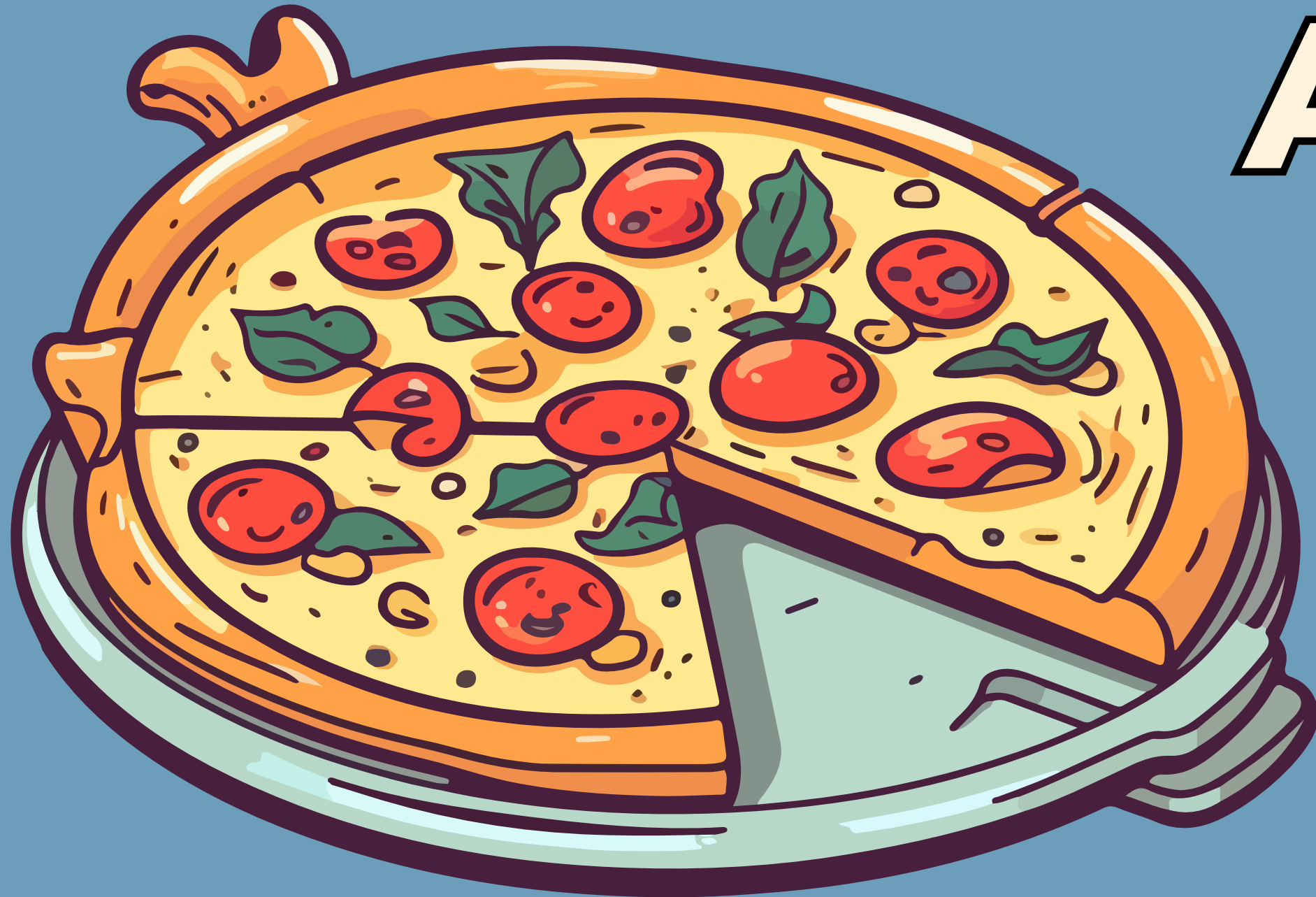


WELCOME TO THE PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS PROJECT



WELCOME TO THE PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS PROJECT!

THIS PROJECT IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE
INSIGHTS INTO THE SALES PERFORMANCE
OF OUR PIZZA BUSINESS USING DATA
STORED IN AN SQL DATABASE.

WE WILL LEVERAGE SQL TO ANALYZE
SALES TRENDS, CUSTOMER PREFERENCES,
AND OTHER KEY METRICS THAT CAN HELP
US MAKE DATA-DRIVEN DECISIONS TO
IMPROVE OUR BUSINESS.

PROJECT GOALS

THE PRIMARY GOALS OF THIS PROJECT ARE TO:

1. UNDERSTAND SALES TRENDS: IDENTIFY PEAK SALES PERIODS AND BEST-SELLING PIZZA VARIETIES.
2. CUSTOMER INSIGHTS: ANALYZE CUSTOMER PURCHASING PATTERNS TO ENHANCE MARKETING STRATEGIES.
3. INVENTORY MANAGEMENT: OPTIMIZE INVENTORY LEVELS BASED ON SALES DATA TO REDUCE WASTE AND ENSURE AVAILABILITY.
4. REVENUE ANALYSIS: ASSESS OVERALL REVENUE PERFORMANCE AND IDENTIFY AREAS FOR GROWTH.

DATA OVERVIEW

THE 4 DATASETS WE WILL BE WORKING WITH INCLUDES DETAILED RECORDS OF PIZZA SALES TRANSACTIONS.

HERE ARE SOME KEY ATTRIBUTES OF THE DATA:

- TRANSACTION ID: UNIQUE IDENTIFIER FOR EACH SALE
- DATE AND TIME: TIMESTAMP OF THE SALE
- PIZZA TYPE: TYPE OF PIZZA SOLD (E.G., MARGHERITA, PEPPERONI, VEGGIE)
- SIZE: SIZE OF THE PIZZA (E.G., SMALL, MEDIUM, LARGE)
- QUANTITY: NUMBER OF PIZZAS SOLD IN THE TRANSACTION
- PRICE: PRICE OF THE PIZZA
- ORDER ID: UNIQUE IDENTIFIER FOR THE ORDER

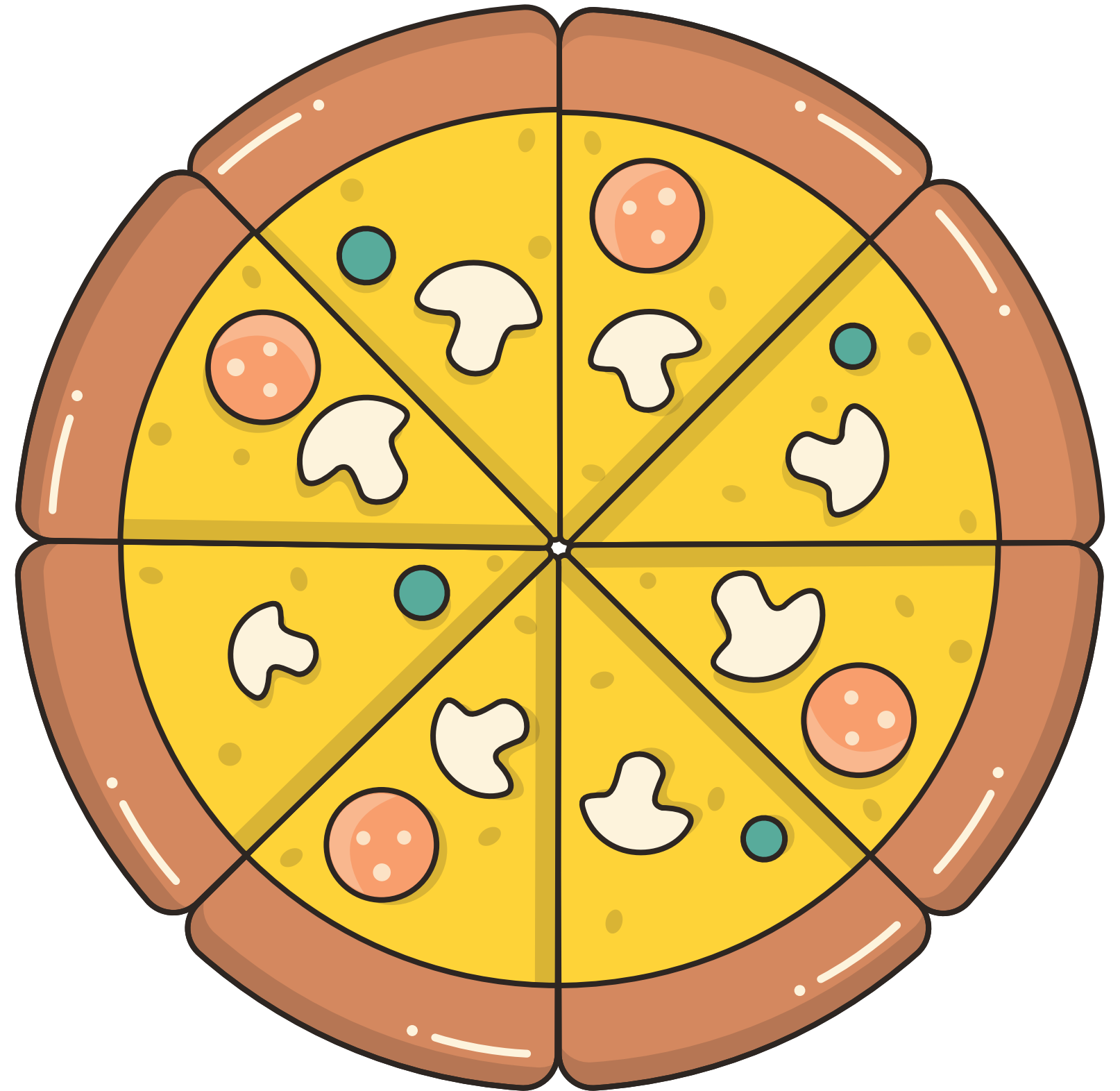
1

1)Creating database

Code:

