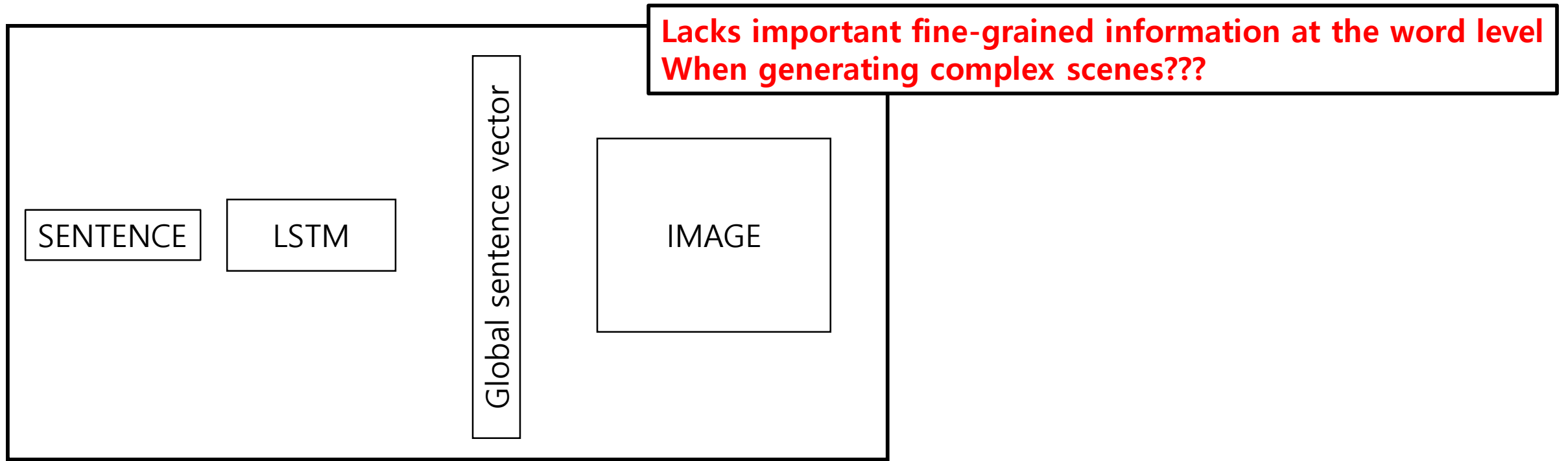


AttnGAN: Fine-Grained Text to Image Generation with Attentional Generative Adversarial Networks

Tao Xu, et al.

CVPR 2018

AILAB 김병조



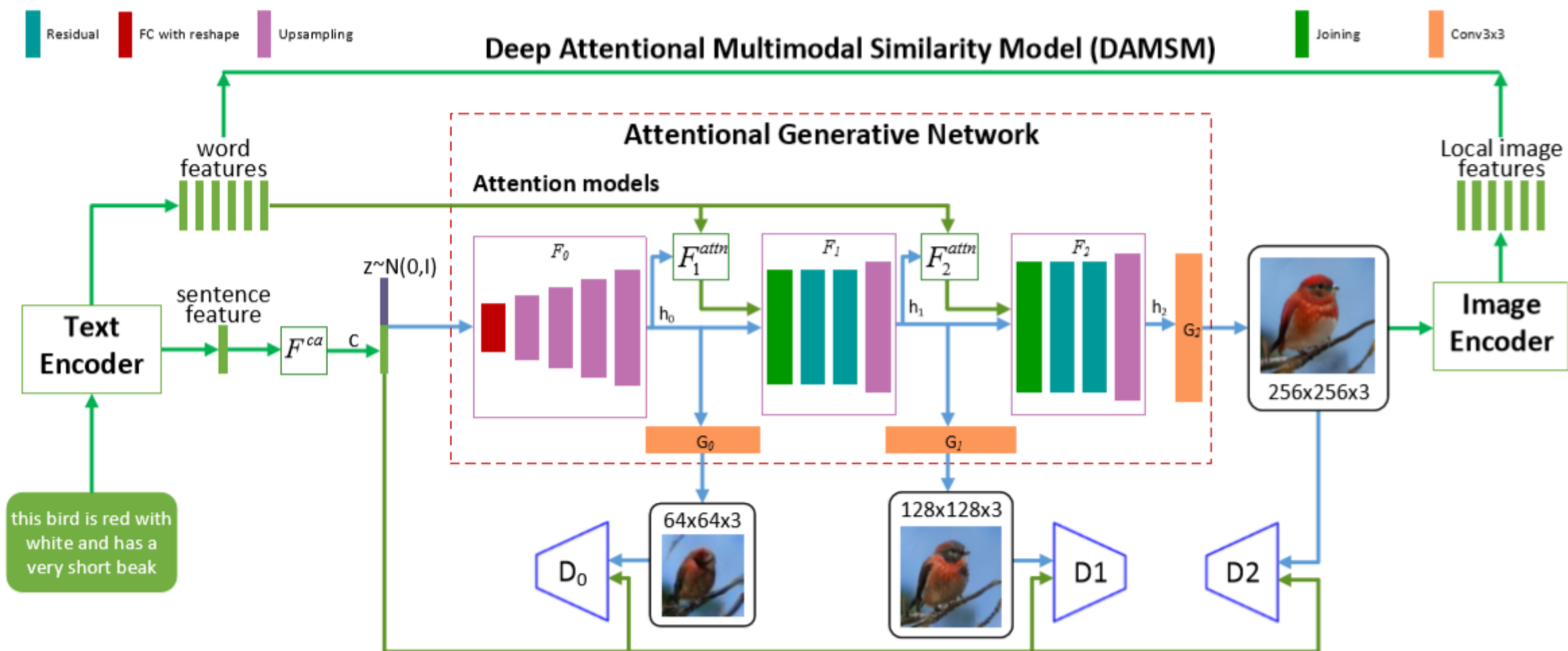
Attentional Generative Adversarial Network (AttnGAN)

