

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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## Pearson Edexcel International GCSE

Time 2 hours

Paper  
reference

**4MA1/1H**

### Mathematics A

#### PAPER 1H

#### Higher Tier



**You must have:** Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators may be used.**
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.  
Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Pearson

# International GCSE Mathematics

## Formulae sheet – Higher Tier

### Arithmetic series

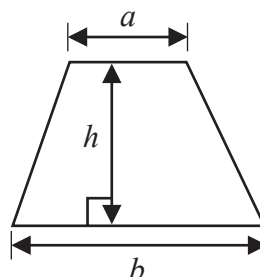
Sum to  $n$  terms,  $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$

### The quadratic equation

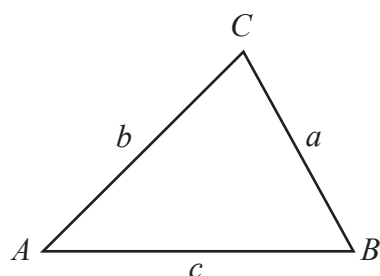
The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \neq 0$  are given by:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Area of trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



### Trigonometry



In any triangle  $ABC$

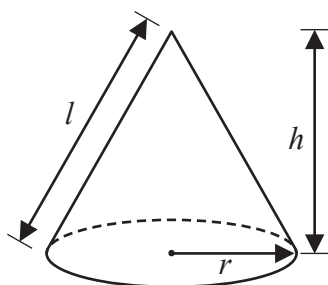
Sine Rule  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

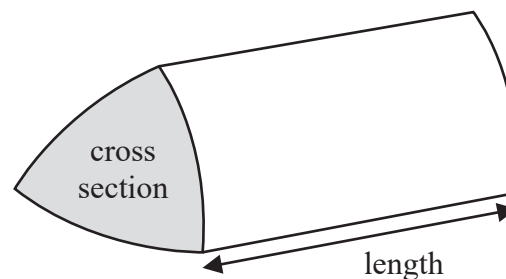
Volume of cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi r l$



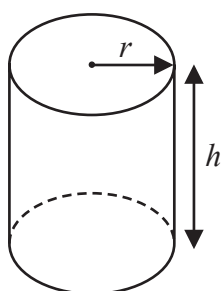
Volume of prism

= area of cross section  $\times$  length



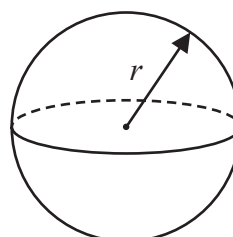
Volume of cylinder =  $\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cylinder =  $2\pi r h$



Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$



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Answer ALL TWENTY FOUR questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 (a) Simplify  $a^7 \times a^4$

$$\frac{a^{11}}{(1)}$$

(b) Simplify  $w^{15} \div w^3$

$$\frac{w^{12}}{(1)}$$

(c) Simplify  $(8x^5y^3)^2$

$$\frac{64x^{10}y^6}{(2)}$$

(d) Make  $t$  the subject of  $c = t^3 - 8v$

$$\sqrt[3]{c+8v}$$

(Total for Question 1 is 6 marks)



- 2 Danil, Gabriel and Hadley share some money in the ratios 3:5:9  $18 = 17$   
 The difference between the amount of money that Gabriel receives and the amount of money that Hadley receives is 196 euros.

Work out the amount of money that Danil receives.

..... euros

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

- 3 The diagram shows triangle  $ABC$

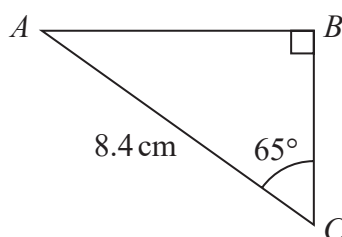


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

Work out the length of the side  $AB$   
 Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

**4 Sarah makes and sells mugs.**

One day she makes 150 mugs.