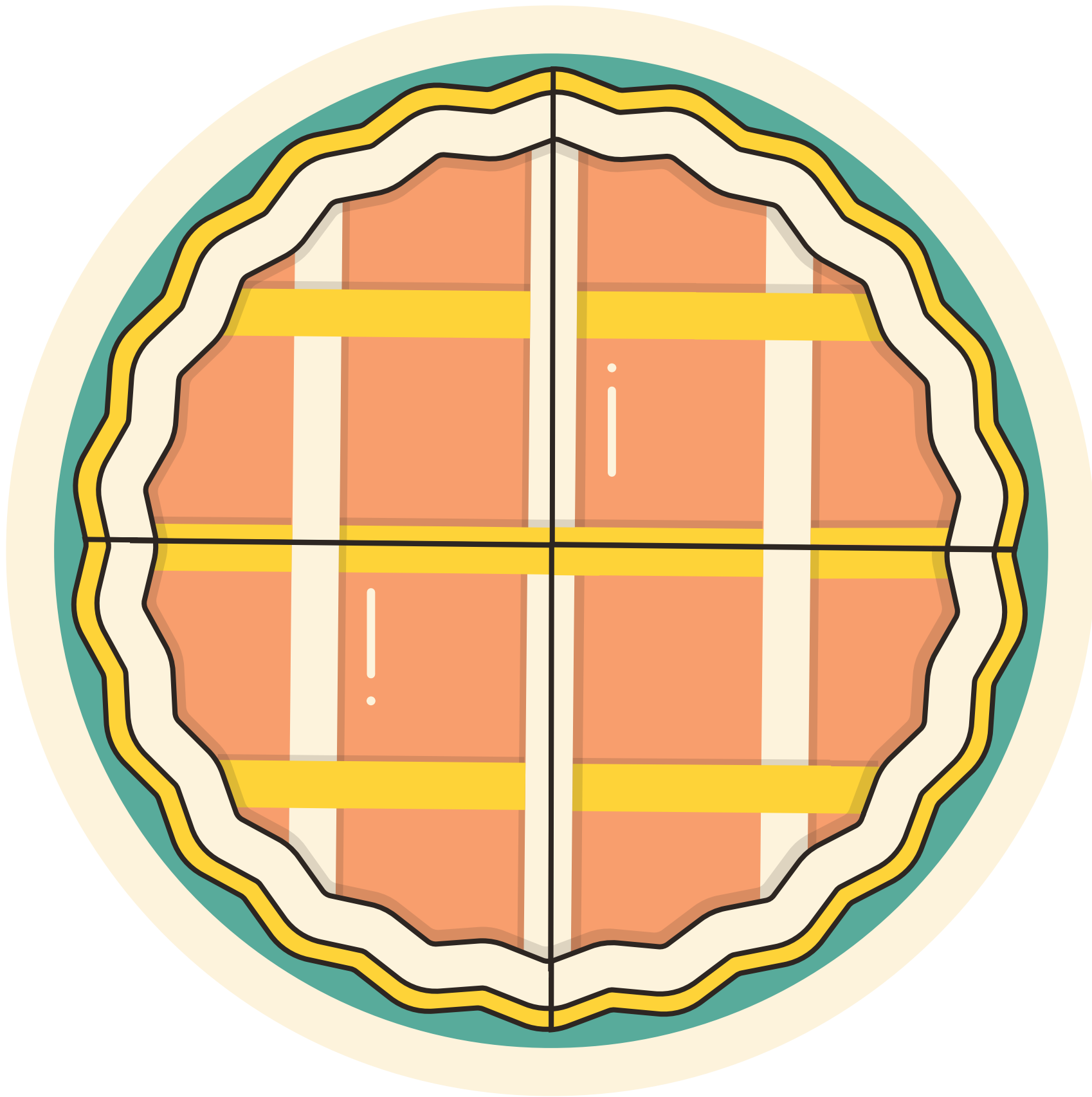
Create database pizzahut;

