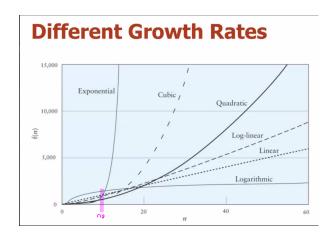
Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073

CENG202 - Homework2

In this experiment, we compared the performance of different sorting algorithms on arrays that have different sizes. My expectation was that the selection and bubble sorting algorithms would perform better on arrays with 1000 elements ,because of I thought this was below the critical input size for an array. While I didn't get exactly what I expected, they still performed better than the linear sorting algorithm, counting sort. I believe this situation causes because they have a bigger critic input size between linear and cubic than others. As for the other arrays that they have bigger size, the results were as expected. You can see the pseudo code of the test I performed, the growth rate and time complexity of the sorting algorithms, 3 test results, and the graph of the first test result below. I added the source code at the last page.



Time Complexities of Sorting Algorithms

ALGORITHM	BEST CASE	AVERAGE CASE	wc
Selection Sort	Ω(n^2)-quadric-	$\theta(n^2)$ -quadric-	O(n
Bubble Sort	$\Omega(n)$ -linear-	$\Omega(n^2)$ -quadric-	Ω(n
Merge Sort	$\Omega(n \log(n))$ - logarithmic-	$\theta(n \log(n))$ - logarithmic-	O(n loga
Quick Sort	$\Omega(n \log(n))$ - logarithmic-	$\theta(n \log(n))$ - logarithmic-	O(n
Counting Sort	$\Theta(n + k)$ -linear	$\Theta(n + k)$ -linear-	Θ(n

Test Results in My Computer

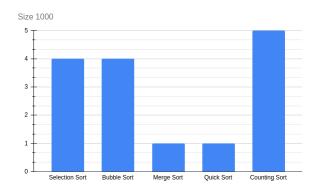
First Second Third

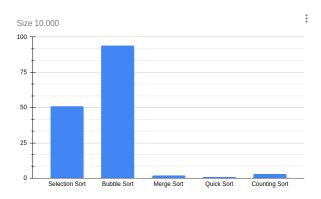
```
Timing Selection Sort...
Size 1000: 4 ms
Size 10000: 51 ms
Size 50000: 556 ms
Size 100000: 2256 ms
Timing Bubble Sort...
Size 1000: 4 ms
Size 10000: 94 ms
Size 50000: 2746 ms
Size 100000: 11249 ms
Timing Merge Sort...
Size 1000: 1 ms
Size 10000: 2 ms
Size 50000: 8 ms
Size 100000: 13 ms
Timing Quick Sort...
Size 1000: 1 ms
Size 10000: 1 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 10 ms
Timing Counting Sort...
Size 1000: 5 ms
Size 10000: 3 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 4 ms
```

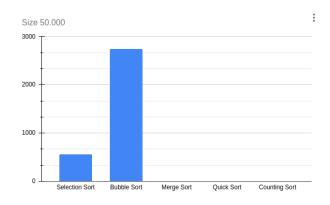
```
Timing Selection Sort...
Size 1000: 3 ms
Size 10000: 50 ms
Size 50000: 549 ms
Size 100000: 2198 ms
Timing Bubble Sort...
Size 1000: 4 ms
Size 10000: 94 ms
Size 50000: 2818 ms
Size 100000: 11463 ms
Timing Merge Sort...
Size 1000: 1 ms
Size 10000: 2 ms
Size 50000: 8 ms
Size 100000: 11 ms
Timing Quick Sort...
Size 1000: 1 ms
Size 10000: 1 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 10 ms
Timing Counting Sort...
Size 1000: 4 ms
Size 10000: 4 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 7 ms
```

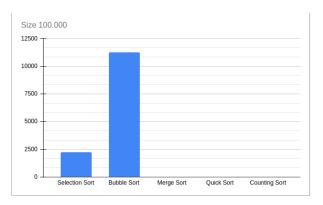
```
Timing Selection Sort...
Size 1000: 3 ms
Size 10000: 50 ms
Size 50000: 558 ms
Size 100000: 2189 ms
Timing Bubble Sort...
Size 1000: 5 ms
Size 10000: 93 ms
Size 50000: 2826 ms
Size 100000: 11546 ms
Timing Merge Sort...
Size 1000: 1 ms
Size 10000: 2 ms
Size 50000: 9 ms
Size 100000: 16 ms
Timing Quick Sort...
Size 1000: 0 ms
Size 10000: 1 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 10 ms
Timing Counting Sort...
Size 1000: 4 ms
Size 10000: 3 ms
Size 50000: 5 ms
Size 100000: 6 ms
```

