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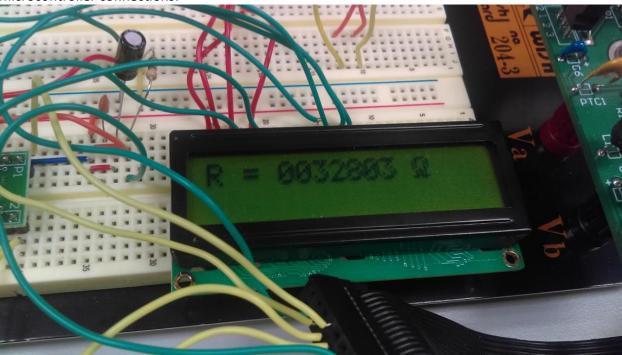
# Basic Micro-Controller Applications (I/O, LCD Interface, A/D) Introduction

This module consisted of two parts. In the first part was using a switch to toggle between a led and a buzzer. The second part consisted of using the adc to read the voltage and convert it to resistance using the voltage divider formula, and finally print the result on the lcd

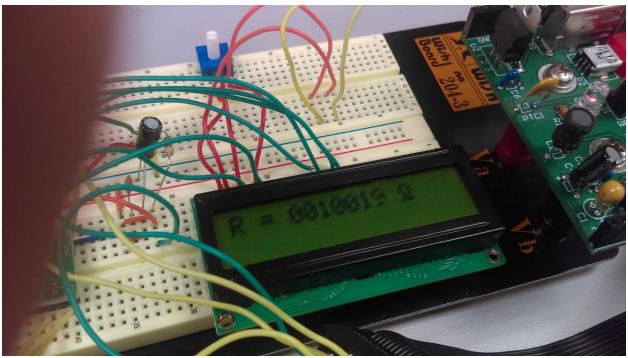
### Design

For the first part I connected each component to three different GPIO. One was an input (switch), and the other two were outputs. Depending on the position of the switch it would either blink the led at 2HZ or make the buzzer sound at 2Khz.

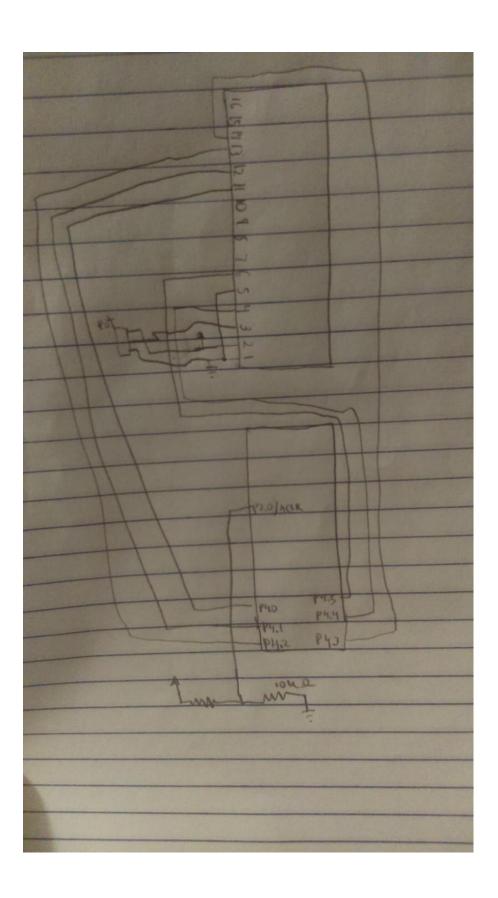
The second part consisted of an ohm meter. First I connected the Icd following the provided diagram except for the R/W being connected to ground, RS connected to P4.4 and enable connected to P4.5. For the ADC I use pin 8 which shares the value of P2.0 and the interrupt where I did 20 samplings and got the average. For the voltage divider I used a 10kohm resistor. The following are two pictures of the Icd showing the values and a diagram of the Icd to microcontroller connections:



33k ohms



1kohm



### Conclusion

Part one got us to familiarize ourselves with the microcontroller and the GPIO. For part two I learned to set up the lcd, use the adc and most importantly interrupts.

Note 0: Part 1 code must be uploaded separately.