**Solution: Refresh schema,
A new database called
pizzahut will be available**



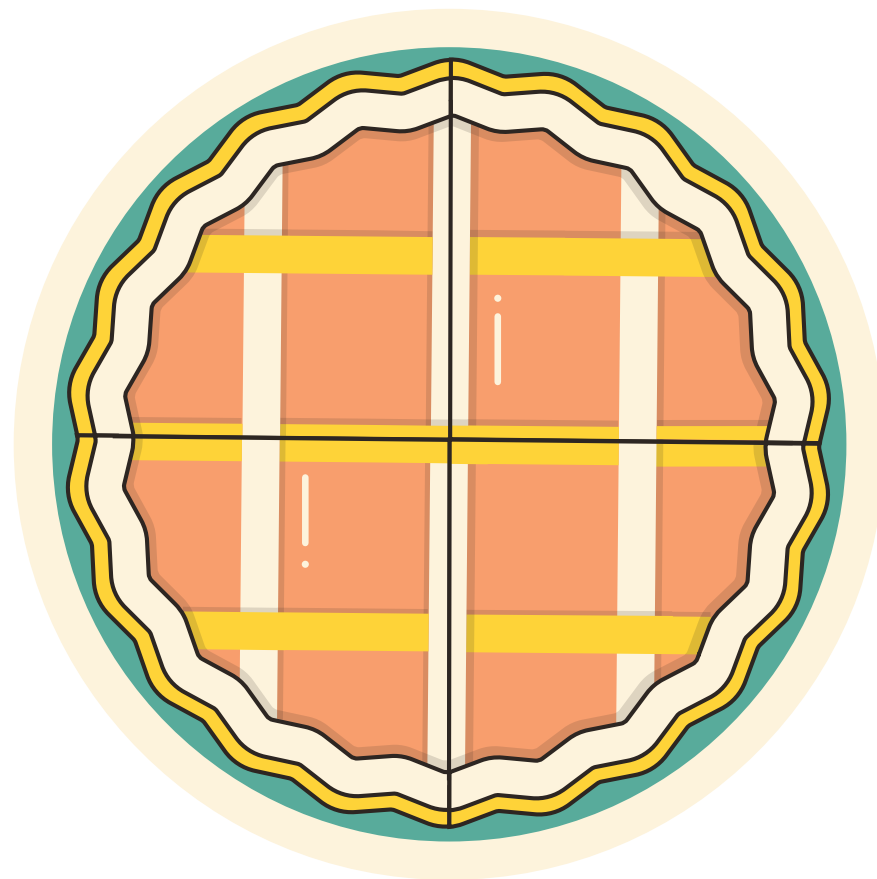
2

**Retrieve the
total number of
orders placed.**



ANSWER

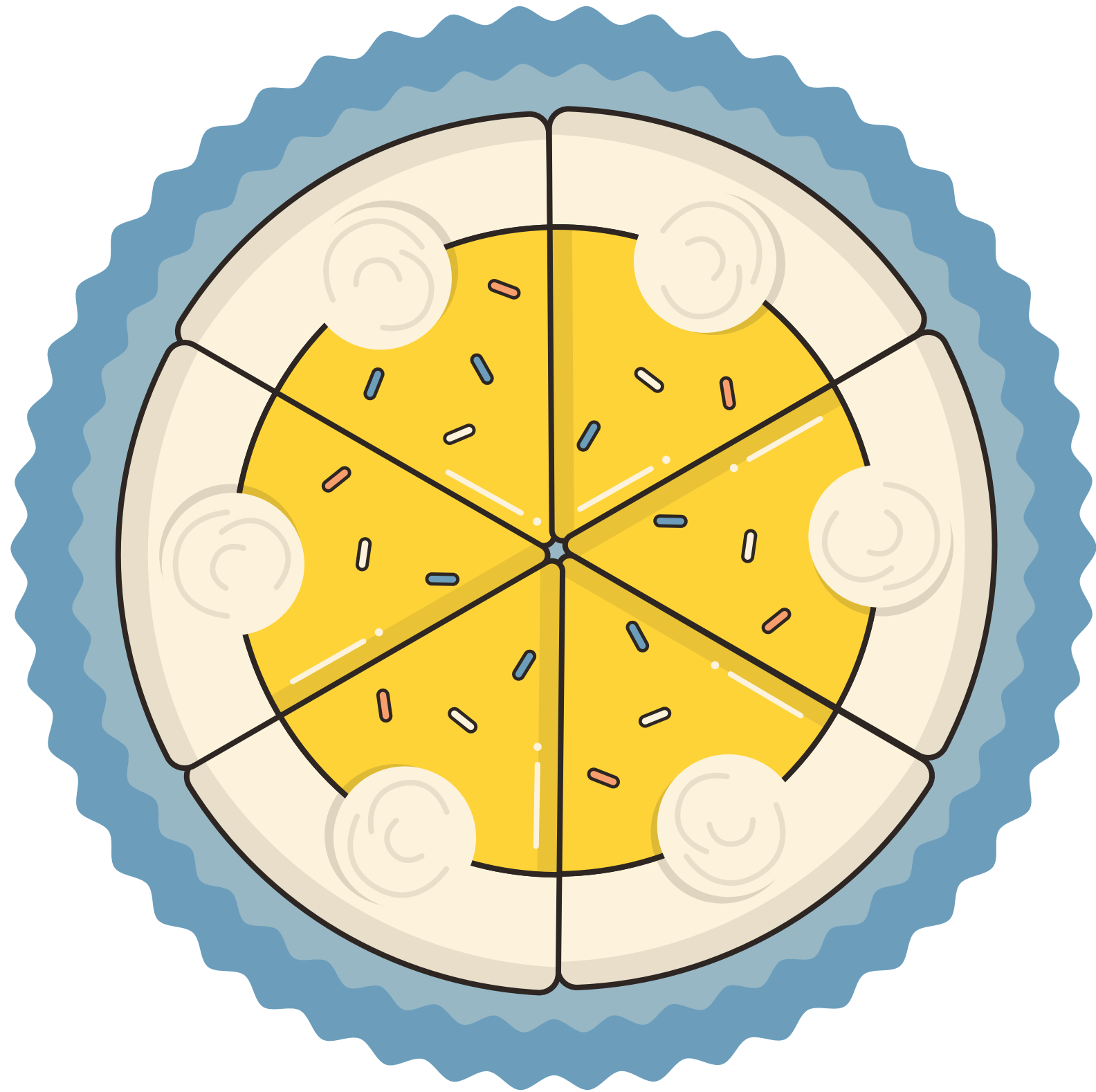
**select count(order_id) as
total_orders from orders;**



```
Query 1  pizza_types  orders_details  SQL File 1* x
[Icons] Limit to 1000 rows
1  -- Basic:
2  -- 1) Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
3  • select * from orders;
4  • select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders;
5  |

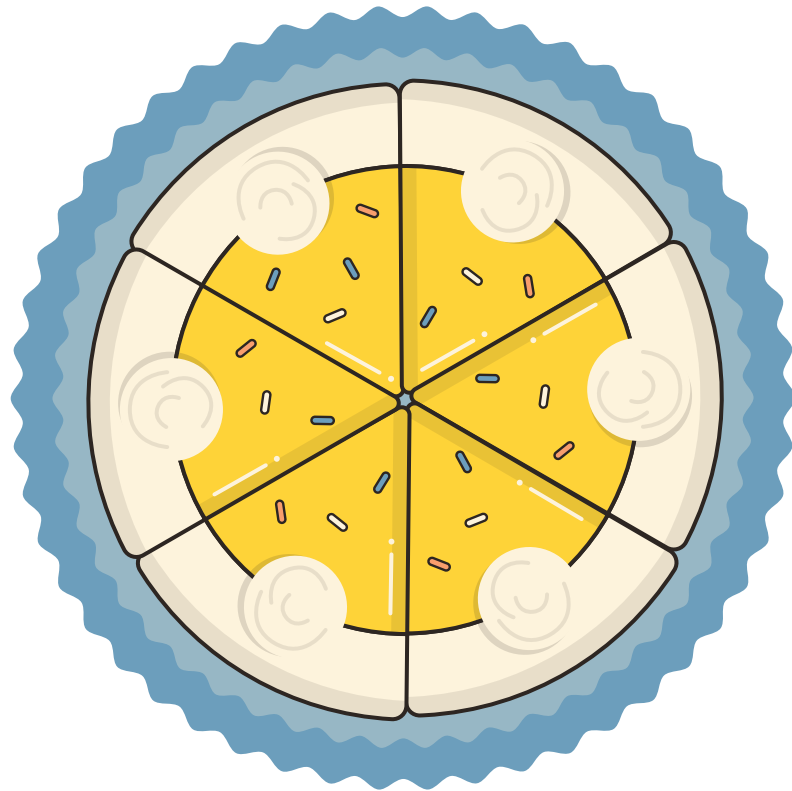
Result Grid | [Icons] Filter Rows: [ ] | Export: [ ] | Wrap Cell Content: [ ]
total_orders
▶ 21350
```


3



**Calculate the
total revenue
generated from
pizza sales.**

ANSWER



Query 1 pizza_types orders_details SQL File 1* SQL File 2* x pizzas orders_details

Limit to 1000 rows

```
3      -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
4
5  •   SELECT
6      ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) AS total_sales
7  FROM
8      orders_details
9      JOIN
10     pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
11
```

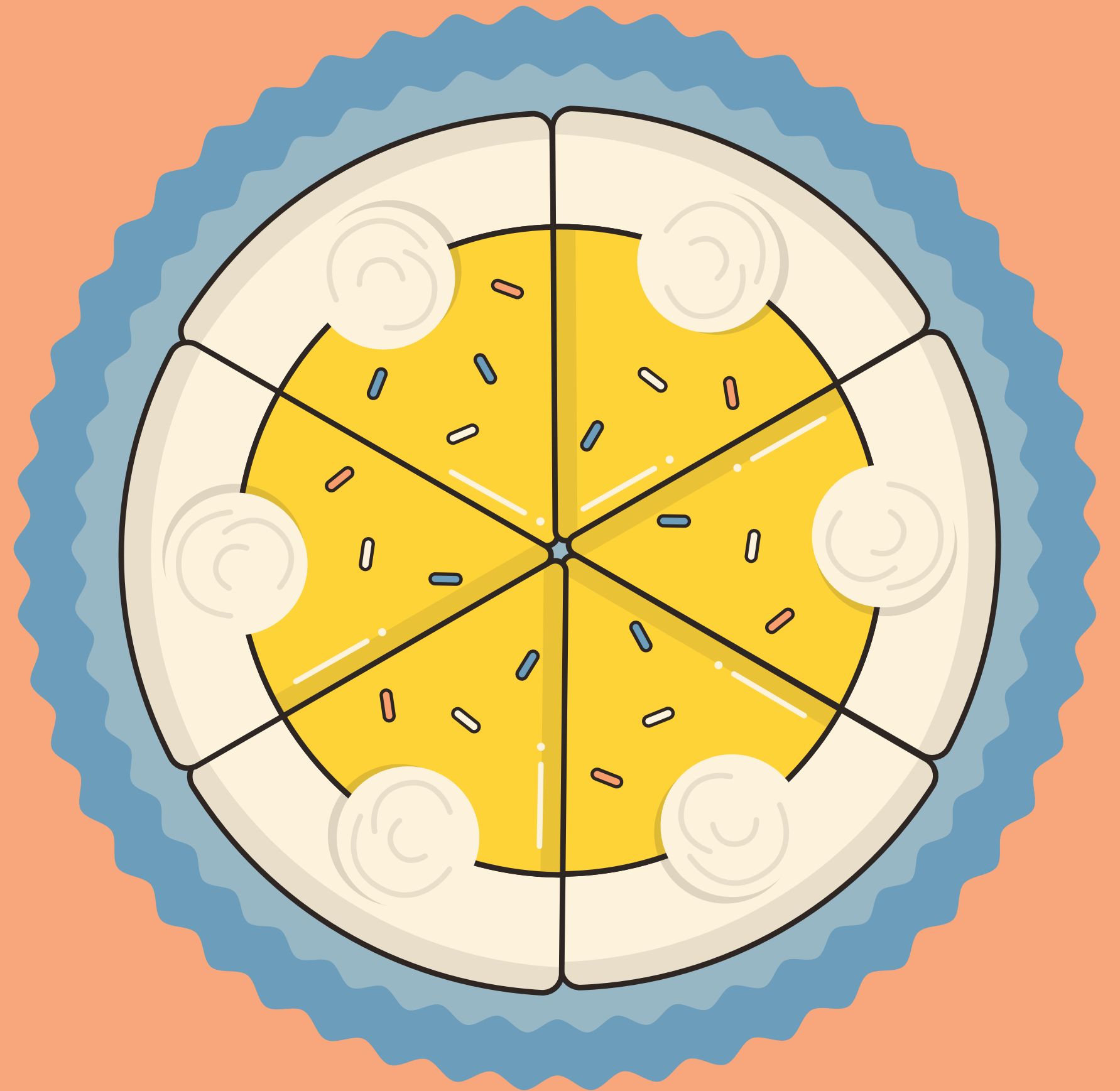
Result Grid

	total_sales
▶	115073.45

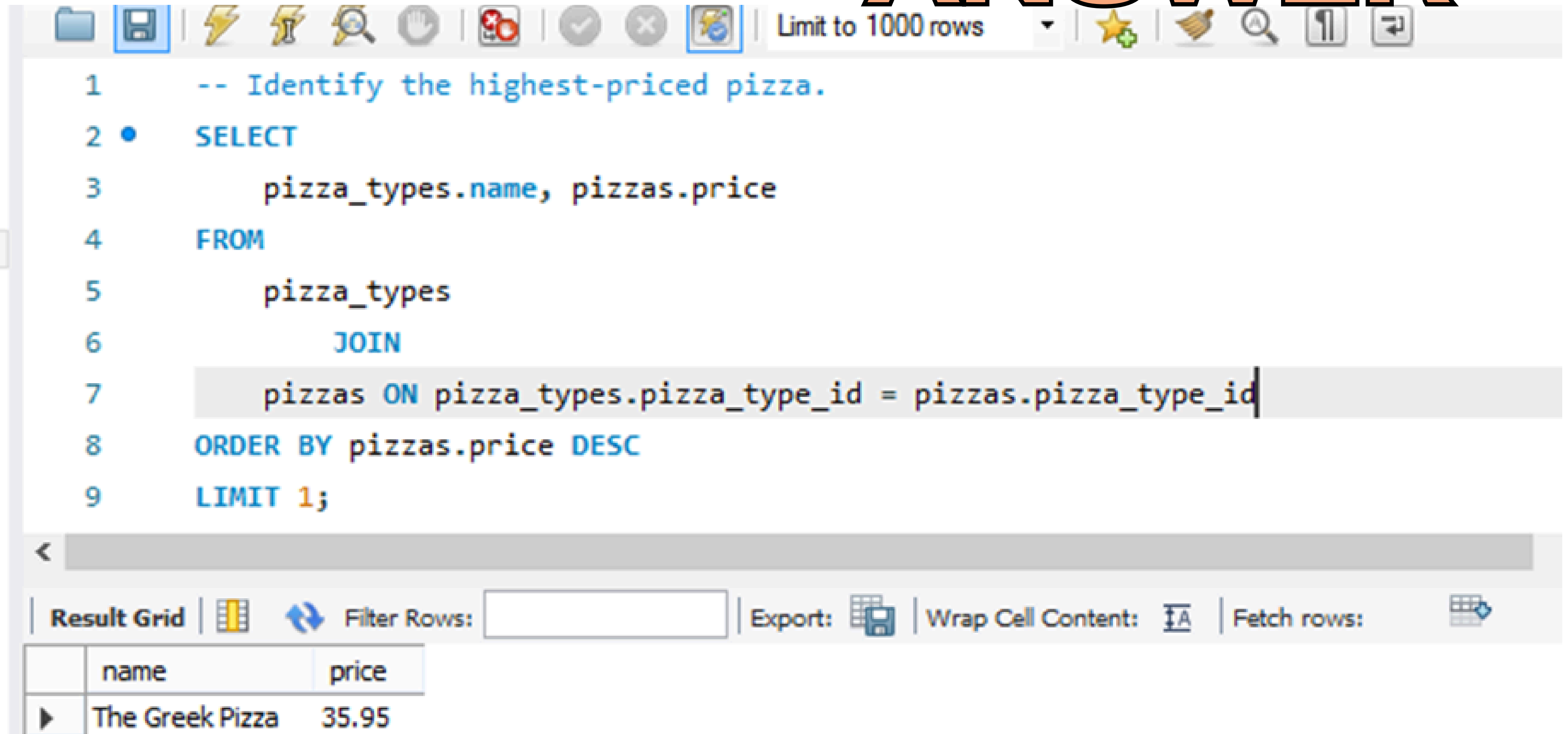
Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content:

