

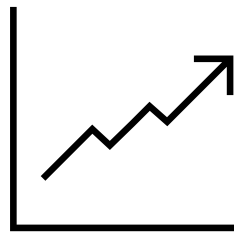


IL CALO DELLA FERTILITÀ NEL MONDO

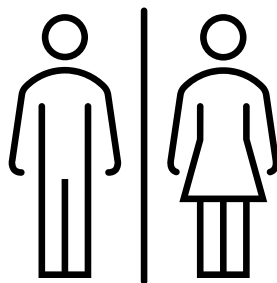
Sara Luketić 963124

Matteo Paiocchi Simoni 964837

FATTORI PRESI IN CONSIDERAZIONE



Human Development Index

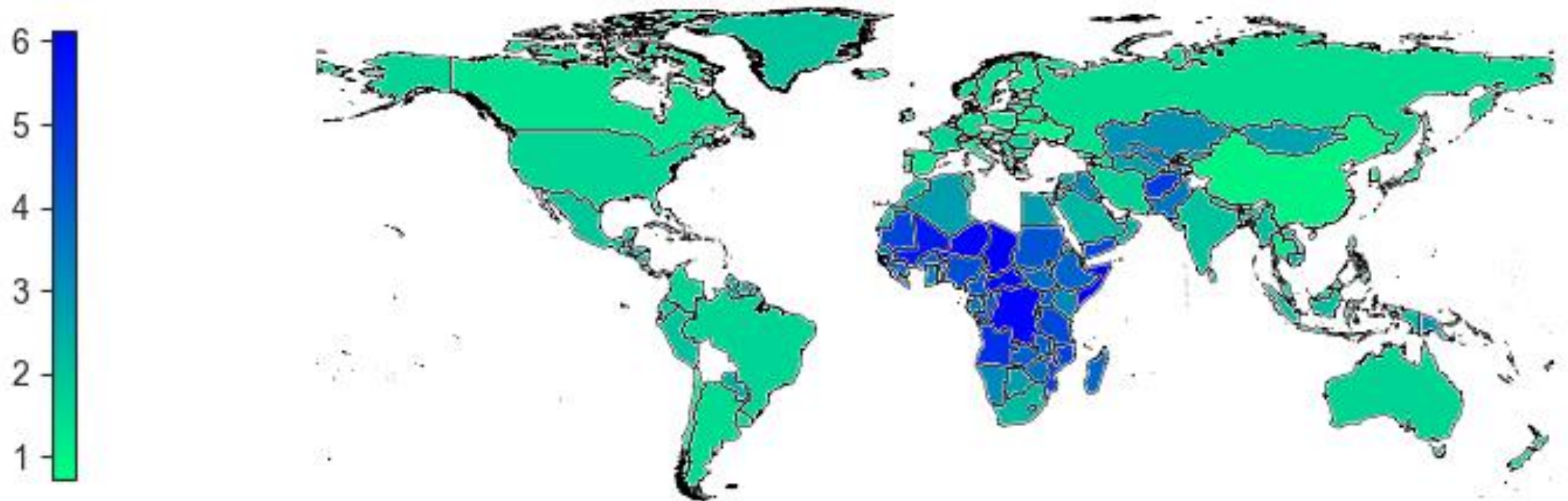


Gender Inequality Index

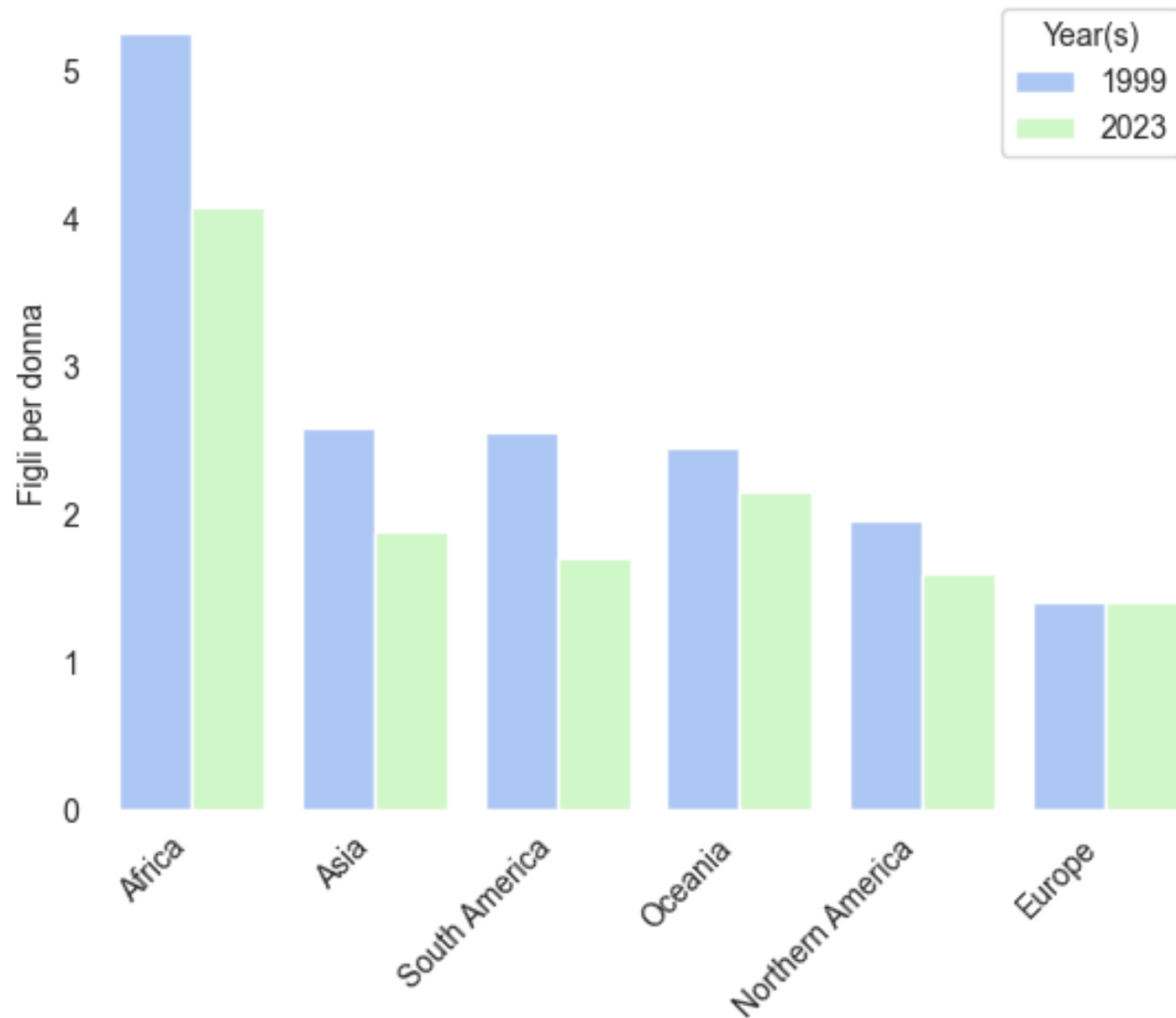


Politiche mirate

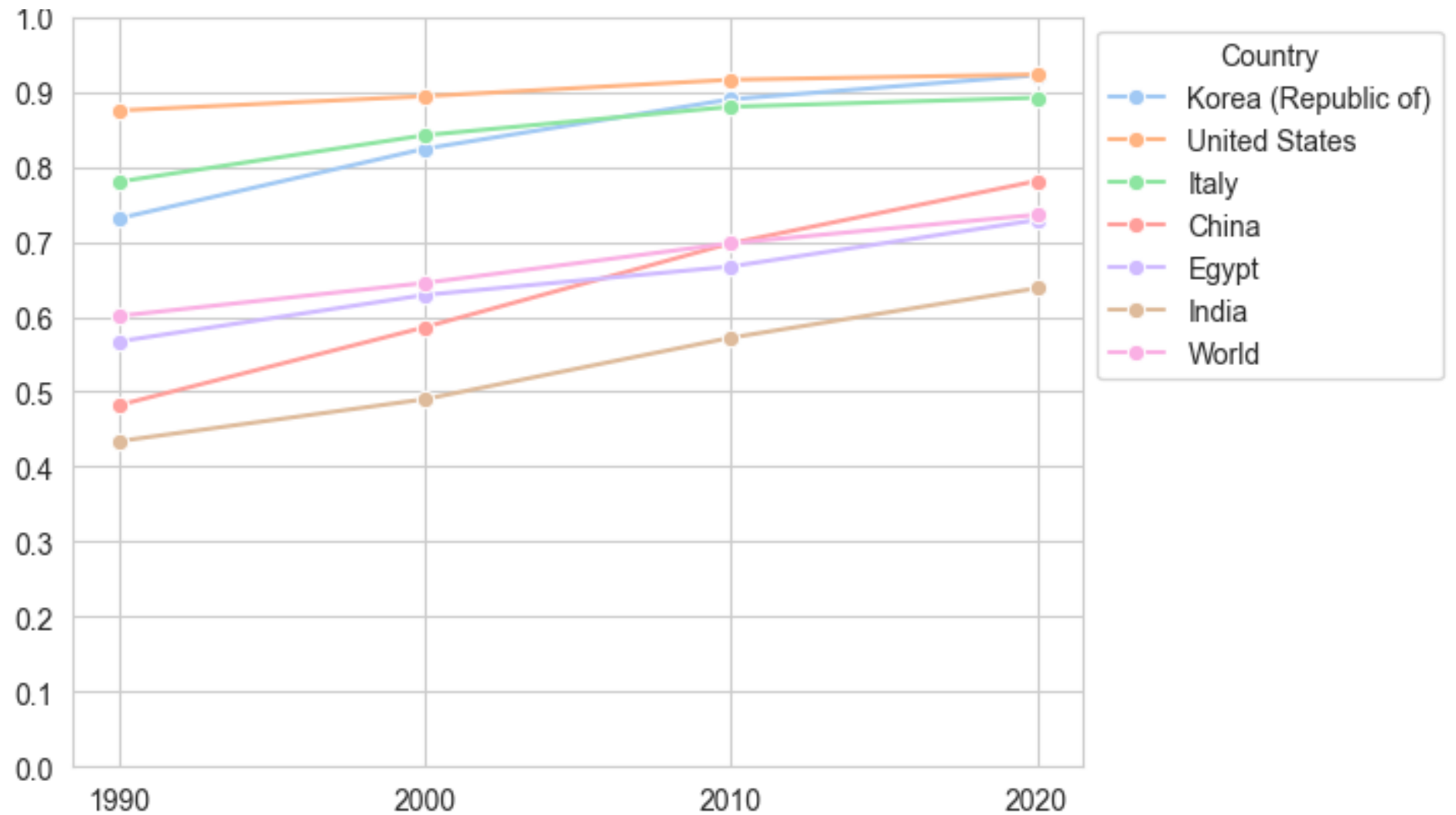