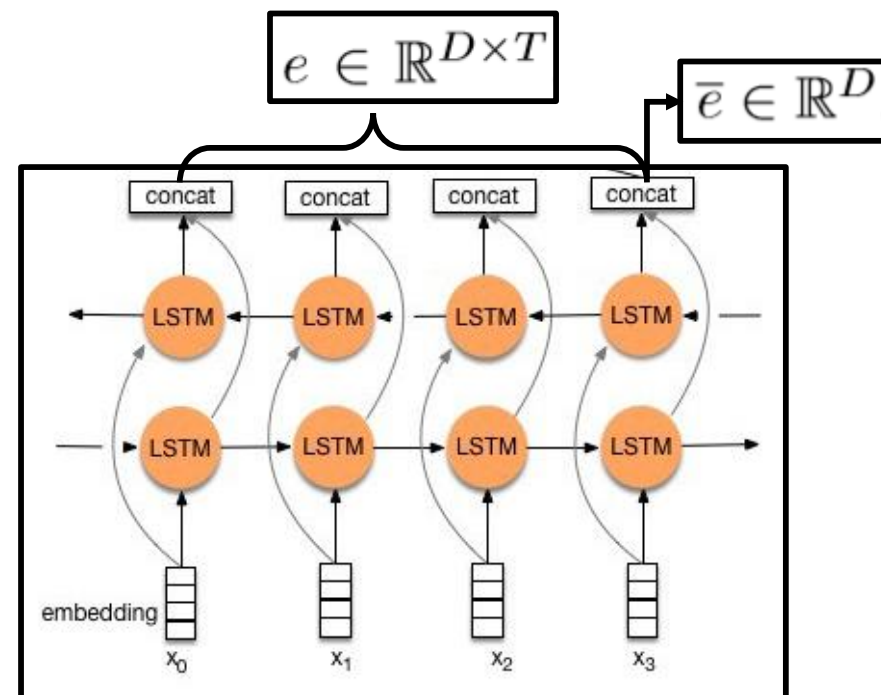
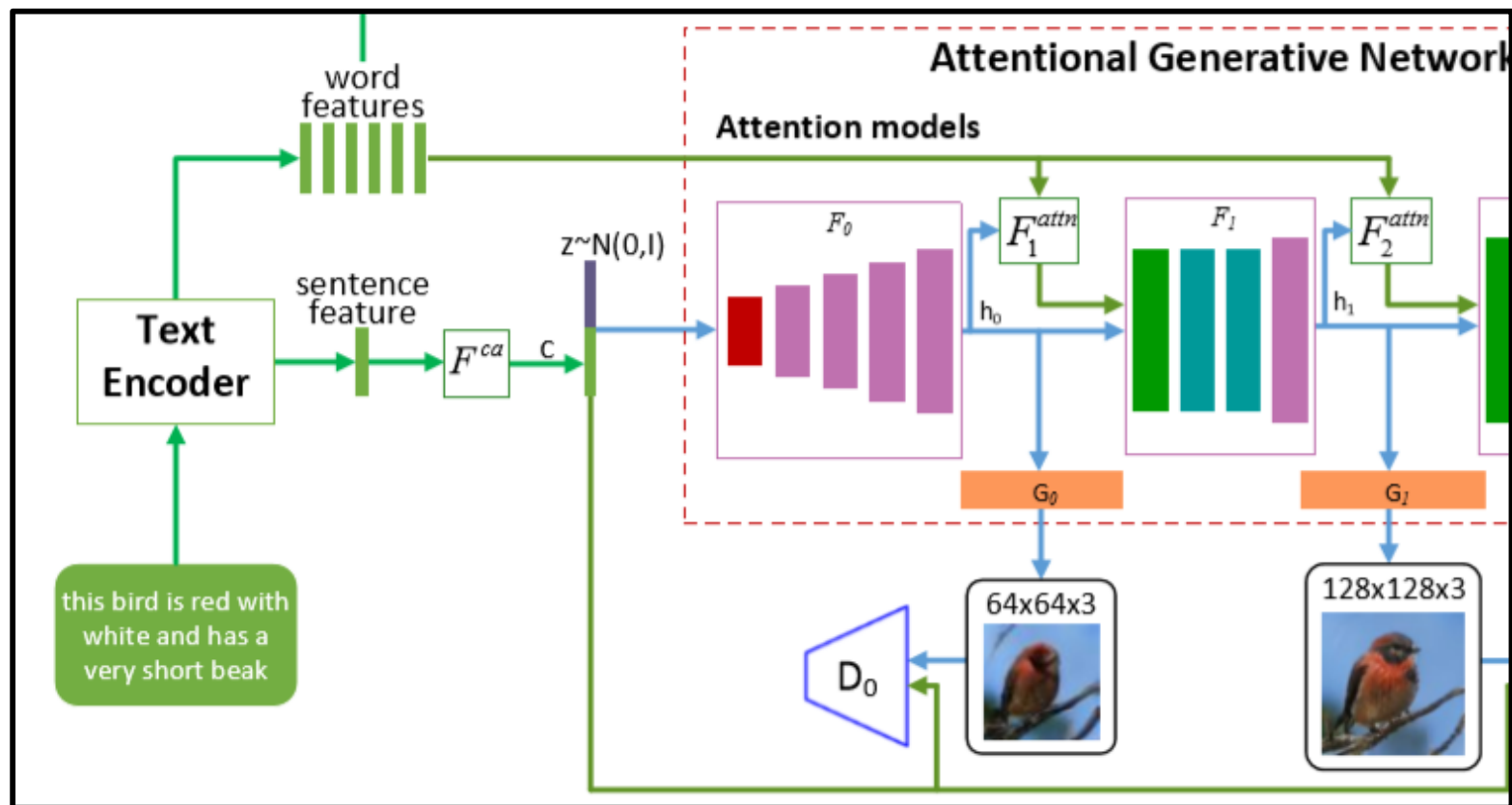
Multi-stage refinement for fine-grained generation

- **Attention mechanism**
to draw different sub-regions of the image by focusing on words that are most relevant to the sub-region

Deep Attentional Multimodal Similarity Model (DAMSM)

Additional fine-grained image-text matching loss for training the generator





F^{ca} Conditioning Augmentation

Sampling random latent variables c from a distribution

[Stackgan: Text to photo-realistic image synthesis with stacked generative adversarial networks](#)

$$h \in \mathbb{R}^{\hat{D} \times N}$$

$$h_0 = F_0(z, F^{ca}(\bar{e}));$$

$$h_i = F_i(h_{i-1}, F_i^{attn}(e, h_{i-1})) \text{ for } i = 1, 2, \dots, m-1;$$

$$\hat{x}_i = G_i(h_i).$$

$$F^{attn}(e, h)$$

$$e \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times T}, \quad U \in \mathbb{R}^{\hat{D} \times D}, \quad \boxed{e' = Ue,}$$

$$\boxed{h \in \mathbb{R}^{\hat{D} \times N}}$$

Each column of h is a feature vector of a sub-region of the image (N sub-region in the image)

