NASA Space Math

Using Quantum Algorithms Simulator to solve Integrals

This project is using Qiskit.

from qiskit aer import AerSimulator

nQubits = aCirc1.num_qubits
qubits = aCirc1.qubits

Therefore, for more information about how Quantum Gates are implementing their functions using building blocks like Hadamard gates, etc., refer to this documentation.

License: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/deed.en (Please provide credit for my work)

In [1]: from qiskit import QuantumCircuit, Aer, execute, transpile, execute, IBMQ

```
from qiskit.tools.monitor import job monitor
        from qiskit.circuit.library import WeightedAdder
        from qiskit.circuit import Instruction, CircuitInstruction, Qubit, QuantumRegister, Clbi
        from qiskit.circuit.library.standard gates import IGate, XGate, CXGate, CCXGate, C3XGate
                                                          RXGate, RYGate, RZGate, HGate
        from qiskit.exceptions import QiskitError
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        from qiskit.visualization import plot histogram
        import os
        import sys
        import math as m
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import sympy
        from fractions import Fraction
        from functools import *
        from traceback import format exc
In [2]: def initGates(circuit, qreq, nInputs, gateName='id'):
            '''Determine Input Value (Either 0 or 1)
           Initialization Gates
            First, zero it out at the beginning.
            All qubits start from ground state |0>. Create manipulable initialization gates as m
            The identity gate means that it remains the same state as previous, which, in this c
            Later, the Identity gate can be converted to an X Gate or NOT gate.'''
            circuit.data = [CircuitInstruction(operation=Instruction(name=gateName, num qubits=1
                                             qubits=(Qubit(qreq, inputIndex),),
                                             clbits=()) for inputIndex in range(nInputs)]
```

def qAdd(weights, backend=AerSimulator(method='matrix product state')):

aCirc1 = WeightedAdder(num state qubits=len(weights), weights=weights)

sumQubitIndices = [qubitIndex for qubitIndex in range(len(qubits)) if "'sum'" in str

```
nInputs = str(qubits).count("'state'")
            nOutputs = len(sumQubitIndices)
            q = QuantumRegister(nQubits, 'q')
            c = ClassicalRegister(nOutputs, 'c')
            aCirc = QuantumCircuit(q, c)
            initGates(aCirc, q, nInputs, gateName='x')
            aCirc.append(aCirc1, range(nQubits))
            aCirc.measure(sumQubitIndices, range(nOutputs))
            job = execute(aCirc, backend, shots=2000)
            result = job.result()
            counts = result.get counts()
            count = list(counts)[0]
            return int(count, 2)
In [4]:
       def qintegrals(var, RawEqParts, debugPrint=False):
            Eqn Integrated = []
            if debugPrint: factorsSet = []
            for RawEqPart in RawEqParts:
                coeffExp = RawEqPart.as coeff exponent(var)
                if debugPrint: print(coeffExp)
                coeffExpFrac = [Fraction(str(eqNum)).limit denominator().as integer ratio() for
                # # Add 1 due to integration
                # Add by a value equal to the denominator of the 2nd/Divisor Fraction (e.g. if d
                factors = np.transpose(coeffExpFrac)
                denominator = factors[1, 1]
                # factors[:, 1][0] is the Numerator of the 2nd Fraction
                factors[:, 1][0] += denominator
                # # Fraction division is a multiplication by its reciprocal of the 2nd/Divisor F
                factors[:, 1] = factors[:, 1][::-1]
                result = []
                if debugPrint: factorsSet.append(factors)
                for A, B in factors:
```

Using Repeated Addition through WeightedAdder

Add by a value equal to the denominator of the 2nd/Divisor Fraction (e.g. if d

New Coefficient for the integrated expression

integCoef = Fraction(result[0], result[1])

integExp = coeffExpFrac[1][0]+denominator

New Exponent for the integrated expression

Eqn Integrated.append(integCoef*var**integExp)

resultMul = qAdd([A]*B)
result.append(resultMul)

if debugPrint: print(factorsSet)

integExp /= denominator

return Eqn Integrated

Calculations for: NASA Space Math 10Page120.pdf - Problem 2

PDF Document: https://spacemath.gsfc.nasa.gov/Calculus/10Page120.pdf

```
In [5]: T = sympy.Symbol('T')
RawEqParts = [sympy.Mul(49), 42*T, 9*T**2]

Eqn_Integrated = qintegrals(T, RawEqParts)

print(Eqn_Integrated)

[49*T**1.0, 21*T**2.0, 3*T**3.0]
```

Calculations for: NASA Space Math 7Page48.pdf - Problem 1B

PDF Document: https://spacemath.gsfc.nasa.gov/Calculus/7Page48.pdf

```
In [6]: T = sympy.Symbol('T')
RawEqParts = [float(coef)*T**exp for coef, exp in zip('1.49 12.30 41.94 76.00 77.55 42.2

Eqn_Integrated = qintegrals(T, RawEqParts)

print(Eqn_Integrated)

[149*T**9.0/900, 123*T**8.0/80, 2097*T**7.0/350, 38*T**6.0/3, 1551*T**5.0/100, 1057*T**
4.0/100, 473*T**3.0/150, 9*T**2.0/100, 9*T**1.0/10000]
```

Calculations for: NASA Space Math 10Page113.pdf - Problem 2

PDF Document: https://spacemath.gsfc.nasa.gov/Calculus/10Page113.pdf

```
In [7]: m = sympy.Symbol('m')
RawEqParts = [0.025*m**-0.9]

Eqn_Integrated = qintegrals(m, RawEqParts)
print(Eqn_Integrated)
```

[m**0.1/4]