## **TASK 2: CAR PRICE PREDICTION WITH ML**

## • Program:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\krith\\Downloads\\ BV \\cardata.csv') #
Replace with the correct file path
# Preprocess the data
# Drop the Car Name column as it might not contribute significantly to
predicting the price
data = data.drop('Car Name', axis=1)
# One-hot encode categorical variables
categorical_cols = ['Fuel_Type', 'Selling_type', 'Transmission']
data = pd.get dummies(data, columns=categorical cols, drop first=True)
# Separate features and target variable
X = data.drop('Selling Price', axis=1).values
y = data['Selling Price'].values
# Standardize the features
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
X = scaler.fit_transform(X)
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
# Define the Neural Network class
class NeuralNetwork:
  def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, output_size):
    self.input size = input size
    self.hidden_size = hidden_size
    self.output_size = output_size
    # Initialize weights and biases
    self.weights input hidden = np.random.randn(self.input size,
self.hidden size)
    self.weights hidden output = np.random.randn(self.hidden size,
self.output size)
    self.bias_hidden = np.zeros((1, self.hidden_size))
    self.bias output = np.zeros((1, self.output size))
    # Learning rate
    self.lr = 0.01
  def sigmoid(self, x):
    return 1/(1 + np.exp(-x))
  def sigmoid_derivative(self, x):
    return x * (1 - x)
```

```
def forward(self, X):
    self.hidden output = self.sigmoid(np.dot(X, self.weights input hidden) +
self.bias hidden)
    self.predicted_output = self.sigmoid(np.dot(self.hidden_output,
self.weights_hidden_output) + self.bias_output)
    return self.predicted output
  def backward(self, X, y):
    # Calculate errors and deltas
    self.output error = y - self.predicted output
    self.output delta = self.output error *
self.sigmoid derivative(self.predicted output)
    self.hidden_error = self.output_delta.dot(self.weights_hidden_output.T)
    self.hidden delta = self.hidden error *
self.sigmoid derivative(self.hidden output)
    # Update weights and biases
    self.weights hidden output += self.hidden output.T.dot(self.output delta)
* self.lr
    self.weights_input_hidden += X.T.dot(self.hidden_delta) * self.lr
    self.bias output += np.sum(self.output delta, axis=0) * self.lr
    self.bias hidden += np.sum(self.hidden delta, axis=0) * self.lr
  def train(self, X, y, epochs):
    for epoch in range(epochs):
      output = self.forward(X)
      self.backward(X, y)
```

```
def predict(self, X):
    return self.forward(X)
# Initialize and train the neural network
input_size = X_train.shape[1]
hidden_size = 10 # You can adjust this based on your needs
output size = 1 # Predicting a single continuous value
nn = NeuralNetwork(input size, hidden size, output size)
nn.train(X_train, y_train.reshape(-1, 1), epochs=1000)
# Predictions on test data
predictions = nn.predict(X_test)
# Evaluate the model using Mean Squared Error (MSE)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions.flatten())
print("Mean Squared Error:", mse)
```

## Output:

