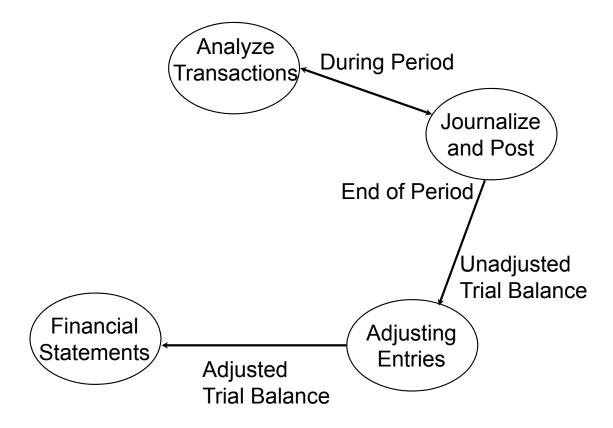
The Accounting Cycle





Preparation of Financial Statements

- Adjusted Trial Balance
 - Summarizes balances in each account after adjusting entries
 - Used to make financial statements
- Preparation of Financial Statements
 - Prepare Income Statement first
 - Then, use Net Income to update Retained Earnings and to prepare Balance Sheet
 - Finally, complete the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Stockholders'
 Equity



Income Statement Format

The Income Statement generally has the following format:

Revenue (or Sales)

- Cost of Goods Sold
 Gross Profit
- Operating (SG&A) Expense
 Operating Income
- Interest, Gains, and Losses
 Pre-tax Income
- Income Tax ExpenseNet Income



Balance Sheet Format: Assets

- Assets are listed first in the following order:
 - Current assets (benefits within next year)
 - Ordered by liquidity (how readily can they be converted to cash)
 - Cash
 - Accounts Receivable
 - Inventory
 - Prepaid Assets
 - Noncurrent assets
 - Tangible assets
 - Intangible assets

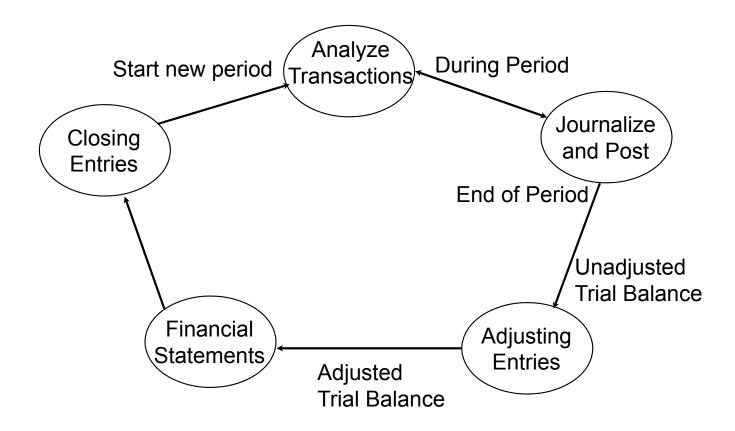


Balance Sheet Format: Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

- Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity are listed next in the following order:
 - Current liabilities (obligations within next year)
 - Ordered by liquidity
 - Bank borrowings
 - Accounts payable and other payables
 - Deferred revenues and other noncash
 - Noncurrent liabilities
 - Bank borrowings and bonds
 - Other types of liabilities (deferred taxes, pensions)
 - Stockholders' equity
 - Contributed capital
 - Retained earnings



The Accounting Cycle





Close Temporary Accounts

Temporary Accounts

- Accumulate the effects of transactions for a period of time only
- Revenue and Expense accounts
- Closed out to retained earnings at the end of period

Permanent Accounts

- Accumulate the effects of transactions over the entire life of business
- Balance sheet accounts (Assets, Liabilities, Contributed Capital, Retained Earnings)



Close Temporary Accounts

- Closing entries
 - Internal transactions that "zero out" temporary accounts at the end of the accounting period
 - Revenue and Expense account balances are transferred to Retained Earnings
 - · Revenues:

Dr. Revenue Accounts (-R, -SE)

Cr. Retained Earnings (+SE)

• Expenses:

Dr. Retained Earnings (-SE)

Cr. Expense Accounts (-E, +SE)

- Post-closing trial balance
 - Summarizes balances of permanent accounts after closing entries
 - All revenue and expense accounts have a zero balance
- Now, we're ready to start the next fiscal period



Relic Spotter Inc. Case

- Prepare the adjusted trial balance
- Prepare the Income Statement
- Record the closing entries and post to T-accounts
- Prepare the Balance Sheet

