

Installation Cheat Sheet 4 - OpenCV 2.4.11 Compile From Source

Including Configuration with Visual Studio and Qt

Using Windows 7 + Visual Studio 2013 + Qt 5.4.1

(should also work with Windows 8/8.1, not tested though)

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Part I - OpenCV Compile From Source

1) Download and install Visual Studio 2013 Community Edition (yes, it's free) (choosing all default options will work fine)

2) Download the latest 32-bit version of Qt, for example:

"qt-opensource-windows-x86-msvc2013_opengl-5.4.1.exe"

(Note: Do NOT use the Qt Online Installer, this will download the 64-bit version if you have a 64-bit computer)

(Note 2: On the Qt page when you get to "Download Now", scroll down further to "View All Downloads", this should list the Offline Installer for the 32-bit MSVC version of Qt as a choice)

3a) Download OpenCV 2.4.11

3b) Make a folder "C:\OpenCV-2.4.11" and extract OpenCV 2.4.11 to there

3c) Make a folder "C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\mybuild"

4a) Download the latest version of CMake with the Windows 32-bit Installer, for example:

"cmake-3.2.2-win32-x86.exe"

4b) During the CMake installation, choose the option "Add CMake to the system PATH for all users"

4c) Reboot

5a) Start CMake

5b) Set "Where is the source code:" to "C:/OpenCV-2.4.11/opencv/sources"

5c) Set "Where to build the binaries:" to "C:/OpenCV-2.4.11/mybuild"

5d) Press "Configure"

5e) Choose "Visual Studio 12 2013" from the drop-down menu (do NOT choose the 64-bit option, which is titled "Visual Studio 12 2013 Win64"), choose the "Use default native compilers" radio button, then choose "Finish"

5f) After a moment you will get a list of options, all in red. Scroll towards the bottom and check "WITH_QT", then press "Configure" again.

5g) After another moment the previous lines should now be white, with new lines pertaining to Qt only in red. Press "Configure" a 3rd time, after a moment all lines should now be white.

5h) Press "Generate"

5i) When generating is done, in "C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\mybuild" there should be a file "OpenCV.sln", this is a regular Visual Studio 2013 solution file

6a) Double click "OpenCV.sln" to open in Visual Studio, verify "Solution Configurations" and "Solution Platforms" are set to "Debug" and "Win32" respectively, then choose "Build -> Build Solution"

6b) Compiling will take at least a few minutes (OpenCV is a huge program)

6c) When compiling is complete you will likely get multiple warnings and a linker error pertaining to "python27_d.lib", as long as there are no other errors it's ok

7) Remove any OpenCV directories in your PATH currently, for example if you added "C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\opencv\build\x86\vc12\bin" when following part 1 then remove that at this time

8a) Add the updated **bin** directory to the operating system PATH:

C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\mybuild\bin\Debug

8b) Pull up a Command Prompt and verify the bin directory is now in PATH, then reboot

(note that the **bin** directory is *different* from the precompiled binary directory used in part 1)

Part II - Configuration with Visual Studio 2013

1) From my MicrocontrollersAndMore GitHub page decide which example you are going to use:

CannyStill.cpp (uses a still image)

CannyWebcam.cpp (uses a webcam)

RedBallTracker.cpp (tracks a red ball, uses a webcam)

2a) Start Visual Studio 2013, make a new project

2b) Choose Visual C++, Win32 Console Application, name as you prefer, ex "SimpleCanny1", set preferred location, uncheck "Create directory for solution" and "Add to source control", choose OK

2c) On the "Welcome to the Win32 Application Wizard" screen choose Next

2d) On the "Application Settings" screen, uncheck "Precompiled Header" and "Security Development", check "Empty Project", and verify "Console application" radio button is checked, then choose Finish

3a) Right click in Solution Explorer, choose Add -> New Item

3b) Choose "C++ File", name the C++ file as preferred, ex. "SimpleCanny1.cpp"

3c) Copy/paste the entire code from your chosen example into the .cpp file

(At this point Visual Studio will underline many of the lines of code with red because we have not yet informed Visual Studio as to the location of OpenCV, subsequent steps will resolve this)

4) If you are using an example with a still image (i.e. CannyStill.cpp), copy any JPEG image into the project directory and rename it "image.jpg". You can use the "image.jpg" from my [MicrocontrollersAndMore GitHub](#) page if you would like to see the same results as in the video (if you are using a webcam example then this step does not apply).

