

AI ASSISTED CODING

Lab 19 – Code Translation: Converting between programming languages

Roll no: 2503A51L44

Name: Meer Burhan Ali Hashmi

Batch:20

Lab Question 1: Sorting Algorithm Translation

You are part of a multinational development team. The backend is written in Java, but a new module requires a Python implementation of the same algorithm for integration with a data science pipeline.

Task 1: Use AI-assisted coding to translate a given Java bubble sort program into Python. Verify that the translated code works correctly.

Prompt: Translate the below java program into python code.

Original Java Code:

```
class BubbleSort {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr = {5, 2, 9, 1, 5, 6};  
        int n = arr.length;  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {  
            for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {  
                if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {  
                    int temp = arr[j];  
                    arr[j] = arr[j + 1];  
                    arr[j + 1] = temp;  
                }  
            }  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("Sorted array:");  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Code Generated:

(Translated Python Code)

```
task1-19.py x  
task1-19.py > ...  
1  # Bubble Sort Program in Python  
2  
3  def bubble_sort(arr):  
4      n = len(arr)  
5      for i in range(n - 1):  
6          for j in range(n - i - 1):  
7              if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:  
8                  # swap the elements  
9                  arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]  
10             return arr  
11  
12 # Example usage  
13 arr = [5, 2, 9, 1, 5, 6]  
14 sorted_arr = bubble_sort(arr)  
15 print("Sorted array:", sorted_arr)  
16 |
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> & C:/Users/3410/AppData/Local/Programs/
Sorted array: [1, 2, 5, 5, 6, 9]
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> []
```

Task 2: Introduce errors in the Python version to check if the input list is empty or contains non-numeric values.

Code Generated:

```
11
12 # Example usage
13 arr = [5, 2, 9, 1, 5, 6]
14 sorted_arr = bubble_sort(arr)
15 print("Sorted array:", sorted_arr)
16
17 # Bubble Sort with Error Checks
18
19 def bubble_sort(arr):
20     # Check if list is empty
21     if not arr:
22         print("Error: The input list is empty.")
23         return []
24
25     # Check if all elements are numeric
26     for item in arr:
27         if not isinstance(item, (int, float)):
28             print("Error: List contains non-numeric values:", item)
29             return []
30
31     # Perform bubble sort if valid
32     n = len(arr)
33     for i in range(n - 1):
34         for j in range(n - i - 1):
35             if arr[j] > arr[j + 1]:
36                 arr[j], arr[j + 1] = arr[j + 1], arr[j]
37
38     return arr
39
40 # Example test cases
41 print(bubble_sort([5, 3, 1, 4]))      # Works fine
42 print(bubble_sort([]))                # Empty list error
43 print(bubble_sort([4, 'a', 2]))       # Non-numeric error
44
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> & C:/Users/3410/AppData/Local/Programs/
Sorted array: [1, 2, 5, 5, 6, 9]
[1, 3, 4, 5]
Error: The input list is empty.
[]
Error: List contains non-numeric values: a
[]
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> []
```

Observation: The bubble sort algorithm was translated from Java to Python successfully, maintaining the same logic and output. Error-handling features were added in the Python version to check for empty or invalid input lists, ensuring the program runs smoothly and handles incorrect data safely.

Lab Question 2: File Handling Translation

A company's legacy codebases stores and processes files in C++, but the analytics team needs an equivalent program in JavaScript (Node.js) for integration with a web dashboard.

Task 1: Translate a given C++ file read-and-write program into JavaScript using AI assistance. Ensure the script reads a text file and writes processed output to a new file.

Prompt: Translate a C++ file handling program into JavaScript (Node.js).

Code generated:

Original C++ program :

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <fstream>
3 #include <string>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 int main() {
7     ifstream inputFile("input.txt");
8     ofstream outputFile("output.txt");
9
10    if (!inputFile) {
11        cout << "Error: Cannot open input file!" << endl;
12        return 1;
13    }
14
15    string line;
16    while (getline(inputFile, line)) {
17        // Simple processing: convert text to uppercase
18        for (char &c : line) c = toupper(c);
19        outputFile << line << endl;
20    }
21
22    inputFile.close();
23    outputFile.close();
24
25    cout << "File processing complete!" << endl;
26    return 0;
27 }
```