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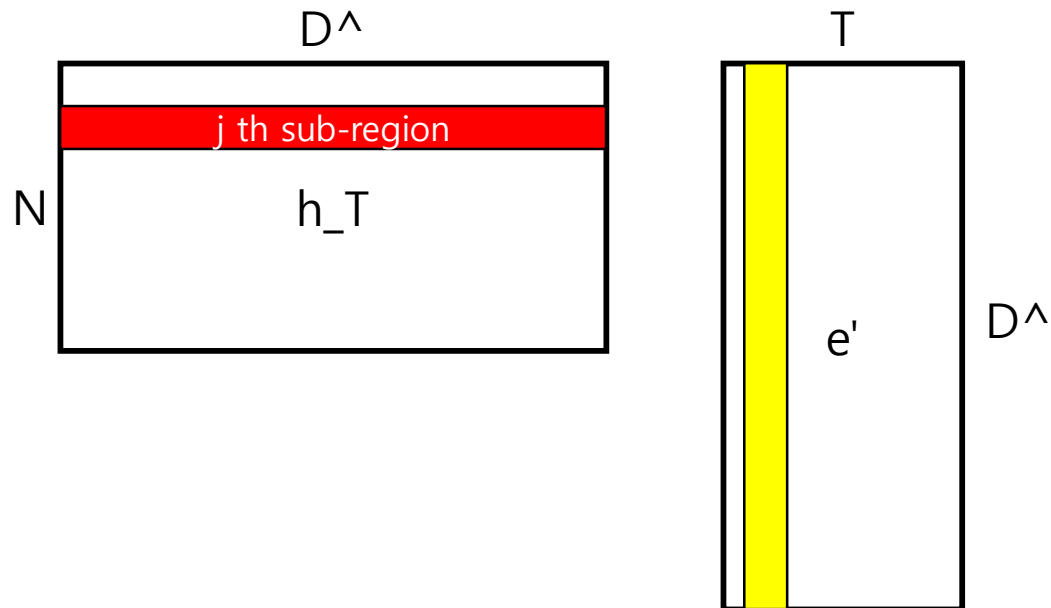
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weight the model attends to the i th word when generating the j th sub-region of the image