Note 1: Uploaded report will be automatically reviewed in E-learning

Note 2: Effective technical reports convey the key essential information in a concise and clear manner (Focus on quality, not length)

```
Appendix. (Code)
```

#### Part1

```
#include <msp430.h>
/*
* main.c
*/
int i;
void delay_us(unsigned int us)
{
  unsigned int i;
  for (i = 0; i \le us/2; i++)
   __delay_cycles(1);
}
void beep(unsigned int note)
  long delay = (long)(10000/note); //Note's semiperiod.
  P1OUT |= 0x01; //Set P1
  delay_us(delay); //play half
  P1OUT &= ~0x01; //reset
  delay_us(delay); //play half
```

```
}
int main(void) {
  WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;
                                     // Stop watchdog timer
       P2DIR = 0x01; //Set output to P2
       P1DIR = 0x01; //Set output to P1
       P3DIR = 0x00; //Set input to P3
       P2OUT = 0x00;
       while(1) {
               if (P3IN & 0x01) {
                       P2OUT ^= 0x01;
                       for(i = 0; i < 20500; i++); //Trial and error with the o-scope
               }
               else {
                       beep(255); //Trial and error with the o-scope
               }
       }
       return 0;
}
Part2
#include <msp430.h>
* main.c
*/
#define HOME 0x02
                      // Home
#define CLEAR 0x01 // Clear screen and CR
void lcd_command(char);
void lcd_char(char);
```

```
void lcd_init(void);
void lcd_string(char*);
void adc_setup(void);
unsigned int adc_sam20(void);
void getResistance(unsigned int);
char uf_lcd_temp;
char uf_lcd_temp2;
char uf_lcd_x;
char ohm = 222;
int main(void) {
  WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;
                                       // Stop watchdog timer
  lcd_init();
  adc_setup();
  while (1) {
        unsigned int avg_adc = 0;
        avg_adc = adc_sam20();
                                       // sample 20 times and average out the result
       getResistance(avg_adc);
                                       // print out the result to the screen
  }
        return 0;
}
void lcd_string(char *str) {
       //This writes words yo
       while (*str != 0) {
               lcd_char(*str);
                *str++;
```

```
}
}
void lcd_command(char uf_lcd_x){
        P4DIR = 0xFF;
        uf_lcd_temp = uf_lcd_x;
        P4OUT = 0x00;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x >> 4;
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x | 0x20;
        P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
        P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
        P4OUT = 0x00;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_temp;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x | 0x20;
        P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
        uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
        P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
}
void lcd_char(char uf_lcd_x){
```

```
P4DIR = 0xFF;
       uf_lcd_temp = uf_lcd_x;
       P4OUT = 0x10;
       __delay_cycles(22000);
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x >> 4;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x \mid 0x30;
       P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
       __delay_cycles(22000);
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x1F;
       P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
       __delay_cycles(22000);
       P4OUT = 0x10;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_temp;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x0F;
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x \mid 0x30;
       P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
       __delay_cycles(22000);
       uf_lcd_x = uf_lcd_x & 0x1F;
       P4OUT = uf_lcd_x;
        __delay_cycles(22000);
}
void lcd_init(void){
       lcd_command(0x33);
       lcd_command(0x32);
       lcd_command(0x2C);
       lcd_command(0x0C);
```

```
lcd_command(0x01);
}
// ADC10 interrupt service routine
#pragma vector=ADC10_VECTOR
__interrupt void ADC10_ISR(void) {
       __bic_SR_register_on_exit(CPUOFF); // Return to active mode
}
void adc_setup(void) {
       // ADC
       ADC10CTL0 = ADC10SHT_2 + ADC10ON + ADC10IE; //0x1018, 16xADC10CLks, ADC10 on, and
ADC10 interupt enable
       ADC10AE0 |= 0x01; //Enable reg 0
}
unsigned int adc_sam20(void) {
       unsigned int i;
       volatile unsigned int sum = 0;
       volatile unsigned int value;
       for(i = 0; i < 20; i++)
       {
               ADC10CTL0 |= ENC + ADC10SC;
                                                   // Start the conversion and enable conversion
               __bis_SR_register(CPUOFF + GIE);
                                                  // call ISR, low power mode0
               value = ADC10MEM;
                                                                           // Save measured value
               sum += value;
       }
       return sum / 20;
                                                                           // Average result
```

```
}
void getResistance(unsigned int adcIn) {
        static unsigned short flag = 0;
        volatile float voltage = ((float)adcln/1023)*3.3; //average*(accuracy =
span(3.3V)/resolution(1024)), uP is from 0-1023
        float resistance = 1000*(33/voltage-10); //using voltage divider, 10k as a reference resistor
        if (adcln > 930 | | adcln < 10) {
                if(flag == 0) {
                        lcd_command(CLEAR);
                        flag = 1;
                }
                lcd_string("Out of Range");
                lcd_command(HOME);
        }
        else {
                flag = 0;
                unsigned long intRes = resistance;
                int numArray[7];
                int i;
                char numToChar;
                lcd_string("R = ");
                for(i = 6; i >= 0; i--) {
                        numArray[i] = intRes % 10; //get last digit
                        intRes \neq 10;
                                                                 //make number smaller
```

}