Equivalent

(Node.js) version :

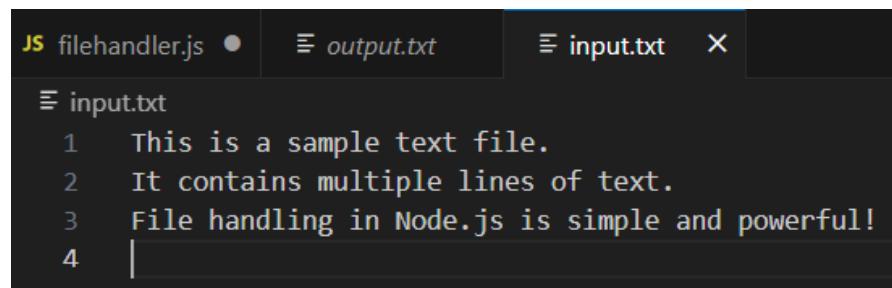
JavaScript

```
js filehandlerjs > ...
1 // Import the 'fs' (file system) module
2 const fs = require('fs');
3
4 // Define input and output filenames
5 const inputFile = 'input.txt';
6 const outputFile = 'output.txt';
7
8 // Read the input file
9 fs.readFile(inputFile, 'utf8', (err, data) => {
10    // Process the file content (convert text to uppercase)
11    const processedData = data.toUpperCase();
12
13    // Write processed data to output file
14    fs.writeFile(outputFile, processedData, () => {
15        console.log('File processing complete!');
16    });
17});
18
```

Output:

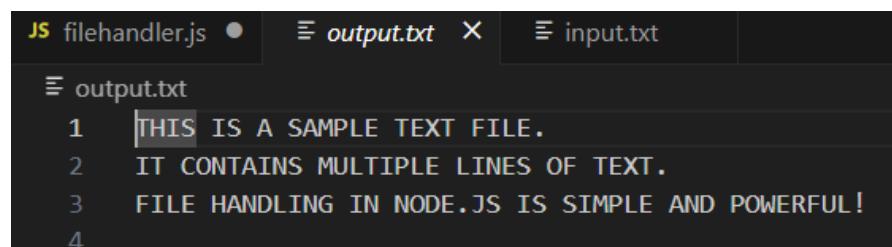
```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> node fileHandler.js
>>
File processing complete!
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

Input.txt file:



```
JS filehandler.js ● Ξ output.txt Ξ input.txt X
Ξ input.txt
1 This is a sample text file.
2 It contains multiple lines of text.
3 File handling in Node.js is simple and powerful!
4
```

Created Output.txt file:



```
JS filehandler.js ● Ξ output.txt X Ξ input.txt
Ξ output.txt
1 THIS IS A SAMPLE TEXT FILE.
2 IT CONTAINS MULTIPLE LINES OF TEXT.
3 FILE HANDLING IN NODE.JS IS SIMPLE AND POWERFUL!
4
```

Task 2: Add error handling in the JavaScript version to gracefully handle missing files or permission errors.

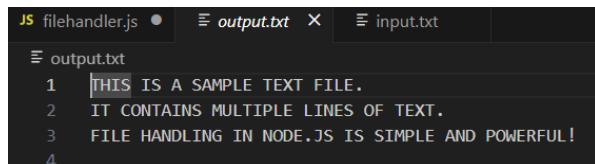
Code Generated:

```
JS filehandler.js X Ξ task1-19.py ● JS search.js Ξ input.txt
JS filehandler.js > ...
1 // Import the 'fs' (file system) module
2 const fs = require('fs');
3
4 // Define input and output filenames
5 const inputFile = 'input.txt';
6 const outputFile = 'output.txt';
7
8 // Read the input file asynchronously
9 fs.readFile(inputFile, 'utf8', (err, data) => {
10   if (err) {
11     console.error('Error: Cannot open input file!', err.message);
12     return; // Stop execution if file not found or inaccessible
13   }
14
15   // Process the file content (convert text to uppercase)
16   const processedData = data.toUpperCase();
17
18   // Write processed data to output file
19   fs.writeFile(outputFile, processedData, (err) => {
20     if (err) {
21       console.error('Error: Cannot write to output file!', err.message);
22       return; // Stop execution if write fails
23     }
24
25     console.log('File processing complete!');
26   });
27});
```

Normal case:

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> node fileHandler.js
>>
File processing complete!
```

