

CS201: Discrete Math for Computer Science
2022 Spring Semester Written Assignment # 5
Due: May 20th, 2022, please submit one pdf file through Sakai
Please answer questions in English. Using any other language will
lead to a zero point.

Plagiarism in an Assignment or a Quiz:

- For the first time: the score of the assignment or quiz will be zero
- For the second time: the score of the course will be zero
- When two assignments are nearly identical, the policy will apply to BOTH students, unless one confesses having copied without the knowledge of the other.

Any late submission will lead to a zero point with no exception.

Q. 1. (5 points) Show that a subset of an *antisymmetric* relation is also *antisymmetric*.

Q. 2. (5 points) Suppose that the relation R is symmetric. Show that R^* is symmetric.

Q. 3. (5 points) Let R be a reflexive relation on a set A . Show that $R \subseteq R^2$.

Q. 4. (5 points) Suppose that R is a *symmetric* relation on a set A . Is \overline{R} also symmetric? Explain your answer.

Q. 5. (10 points) For two positive integers, we write $m \preceq n$ if the sum of the (distinct) prime factors of the first is less than or equal to the product of the (distinct) prime factors of the second. For instance $75 \preceq 14$, because $3 + 5 \leq 2 \cdot 7$.

- (a) Is this relation reflexive? Explain.
- (b) Is this relation antisymmetric? Explain.
- (c) Is this relation transitive? Explain.

Q. 6. (10 points) Give an examples of a relation R such that its transitive closure R^* satisfies $R^* = R \cup R^2 \cup R^3$, but $R^* \neq R \cup R^2$.

Q. 7. (10 points) Which of the following are equivalence relations on the set of all people?

- (1) $\{(x, y) | x \text{ and } y \text{ have the same sign of the zodiac}\}$
- (2) $\{(x, y) | x \text{ and } y \text{ were born in the same year}\}$
- (3) $\{(x, y) | x \text{ and } y \text{ have been in the same city}\}$

Q. 8. (10 points) Show that $\{(x, y) | x - y \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ is an equivalence relation on the set of real numbers, where \mathbb{Q} denotes the set of rational numbers. What are $[1]$, $[\frac{1}{2}]$, and $[\pi]$?

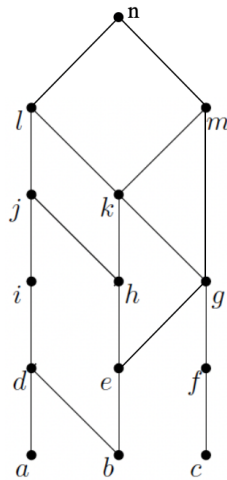
Q. 9. (10 points) Consider a relation \propto on the set of functions from \mathbb{N}^+ to \mathbb{R} , such that $f \propto g$ if and only if $f = O(g)$.

- (a) Is \propto an equivalence relation?
- (b) Is \propto a partial ordering?
- (c) Is \propto a total ordering?

Q. 10. (10 points) Let $\mathbf{R}(S)$ be the set of all relations on a set S . Define the relation \preceq on $\mathbf{R}(S)$ by $R_1 \preceq R_2$ if $R_1 \subseteq R_2$, where R_1 and R_2 are relations on S . Show that $\mathbf{R}(S), (\preceq)$ is a poset.

Q. 11. (10 points) We consider partially ordered sets whose elements are sets of natural numbers, and for which the ordering is given by \subseteq . For each such partially ordered set, we can ask if it has a minimal or maximal element. For example, the set $\{\{0\}, \{0, 1\}, \{2\}\}$, has minimal elements $\{0\}, \{2\}$, and maximal elements $\{0, 1\}, \{2\}$.

- (a) Prove or disprove: there exists a nonempty $R \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ with no maximal element.
- (b) Prove or disprove: there exists a nonempty $R \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ with no minimal element.
- (c) Prove or disprove: there exists a nonempty $T \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ that has neither minimal nor maximal elements.



Q. 12. (10 points) Answer these questions for the partial order represented by this Hasse diagram.

- (a) Find the maximal elements.
- (b) Find the minimal elements.
- (c) Is there a greatest element?
- (d) Is there a least element?
- (e) Find all upper bounds of $\{a, b, c\}$.
- (f) Find the least upper bound of $\{a, b, c\}$, if it exists.
- (g) Find all lower bounds of $\{f, g, h\}$.
- (h) Find the greatest lower bound of $\{f, g, h\}$, if it exists.