Her total cost for making these mugs is £1140

Of these mugs

$\frac{2}{5}$  are small mugs

32% are medium mugs

and the rest are large mugs

Here is Sarah's price list for selling each mug.

MUGS	
Small	£8.50
Medium	£11.20
Large	£14.20

Sarah sells all 150 mugs.

Work out her percentage profit.

Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

.....%

**(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)**



5 Jenny has six cards.

Each card has a whole number written on it so that

the smallest number is 5

the largest number is 24

the median of the six numbers is 14

the mode of the six numbers is 8

Jenny arranges her cards so that the numbers are in order of size.

5	.....	.....	.....	.....	24
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- (a) For the remaining four cards, write on each dotted line a number that could be on the card.

(3)

A basketball team plays 6 games.

After playing 5 games, the team has a mean score of 21 points per game.

After playing 6 games, the team has a mean score of 23 points per game.

- (b) Work out the number of points the team scored in its 6th game.

(3)

(Total for Question 5 is 6 marks)



- 6 (a) Solve the inequality  $5x - 7 \leq 2$

.....  
(2)

- (b) (i) Factorise  $y^2 - 2y - 35$

.....  
(2)

- (ii) Hence, solve  $y^2 - 2y - 35 = 0$

.....  
(1)

(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)



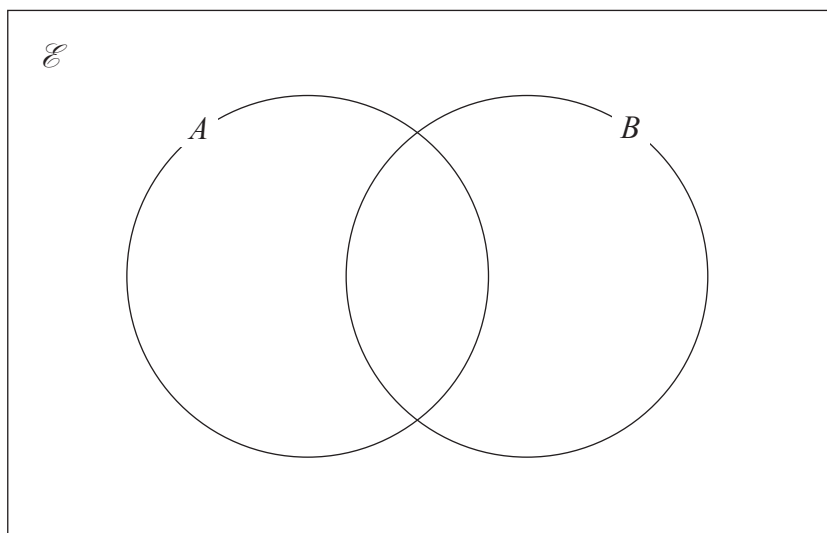
7  $\mathcal{E} = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15\}$

$$A \cap B = \{5, 10, 15\}$$

$$B' = \{7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14\}$$

$$A' = \{4, 6, 7, 8, 14\}$$

Complete the Venn diagram for this information.



(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8

$$a = 4.2 \times 10^{-24}$$

$$b = 3 \times 10^{145}$$

Work out the value of  $a \times b$   
Give your answer in standard form.

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)





- 9 The diagram shows isosceles triangle  $ABC$

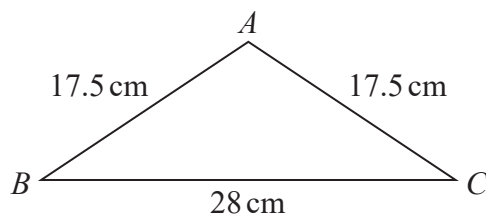


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

$$AB = AC = 17.5\text{ cm}$$

$$BC = 28\text{ cm}$$

Calculate the area of triangle  $ABC$

.....  $\text{cm}^2$

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10 The straight line **L** has equation  $2y + 7x = 10$

(a) Find the gradient of **L**

.....  
(2)

(b) Find the coordinates of the point where **L** crosses the  $y$ -axis.