4

**Identify the
highest-priced
pizza.**



ANSWER



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor interface. The top toolbar includes icons for file operations, execution, and a 'Limit to 1000 rows' dropdown. The query text is as follows:

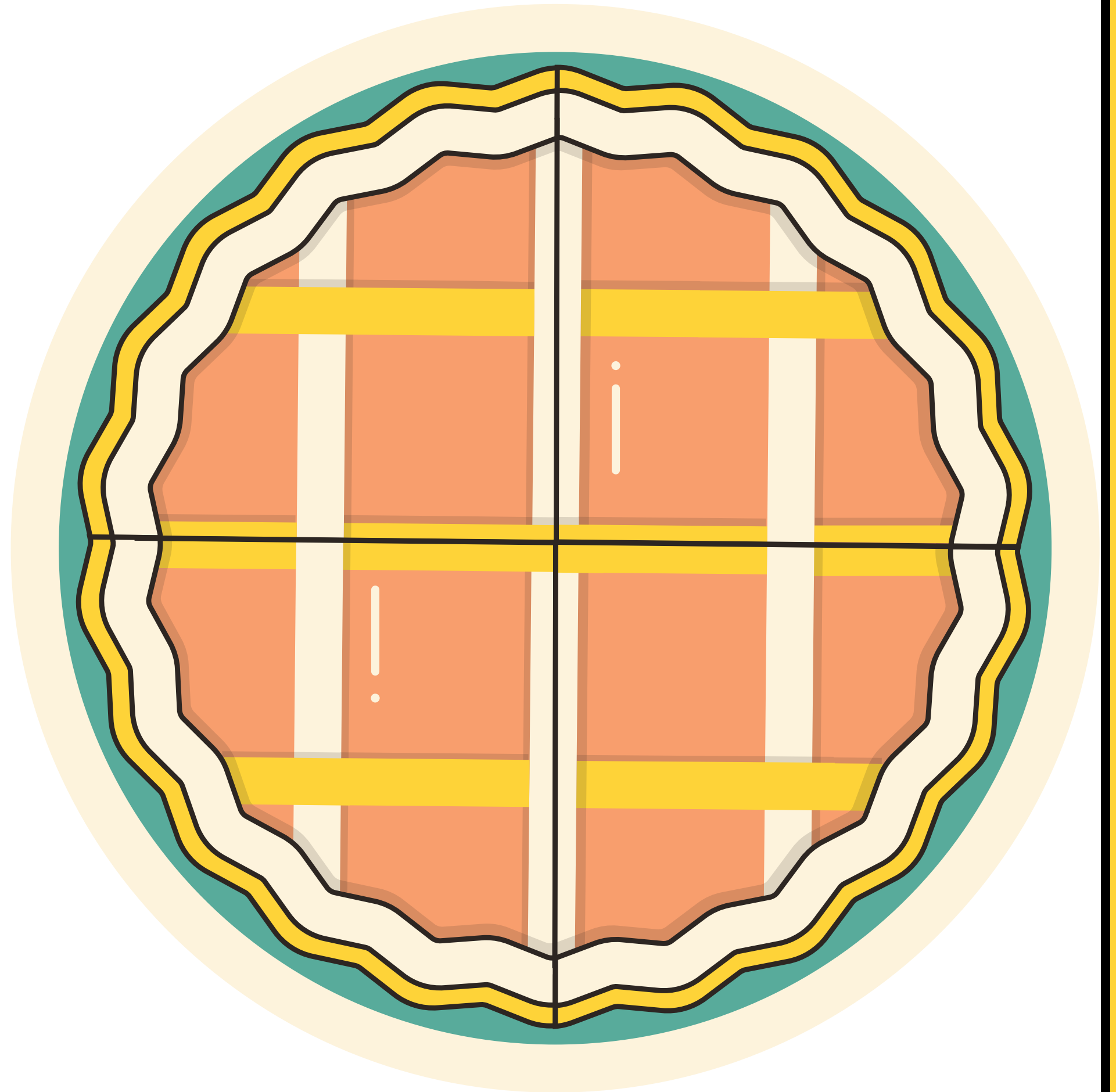
```
1  -- Identify the highest-priced pizza.  
2  •  SELECT  
3      pizza_types.name, pizzas.price  
4  FROM  
5      pizza_types  
6      JOIN  
7      pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
8  ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC  
9  LIMIT 1;
```

Below the query editor is a horizontal scrollbar. At the bottom, there is a toolbar with 'Result Grid', 'Filter Rows' (with an input field), 'Export', 'Wrap Cell Content', and 'Fetch rows'. Below this toolbar is a table displaying the query results:

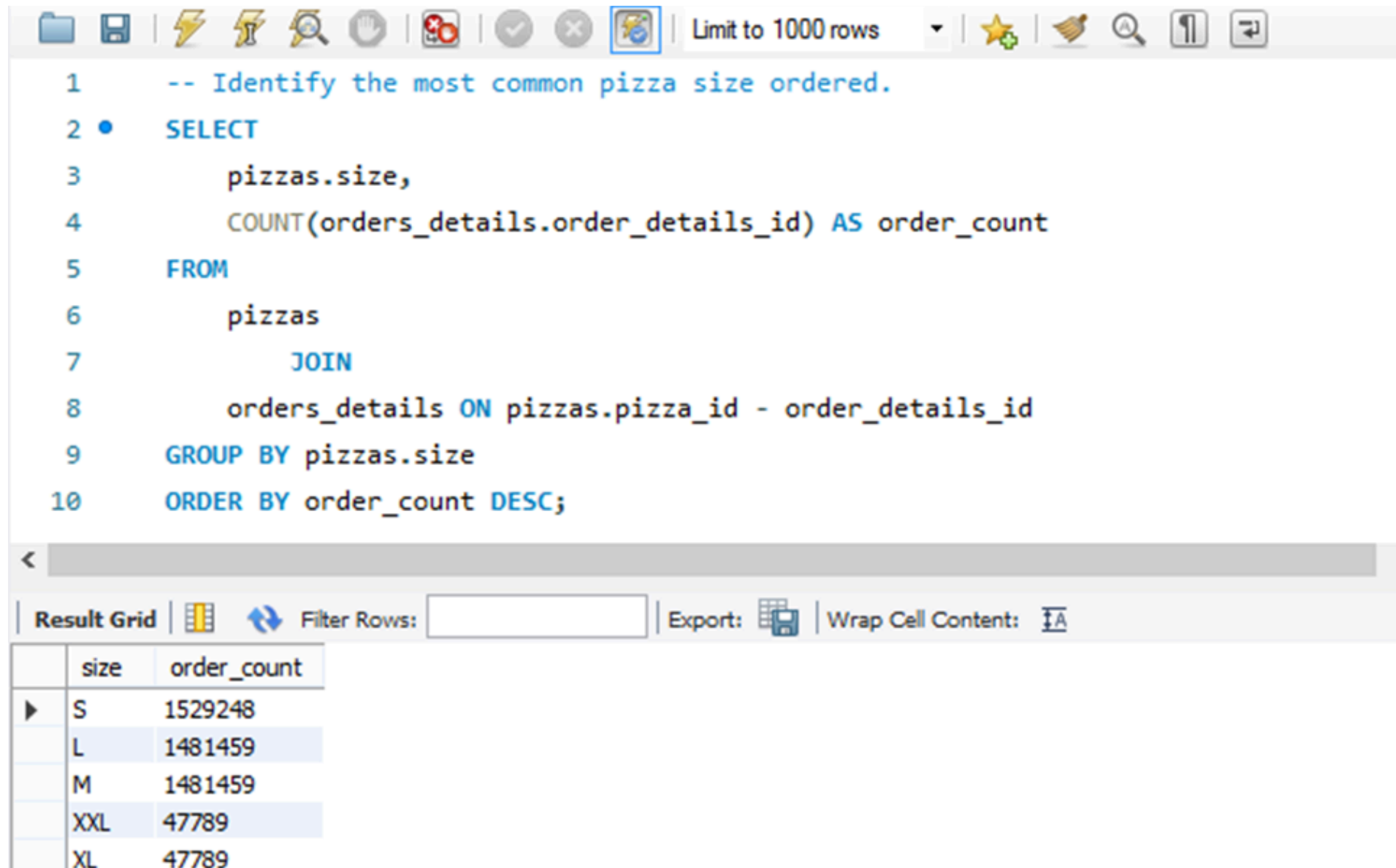
	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