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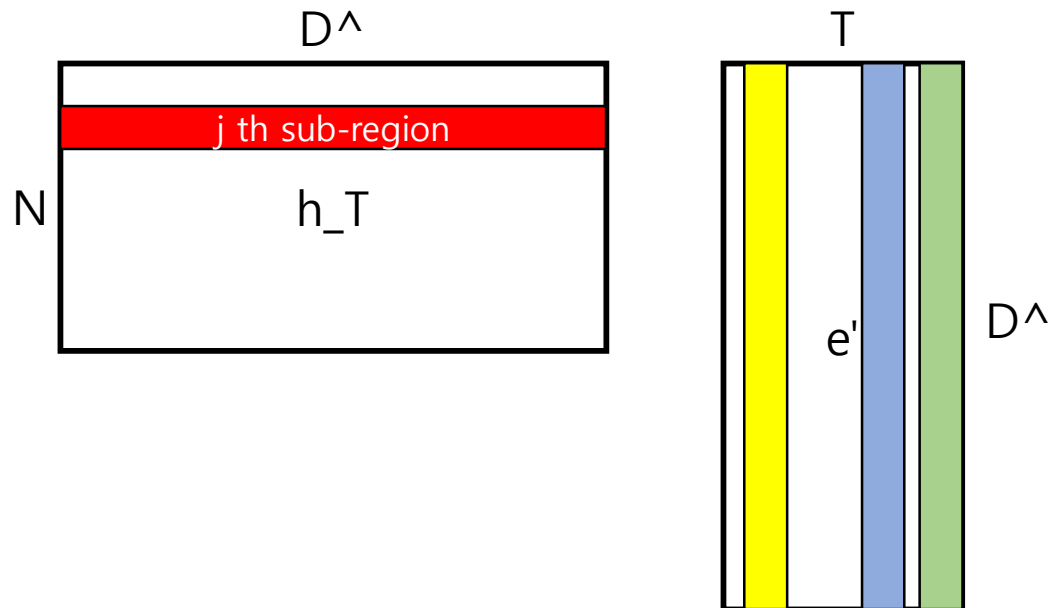
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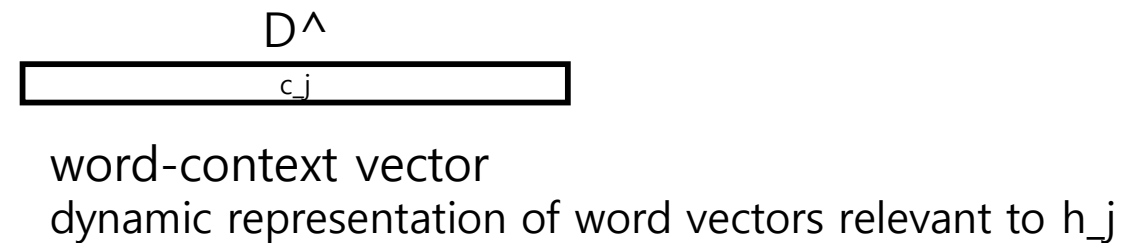
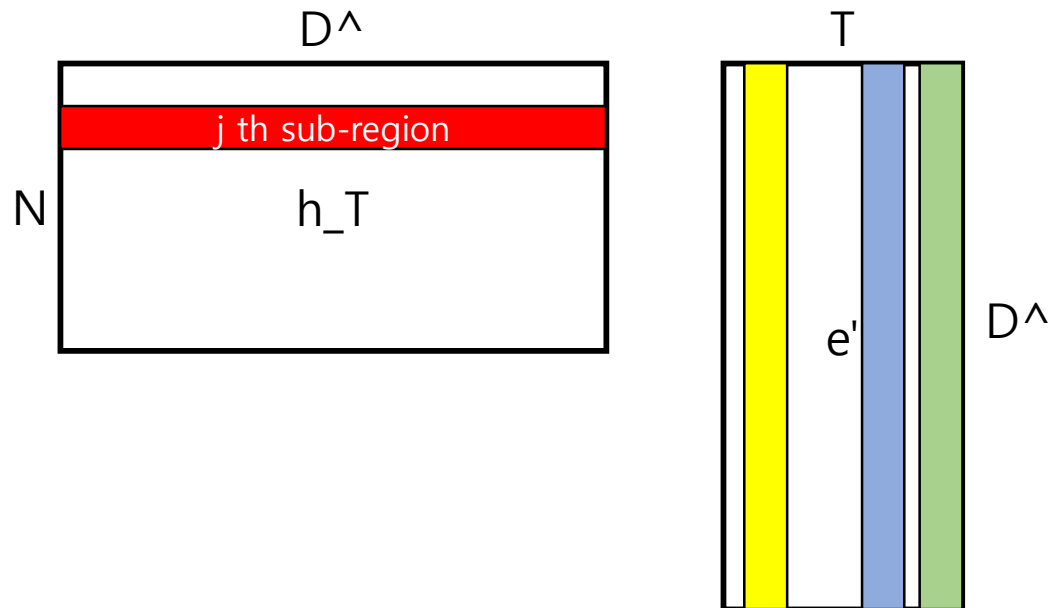
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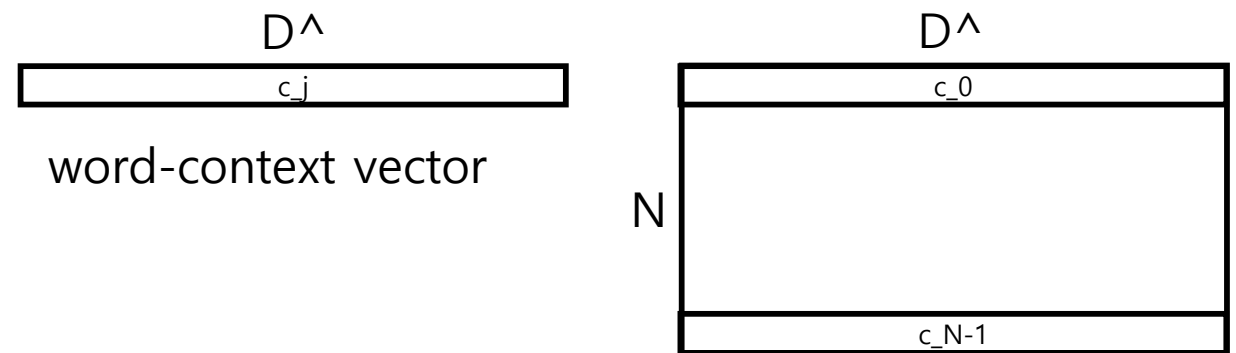
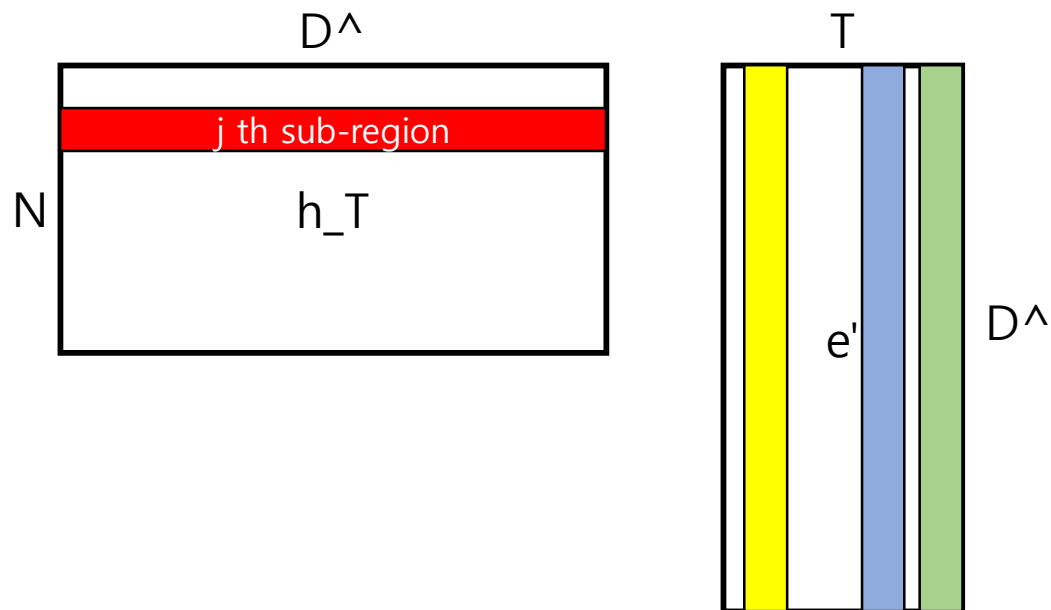
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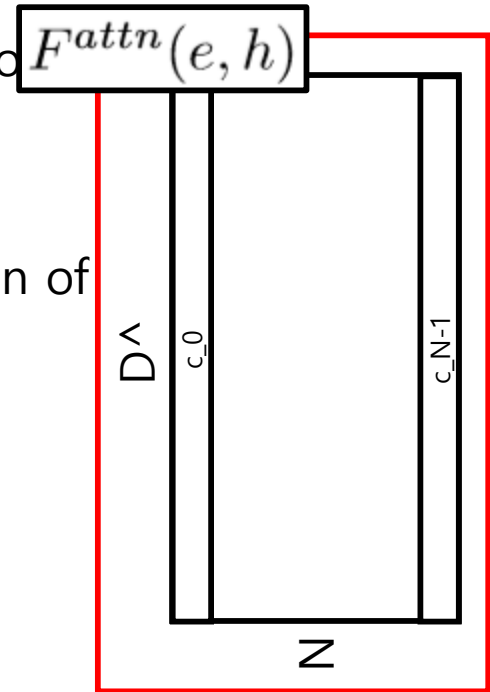
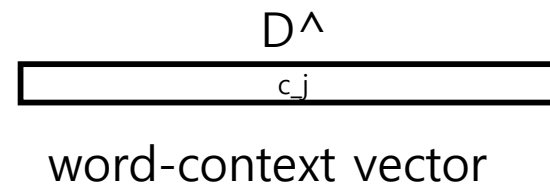
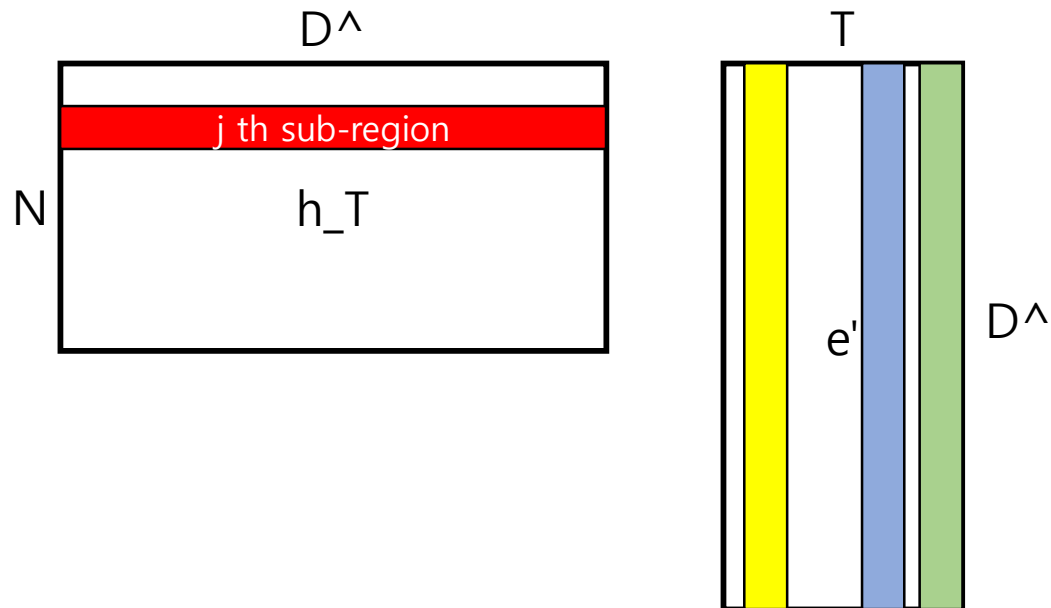
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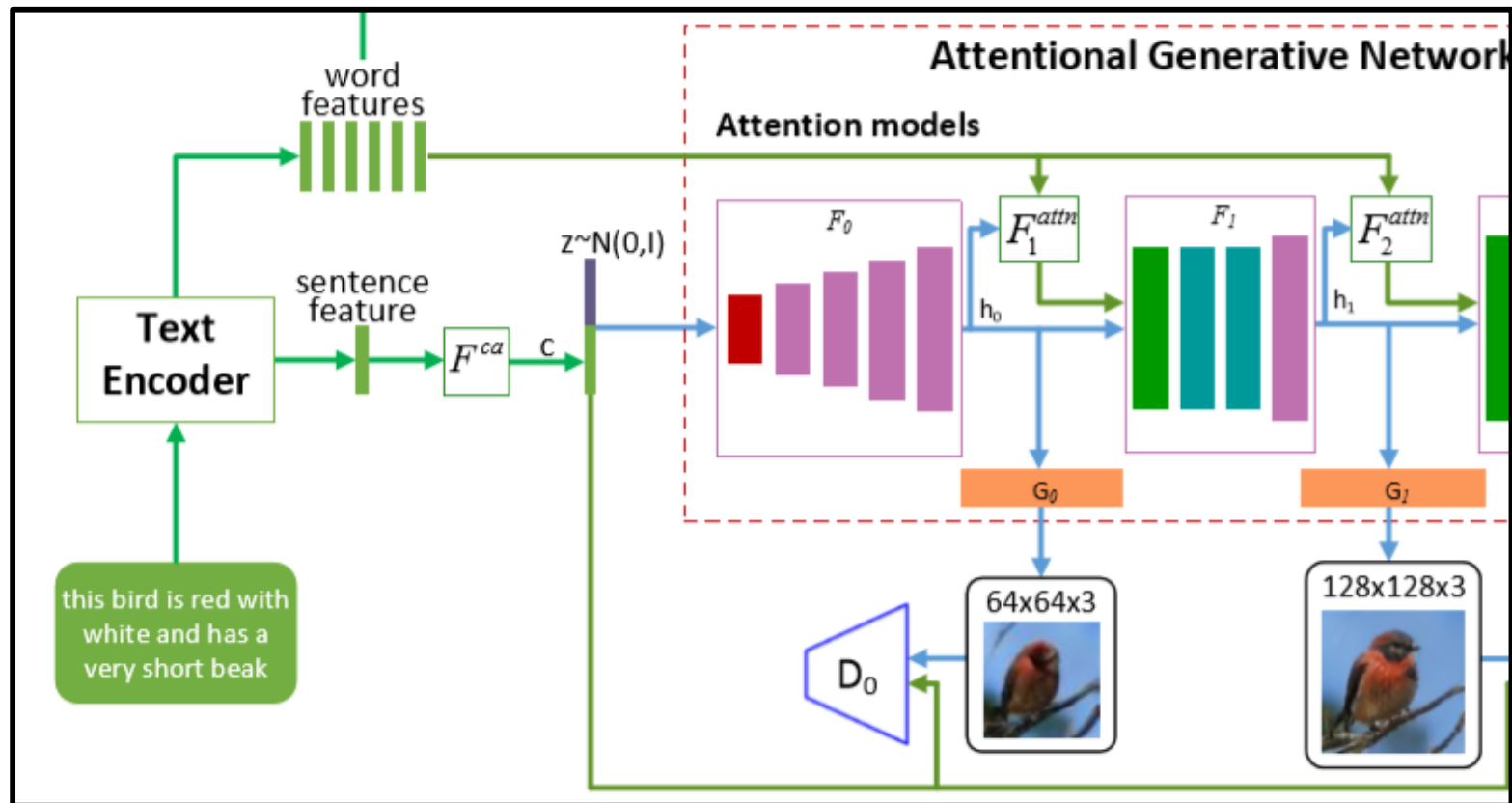
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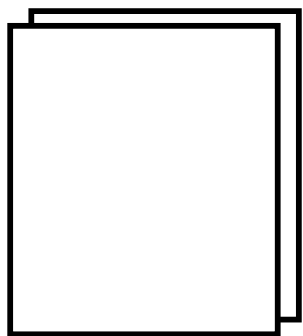