(.....,.....)  
(1)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)



- 11 Himari invests 200 000 yen for 3 years in a savings account paying compound interest.

The rate of interest is 1.8% for the first year and  $x\%$  for each of the second year and the third year.

The value of the investment at the end of the third year is 209 754 yen.

Work out the value of  $x$

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$x = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



- 12 The table gives information about the times, in minutes, taken by 80 customers to do their shopping in a supermarket.

Time taken ( $t$ minutes)	Frequency
$0 < t \leq 10$	7
$10 < t \leq 20$	26
$20 < t \leq 30$	24
$30 < t \leq 40$	14
$40 < t \leq 50$	7
$50 < t \leq 60$	2

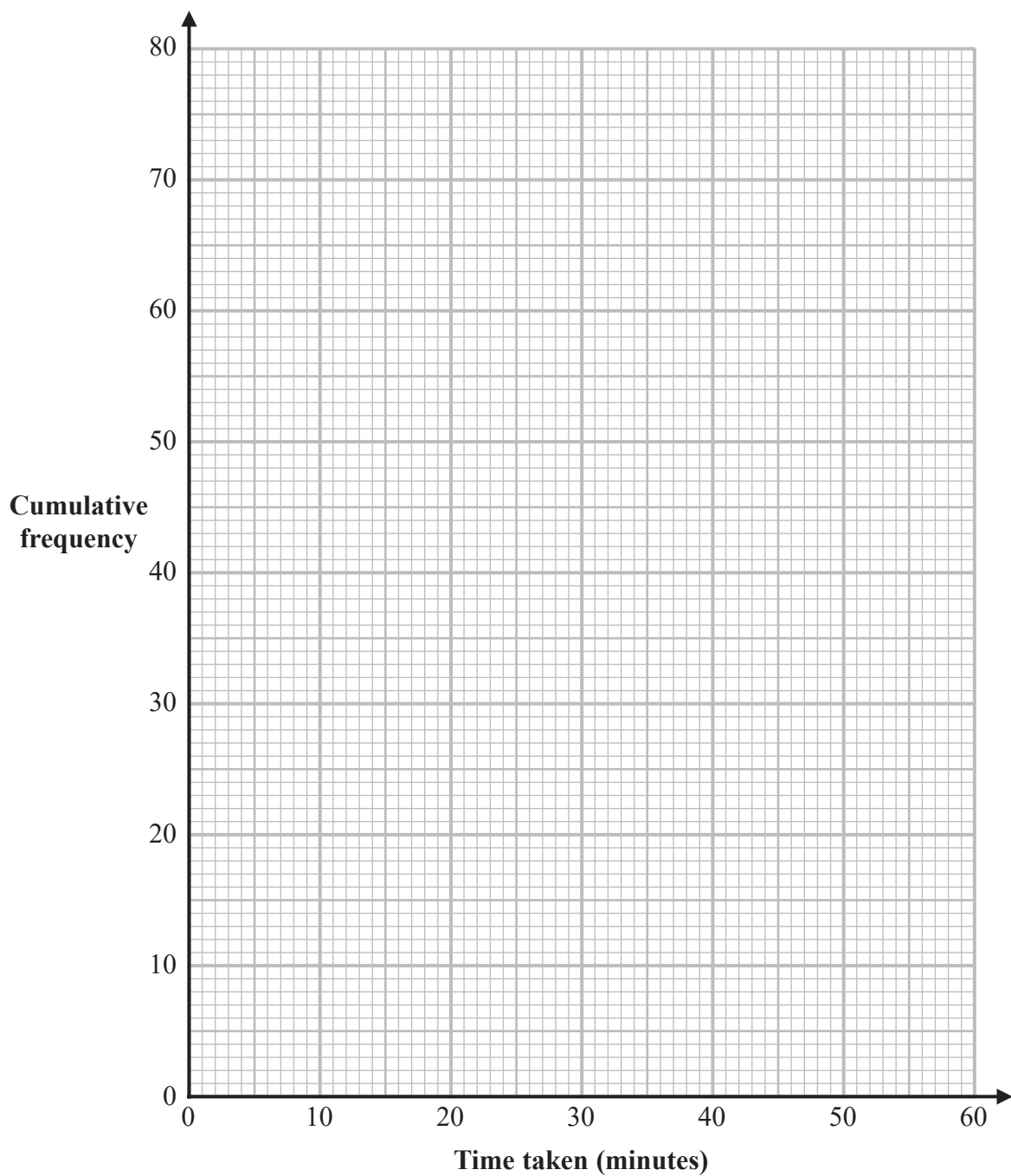
- (a) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

