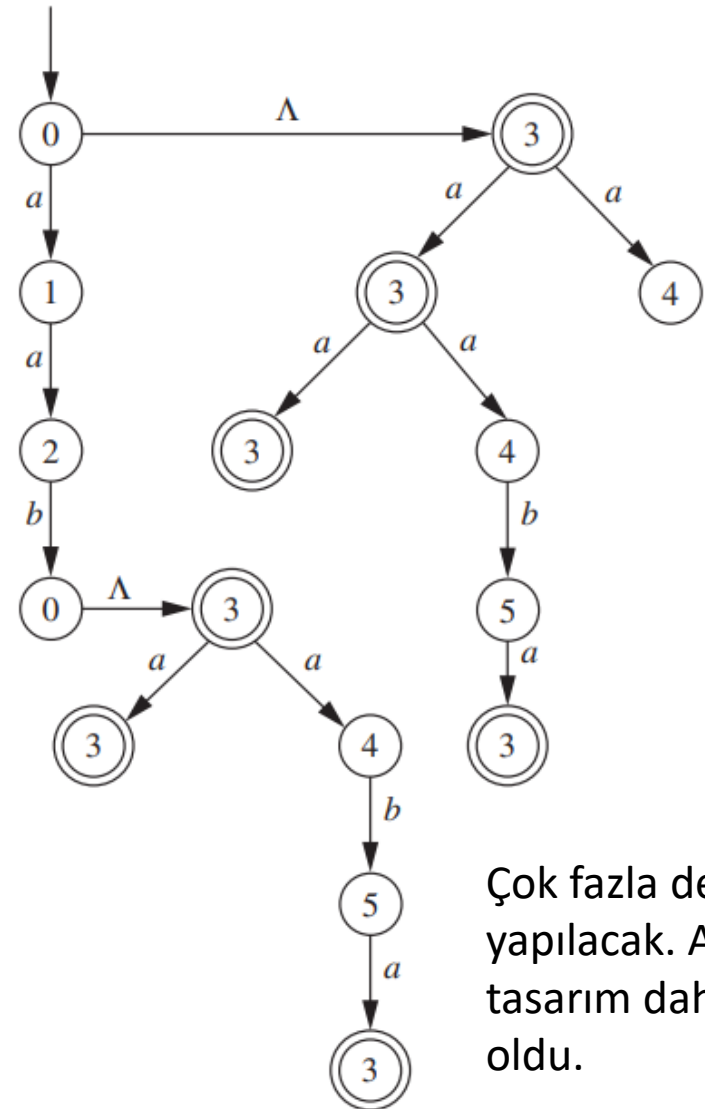


Yıldız kapanma

$$\{aab\}^* \{a, aba\}^*$$

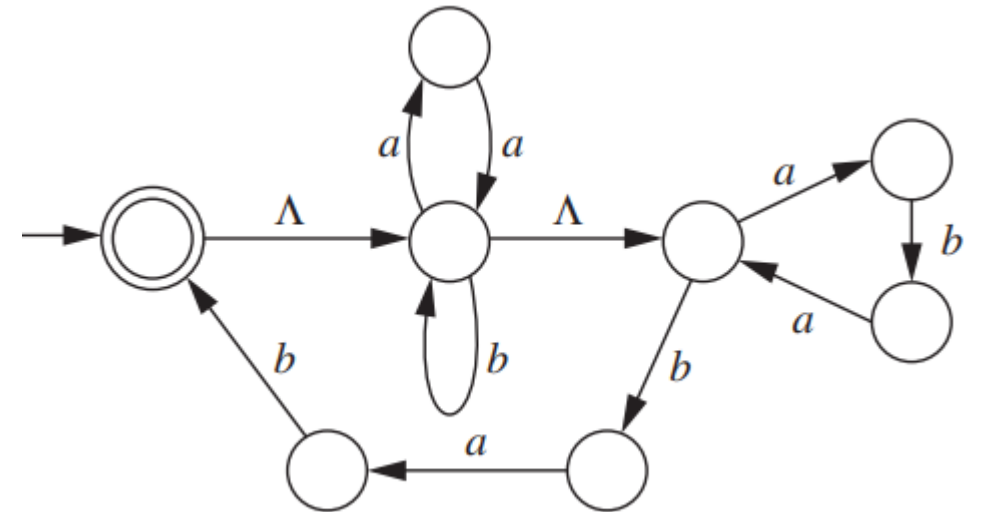
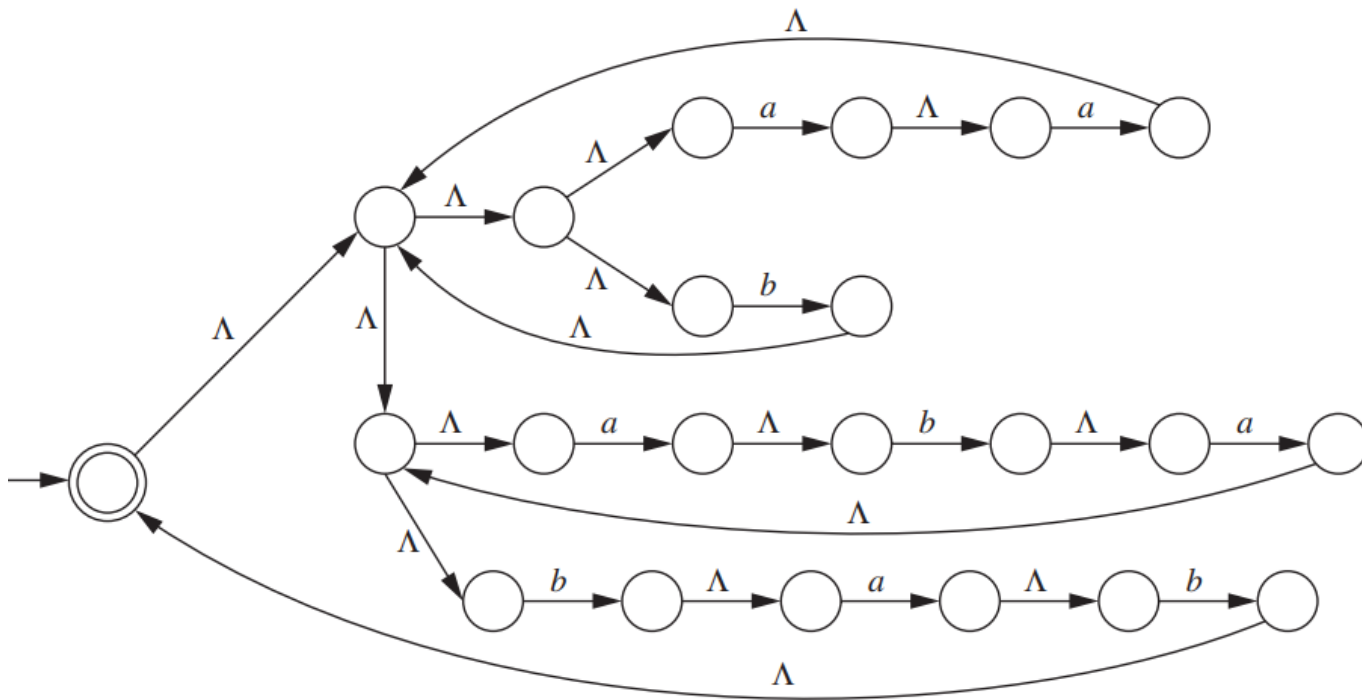


W=aababa



Çok fazla deneme
yapılacak. Ancak
tasarım daha kolay
oldu.

$$((aa + b)^*(aba)^*bab)^*$$



A *nondeterministic finite automaton* (NFA) $(Q, \Sigma, q_0, A, \delta)$,

- Q is a finite set of states;
- Σ is a finite input alphabet;
- $q_0 \in Q$ is the initial state;
- $A \subseteq Q$ is the set of accepting states;
- $\delta : Q \times (\Sigma \cup \{\Lambda\}) \rightarrow 2^Q$ is the transition function

The Λ -Closure of a Set of States

$M = (Q, \Sigma, q_0, A, \delta)$ is an NFA, and $S \subseteq Q$ is a set of states. The Λ -closure of S is the set $\Lambda(S)$ that can be defined recursively as follows.