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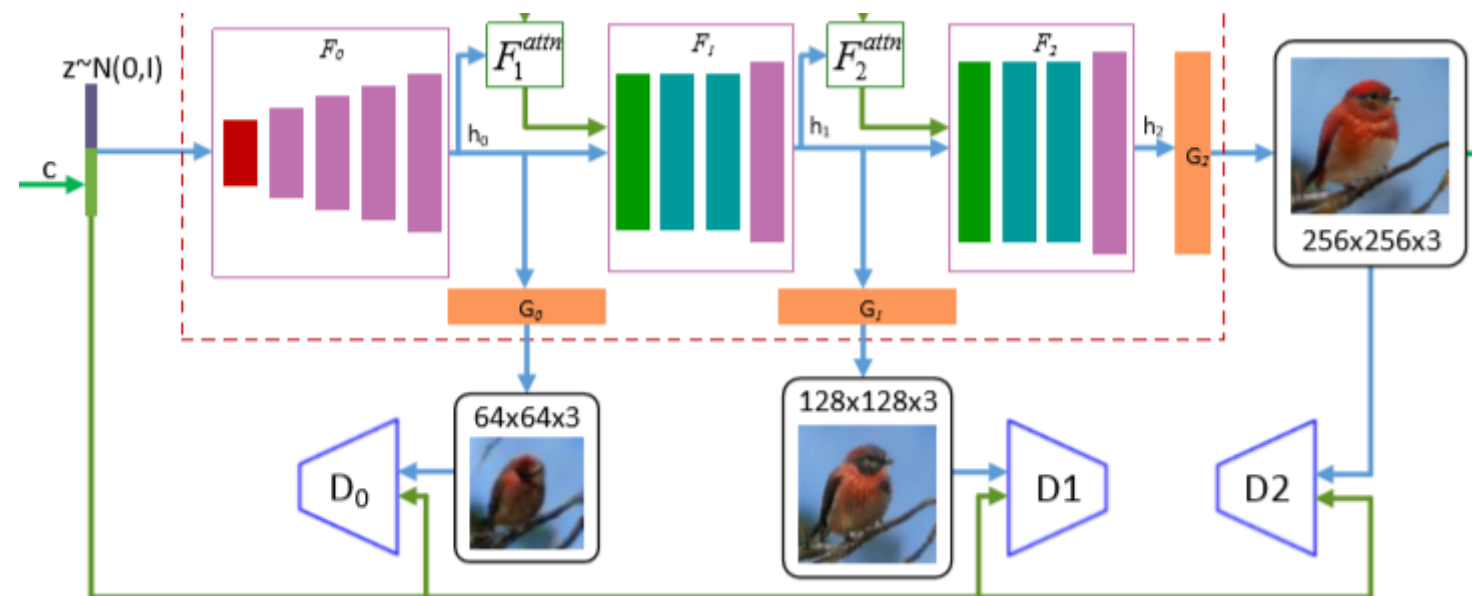