FIGLI PER DONNA



CONFRONTO TRA 1999 E 2023

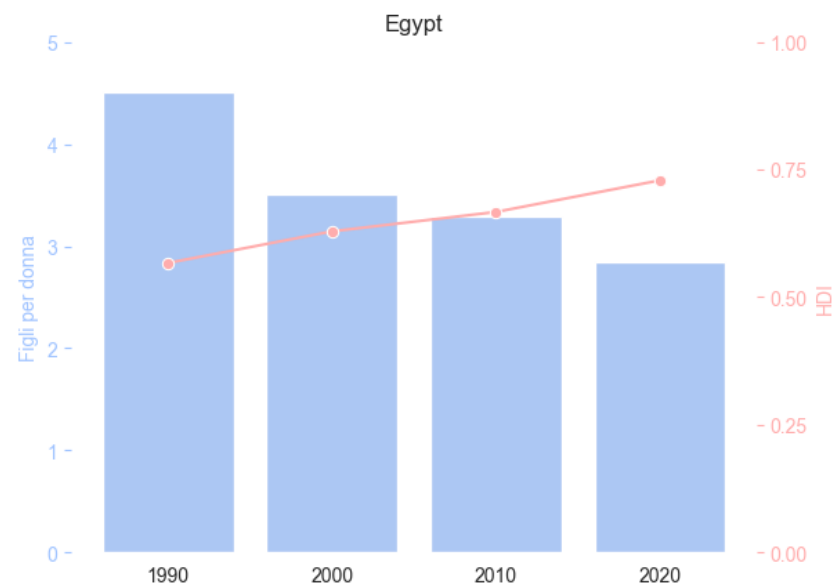
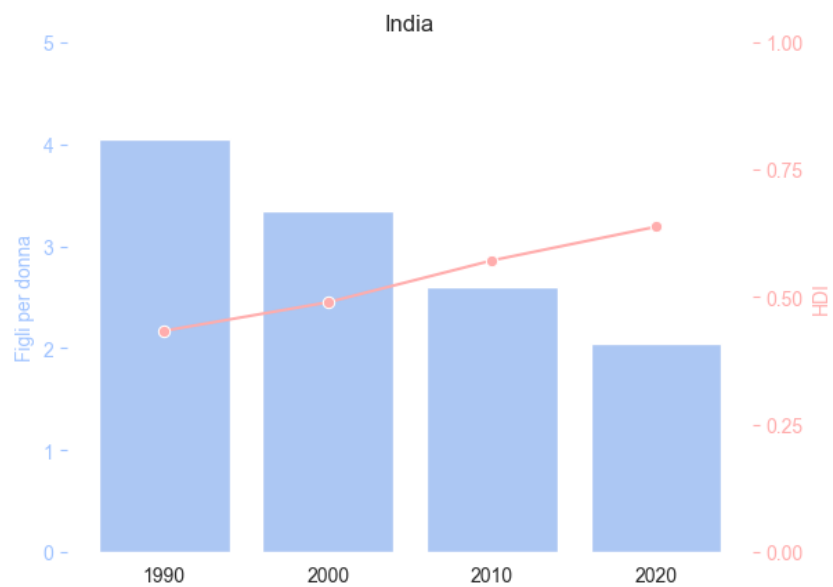
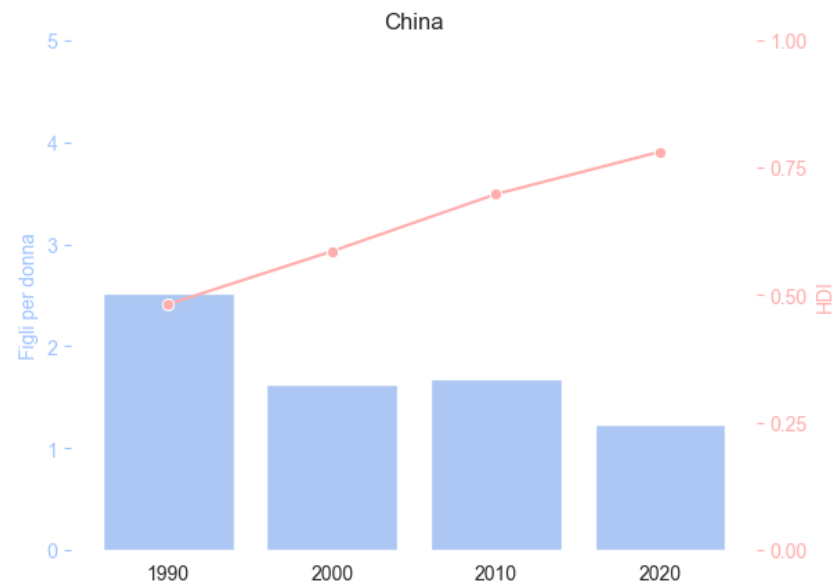
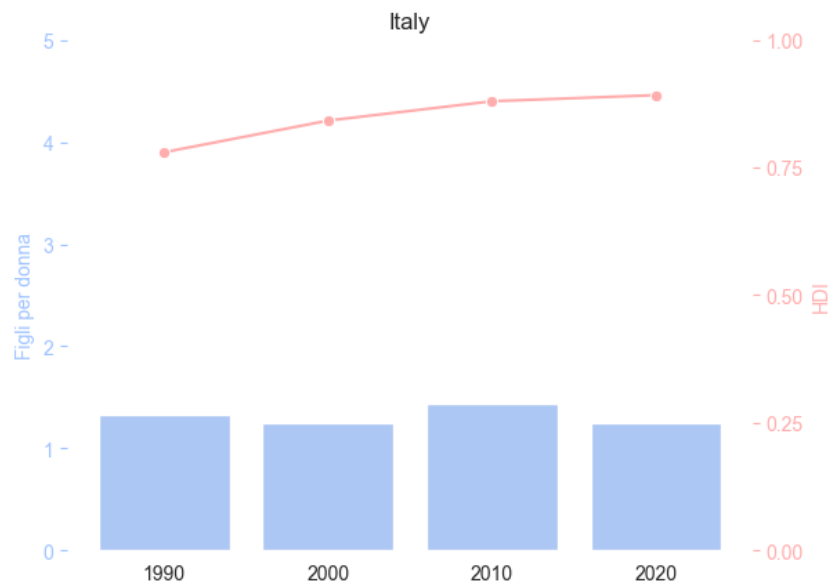


HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX



CORRELAZIONE TRA INDICE DI FERTILITÀ E HDI

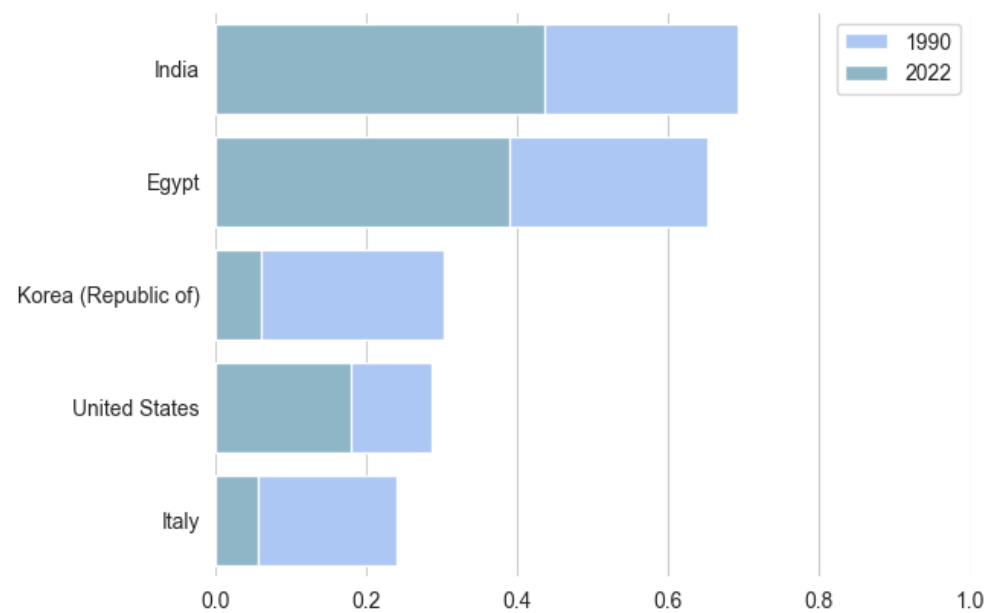
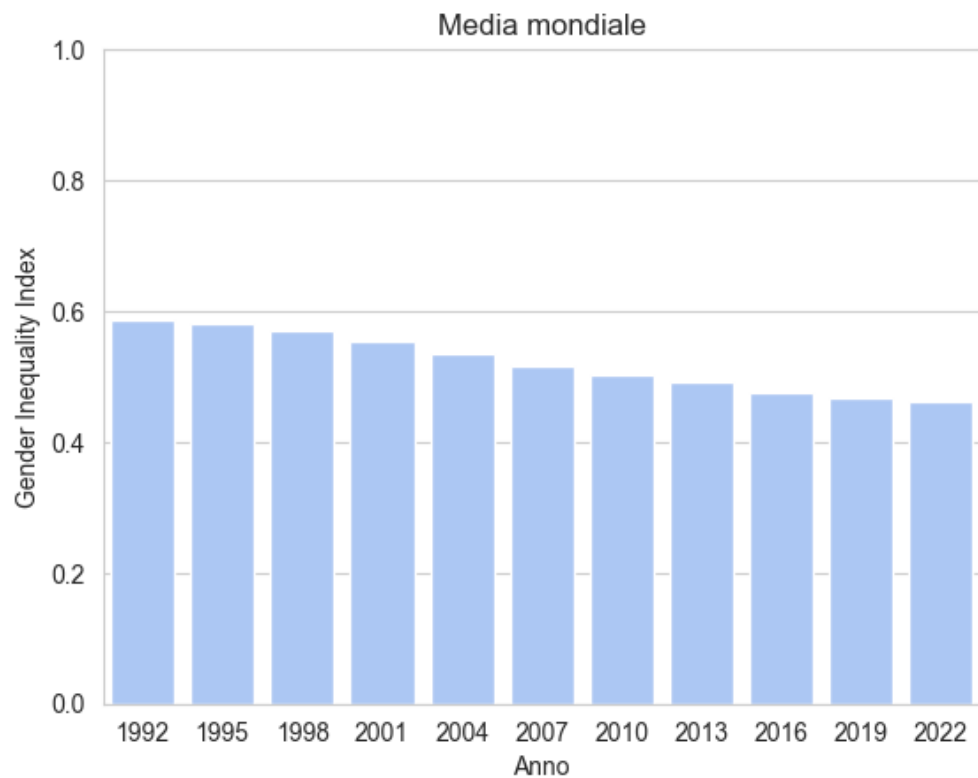




