信号统计建模实验报告

Signal statistical Modeling Experiment Report

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Build A 2-Class Classifier With Gaussian Models

You are asked to solve a 2-class (class A & B) classification problem based on multivariate Gaussian models. Assume two classes have equal prior probabilities. Each observation feature is a 3-dimension vector. Assume you can collect a set of training data for each class. Based on the training data (provided in the course Web), you consider the following different ways to build such a classifier. Then the estimated models are used to classify some new test data (also provided in the course Web).

判别时如果采用后验概率（认为 A，B 概率不等）精确度可能更高，但是要求中认为先验概率相同，所以实验中采用似然估计。

实验编程语言 C++，实验代码见后，共 2228 行。

Project 1

1. First of all, let's consider to build a very simple classifier based on single multivariate Gaussian model. Each class is modelled by a single 3-D multivariate Gaussian distribution. For simplicity, we assume each multivariate Gaussian has a diagonal covariance matrix. Show how to estimate Gaussian mean vector and covariance matrix for each class based on the Maximum likelihood (ML) estimation. Report the classification accuracy of the ML-trained models as measured in the test data set.

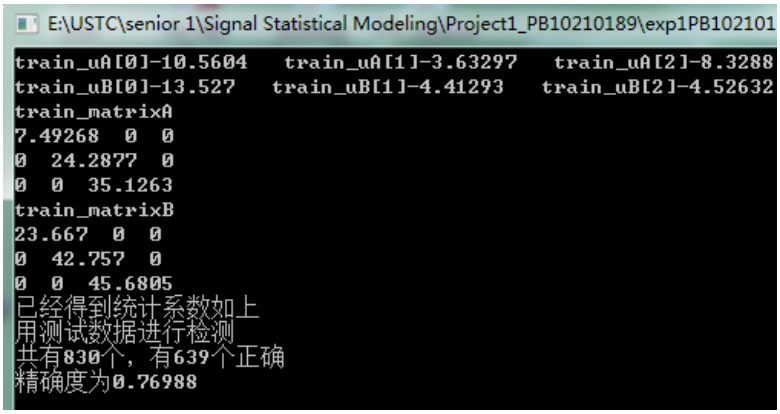
由最大似然估计 $\mu_{\mathrm{ML}}=\frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n}x_k}{n}$ ， $\Sigma_{\mathrm{ML}}=\frac{1}{n}\sum_{k=1}^{n}(X_k-\mu)(X_k-\mu)^{\mathrm{T}}$

编程实现，计算训练数据，得到均值和协方差矩阵，再把由训练数据得到的参数代入公式，

$$p(X\mid\mu,\Sigma)=\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{d/2}\mid\Sigma\mid^{1/2}}\exp\left[-\frac{(X-\mu)^{\mathrm{T}}\Sigma^{-1}(X-\mu)}{2}\right]$$

