
LAB 05: Streaming & Auto Loader

Duration: ~35 min

Day: 2

After module: M05: Incremental Data Processing

Difficulty: Intermediate-Advanced

Scenario

“RetailHub launched a new sales channel – orders now arrive as JSON files every 5 minutes in a landing zone. Your task: configure Auto Loader for continuous ingestion, process the stream, and land the data in the Bronze Delta table with exactly-once guarantees.”

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Configure Auto Loader (`cloudFiles`) for streaming file ingestion
- Set up `readStream` and `writeStream` pipelines
- Use `trigger(availableNow=True)` for incremental batch processing
- Manage checkpoints for exactly-once guarantees
- Monitor active streams

Part 1: COPY INTO (Batch) (~10 min)

Task 1: Load Files with COPY INTO

Use `COPY INTO` to load the first batch of JSON files. Observe its idempotent behavior.

Exam Tip: `COPY INTO` tracks files already loaded. Re-running it on the same files is a no-op. Useful for simple, scheduled batch ingestion.

<screen = `COPY INTO` command result showing rows loaded and files processed count>

Task 2: Re-run `COPY INTO`

Run the same `COPY INTO` again. Observe that 0 new rows are loaded (idempotent).

Part 2: Auto Loader (~15 min)

Task 3: Configure Auto Loader Stream

Set up a `readStream` with Auto Loader: - Format: `cloudFiles` - Source format: JSON - Schema location for schema inference - Checkpoint location for exactly-once processing

Task 4: Write Stream to Bronze

Write the Auto Loader stream to a Bronze Delta table using
`trigger(availableNow=True)`.

<screen = Streaming query progress showing numInputRows, numOutputRows, and processing time>

Exam Tip: `trigger(availableNow=True)` processes all available files and then stops. It replaces the deprecated `trigger(once=True)` with better performance (multiple micro-batches).

Task 5: Simulate New Arrivals

Copy new JSON files to the landing zone, then re-run the stream. Only new files should be processed.

Part 3: Stream Monitoring (~10 min)

Task 6: Check Active Streams

Use `spark.streams.active` to list running streams.

Task 7: Inspect Checkpoint

Examine the checkpoint directory to understand the state management.

Exam Tip: Checkpoints store: (1) what files have been processed (source offsets), (2) what data has been committed (sink commitlog). Never delete or modify checkpoints in production.

Summary

In this lab you:

- Used COPY INTO for idempotent batch ingestion
- Configured Auto Loader for streaming file ingestion
- Used trigger(`availableNow=True`) for incremental processing
- Verified exactly-once guarantees via checkpoints

What's next: Day 3 starts with LAB 06 - Advanced Transforms using PySpark and SQL.