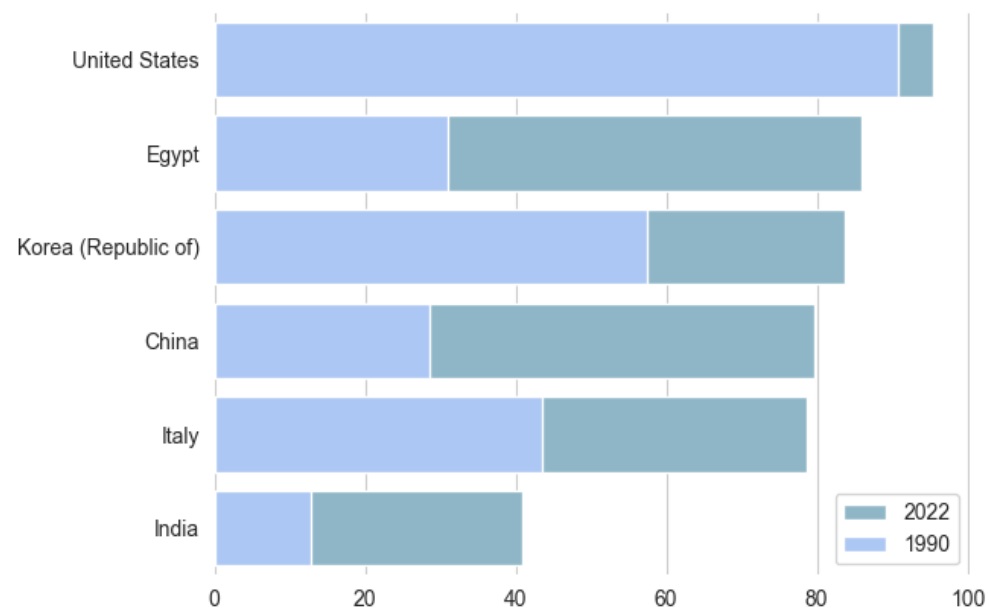
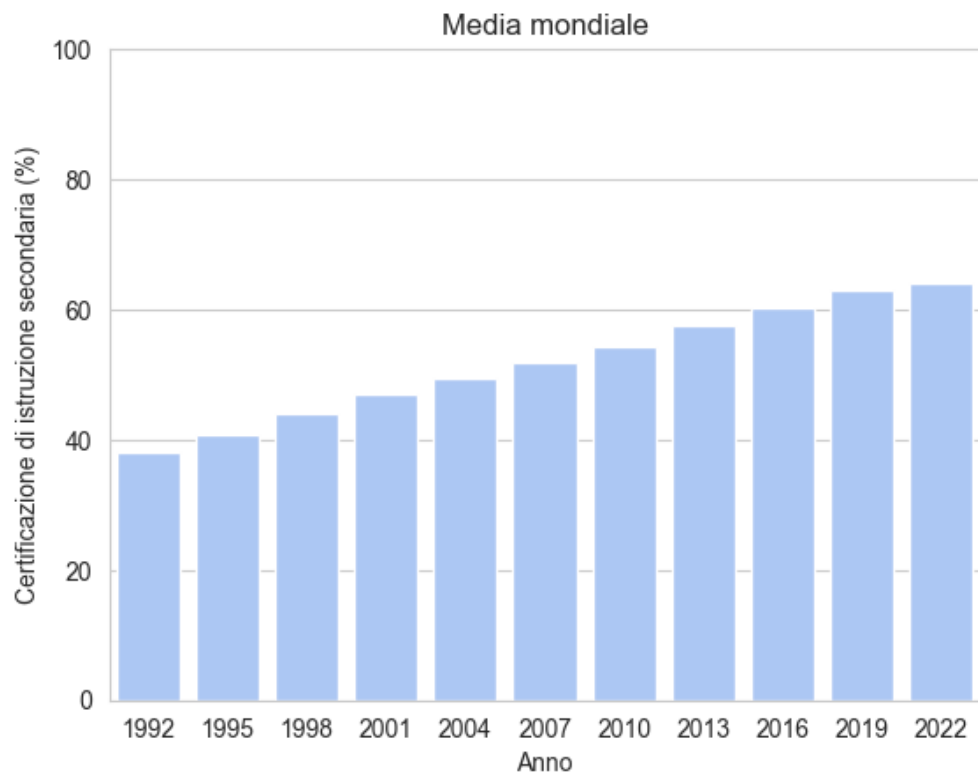
IL RUOLO DELL'UGUAGLIANZA DI GENERE