D^\wedge

N



$$\begin{aligned}
 h_0 &= F_0(z, F^{ca}(\bar{e})); \\
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 \end{aligned}$$



구현 된 코드:

3 -> 512 -> 1

3 -> 512 ; D (repeat) -> 512+D -> 512 -> 1

$$\mathcal{L}_{G_i} = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{\hat{x}_i \sim p_{G_i}} [\log(D_i(\hat{x}_i))]}_{\text{unconditional loss}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{\hat{x}_i \sim p_{G_i}} [\log(D_i(\hat{x}_i, \bar{e}))]}_{\text{conditional loss}},$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{D_i} = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{x_i \sim p_{data_i}} [\log D_i(x_i)] - \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{\hat{x}_i \sim p_{G_i}} [\log(1 - D_i(\hat{x}_i))]}_{\text{unconditional loss}} + \underbrace{-\frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{x_i \sim p_{data_i}} [\log D_i(x_i, \bar{e})] - \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E}_{\hat{x}_i \sim p_{G_i}} [\log(1 - D_i(\hat{x}_i, \bar{e}))]}_{\text{conditional loss}},$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_G + \lambda \mathcal{L}_{DAMSM}, \text{ where } \mathcal{L}_G = \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \mathcal{L}_{G_i}.$$

Text Encoder

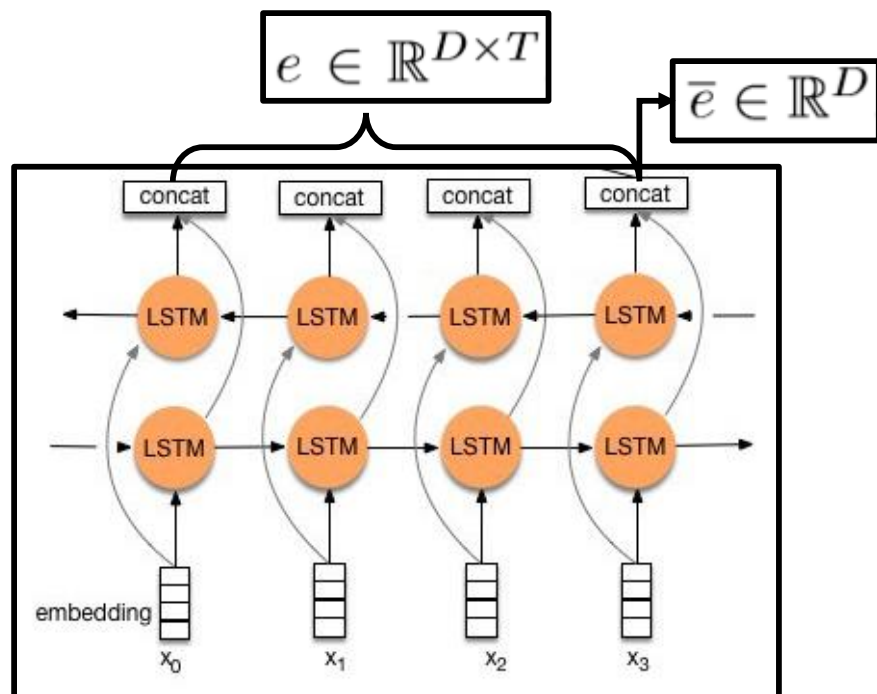
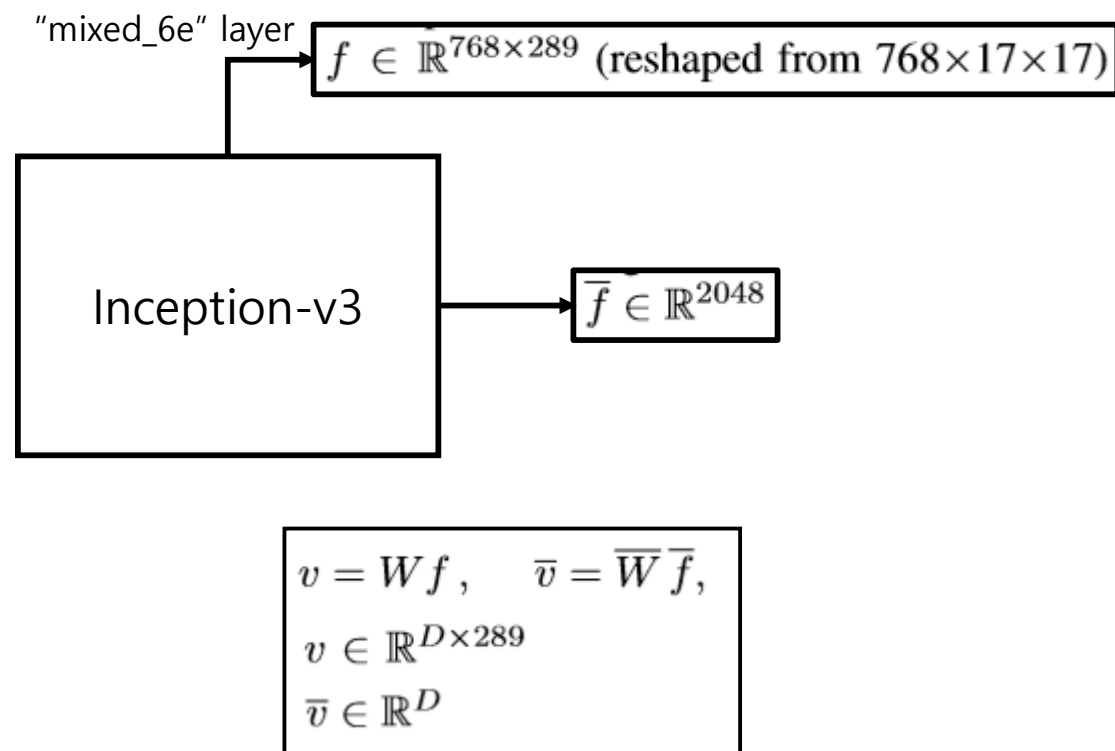