Creates output.txt



```
js filehandler.js •   output.txt X   input.txt
output.txt
1 THIS IS A SAMPLE TEXT FILE.
2 IT CONTAINS MULTIPLE LINES OF TEXT.
3 FILE HANDLING IN NODE.JS IS SIMPLE AND POWERFUL!
4
```

(uppercase text):

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> node fileHandler.js
>>
Error: Cannot open input file! ENOENT: no such file or directory, open 'C:\Users\3410\ai assisted\input.txt'
Missing input.txt:
```

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> node fileHandler.js
>>
Error: Cannot write to output file! EPERM: operation not permitted, open 'C:\Users\3410\ai assisted\output.txt'
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

No write permission:

Observation: The program reads data from an input file, processes it into uppercase, and writes the result to a new output file. It also includes error handling to manage missing files or permission issues gracefully without crashing.

Lab Question 3: API Call Translation

Your team developed a prototype in Python to fetch weather data from an API, but the production environment only supports Java.

Task 1: Translate the Python script (that makes an API call and prints the response) into Java using AI-assisted coding. Ensure equivalent functionality.

Prompt: Translate the below python script into java.

Original (Python) code:

```

J WeatherApiExample.java > WeatherApiExample > main(String[])
1 import java.io.BufferedReader;
2 import java.io.InputStreamReader;
3 import java.net.HttpURLConnection;
4 import java.net.URL;
5 import java.net.SocketTimeoutException;
6
7 public class WeatherApiExample {
8     Run | Debug
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         String apiKey = "fee89a6a8be7a41c6c301f605d6b4a95"; // Replace with your actual API key
11         String city = "London";
12         String urlString = "http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q="
13                         + city + "&appid=" + apiKey;
14
15         HttpURLConnection conn = null;
16
17         try {
18             URL url = new URL(urlString);
19             conn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
20
21             // Set request method and timeouts
22             conn.setRequestMethod("GET");
23             conn.setConnectTimeout(timeout: 5000); // 5 seconds
24             conn.setReadTimeout(timeout: 5000); // 5 seconds
25
26             int responseCode = conn.getResponseCode();
27             System.out.println("HTTP status code: " + responseCode);
28
29             BufferedReader in;
30             if (responseCode == HttpURLConnection.HTTP_OK) {
31                 in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(conn.getInputStream()));
32             } else if (responseCode == HttpURLConnection.HTTP_UNAUTHORIZED) {
33                 System.out.println(x: "Error: Invalid API key!");
34                 return;
35             } else if (responseCode == HttpURLConnection.HTTP_NOT_FOUND) {
36                 System.out.println(x: "Error: City not found!");
37                 return;
38             }
39         } catch (Exception e) {
40             System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
41         }
42     }
43 }

```

Equivalent Java code:

```

task3-19.py x
task3-19.py > ...
1 import requests
2
3 api_key = "fee89a6a8be7a41c6c301f605d6b4a95"
4 city = "London"
5 url = f"http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city}&appid={api_key}"
6
7 try:
8     response = requests.get(url)
9     print("HTTP status code:", response.status_code) # <-- always shows status
10    print("Response text:", response.text)           # <-- shows the response
11 except Exception as e:
12     print("Error:", e)
13

```

Output:

Task 2: Add proper error handling in the Java version for cases such as invalid API key, request timeout, no internet connection.

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> c:; cd 'c:\Users\3410\ai assisted';
InExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\3410\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\870\bin' 'WeatherApiExample'
HTTP status code: 200
Response: {"coord":{"lon":-0.1257,"lat":51.5085},"weather":[{"id":800,"temp":287.23,"feels_like":286.7,"temp_min":286.1,"temp_max":287.6,"wind":{"speed":4.63,"deg":180}},{"clouds":{"all":20}, "dt":1762699088,"timezone":0,"id":2643743,"name":"London","cod":200}
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

Code Generated:

Successful API Call :

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> c:; cd 'c:\Users\3410\ai assisted'; & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-25\bin\java.exe' '-enable-preview' '-XX:+ShowCodeDetailsInExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\3410\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspaceStorage\d02205f983620362c27383e70f6fa\redhat\java\jdt_ws\ai assisted_5639e870\bin' 'WeatherApiExample'
HTTP status code: 200
Response: {"coord":{"lon":-0.1257,"lat":51.5085}, "weather":[{"id":800,"main":"Clouds","description":"scattered clouds","icon":"03d"}], "base":"stations", "main":{"temp":287.37,"feels_like":286.83,"temp_min":286.1,"temp_max":288.16,"pressure":1014,"humidity":76,"sea_level":1014,"grnd_level":1010}, "visibility":10000, "wind":{"speed":5.66,"deg":180}, "clouds":{"all":40}, "dt":1762698459, "sys":{"type":2,"id":2075535,"country":"GB","sunrise":1762672095,"sunset":1762705229}, "timezone":0,"id":2643743,"name":"London","cod":200}
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