5

**Identify the most
common pizza
size ordered.**



ANSWER



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. The top toolbar includes icons for file operations, execution, and search, along with a 'Limit to 1000 rows' dropdown. The SQL editor contains the following query:

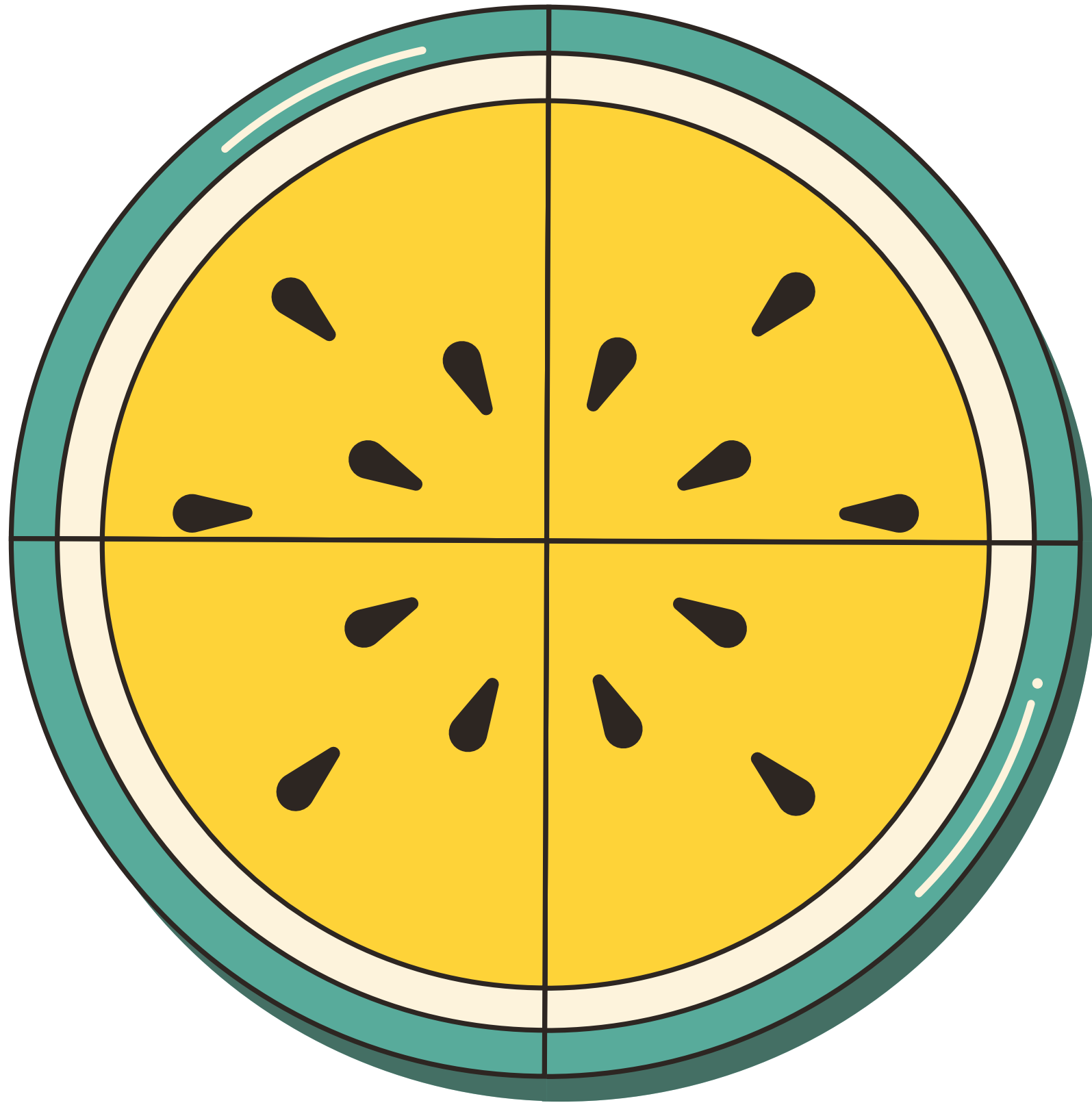
```
1  -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
2  • SELECT
3      pizzas.size,
4      COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
5  FROM
6      pizzas
7      JOIN
8      orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details_id
9  GROUP BY pizzas.size
10 ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Below the editor is a horizontal scrollbar. The bottom toolbar includes a 'Result Grid' tab, a 'Filter Rows' input field, and buttons for 'Export' and 'Wrap Cell Content'. The 'Result Grid' is active, displaying the following data:

	size	order_count
▶	S	1529248
	L	1481459
	M	1481459
	XXL	47789
	XL	47789




6

**List the top 5 most
ordered pizza types
along with their
quantities.**



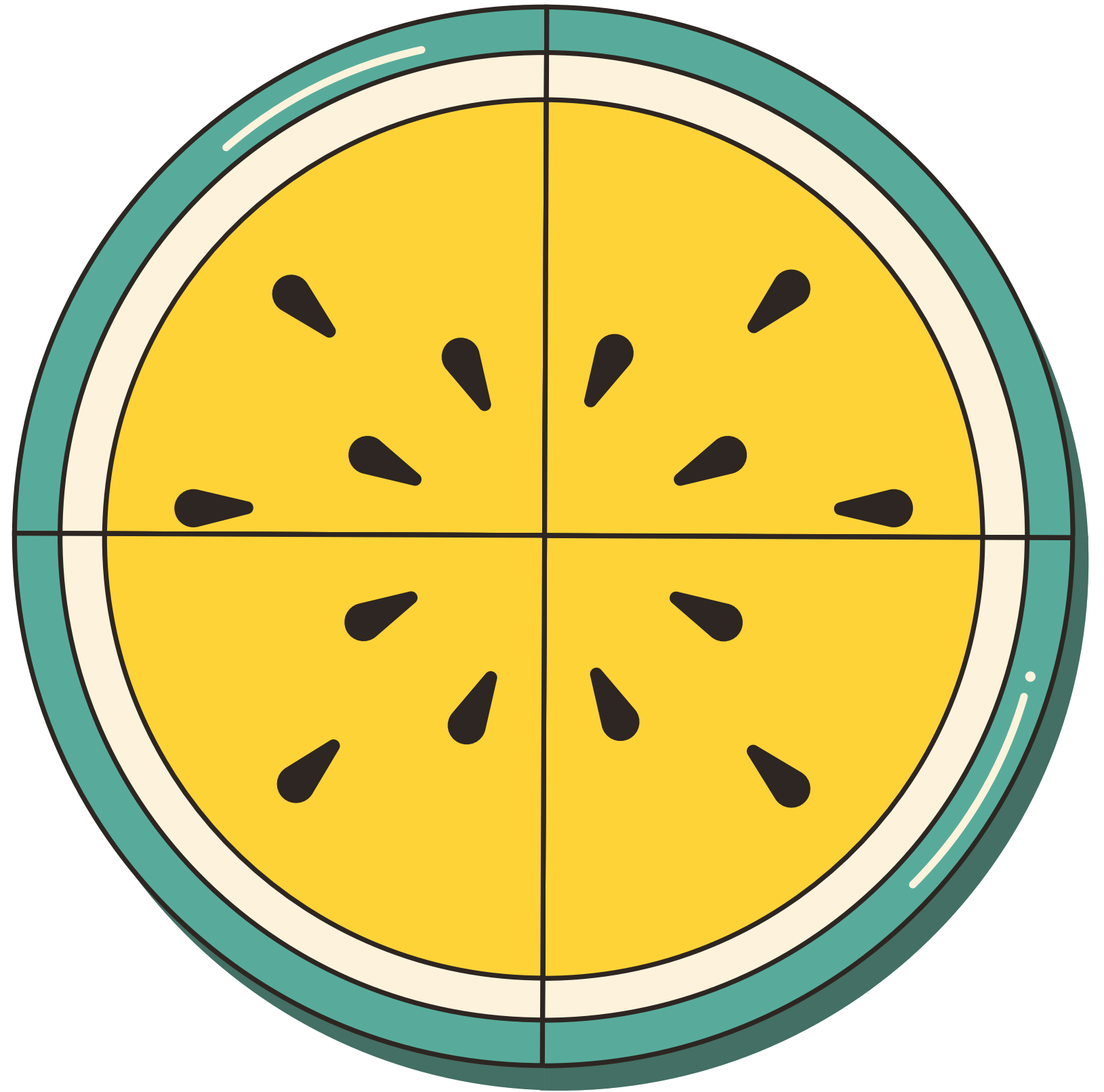
ANSWER

```
2 • SELECT
3     pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
4 FROM
5     pizza_types
6     JOIN
7     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
8     JOIN
9     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
10 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
11 ORDER BY quantity DESC
12 LIMIT 5;
```

<		
Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export: 		
Wrap Cell Content: 		
Fetch rows: 		
	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

7

**Join the necessary
tables to find the
total quantity of each
pizza category
ordered.**



ANSWER