1. $S \subseteq \Lambda(S)$.
2. For every $q \in \Lambda(S)$, $\delta(q, \Lambda) \subseteq \Lambda(S)$.

$\Lambda(S)$ 'in hesaplanması

Bir durum, eğer $\Lambda(S)$ 'nin bir elemanı ise veya bir veya daha fazla geçiş kullanılarak S 'nin bir elemanından ulaşılabiliriyorsa, (S) 'dedir.

T kümesi, S olacak şekilde başlatılır. Kümenin kendisi boşluk kapanma kümesine aittir. .

Her $q \in T$ 'yi dikkate alarak ve $\delta(q, \Lambda)$ ' ulaşılabilir durumlar, eğer o ana kadar T kümesinde yoksa T 'ye eklenir.

T artık değişmeyinceye kadar bu işlemlere devam edilir.

T 'nin son değeri $\Lambda(S)$ 'dir.

Let $M = (Q, \Sigma, q_0, A, \delta)$ be an NFA. We define the extended transition function

$$\delta^* : Q \times \Sigma^* \rightarrow 2^Q$$

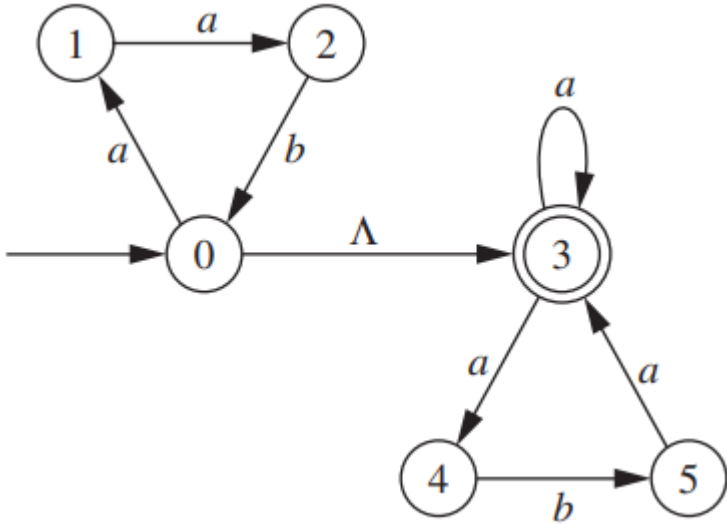
as follows:

1. For every $q \in Q$, $\delta^*(q, \Lambda) = \Lambda(\{q\})$.
2. For every $q \in Q$, every $y \in \Sigma^*$, and every $\sigma \in \Sigma$,

$$\delta^*(q, y\sigma) = \Lambda \left(\bigcup \{ \delta(p, \sigma) \mid p \in \delta^*(q, y) \} \right)$$

A string $x \in \Sigma^*$ is accepted by M if $\delta^*(q_0, x) \cap A \neq \emptyset$. The language $L(M)$ accepted by M is the set of all strings accepted by M .

Aşağıdaki NFA- Λ makinesinde 'aab' katarını tarayınız.



$$\Lambda \{0\} = \{0, 3\}$$

$$\Lambda \{0, a\} = \Lambda(\delta(0, a) \cup \delta(3, a)) = \Lambda(\{1\} \cup \{3, 4\}) = \{1, 3, 4\}$$

$$\Lambda \{0, aa\} = \Lambda(\delta(1, a) \cup \delta(3, a) \cup \delta(4, a)) = \Lambda(\{2\} \cup \{3, 4\} \cup \emptyset) = \{2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\delta^*(0, aa) = \{2, 3, 4\}.$$

