Question 5:

Find the financial leverage from the following data:

- Net Worth: ₹ 25,00,000
- Debt/Equity Ratio: 3:1
- Interest Rate: 12%
- Operating Profit (EBIT): ₹ 20,00,000

Steps:

1. **Determine the Debt**: Given a Debt/Equity ratio of 3:1 and Net Worth (Equity) of ₹ 25,00,000, the debt can be calculated as:

$${\rm Debt} = 3 \times {\rm Equity} = 3 \times 25, 00, 000 = ₹75, 00, 000$$

2. Calculate Interest:

$$\mathbf{Interest} = \mathbf{Debt} \times \mathbf{Interest} \ \mathbf{Rate} = 75,00,000 \times 12\% = \mathbf{\$9,00,000}$$

3. Financial Leverage:

$$\text{Financial Leverage} = \frac{\text{Operating Profit (EBIT)}}{\text{EBIT} - \text{Interest}} = \frac{20,00,000}{20,00,000 - 9,00,000} = \frac{20,00,000}{11,00,000} = 1.82$$

Answer: Financial Leverage = 1.82

Question 6:

Calculate the financial leverage from the following information:

- Sales (1,000 Units): ₹ 1,00,000
- Variable Cost: ₹ 50,000
- Fixed Cost: ₹ 25,000
- Interest: ₹ 15,000

Steps:

1. Calculate Contribution Margin:

Contribution Margin = Sales – Variable Cost =
$$1,00,000 - 50,000 = ₹50,000$$

2. Calculate EBIT:

EBIT = Contribution Margin - Fixed Cost =
$$50,000 - 25,000 = ₹25,000$$

3. Financial Leverage:

$$\text{Financial Leverage} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{EBIT} - \text{Interest}} = \frac{25,000}{25,000 - 15,000} = \frac{25,000}{10,000} = 2.5$$

Answer: Financial Leverage = 2.5

Question 7:

Renu Limited has the following capital structure:

- Equity Share Capital: ₹ 5,00,000
- 10% Preference Share Capital: ₹ 5,00,000
- 10% Debentures: ₹ 5,00,000
- Interest and Tax Rate: 30%
- Profit Before Interest and Tax (EBIT): ₹ 2,50,000

Steps:

1. Calculate Interest on Debentures:

Interest =
$$10\% \times 5,00,000 = ₹50,000$$

2. Calculate Financial Leverage:

$$\text{Financial Leverage} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{EBIT} - \text{Interest}} = \frac{2,50,000}{2,50,000 - 50,000} = \frac{2,50,000}{2,00,000} = 1.25$$

Answer: Financial Leverage = 1.25

प्रश्न 5:

निम्नलिखित डेटा से वित्तीय उत्तोलन (Financial Leverage) ज्ञात करें:

- नेट वर्थः ₹ 25,00,000
- ऋण/**इकिटी अनुपात**: 3:1
- ब्याज दर: 12%
- संचालन लाभ (EBIT): ₹ 20,00,000

चरण:

ऋण ज्ञात करें: चूंकि ऋण/इक्किटी अनुपात 3:1 है और नेट वर्थ (इक्किटी) ₹ 25,00,000 है, तो ऋण होगा:

ब्याज की गणना करें:

ब्याज
$$=$$
 ऋण $imes$ ब्याज दर $=$ $75,00,000 imes 12\% = ₹9,00,000$

3. वित्तीय उत्तोलन (Financial Leverage):

$$\text{Financial Leverage} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{EBIT} - \overline{\text{exIIV}}} = \frac{20,00,000}{20,00,000 - 9,00,000} = \frac{20,00,000}{11,00,000} = 1.82$$

उत्तर: वित्तीय उत्तोलन = 1.82

प्रश्न 6:

निम्नलिखित जानकारी से वित्तीय उत्तोलन ज्ञात करें:

• विक्रय (1,000 यूनिट): ₹ 1,00,000

• **परिवर्ती लागत**: ₹ 50,000

• स्थिर लागत: ₹ 25,000

• **ब्याज**: ₹ 15,000

चरण:

1. योगदान मार्जिन की गणना करें:

योगदान मार्जिन = विक्रय - परिवर्ती लागत = 1.00,000 - 50,000 = ₹50,000

2. **EBIT** की गणना करें:

$$ext{EBIT} = ext{योगदान मार्जिन} - स्थिर लागत = 50,000 - 25,000 = ₹25,000$$

3. वित्तीय उत्तोलन (Financial Leverage):

Financial Leverage
$$=rac{ ext{EBIT}}{ ext{EBIT}- ext{ ext{ ext{ ext{\text{\text{QIO}}}}}}=rac{25,000}{25,000-15,000}=rac{25,000}{10,000}=2.5$$

उत्तर: वित्तीय उत्तोलन = 2.5

प्रश्न 7:

रेणु लिमिटेड की निम्नलिखित पूंजी संरचना है:

- **इक्विटी शेयर पूंजी**: ₹ 5,00,000
- **10% वरीयता शेयर पूंजी**: ₹ 5,00,000
- **10% डिवेंचर्स**: ₹ 5,00,000
- **ब्याज और कर दर**: 30%
- ब्याज और कर से पहले लाभ (EBIT): ₹ 2,50,000

चरण:

डिबेंचर्स पर ब्याज की गणना करें:

2. वित्तीय उत्तोलन (Financial Leverage):

Financial Leverage
$$= \frac{\mathrm{EBIT}}{\mathrm{EBIT} - \overline{\mathsf{e}\mathsf{U}}\overline{\mathsf{U}}} = \frac{2,50,000}{2,50,000 - 50,000} = \frac{2,50,000}{2,00,000} = 1.25$$

उत्तरः वित्तीय उत्तोलन = 1.25