5) In VS go to:

Project -> Properties -> Configuration Properties -> VC++ Directories -> Include Directories

add the **include** directory: C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\opencv\build\include

(note that the **include** directory is *the same as* the precompiled binary directory used in part 1)

6) In VS go to:

Project -> Properties -> Configuration Properties -> VC++ Directories -> Library Directories:

add the **library** directory: C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\mybuild\lib\Debug

(note that the **library** directory is *different* from the precompiled binary directory used in part 1)

7) In Windows Explorer (not within Visual Studio) navigate to the **lib** directory:

C:\OpenCV-2.4.11\mybuild\lib\Debug

Verify the debug libs (ending with a 'd') listed are the same as this list:

opencv_calib3d2411d.lib
opencv_contrib2411d.lib
opencv_core2411d.lib
opencv_features2d2411d.lib
opencv_flann2411d.lib
opencv_gpu2411d.lib
opencv_haartraining_engined.lib
opencv_highgui2411d.lib
opencv_imgproc2411d.lib
opencv_legacy2411d.lib
opencv_ml2411d.lib
opencv_nonfree2411d.lib
opencv_objdetect2411d.lib
opencv_ocl2411d.lib
opencv_photo2411d.lib
opencv_stitching2411d.lib
opencv_superres2411d.lib
opencv_ts2411d.lib
opencv_video2411d.lib
opencv_videostab2411d.lib

Then in Visual Studio copy/paste this list of libs into:

Project -> Properties -> Configuration Properties -> Linker -> Input -> Additional Dependencies

8) In the Visual Studio toolbar, verify that "Solution Configurations" and "Solution Platforms" are set to "Debug" and "Win32", respectively

8) Run the program, either without debugging (choose Debug, then the hollow green arrow, or press Ctrl+F5) or with debugging (solid green arrow or press F5)

Part III - Configuration with Qt for a Non-GUI Program

1) Part I is a prerequisite to Part III. If you have not already performed all steps from Part I please return to Part I and do so before continuing

2a) From my [MicrocontrollersAndMore GitHub](#) page decide which example you are going to use:

CannyStillQt_Non-GUI.cpp (uses a still image, no Qt GUI)

CannyStillQt.cpp (uses a still image and a Qt GUI)

CannyWebcamQt.cpp (uses a webcam and a Qt GUI)

RedBallTrackerQt.cpp (tracks a red ball, uses a webcam and a Qt GUI)

2b) If you are interested in an example with a Qt GUI, scroll down to Part IV. If you are interested in an example without a Qt GUI, continue here.

3) Start Qt Creator, choose New Project

4) On the "New Project" screen, choose "Non-Qt Project" and "Plain C++ Project", then "Choose..."

5a) On the "Introduction and Project Location" screen, choose Name as preferred, for example "CannyStill1"

5b) Choose your preferred "Create in:" location, for example "C:\QtProgs"

5c) Check "Use as default project location" if you plan on using the chosen location for future Qt programs

5d) Choose "Next >"

6a) On the "Kit Selection" screen press "Details" to show all builds

6b) Uncheck options until only one is remaining, the Debug build for the 32-bit compile with MSVC 2013

6c) Set the "Debug" directory/name to be the combination of the directory/name from the previous screen, for example, set "Debug" to "C:\QtProgs\QtCannyStill1". If this is set to the same directory/name as the directory/name from the previous screen your build will be included in the same directory as your project files. If you do *not* set the location and name to match the previous screen, Qt will create separate project and build directories, this may cause confusion and is *not* recommended.

6d) Choose "Next >"

7a) On the "Project Management" screen, verify "Add to version control:" is set to "<None>"

7b) choose "Finish"

8) Go to your .pro file, ex "QtCannyStill1.pro", and copy/paste the following at the bottom:

```
#####
```

```
# add these to the end of your .pro file, this is so Qt knows about the location of the include and lib directories
# in Qt .pro files, begin a line with a pound character '#' to enter a comment
# note that for the double backslashes, the second is an escape character so the first is seen by qt as a backslash
# the single backslashes at the end of each line (except for the last line) are line continuation characters
```

```
INCLUDEPATH += C:\\OpenCV-2.4.11\\opencv\\build\\include
```

```
LIBS += -LC:\\OpenCV-2.4.11\\mybuild\\lib\\Debug \
```

```
-lopencv_calib3d2411d \  
-lopencv_contrib2411d \  
-lopencv_core2411d \  
-lopencv_features2d2411d \  
-lopencv_flann2411d \  
-lopencv_gpu2411d \  
-lopencv_haartraining_engined \  
-lopencv_highgui2411d \  
-lopencv_imgproc2411d \  
-lopencv_legacy2411d \  
-lopencv_ml2411d \  
-lopencv_nonfree2411d \  
-lopencv_objdetect2411d \  
-lopencv_ocl2411d \  
-lopencv_photo2411d \  
-lopencv_stitching2411d \  
-lopencv_superres2411d \  
-lopencv_ts2411d \  
-lopencv_video2411d \  
-lopencv_videostab2411d
```

Note: it is recommended to add a blank line at the end of your .pro file

8) Go to "main.cpp", copy/paste the code from your chosen example

9) If you are using an example with a still image (i.e. CannyStill.cpp), copy any JPEG image into the project directory and rename it "image.jpg". You can use the "image.jpg" from my [MicrocontrollersAndMore GitHub](#) page if you would like to see the same results as in the video (if you are using a webcam example then this step does not apply).