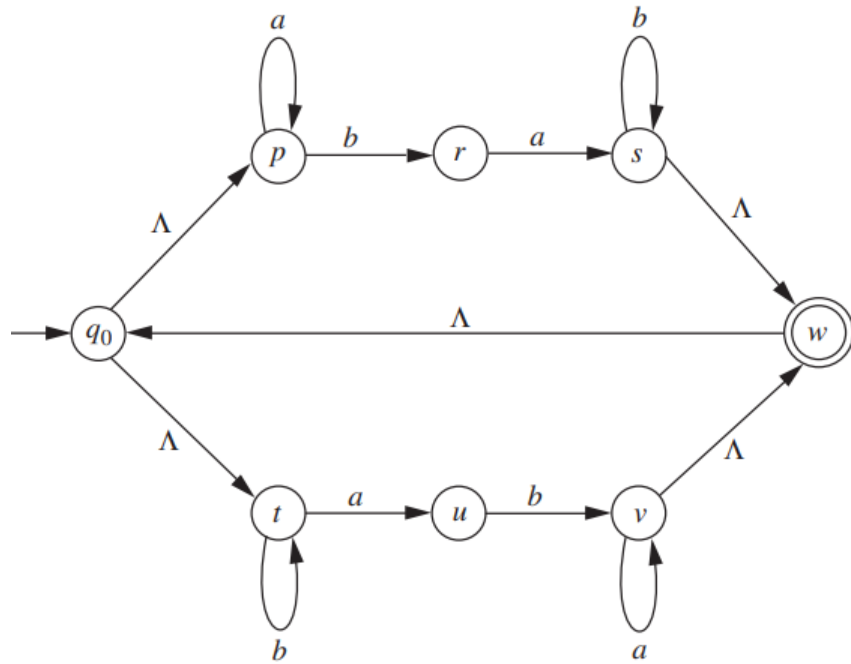
$$\delta^*(0, aab)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bigcup \{\delta(p, b) \mid p \in \{2, 3, 4\}\} &= \delta(2, b) \cup \delta(3, b) \cup \delta(4, b) = \{0\} \cup \emptyset \cup \{5\} \\ &= \{0, 5\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Lambda \{0, 5\} = \{0, 5, 3\}$$

Kabul durumu (3 nolu durum) içerdiğinden KABUL edilir.

ÖRNEK:Aşağıdaki NFA- Λ makinesinde 'aba' katarını tarayınız.



$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(q_0, \Lambda) &= \Lambda(\{q_0\}) \\ &= \{q_0, p, t\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(q_0, a) &= \Lambda \left(\bigcup \{ \delta(k, a) \mid k \in \delta^*(q_0, \Lambda) \} \right) \\ &= \Lambda (\delta(q_0, a) \cup \delta(p, a) \cup \delta(t, a)) \\ &= \Lambda (\emptyset \cup \{p\} \cup \{u\}) \\ &= \Lambda(\{p, u\}) \\ &= \{p, u\}\end{aligned}$$