```
2      -- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
3  •    SELECT
4          SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS Total_Quantity,
5          pizza_types.category
6  FROM
7          pizza_types
8          JOIN
9          pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
10         JOIN
11         orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
12     GROUP BY pizza_types.category
13     ORDER BY Total_Quantity DESC
```

<

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:

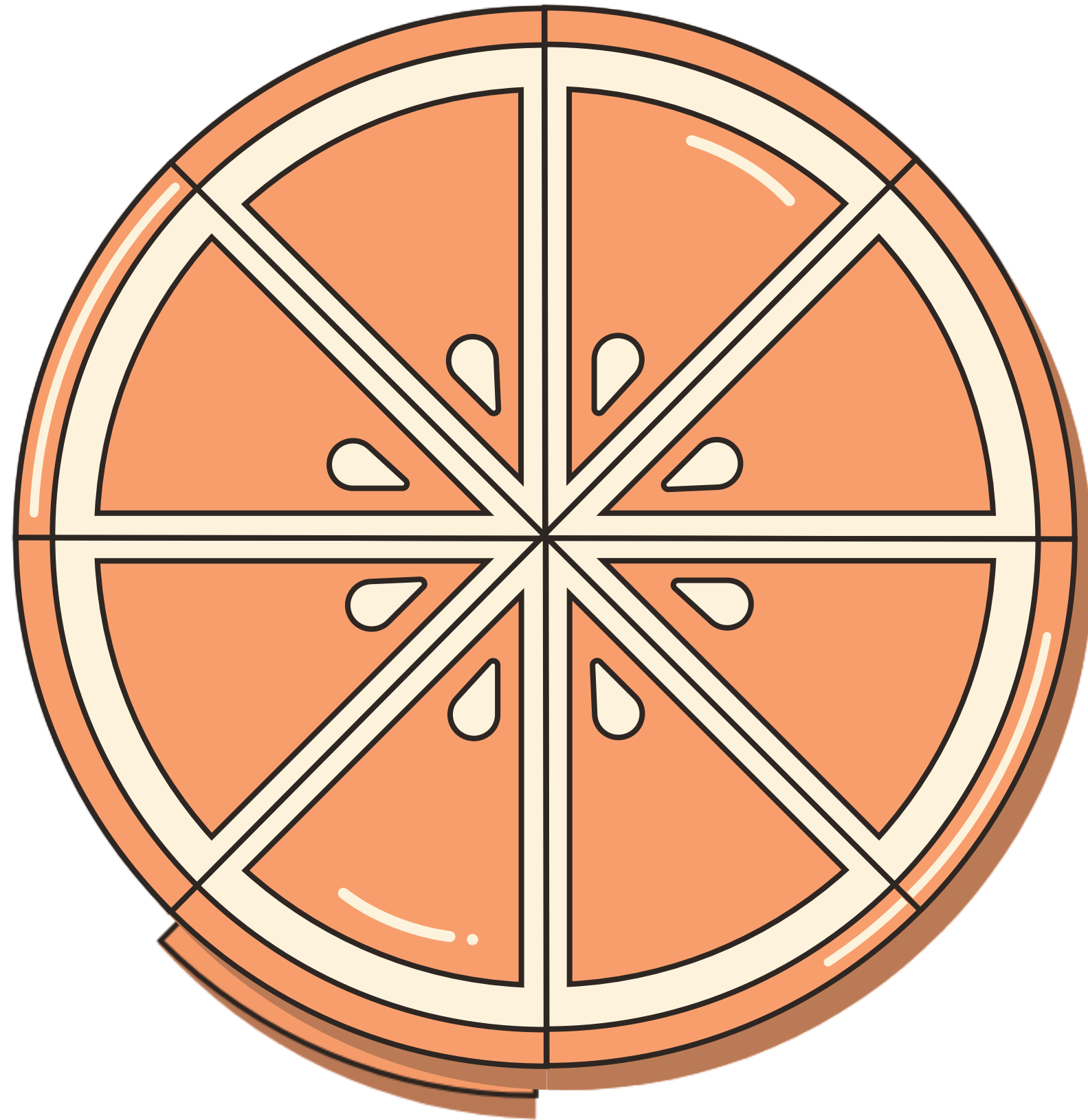


Wrap Cell Content:



	Total_Quantity	category
▶	14888	Classic
	11987	Supreme
	11649	Veggie

8



**Determine the
distribution of
orders by hour of
the day.**

```
1  -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
2
3  ● SELECT
4      HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
5  FROM
6      orders
7  GROUP BY HOUR(order_time) order by hour(order_time) asc
```



Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:

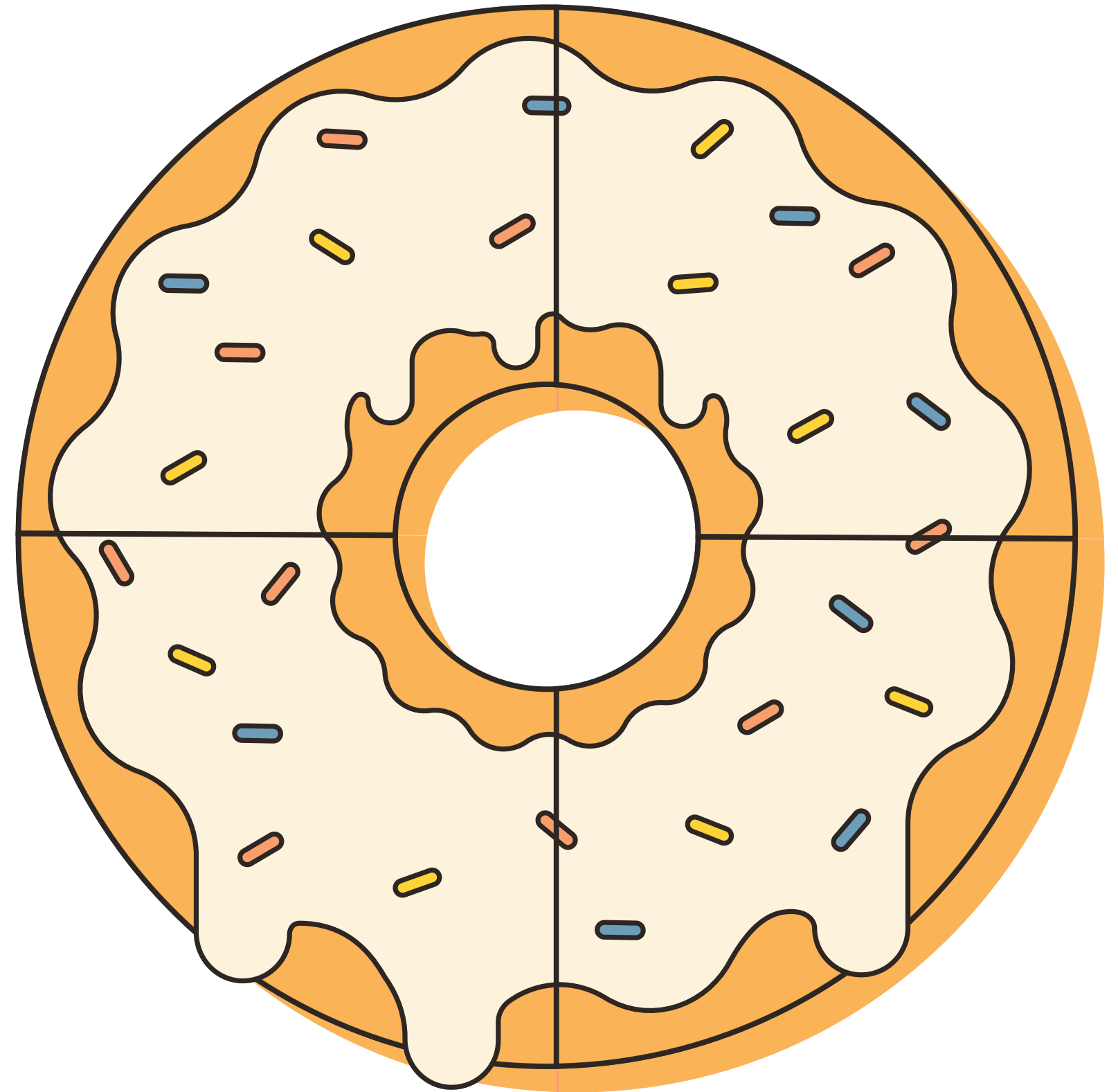


	HOUR(order_time)	order_count
	9	1
	10	8
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468

ANSWER

9

**Join relevant tables
to find the category-
wise distribution of
pizzas.**