Time taken ( $t$ minutes)	Cumulative frequency
$0 < t \leq 10$	
$0 < t \leq 20$	
$0 < t \leq 30$	
$0 < t \leq 40$	
$0 < t \leq 50$	
$0 < t \leq 60$	

(1)

- (b) On the grid opposite, draw a cumulative frequency graph for your table.





(2)

- (c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the median time taken.

..... minutes

(1)

One of the 80 customers is chosen at random.

- (d) Use your graph to find an estimate for the probability that the time taken by this customer was more than 42 minutes.

.....

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 6 marks)



P 6 9 1 9 6 A 0 1 3 2 8

13 (a) Expand and simplify  $5x(x + 2)(3x - 4)$

.....  
(3)

(b) Simplify completely  $\left(\frac{16w^8}{y^{20}}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

.....  
(3)

(Total for Question 13 is 6 marks)



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15  $A$  is inversely proportional to  $C^2$

$A = 40$  when  $C = 1.5$

Calculate the value of  $C$  when  $A = 1000$

$C = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)





16 The diagram shows a circle with centre  $O$

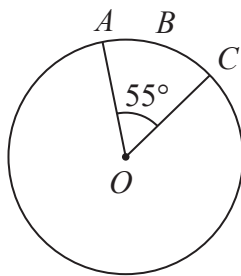


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

$A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are points on the circle so that the length of the arc  $ABC$  is 5 cm.

Given that angle  $AOC = 55^\circ$

work out the area of the circle.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

.....  $\text{cm}^2$

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)

17 **A** and **B** are two similar vases.

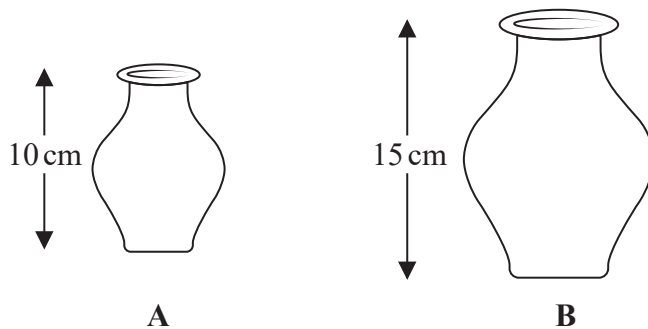


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

Vase **A** has height 10 cm.

Vase **B** has height 15 cm.

The difference between the volume of vase **A** and the volume of vase **B** is  $1197 \text{ cm}^3$

Calculate the volume of vase **A**

.....  $\text{cm}^3$

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)



18  $A = w - \frac{x^2}{y}$

$w = 3.45$  correct to 2 decimal places.

$x = 1.9$  correct to 1 decimal place.

$y = 5$  correct to the nearest whole number.

Work out the lower bound of the value of  $A$

Show your working clearly.

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)



19 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned}3x^2 + y^2 - xy &= 5 \\ y &= 2x - 3\end{aligned}$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(Total for Question 19 is 5 marks)



20 (a) Express  $7 + 12x - 3x^2$  in the form  $a + b(x + c)^2$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are integers.