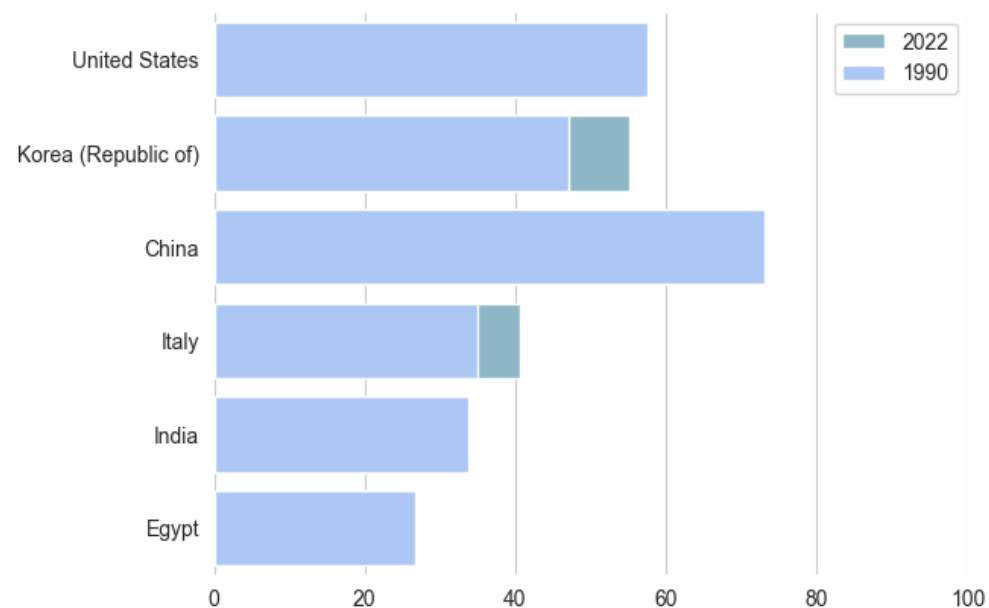
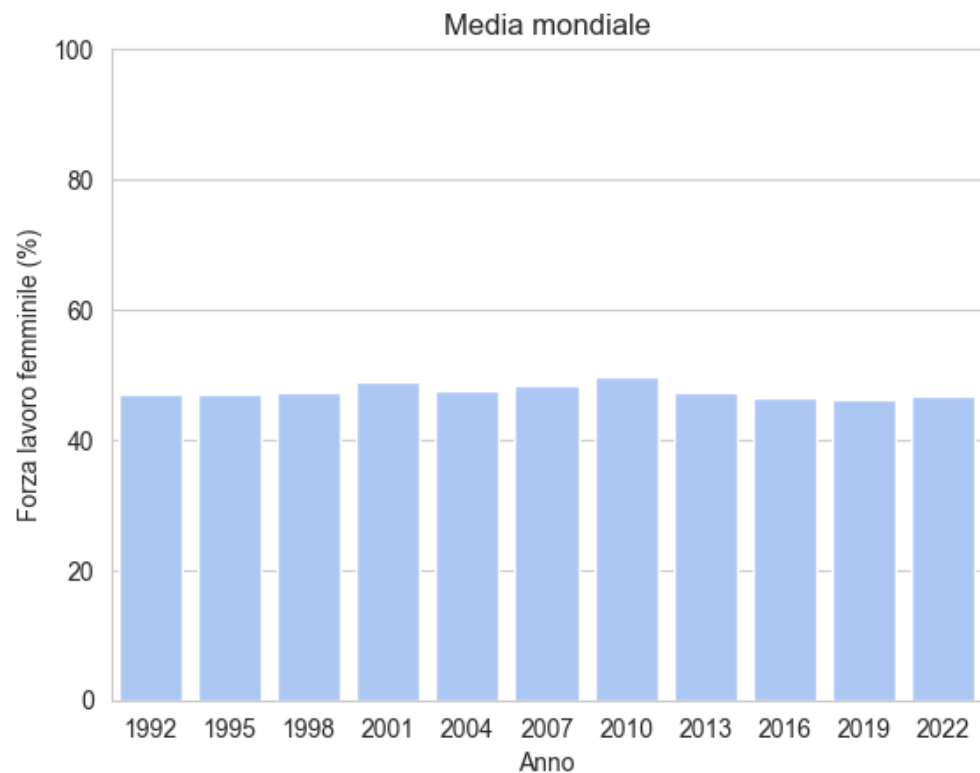
GENDER INEQUALITY INDEX



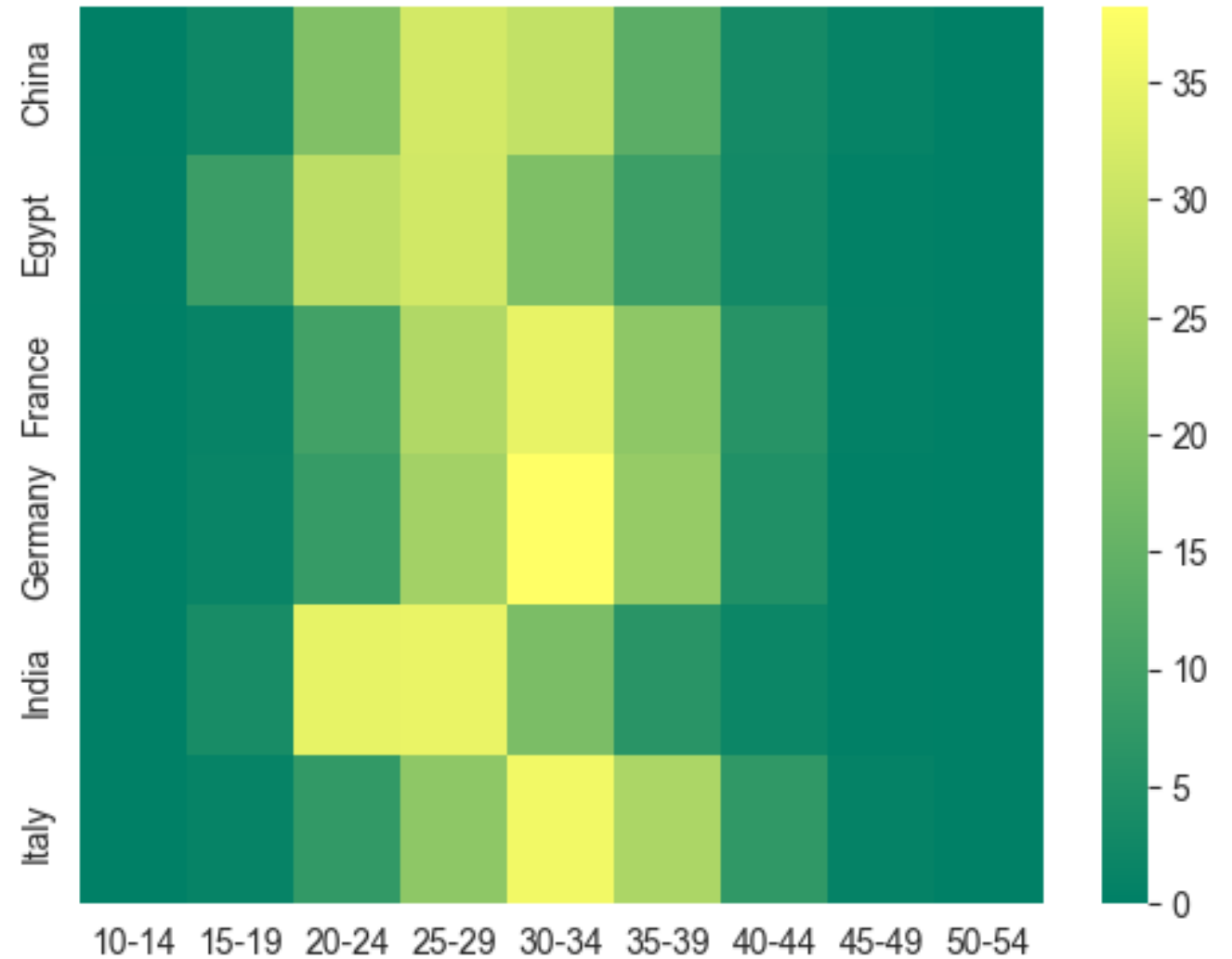
DONNE CON UN TITOLO DI STUDIO SECONDARIO