F={w}

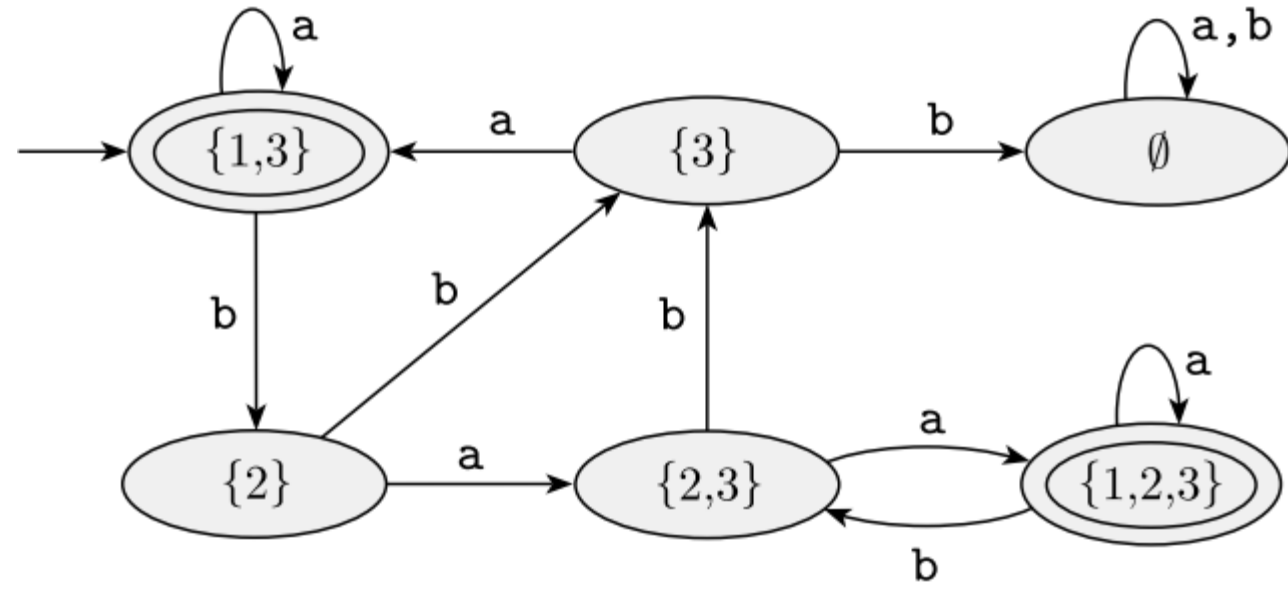
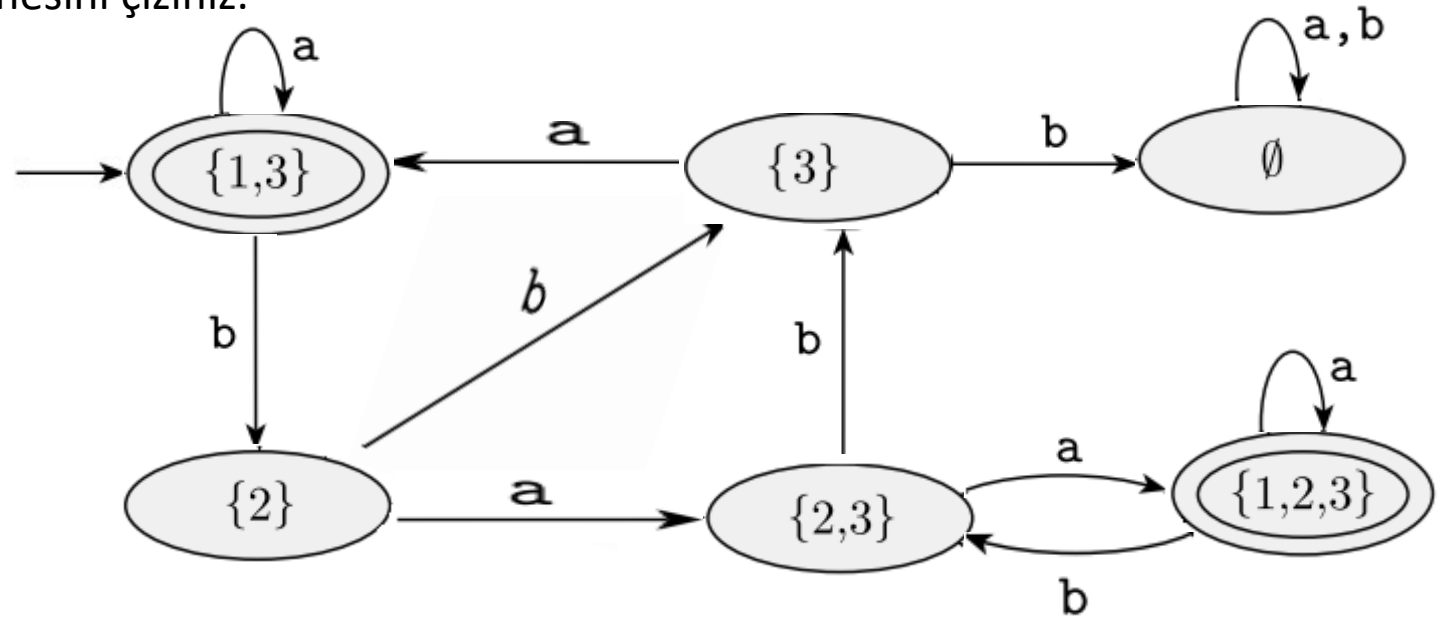
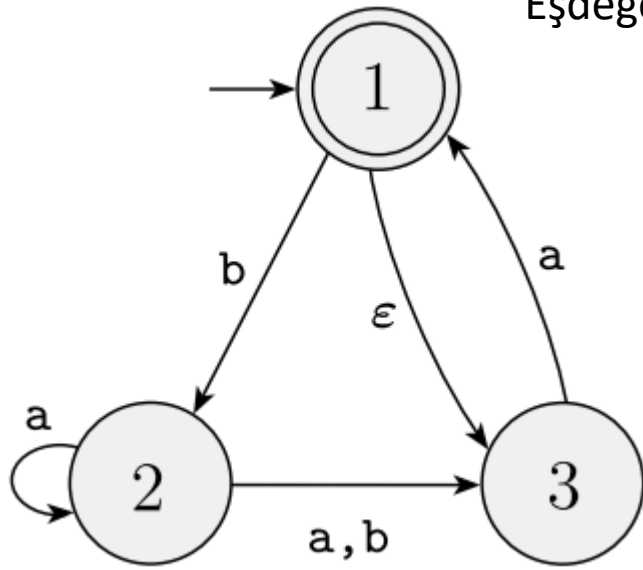
$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(q_0, ab) &= \Lambda \left(\bigcup \{ \delta(k, b) \mid k \in \{p, u\} \} \right) \\ &= \Lambda(\delta(p, b) \cup \delta(u, b)) \\ &= \Lambda(\{r, v\}) \\ &= \{r, v, w, q_0, p, t\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta^*(q_0, aba) &= \Lambda \left(\bigcup \{ \delta(k, a) \mid k \in \{r, v, w, q_0, p, t\} \} \right) \\ &= \Lambda(\delta(r, a) \cup \delta(v, a) \cup \delta(w, a) \cup \delta(q_0, a) \cup \delta(p, a) \cup \delta(t, a)) \\ &= \Lambda(\{s\} \cup \{v\} \cup \emptyset \cup \emptyset \cup \{p\} \cup \{u\}) \\ &= \Lambda(\{s, v, p, u\})\end{aligned}$$