.....  
(3)

C is the curve with equation  $y = 7 + 12x - 3x^2$

The point  $A$  is the maximum point on C

(b) Use your answer to part (a) to write down the coordinates of  $A$

(....., .....)  
(1)

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)





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$T =$  .....

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

Turn over for Question 22



22 The diagram shows triangle  $OAB$

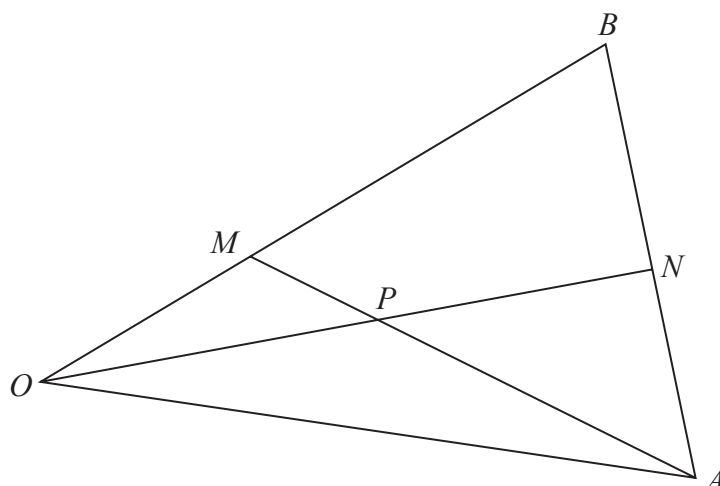


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = 8\mathbf{a} \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = 6\mathbf{b}$$

$M$  is the point on  $OB$  such that  $OM:MB = 1:2$

$N$  is the midpoint of  $AB$

$P$  is the point of intersection of  $ON$  and  $AM$

Using a vector method, find  $\overrightarrow{OP}$  as a simplified expression in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$   
Show your working clearly.

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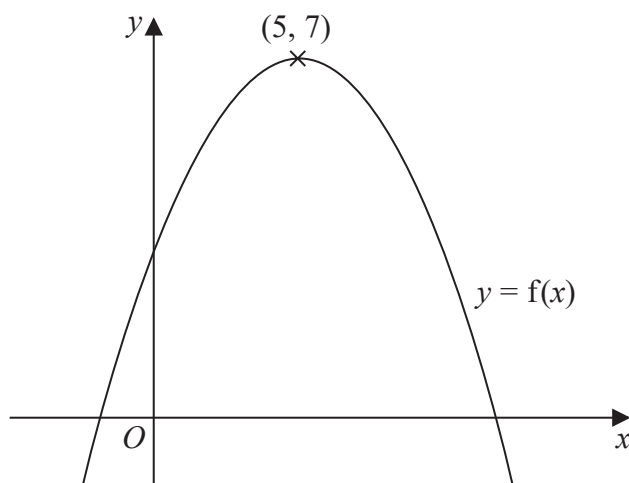
$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \dots\dots\dots$$

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

Turn over for Question 23



23 The diagram shows a sketch of the curve with equation  $y = f(x)$



There is only one maximum point on the curve.  
The coordinates of this maximum point are  $(5, 7)$

Write down the coordinates of the maximum point on the curve with equation

(i)  $y = f(x + 9)$

(....., .....)

(ii)  $y = f(x) + 3$

(....., .....)

(Total for Question 23 is 2 marks)



- 24 The curve **C** has equation  $y = ax^3 + bx^2 - 12x + 6$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants.

The point  $A$  with coordinates  $(2, -6)$  lies on **C**

The gradient of the curve at  $A$  is 16

Find the  $y$  coordinate of the point on the curve whose  $x$  coordinate is 3

Show clear algebraic working.

$y = \dots\dots\dots$

(Total for Question 24 is 6 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS



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