FORZA LAVORO FEMMINILE



ETÀ MEDIA DELLE PARTORIENTI



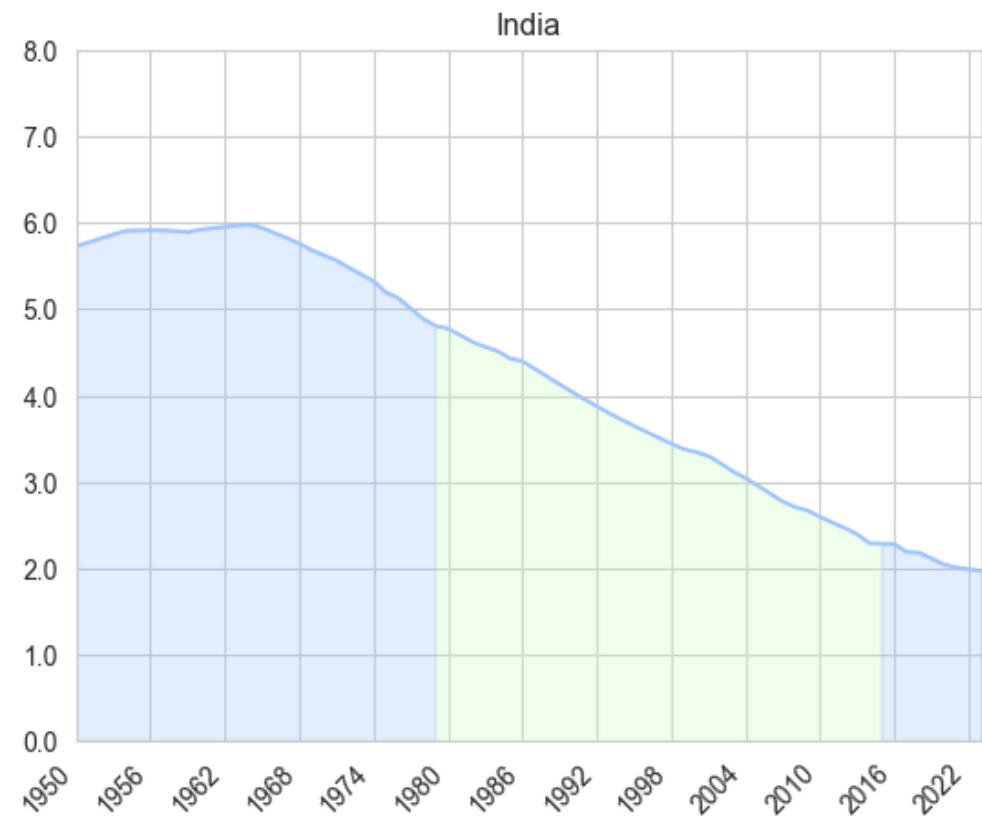
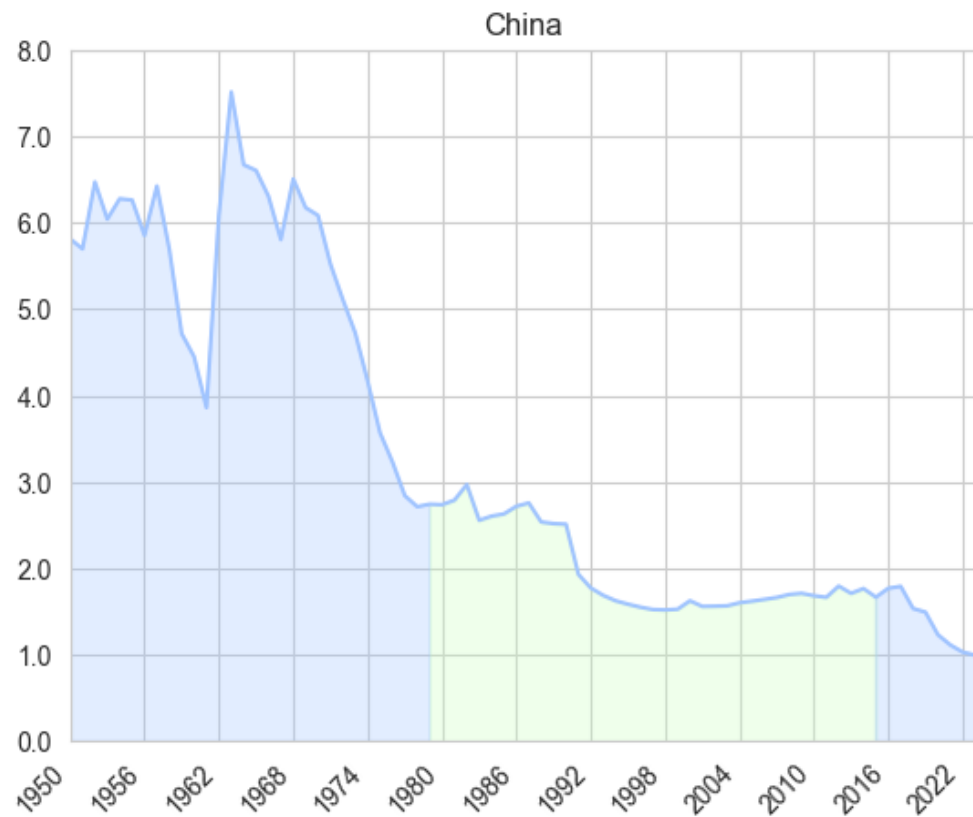
IL CASO DELLA CINA: LA POLITICA DEL FIGLIO UNICO