```
3 • SELECT
4     category, COUNT(name)
5 FROM
6     pizza_types
7 GROUP BY category;
```

ANSWER



Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:

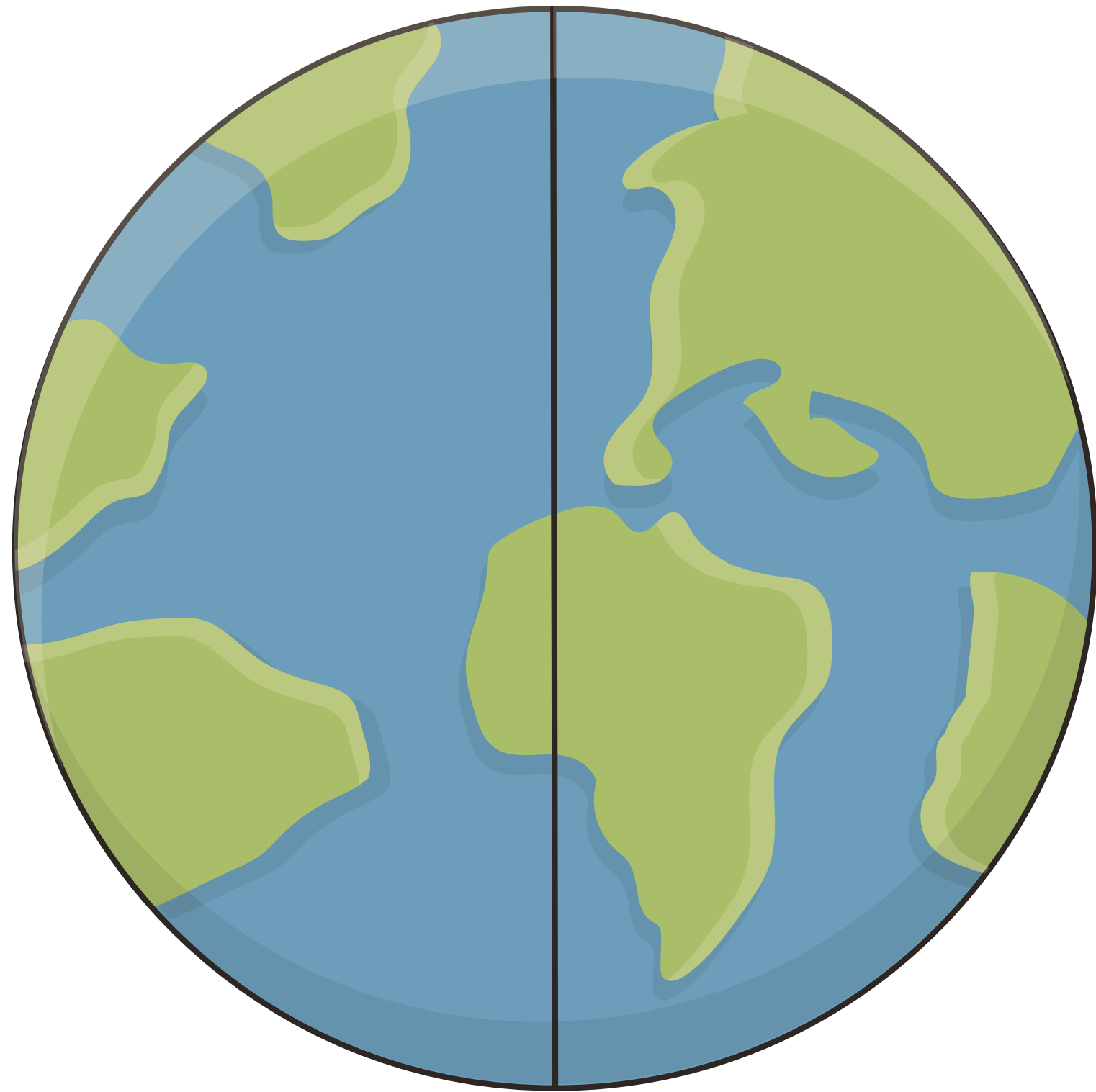


Wrap Cell Content:

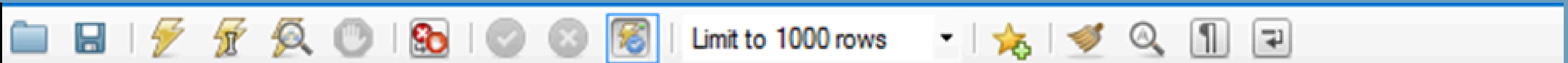


	category	count(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9

10



**Group the orders by
date and calculate
the average number
of pizzas ordered
per day.**



```
1  -- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
2  • SELECT
3      ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
4  FROM
5      (SELECT
6          orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
7      FROM
8          orders
9      JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
10     GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity
11
```

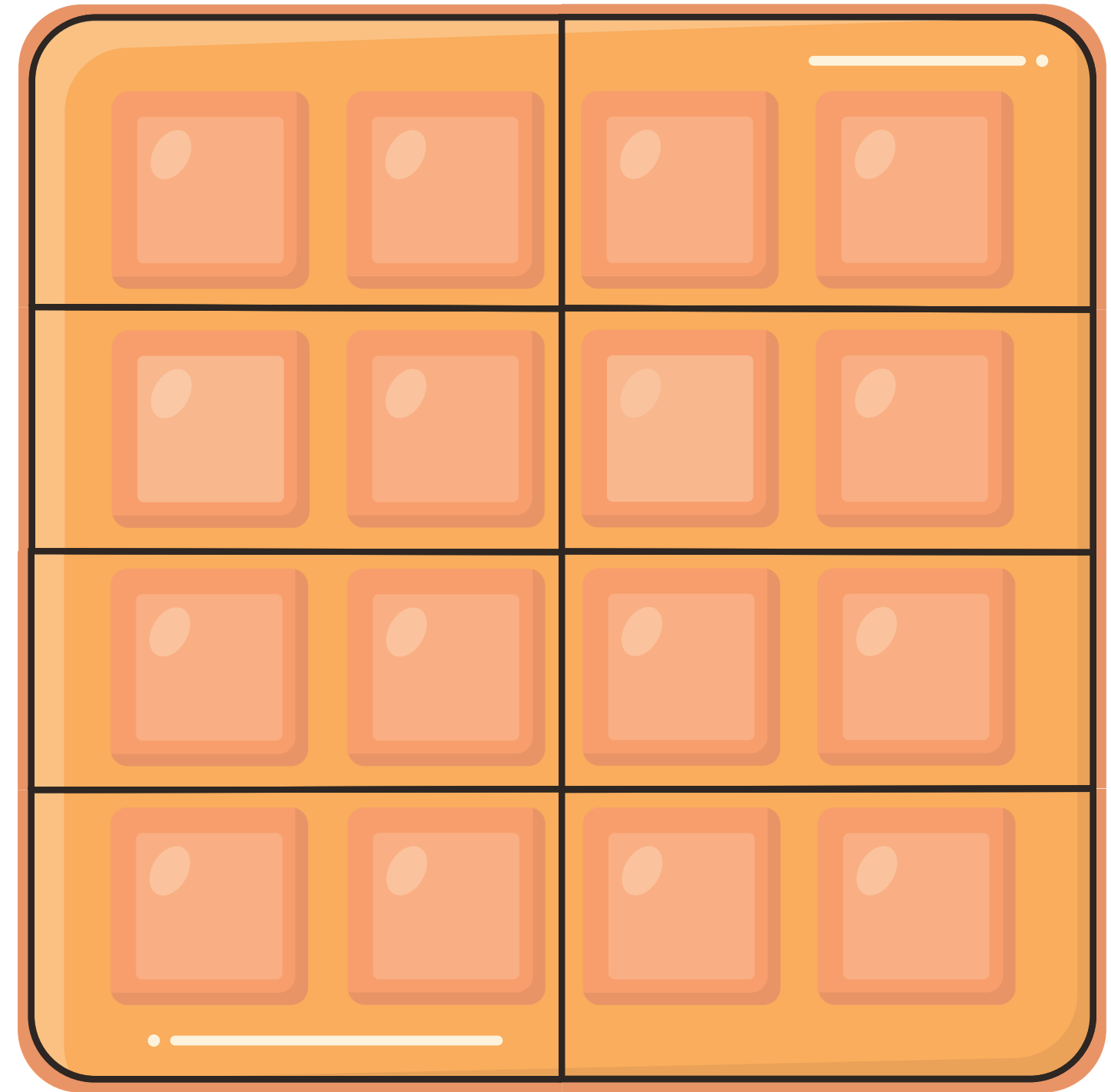
ANSWER

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	round(avg (quantity),0)
	138




11

**Determine the top
3 most ordered
pizza types based
on revenue.**



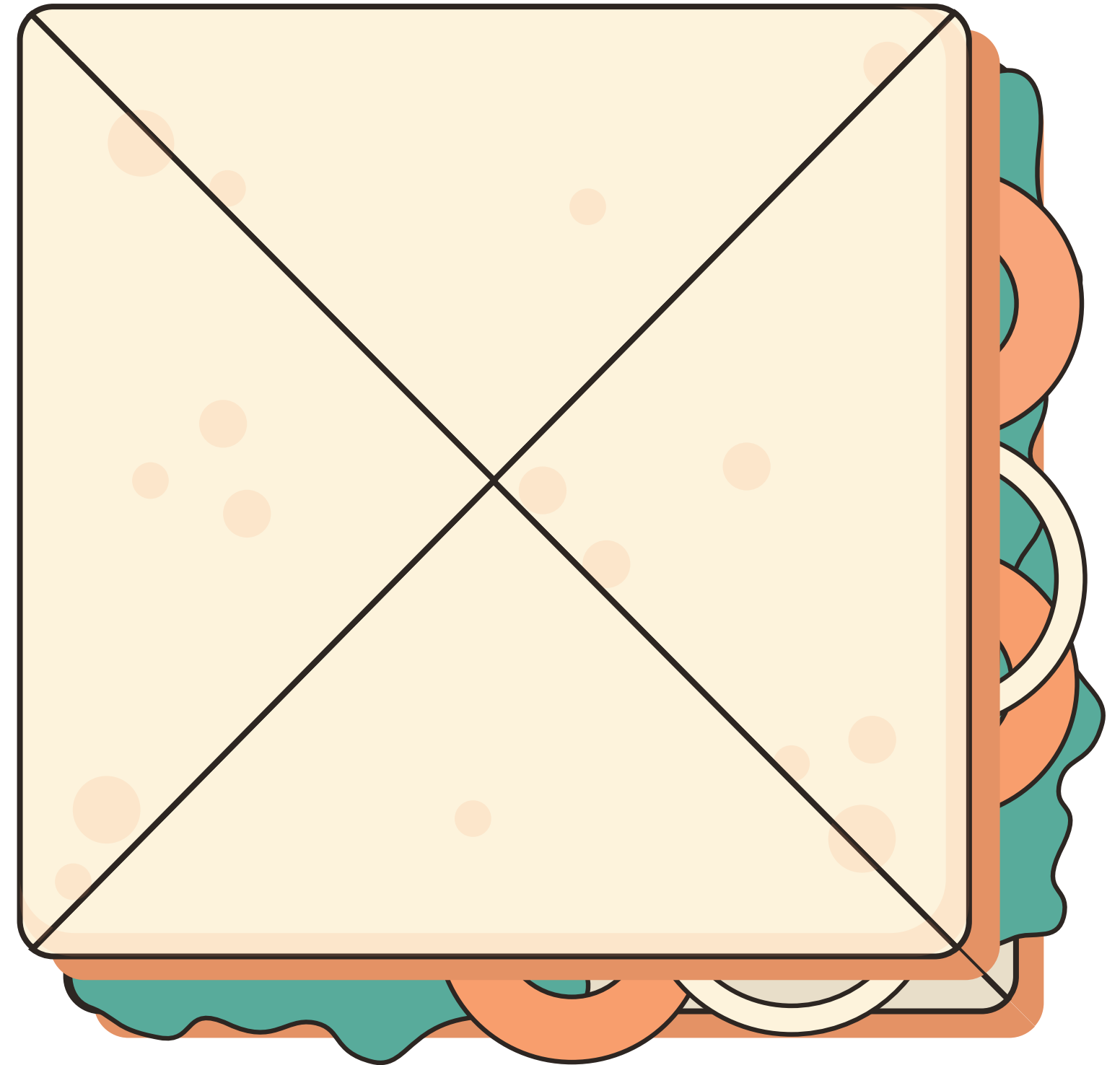
```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
2  • SELECT
3      pizza_types.name,
4      SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
5  FROM
6      pizza_types
7      JOIN
8      pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
9      JOIN
10     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11 GROUP BY pizza_types.name
12 ORDER BY revenue DESC
13 LIMIT 3
```

ANSWER

<		
Result Grid		
Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
Export:  Wrap Cell Content:  Fetch rows: 		
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

12

**Calculate the
percentage
contribution of
each pizza type
to total revenue.**

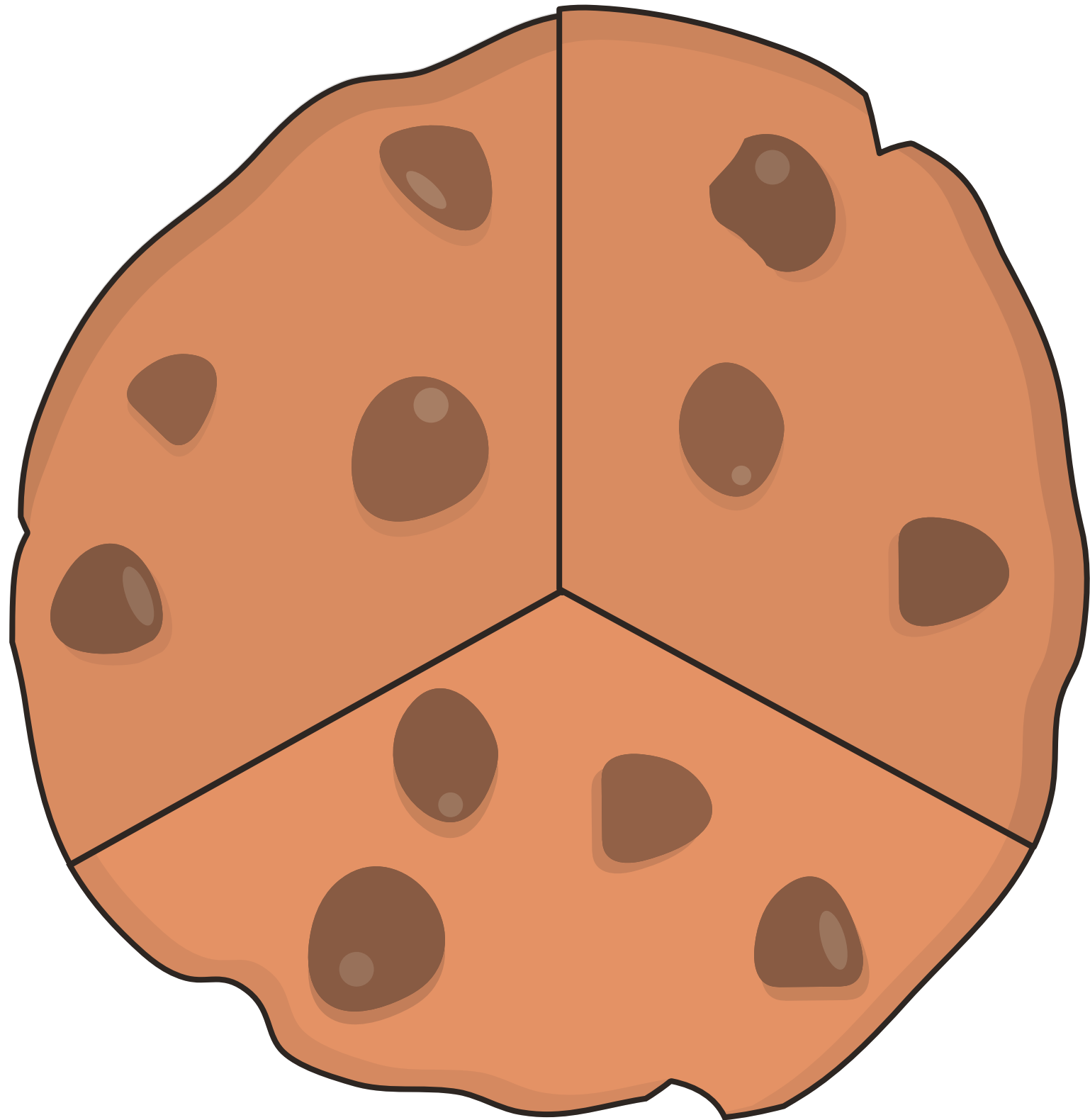


