

## Punto 6

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Sea  $Px^2(a_0, a_1) = \left[ \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_0}, \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_1} \right]$ . Luego, podemos decir que:

$$Px^2(a_0, a_1) = \left[ -2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - (a_0 + a_i x_i)), -2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - (a_0 + a_i x_i))(x_i) \right] = [0, 0].$$

$$\text{Entonces, } Px^2(a_0, a_1) = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i - a_0 n - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i = 0 \longrightarrow a_0 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i - a_0 n - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i}{n},$$

$$a_0 = \bar{y} - a_1 \bar{x}.$$

Ahora bien, teniendo en cuenta que  $\sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i - a_0 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - a_1 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = 0$ .

$$a_1 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i + \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right) \left[ a_1 \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right],$$

$$a_1 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - a_1 \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i - \frac{1}{n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right) \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right).$$

$$\therefore a_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i - \frac{1}{n} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \right) \left( \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}.$$

Sea  $Dx^2(a_0, a_1, a_2) = \left[ \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_0}, \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_1}, \frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_2} \right] = [0, 0, 0]$ . Luego, podemos decir que:

$$\frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_0} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2) = 0 \longrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n y_i = \sum_{i=1}^n (a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2).$$

$$\frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_1} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2) = 0 \longrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i = \sum_{i=1}^n (a_0 x_i - a_1 x_i^2 - a_2 x_i^3).$$

$$\frac{\partial x^2}{\partial a_2} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 (y_i - a_0 - a_1 x_i - a_2 x_i^2) = 0 \longrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (a_0 x_i^2 - a_1 x_i^3 - a_2 x_i^4).$$