$$= \{s, v, p, u, w, q_0, t\}$$

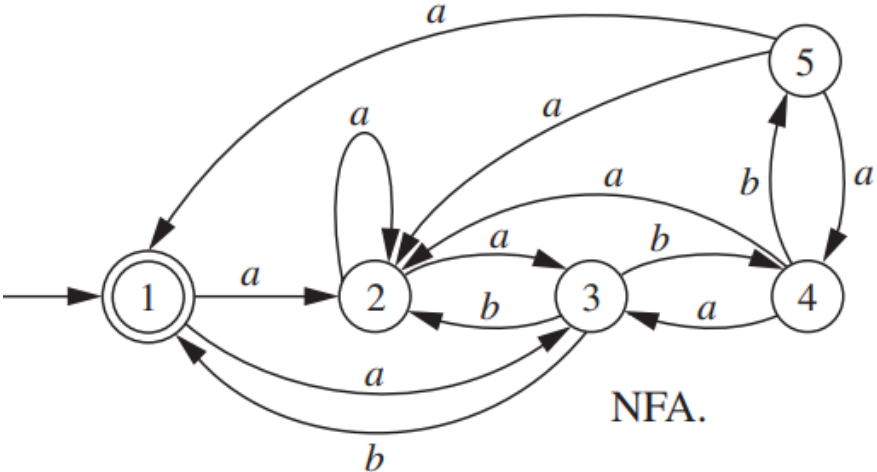
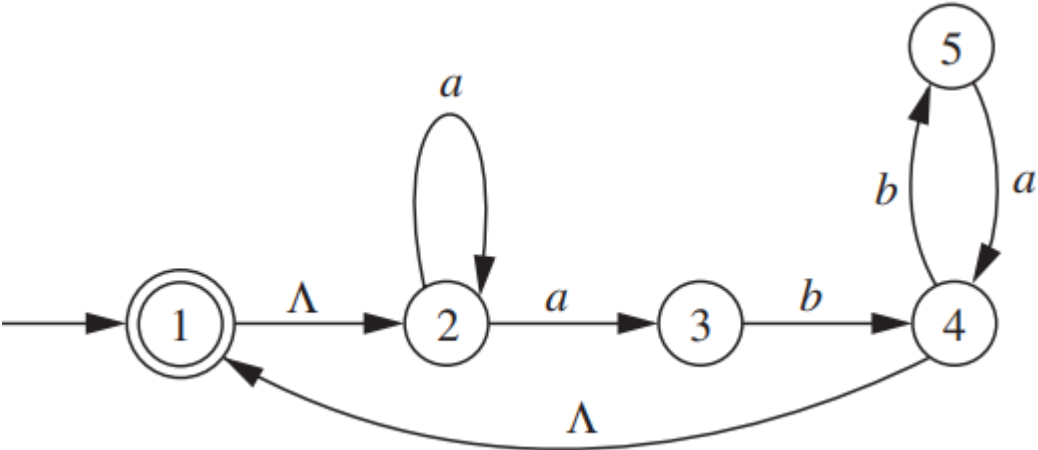
Sonuç kümede «w» durumu olduğu için katar kabul edilir.