Graphs of My First Result









Test Code

Pseudo Code

```
function selectionSort(arr)
   for i = 0 to arr.length - 1 do
       minIndex = i
        for j = i + 1 to arr.length - 1 do
           if arr[j] < arr[minIndex] then</pre>
               minIndex = j
            end if
        end for
        temp = arr[i]
        arr[i] = arr[minIndex]
        arr[minIndex] = temp
   end for
end function
function bubbleSort(arr)
    for i = 0 to arr.length - 1 do
        for j = 0 to arr.length - i - 2 do
            if arr[j] > arr[j + 1] then
               temp = arr[j]
                arr[j] = arr[j + 1]
                arr[j + 1] = temp
            end if
        end for
    end for
end function
function mergeSort(arr, left, right)
   if left < right then
       mid = floor((left + right) / 2)
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid)
       mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right)
        merge(arr, left, mid, right)
   end if
end function
function merge(arr, left, mid, right)
    temp = new Array[right - left + 1]
   i = left, j = mid + 1, k = 0
   while i <= mid and j <= right do
        if arr[i] <= arr[j] then</pre>
            temp[k] = arr[i]
            i = i + 1
        else
```

Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073

```
temp[k] = arr[j]
             j = j + 1
         end if
         k = k + 1
    end while
    while i <= mid do
         temp[k] = arr[i]
         i = i + 1
         k = k + 1
    end while
    while j <= right do
         temp[k] = arr[j]
         j = j + 1
         k = k + 1
    end while
    for m = 0 to temp.length - 1 do
        arr[left + m] = temp[m]
end function
function quickSort(arr, left, right)
    if left < right then
         pivotIndex = partition(arr, left, right)
         quickSort(arr, left, pivotIndex - 1)
         quickSort(arr, pivotIndex + 1, right)
end function
function partition(arr, left, right)
    pivotValue = arr[right]
    i = left - 1
    for j = left to right - 1 do
         if arr[j] < pivotValue then</pre>
            i = i + 1
             temp = arr[i]
             arr[i] = arr[j]
             arr[j] = temp
         end if
    end for
    temp = arr[i + 1]
    arr[i + 1] = arr[right]
    arr[right] = temp
    return i + 1
end function
function countingSort(arr)
    maxValue \leftarrow 1000000
    counts \leftarrow array of size (maxValue + 1)
    for i \leftarrow 0 to length of arr - 1 do
         \texttt{counts}[\texttt{arr}[\texttt{i}]] \; \leftarrow \; \texttt{counts}[\texttt{arr}[\texttt{i}]] \; + \; \texttt{1}
    index \; \leftarrow \; 0
    for i \leftarrow 0 to length of counts - 1 do
         while counts[i] > 0 do
             arr[index] ← i
             index ← index + 1
             \texttt{counts[i]} \; \leftarrow \; \texttt{counts[i]} \; - \; \mathbf{1}
end function
function generateRandomArray(size)
    arr ← array of size size
    for i \leftarrow 0 to size - 1 do
        arr[i] ← random integer between 0 and 1000000
    return arr
end function
```

Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073 4

```
procedure main(args)
    arrays \leftarrow array of 4 arrays
    arrays[0] \( \text{generateRandomArray(1000)} \)
    arrays[1] \leftarrow generateRandomArray(10000)
    arrays[2] ← generateRandomArray(50000)
    arrays[3] ← generateRandomArray(100000)
    algorithmNames \leftarrow array containing the names of the sorting algorithms
    for i \leftarrow 0 to length of algorithmNames - 1 do
         print "Timing " + algorithmNames[i] + "..."
         for j \leftarrow 0 to length of arrays - 1 do
             arr ← clone of arrays[j]
              \texttt{startTime} \ \leftarrow \ \texttt{current} \ \texttt{time} \ \texttt{in} \ \texttt{milliseconds}
              switch i do
                       selectionSort(arr)
                  case 1:
                       bubbleSort(arr)
                       break
                  case 2:
                       mergeSort(arr, 0, length of arr - 1)
                  case 3:
                       quickSort(arr, 0, length of arr - 1)
                       break
                  case 4:
                       countingSort(arr)
                       break
                  default:
                       print "ERROR: The algorithm is not found!"
              endTime ← current time in milliseconds
              \verb|elapsedTime| \leftarrow \verb|endTime| - \verb|startTime|
              print "Size " + length of arrays[j] + ": " + elapsedTime + " ms"
         end for
         print " "
    end for
end procedure
```