```
J WeatherApiExample.java > WeatherApiExample > main(String[])
1 import java.io.BufferedReader;
2 import java.io.InputStreamReader;
3 import java.net.HttpURLConnection;
4 import java.net.URL;
5
6 public class WeatherApiExample {
7     Run | Debug
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         // Replace with your actual API key
10        String apiKey = "fee89afaa8be7a41c6c301f605d6b4a95";
11        String city = "London";
12        String urlString = "http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q=" + city + "&appid=" + apiKey;
13
14    try {
15        // Create URL object
16        URL url = new URL(urlString);
17        HttpURLConnection conn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
18
19        // Set request method
20        conn.setRequestMethod(method: "GET");
21
22        // Get response code
23        int responseCode = conn.getResponseCode();
24        System.out.println("HTTP status code: " + responseCode);
25
26        // Read response
27        BufferedReader in;
28        if (responseCode == HttpURLConnection.HTTP_OK) {
29            in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(conn.getInputStream()));
30        } else {
31            in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(conn.getErrorStream()));
32        }
33
34        String inputLine;
35        StringBuilder response = new StringBuilder();
36        while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null) {
37            response.append(inputLine);
38        }
39        in.close();
40
41        // Print JSON response
42        System.out.println("Response: " + response.toString());
43
44    } catch (Exception e) {
45        e.printStackTrace();
46    }
47
48 }
```

```
J WeatherApiExample.java > WeatherApiExample > main(String[])
7 public class WeatherApiExample {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10         return;
11     } else {
12         in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(conn.getErrorStream()));
13     }
14
15     String inputLine;
16     StringBuilder response = new StringBuilder();
17     while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null) {
18         response.append(inputLine);
19     }
20     in.close();
21
22     // Print response
23     System.out.println("Response: " + response.toString());
24
25     } catch (SocketTimeoutException e) {
26         System.out.println("Error: Request timed out! Check your internet connection.");
27     } catch (java.net.UnknownHostException e) {
28         System.out.println("Error: No internet connection or cannot reach API server.");
29     } catch (Exception e) {
30         System.out.println("An unexpected error occurred:");
31         e.printStackTrace();
32     } finally {
33         if (conn != null) {
34             conn.disconnect();
35         }
36     }
37
38 }
```

Invalid API Key:

N
o

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> c;; cd 'c:\Users\3410\ai assisted'; & 'C:\Program  
InExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\3410\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspaceStor  
e870\bin' 'WeatherApiExample'  
HTTP status code: 401  
Error: Invalid API key!
```

Internet / Cannot Reach API Server :

a
d
d
e
d

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> c;; cd 'c:\Users\3410\ai assisted';  
InExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\3410\AppData\Roaming\Code\use  
e870\bin' 'WeatherApiExample'  
Error: Request timed out! Check your internet connection.  
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

Observation: The Java program successfully fetches weather data from the API, and with

```
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted> c;; cd 'c:\Users\3410\ai assisted';  
InExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\3410\AppData\Roaming\Code\use  
e870\bin' 'WeatherApiExample'  
Error: No internet connection or cannot reach API server.  
PS C:\Users\3410\ai assisted>
```

error handling, it gracefully handles invalid API keys, wrong cities, timeouts, or no internet, giving clear and safe output.