Java Cheat Sheet

Objects

Create an object: Type VarName = new ClassName(params): Car myFerrari = new Car(300); Car myFiat = new Car(120): Call an object's method: myFerrari.drive();

Variables

Declare a variable: Visibility Type VariableName: private int the Answer; private Button trueButton: Assign a value to a variable:

theAnswer = 42;

return a + b; }

float double **boolean** String

Types

int 1, -25, 0 1.6f, 6.89f 3.1415925 true, false "Philipp"

Classes

```
public class Car {
   private int speedField;
   // The Constructor:
   public Car (int speedInput) {
     speedField = speedInput;
  // Car class methods }
```

Methods

Declare a method: Visibility ReturnType Name (inputs) {...} public void myMethod () { // "void" does not return anything } public int methodWithParam (int a, int b) {

Arrays Declare an array:

int[] myInts;

Set the array size:

myInts = **new** int[5];

Assign values by index:

myInts[0] = 5;

myInts[1] = 74;

Retrieve an element:

1stElement = myInts[0];

2ndElement = myInts[1];

3rdElement = myInts[2];

If-Else Blocks

```
(condition 1) {
} else if (condition 2) {
} else {
```

Logic

Symbol	Meaning	Example
==	EQUAL TO	x == 4
!=	NOT EQUAL TO	x != 3
&&	AND >	x > 0 && x < 5
Ш	OR :	x < 0 x > 10