1979-2015

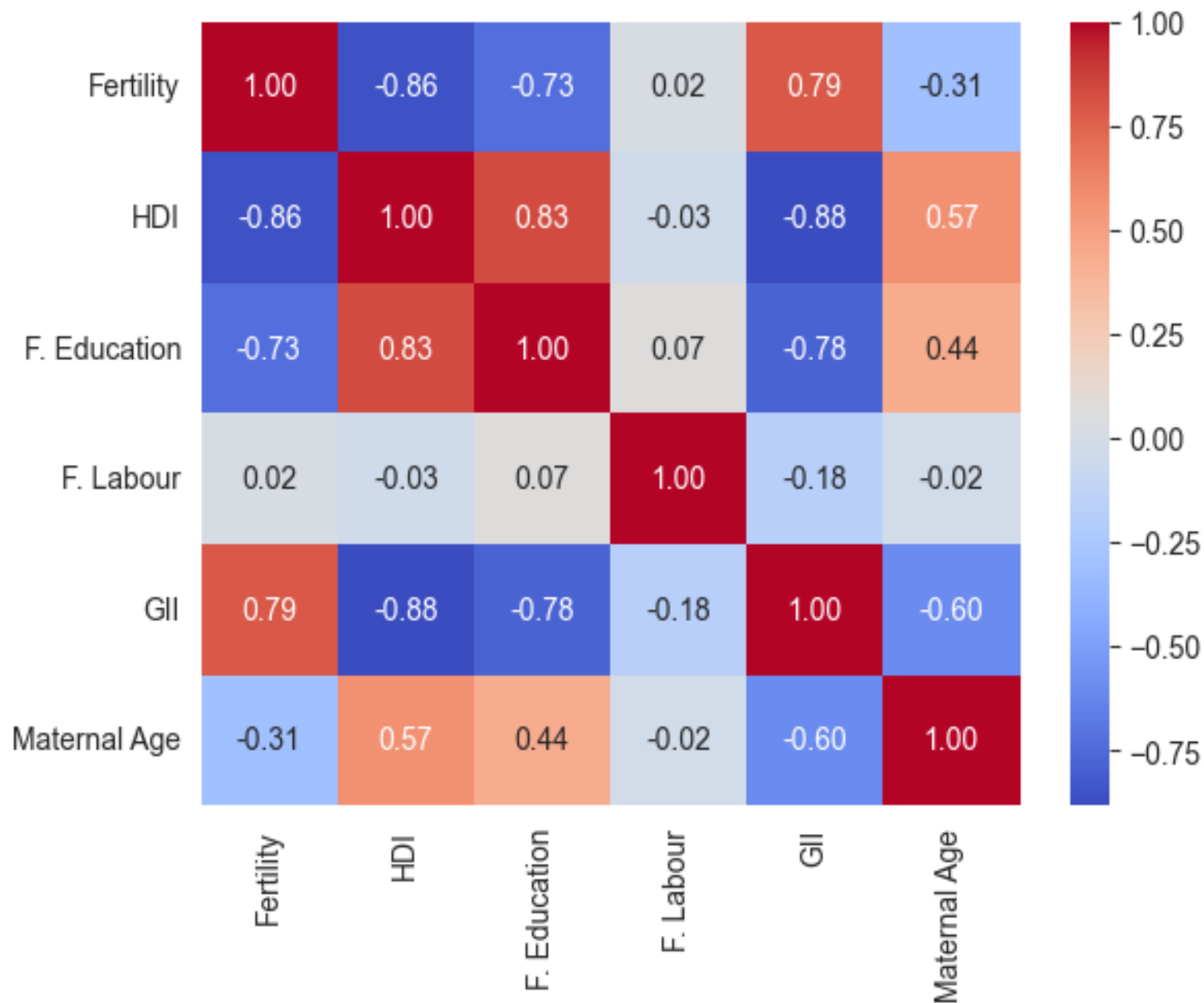
Politica di controllo delle nascite attuata dal governo cinese che imponeva il limite di un figlio per famiglia.



L'EFFETTO DELLA POLITICA DEL FIGLIO UNICO



MATRICE DI CORRELAZIONE



FONTI

<http://data.un.org/Data.aspx?q=fertility&d=PopDiv&f=variableID%3a54>

<https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/Standard/Fertility/>

<https://hdr.undp.org/data-center/human-development-index#/indicies/HDI>

<https://hdr.undp.org/data-center/thematic-composite-indices/gender-inequality-index#/indicies/GII>

**GRAZIE PER
L'ATTENZIONE**