r_intro PS 2

Kvaw Thu Hein

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Practice Summary Statistics with atomic vector

First thing first, you definitely need tidyverse pkg for this exercise. Don't forgot to load it at the top of your answer rmd file.

Let's go back to the previous exercise on implementation of the sampling distribution of the means.

- 2. Construct the list of 100 means values from the Sepal.Length and each mean value should construct from 10 sample sizes. (sample size = 10, replication 100 times)
- 3. Assigned the result (vector with 100 numbers) as vector name called means_list and .
- 4. Construct the another vector called test and assigned 1 hundred time in that vector. Use rep() function for generation of same value for 100 times.
- 5. Then, using cbind function to combined those two vectors" test and mean_list, and treat the result as data.frame and assigned to the object name mean_list_1. You can try with below demo code.

```
means_list_1 <- data.frame(cbind(number, mean_list))</pre>
```

Repeat the same process from numbers 1 to 4, but using different sample size and replication number this time.

- for means_list_2, using a sample size 30 and replication time 200.
- for means_list_3, using a sample size 50 and replication time 1,000.
- for means_list_4, using a sample size 50 and replication time 3,000.
- for means_list_5, using a sample size 50 and replication time 10,000.

This time, we are going to create the list to store all those means_list_x (where x 1:5) and assigned that list as means_seris. And, perform the following function from that list.

1. calculate the mean of means_list_x (where x 1:5) from that list (using the command related to filtering list from lecture 2.

For example, if we use the following command, we can get the first dataframe. You work is to calculate the mean value of column mean_list.

```
means_seris[[1]]
```

- 2. Using bind_rows() function to combined all dataset from means_seris and assigned into object called df_means_combined. Please make sure that your result dataset should have 16100 observations and 2 variables; test and mean_list.
- 3. Finally, calculate the mean value for each group of test using following example. In this exercise, we are going to use group_by function from the tidyverse packge and %>% operator (pipe operator).

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'purrr' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.2.2
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Sepal.Length))
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##
     Species
               mean
     <fct>
                <dbl>
## 1 setosa
                 5.01
## 2 versicolor 5.94
## 3 virginica
                 6.59
library(tidyverse)
df <- iris
#replicate meanlist 1
set.seed(154856)
mean_list <- replicate(n = 100, expr = mean(sample(df$Sepal.Length, size = 10, replace=TRUE)))</pre>
test <- rep(1, 100)
means_list_1 <- data.frame(cbind(test, mean_list))</pre>
#replicate meanlist 2
set.seed(25694)
mean_list <- replicate(n = 200, expr = mean(sample(df$Sepal.Length, size = 30, replace=TRUE)))</pre>
```

```
test <- rep(2, 200)
means_list_2 <- data.frame(cbind(test, mean_list))</pre>
#replicate meanlist 3
set.seed(569514)
mean_list <- replicate(n = 1000, expr = mean(sample(df$Sepal.Length, size = 50, replace=TRUE)))</pre>
test \leftarrow rep(3, 1000)
means_list_3 <- data.frame(cbind(test, mean_list))</pre>
#replicate meanlist 4
set.seed(465458)
mean_list <- replicate(n = 3000, expr = mean(sample(df$Sepal.Length, size = 50, replace=TRUE)))</pre>
test \leftarrow rep(4, 3000)
means_list_4 <- data.frame(cbind(test, mean_list))</pre>
#replicate meanlist 5
set.seed(185552)
mean_list <- replicate(n = 10000, expr = mean(sample(df$Sepal.Length, size = 50, replace=TRUE)))
test <- rep(5, 10000)
means_list_5 <- data.frame(cbind(test, mean_list))</pre>
mean_seris <- list(means_list_1, means_list_2, means_list_3, means_list_4, means_list_5)</pre>
means_list_x <- c("means_list_1" = mean(mean_seris[[1]][[2]]),</pre>
                     "means_list_2" = mean(mean_seris[[2]][[2]]),
                     "means_list_3" = mean(mean_seris[[3]][[2]]),
                     "means list 4" = mean(mean seris[[4]][[2]]),
                     "means_list_5" = mean(mean_seris[[5]][[2]]))
means_list_x
## means_list_1 means_list_2 means_list_3 means_list_4 means_list_5
                                   5.839380
                     5.832333
##
       5.870500
                                                 5.841629
                                                               5.841267
df_means_combined <- bind_rows(mean_seris)</pre>
df_means_combined %>%
  group_by(test) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(mean_list))
```

A tibble: 5 x 2

```
## test mean
## cdbl> cdbl>
## 1 1 5.87
## 2 2 5.83
## 3 3 5.84
## 4 4 5.84
## 5 5 5.84
```