Image Encoder



$$s = e^T v,$$

T개의 단어 순서 != 289개의 이미지 지역 순서

$$s \in \mathbb{R}^{T \times 289}$$

$s_{i,j}$ is dot-product similarity between i th word of the sentence and the j th sub-region of the image

$$\bar{s}_{i,j} = \frac{\exp(s_{i,j})}{\sum_{k=0}^{T-1} \exp(s_{k,j})}.$$

다른 단어들에 비해, 해당 구역 (j)과 특정 단어 (i)의 similarity

$$c_i = \sum_{j=0}^{288} \alpha_j v_j, \text{ where } \alpha_j = \frac{\exp(\gamma_1 \bar{s}_{i,j})}{\sum_{k=0}^{288} \exp(\gamma_1 \bar{s}_{i,k})}.$$

region-context vector: c_i

dynamic representation of the image's sub-regions related to the i th word of the sentence

γ_1 :

how much attention is paid to features of its relevant sub-regions

when computing region-context vector for a word

$$R(c_i, e_i) = (c_i^T e_i) / (\|c_i\| \|e_i\|).$$

the relevance between the i th word and the image using the cosine similarity

$$R(Q, D) = \log \left(\sum_{i=1}^{T-1} \exp(\gamma_2 R(c_i, e_i)) \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma_2}},$$

attention-driven image-text matching score between the entire image (Q) and the whole text description (D)

$$P(D_i|Q_i) = \frac{\exp(\gamma_3 R(Q_i, D_i))}{\sum_{j=1}^M \exp(\gamma_3 R(Q_i, D_j))},$$

for a batch of image-sentence pairs $\{(Q_i, D_i)\}_{i=1}^M$
 In this batch of sentences, only D_i matches the image Q_i ,
 and treat all other $M - 1$ sentences as mismatching descriptions.

$$\mathcal{L}_1^w = - \sum_{i=1}^M \log P(D_i|Q_i),$$

the negative log posterior probability
 that the images are matched with their corresponding text descriptions

$$\mathcal{L}_2^w = - \sum_{i=1}^M \log P(Q_i|D_i),$$

the negative log posterior probability
 that the text descriptions are matched with their corresponding images

Text Encoder

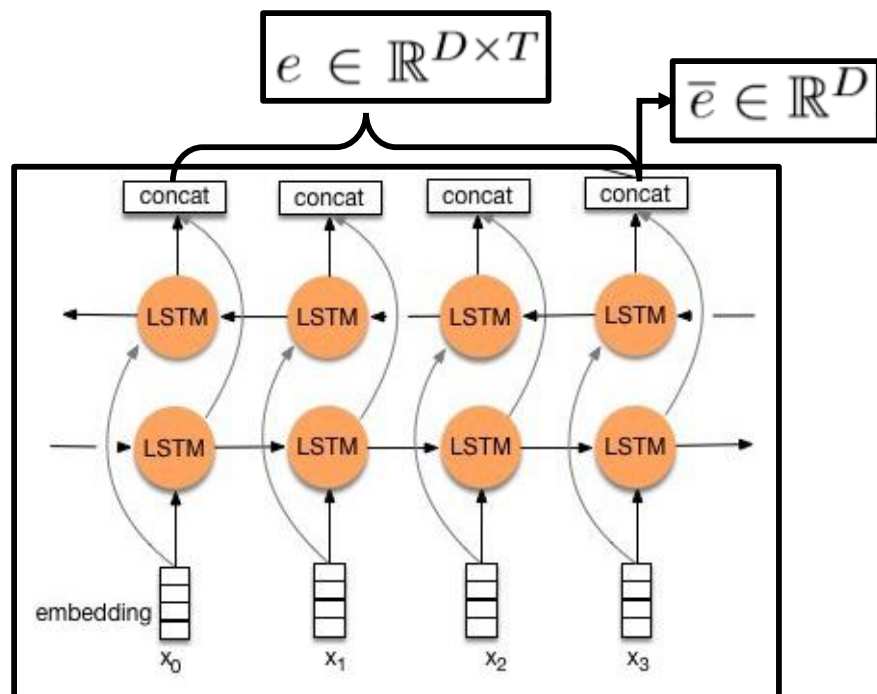
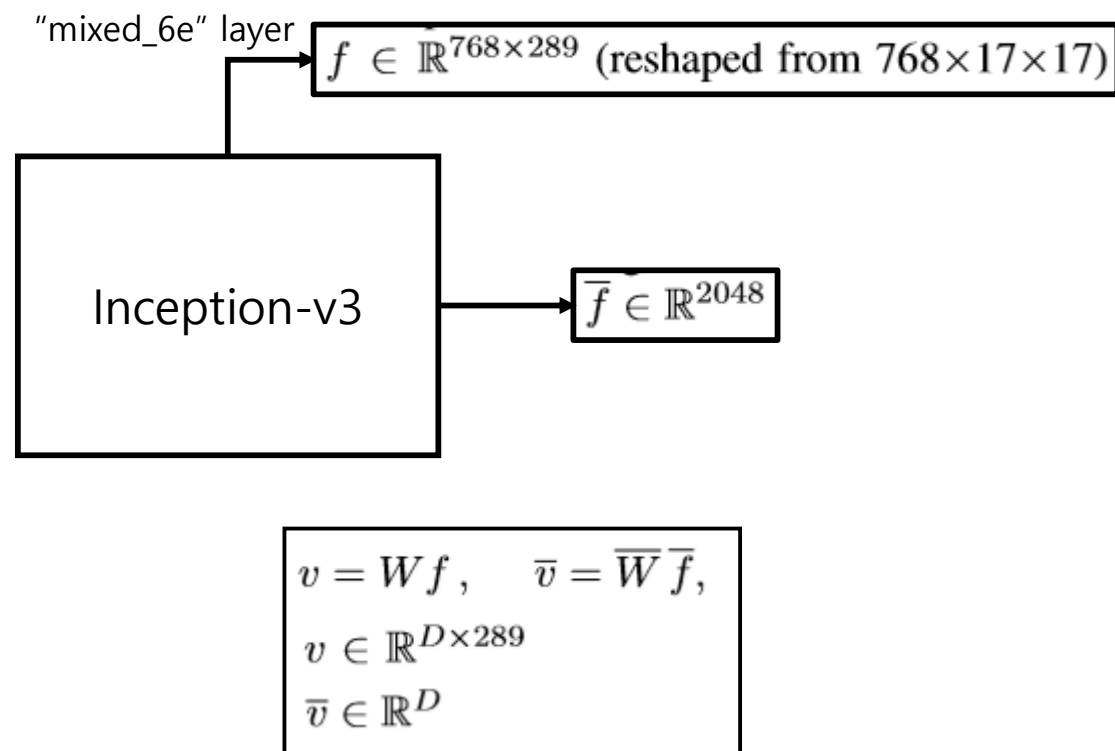


