Package 'resp'

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Version 1.0.1

Description Given a data.frame and selecting fixed and random factors, returns a set of models that allow to select the significant effect of the fixed factors.

Depends R (>= 3.0.2)
Imports lme4, stats
Encoding UTF-8
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resp-package

Creates response models for whole datasets

Description

Given a data.frame and selecting fixed and random factors, returns a set of models that allow to select the significant effect of the fixed factors.

Details

The DESCRIPTION file: This package was not yet installed at build time.

Index: This package was not yet installed at build time. ~~ An overview of how to use the package, including the most important functions ~~

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Author(s)

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```

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References

~~ Literature or other references for background information ~~

See Also

```
~~ Optional links to other man pages, e.g. ~~ ~~ <pkg> ~~
```

Examples

```
\sim\sim simple examples of the most important functions \sim\sim
```

formula_from_vec

Formula string creation from vector elements

Description

Given a vector, create a unique string from the elements.

Usage

```
formula_from_vec(x, start='~', mid=' + ', end='', as_formula=FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
x vector to be transformed
start initial string, DEFAULT: '~ '
mid between-elements string, DEFAULT: ' + '
end final string, DEFAULT: ''
as_formula logical, return string as S formula, DEFAULT: FALSE
```

Value

Returns single string of concatenated elements

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log.dataset

log-transform data.frame

Description

given a whole dataset in data.frame format, log-transform the values avoiding NAs and zeros, so no -Inf or NaN is created

Usage

```
log.dataset(data, columns = 1:dim(data)[2])
```

Arguments

data data.frame to be transformed

columns to be transformed, DEFAULT: whole data.frame

Value

Returns the same dataframe with log-transformed values

mod.check

check models to recover performance information

Description

After a mresp object is created, check for fixed factors significance and unvalidated results, mod.check can also be used to compare the performance of the created mixed models

Usage

```
mod.check(models,omit_NA=TRUE)
```

Arguments

models mresp object to be analyzed

omit_NA logical, compare data without NA values, DEFAULT: TRUE

Value

Returns the given mresp object with new check_out element inside each response variable

4 mod.resp

Create response lmer models for a whole data.frame

Description

Given the fixed and random factors of a data.frame, creates a list of 5 mixed models for each response variable, so the best fit can be selected

Usage

```
mod.resp(data, fixed, random, r_group, exclude,
  omit_NA = TRUE, fixed_interaction = TRUE, check_models = TRUE)
```

Arguments

	data	data.frame to be analyzed		
	fixed	vector of column names to be used as fixed factors		
	random	vector of column names to be used as random factors		
	r_group	vector of column names to be used as random grouping factors		
	exclude	vector of column names to be excluded from the response analysis		
	omit_NA	logical, DEFAULT TRUE, avoid using NAs from data		
fixed_interaction				
		logical, DEFAULT TRUE, check interaction from fixed factors		
	check_models	logical, DEFAULT TRUE, create check_out table for each response variable		

Value

Returns mresp object with a list of response variables sorted alphabetically, with 5 models each and a comparision between them (checkout)

```
resp_1 First response variable
resp_... Other response variables
resp_n Last response variable
```

References

```
lmer, stats
```

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Examples

```
x <- data.frame(
    Treatment=rep(c('T1','T2','T3'),5),
    Specie=rep(c('S1','S2','S3'),5),
    Group=rep(c('A','B','C'),5),
    Rand=runif(n = 15),
    Heigth=c(runif(n=15)*10),
    Diameter=c(seq(from=2,to=8,length.out=15)*runif(n=1)),
    Number_leaves=c(seq(from=20,to=800,length.out=15)),
    other=runif(n=15)
)
mod.resp(data = x, fixed = c('Treatment','Specie'), random='Rand', r_group = c('Group'),e</pre>
```

print.mresp

Print method for mresp objects

Description

Prints a resume table of the relations between models based on logLikelihood ratio