10) Run the program by clicking on the applicable icon in the lower left corner, you can choose either "Run" (green arrow) or "Start Debugging" (green arrow with a bug on top)

Part IV - Configuration with Qt for a GUI Program

1) Part I is a prerequisite to Part IV. If you have not already performed all steps from Part I please return to Part I and do so before continuing.

2) Start Qt Creator, choose New Project

3) On the "**New Project**" screen, choose "Application" and "Qt Widgets Application", then "Choose . . ."

- 4a)** On the **"Introduction and Project Location"** screen, choose Name as preferred, for example "CannyStillQt1"
- 4b)** Choose your preferred "Create in:" location, for example "C:\QtProgs"
- 4c)** Check "Use as default project location" if you plan on using the chosen location for future Qt programs
- 4d)** Choose "Next >"

- 5a)** On the **"Kit Selection"** screen press "Details" to show all builds
- 5b)** Uncheck options until only one is remaining, the Debug build for the 32-bit compile with MSVC 2013
- 5c)** Set the "Debug" directory/name to be the combination of the directory/name from the previous screen, for example, set "Debug" to "C:\QtProgs\CannyStillQt1". If this is set to the same directory/name as the directory/name from the previous screen your build will be included in the same directory as your project files. If you do *not* set the location and name to match the previous screen, Qt will create separate project and build directories, this may cause confusion and is *not* recommended.
- 5d)** Choose "Next >"

- 6a)** On the **"Class Information"** screen, verify "Base class:" is set to QMainWindow and verify "Generate form:" is checked
- 6b)** Choose "Class name:" as preferred, for example "frmMain", note this sets the name of "Header file:", "Source file:" and "Form file:" for you. It is NOT recommended to change the name of "Header file:", "Source file:", or "Form file:" directly
- 6c)** choose "Next >"

- 7a)** On the **"Project Management"** screen, verify "Add to version control:" is set to "<None>"
- 7b)** choose "Finish"

- 8)** Go to your .pro file, ex "CannyStillQt1.pro", and copy/paste the following at the bottom:

```
#####  
# add these to the end of your .pro file, this is so Qt knows about the location of the include and lib directories  
# in Qt .pro files, begin a line with a pound character '#' to enter a comment  
# note that for the double backslashes, the second is an escape character so the first is seen by qt as a backslash  
# the single backslashes at the end of each line (except for the last line) are line continuation characters
```

```
INCLUDEPATH += C:\\OpenCV-2.4.11\\opencv\\build\\include
```

```
LIBS += -LC:\\OpenCV-2.4.11\\mybuild\\lib\\Debug \  
-lopencv_calib3d2411d \  
-lopencv_contrib2411d \  
-lopencv_core2411d \  
-lopencv_features2d2411d \  
-lopencv_flann2411d \  
-lopencv_gpu2411d \  
-lopencv_haartraining_engined \  
-lopencv_highgui2411d \  

```

```
-lopencv_imgproc2411d \  
-lopencv_legacy2411d \  
-lopencv_ml2411d \  
-lopencv_nonfree2411d \  
-lopencv_objdetect2411d \  
-lopencv_ocl2411d \  
-lopencv_photo2411d \  
-lopencv_stitching2411d \  
-lopencv_superres2411d \  
-lopencv_ts2411d \  
-lopencv_video2411d \  
-lopencv_videostab2411d
```

Note: it is recommended to add a blank line at the end of your .pro file

9) On the left choose "Design" or double click on your form file, ex "frmmain.ui", this will bring up the form editor

If this is your 1st time using Qt, you can change form design options by going to:

Tools -> Options -> Designer (toward the lower left)

I recommend changing the grid to something much smaller than the default, for example 4 x 4

10a) In the Object Inspector window (towards the top right once you are in the Form Editor), right click on "menuBar QMenuBar" and choose "Remove Menu Bar"

10b) Perform the same steps to remove "mainToolBar QToolBar" and "statusBar QStatusBar"

(Note: If you plan on using the QMenuBar, QToolBar, or QStatusBar for something later on do not remove them, however for any of the example programs in this installation guide removal of these is recommended)

11a) Add widgets to your form depending on the example you are using, for example for "CannyStillQt.cpp", add the following widgets:

btnOpenFile

lblChosenFile

lblOriginal

lblCanny

11b) Set widget properties as shown in the video or as desired

12a) For any button with an associated event, ex btnOpenFile, right click on the button and choose "Go to slot..."

12b) Choose "clicked()", then OK (this will write the beginning of the button event for you)

(this step does not apply if your chosen example does not have a button)

13) Copy/paste the remaining portions of the code only (do NOT paste over any code written by Qt Creator) from your chosen example

14) Run the program by clicking on the applicable icon in the lower left corner, you can choose either "Run"

(green arrow) or "Start Debugging" (green arrow with a bug on top)