Eşdeğer NFA makinesini çiziniz.

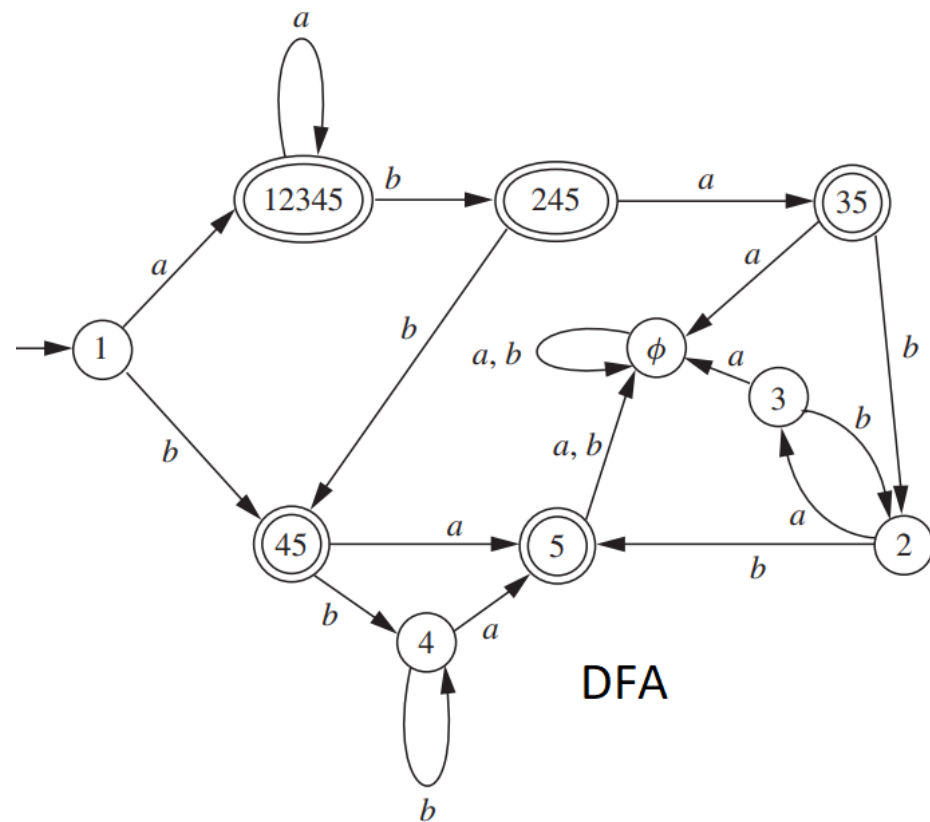
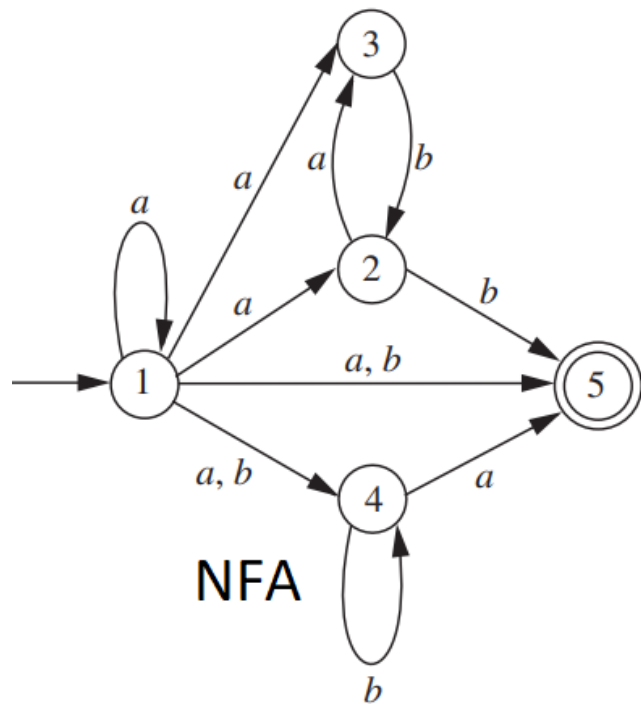
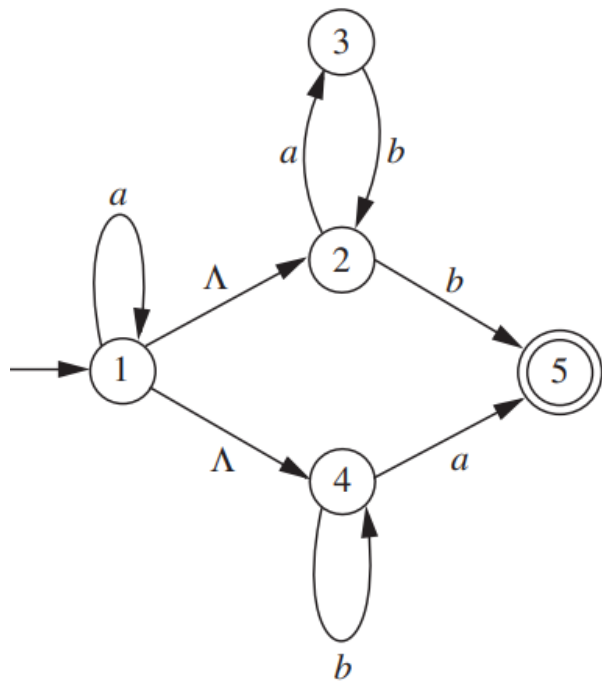


$(a^*ab(ba)^*)^*$

Regüler ifadesi için NFA- Λ makinesini çiziniz ve eşdeğer NFA makinesini çiziniz.



q	$\delta(q, a)$	$\delta(q, b)$	$\delta(q, \Lambda)$	$\delta^*(q, a)$	$\delta^*(q, b)$
1	{1}	\emptyset	{2, 4}	{2, 3}	\emptyset
2	{3}	{5}	\emptyset	{2, 3}	\emptyset
3	\emptyset	{2}	\emptyset	\emptyset	{1, 2, 4}
4	{5}	{4}	\emptyset	{2, 3}	{5}
5	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	{1, 2, 4}	\emptyset



q	$\delta(q, a)$	$\delta(q, b)$	$\delta(q, \Lambda)$	$\delta^*(q, a)$	$\delta^*(q, b)$
1	{1}	\emptyset	{2, 4}	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	{4, 5}
2	{3}	{5}	\emptyset	{3}	{5}
3	\emptyset	{2}	\emptyset	\emptyset	{2}
4	{5}	{4}	\emptyset	{5}	{4}
5	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset

DURUM SAYISI İNDİRGEME
(haftaya)