Image Encoder



$$R(Q, D) = (\bar{v}^T \bar{e}) / (||\bar{v}|| ||\bar{e}||) \quad \text{for sentence and entire image}$$

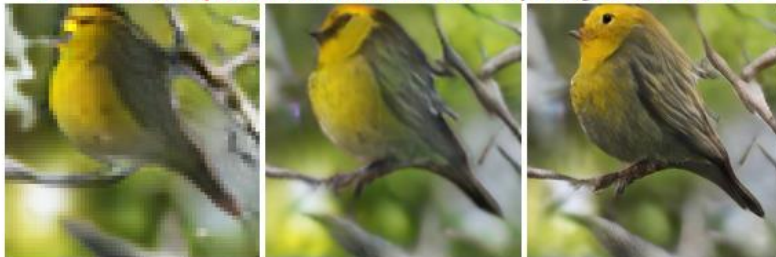
$$\mathcal{L}_{DAMSM} = \mathcal{L}_1^w + \mathcal{L}_2^w + \mathcal{L}_1^s + \mathcal{L}_2^s.$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_G + \lambda \mathcal{L}_{DAMSM}, \text{ where } \mathcal{L}_G = \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \mathcal{L}_{G_i}.$$

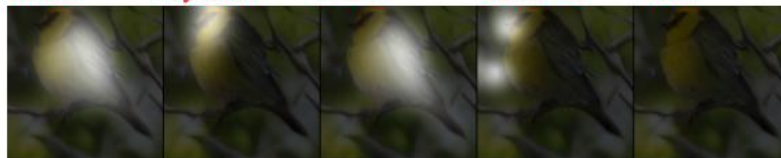
$$\hat{\beta}_{j,i} = \begin{cases} \beta_{j,i}, & \text{if } \beta_{j,i} > 1/T, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Method	inception score	R-precision(%)
AttnGAN1, no DAMSM	$3.98 \pm .04$	10.37 ± 5.88
AttnGAN1, $\lambda = 0.1$	$4.19 \pm .06$	16.55 ± 4.83
AttnGAN1, $\lambda = 1$	$4.35 \pm .05$	34.96 ± 4.02
AttnGAN1, $\lambda = 5$	$4.35 \pm .04$	58.65 ± 5.41
AttnGAN1, $\lambda = 10$	$4.29 \pm .05$	63.87 ± 4.85
AttnGAN2, $\lambda = 5$	$4.36 \pm .03$	67.82 ± 4.43
AttnGAN2, $\lambda = 50$ (COCO)	$25.89 \pm .47$	85.47 ± 3.69

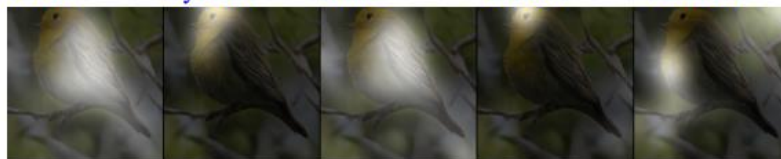
the bird has a yellow crown and a black eyering that is round



1:bird 4:yellow 0:the 12:round 11:is



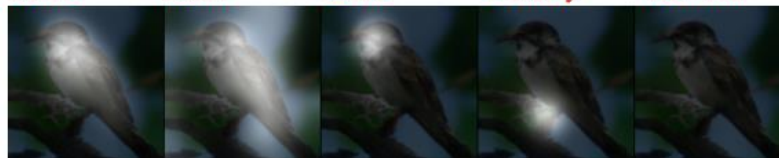
1:bird 4:yellow 0:the 8:black 12:round



this bird has a green crown black primaries and a white belly



1:bird 0:this 2:has 11:belly 10:white



6:black 4:green 10:white 0:this 1:bird



a photo of a homemade swirly pasta with broccoli carrots and onions



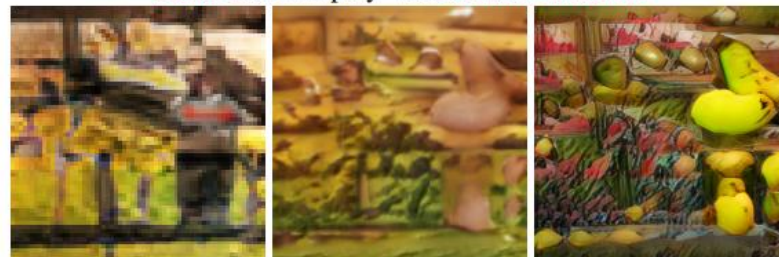
0:a 7:with 5:swirly 8:broccoli 10:and



8:broccoli 6:pasta 0:a 9:carrot 5:swirly



a fruit stand display with bananas and kiwi



0:a 6:and 1:fruit 7:kiwi 5:bananas



0:a 5:bananas 1:fruit 7:kiwi 6:and



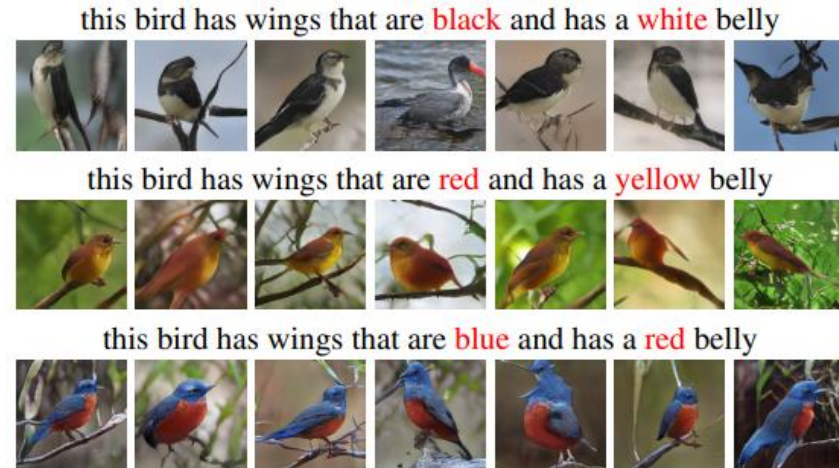


Figure 5. Example results of our AttnGAN model trained on CUB while changing some most attended words in the text descriptions.



Figure 6. 256×256 images generated from descriptions of novel scenarios using the AttnGAN model trained on COCO. (Intermediate results are given in the supplementary material.)



Figure 7. Novel images by our AttnGAN on the CUB test set.