```
2 ● SELECT
3     pizza_types.category,
4     ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
5         ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
6             2) AS total_sales
7     FROM
8         orders_details
9         JOIN
10         pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id) * 100,2)
11     AS revenue
12 FROM
13     pizza_types
14     JOIN
15     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
16     JOIN
17     orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
18 GROUP BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC
```

ANSWER

13

**Analyze the cumulative
revenue generated over
time.**



ANSWER

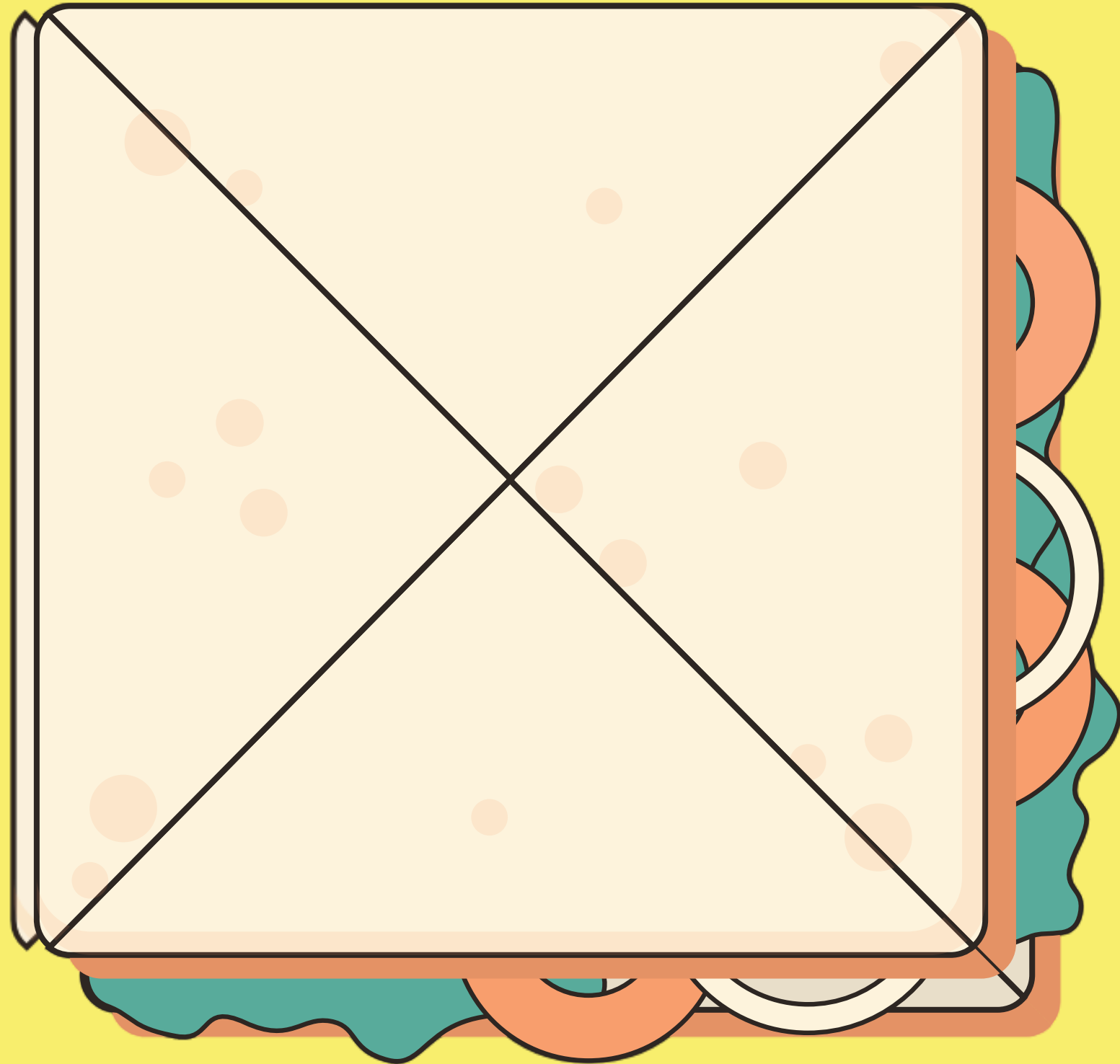
```
-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
```

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from orders_details join pizzas  
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004

14



**Determine the top 3 most
ordered pizza types
based on revenue for
each pizza category.**

```

1      -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.
2  •    Select name, revenue from
3  ⊖    (Select category, name, revenue,
4      rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn from
5  ⊖    (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
6      sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
7      from pizza_types join pizzas
8      on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9      join orders_details
10     on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
11     group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
12     where rn<=3;

```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:



	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25