Source Code

```
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class ComparingSortingAlgorithms {
 public static void selectionSort(int[] arr){
    for(int i = 0; i < arr.length-1;i++){
     int minIndex = i;
      for(int j = i+1; j < arr.length; j++){
       if(arr[j] < arr[minIndex]){</pre>
          minIndex = j;
       }
     int temp = arr[i];
     arr[i] = arr[minIndex];
     arr[minIndex] = temp;
   }
 }
 public static void bubbleSort(int[] arr){
    for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++){
     for (int j=0; j < arr.length - i - 1; j++){
       if(arr[j] > arr[j+1]){
          int temp = arr[j];
```

Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073

```
arr[j] = arr[j+1];
         arr[j+1] = temp;
     }
   }
 public static void mergeSort(int [] arr,int left,int right){
   if(left < right){</pre>
     int mid =(left+right)/2;
     mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
     mergeSort(arr,mid+1,right);
     merge(arr,left,mid,right);
   }
 public static void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right){
   int[] temp = new int[right-left+1];
   int i = left, j = mid+1, k= 0;
   \label{eq:while(i <= mid && j <= right){}} \{
     if(arr[i] <= arr[j]){</pre>
       temp[k] = arr[i];
       i++;
     } else{
       temp[k] = arr[j];
       j++;
     }
     k++;
   }
   //remain elements of left side
   while(i <= mid){</pre>
     temp[k] = arr[i];
     i++;
     k++;
   }
   // remain elements of right side
   while(j <= right){</pre>
     temp[k] = arr[j];
     j++;
   }
   for(int m = 0; m < temp.length; m++){
     arr[left+m] = temp[m];
public static void quickSort(int[] arr, int left, int right){
   if(left < right){</pre>
     int pivotIndex = partition(arr, left, right);
     quickSort(arr, left, pivotIndex-1);
     quickSort(arr,pivotIndex+1,right);
 }
 public static int partition(int[] arr, int left, int right){
   int pivotValue = arr[right];
   int i = left-1;
   for( int j = left; j < right; j++){
     if(arr[j] < pivotValue){</pre>
       int temp = arr[i];
       arr[i]= arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
     }
   }
   int temp = arr[i+1];
   arr[i+1] = arr[right];
   arr[right] = temp;
```

Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073 6

```
return i+1;
}
public static void countingSort(int[] arr){
  int maxValue=1000000;
  int[] counts = new int [maxValue+1];
  for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++){
   counts[arr[i]]++;
 int index = 0;
  for(int i = 0; i < counts.length;i++){</pre>
    while(counts[i] > 0){
      arr[index] = i;
      index++;
      counts[i]--;
 }
private static int[] generateRandomArray(int size){
 int [] arr = new int[size];
  Random random = new Random();
  for(int i = 0; i < size; i++){
   arr[i] = random.nextInt(1000001);
  return arr;
public static void main(String[] args){
 int [][] arrays = new int[4][];
  arrays[0] = generateRandomArray(1000);
  arrays[1] = generateRandomArray(10000);
  arrays[2] = generateRandomArray(50000);
  arrays[3] = generateRandomArray(100000);
  String[] algorithmNames = {"Selection Sort", "Bubble Sort", "Merge Sort", "Quick Sort", "Counting Sort"};
  for(int i=0; i < algorithmNames.length ; i++ ){
    System.out.println("Timing " + algorithmNames[i] + "...");
    for(int j = 0; j < arrays.length; <math>j++){
      int [] arr = arrays[j].clone();
      long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
      switch(i){
        case 0 :
          selectionSort(arr);
          break;
        case 1 :
          bubbleSort(arr);
          break;
        case 2 :
          mergeSort(arr, 0, arr.length-1);
        case 3:
          quickSort(arr,0,arr.length-1);
          break;
        case 4:
          countingSort(arr);
        default:
          System.out.println("ERROR:The algorithm is not finding!");
          break;
      long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
      long elapsedTime =endTime - startTime;
      System.out.println("Size "+arrays[j].length+": "+elapsedTime+" ms");
  System.out.println();
```

Gürkan AĞIR 20050111073 7

}