由最大似然估计公式，将测试数据带入公式，比较概率大小，若 PA 概率大则判为 PA，若 PB 概率大则判为 PB。

得到结果如下（忽略协方差矩阵非对角线上的值）



根据训练数据，样本 A 均值（-10.5604，-3.63297，-8.3288）

协方差矩阵 7.49268 0 0

0 24.2877 0

0 0 35.1263

样本 B 均值（-13.527，-4.41293，-4.52632）

协方差矩阵 23.667 0 0

0 42.757 0

0 0 45.6805

830 个测试数据进行分类，再根据实际类别比较，发现正确 639 个，精度为 0.76988

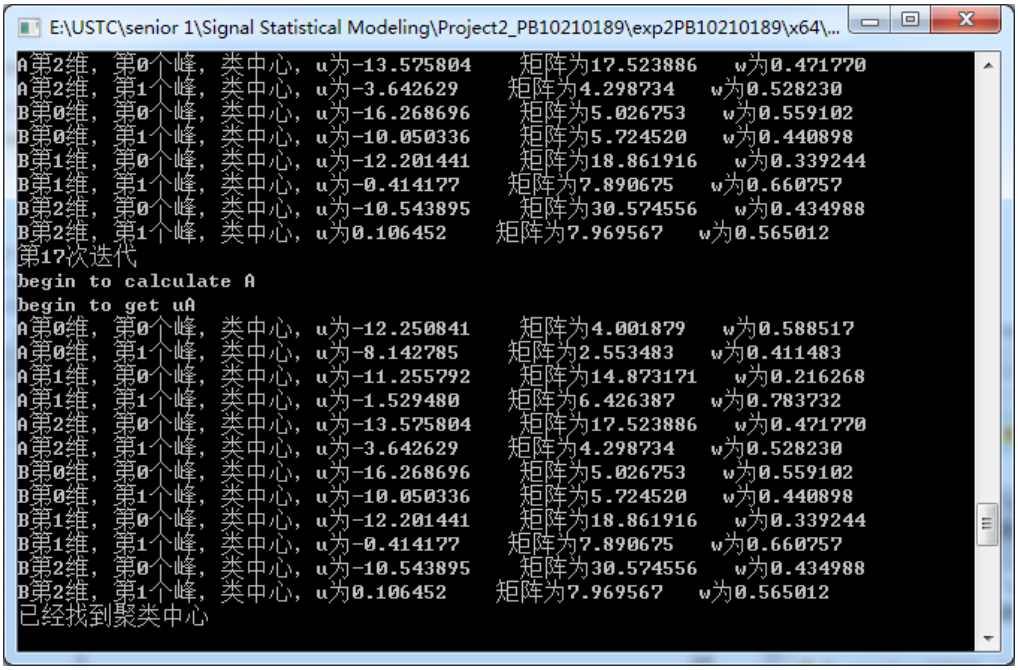
第二道题

Project2

Consider to improve the above simple Gaussian classifier by using a more complicated models, namely Gaussian mixture models (GMM), to model each class. Again, you can assume each Gaussian has a diagonal covariance matrix. Use the k-means method to initialize the GMM's. Then improve the GMM models iteratively based on the EM algorithm. Investigate and report results for GMM's which have 2, 4, 8 mixture components respectively.

一、先讨论 GMM 为 2 个峰的情况

首先用 K-means 算法得到初始值，进行 K-means 算法时不停地迭代，直到数据收敛为止，每次不断根据数据的分类寻找新的参数（w，u，协方差矩阵），直到迭代前后参数完全不变为止。



经过第 17 次迭代后，找到聚类中心。

之后再进行 EM 算法，利用 K-means 算法得到的值作为 EM 算法初始值，不断进行迭代，迭代公式

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \mu_k}=0\Rightarrow \mu_k^{(i+1)}=\frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} X_t\cdot p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \Sigma_k}=0\Rightarrow \Sigma_k^{(i+1)}=\frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} (X_t-\mu_k^{(i)})^{\mathrm{T}}\cdot(X_t-\mu_k^{(i)})\cdot p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}{\sum_{t=1}^{T} p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}$$

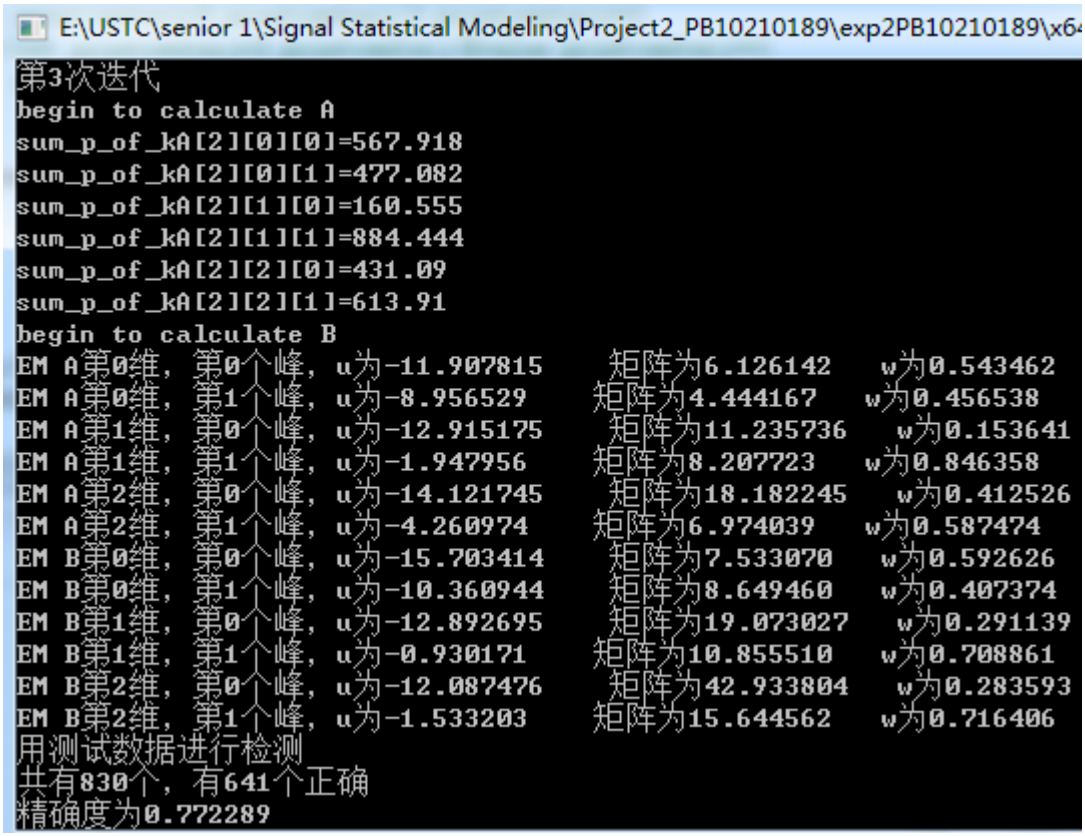
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \omega_k}[Q-\lambda(\sum_{k=1}^{K}\omega_k-1)]=0\Rightarrow \omega_k=\frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}{\sum_{k=1}^{K}\sum_{t=1}^{T} p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}=\frac{\sum_{t=1}^{T} p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}{T}$$

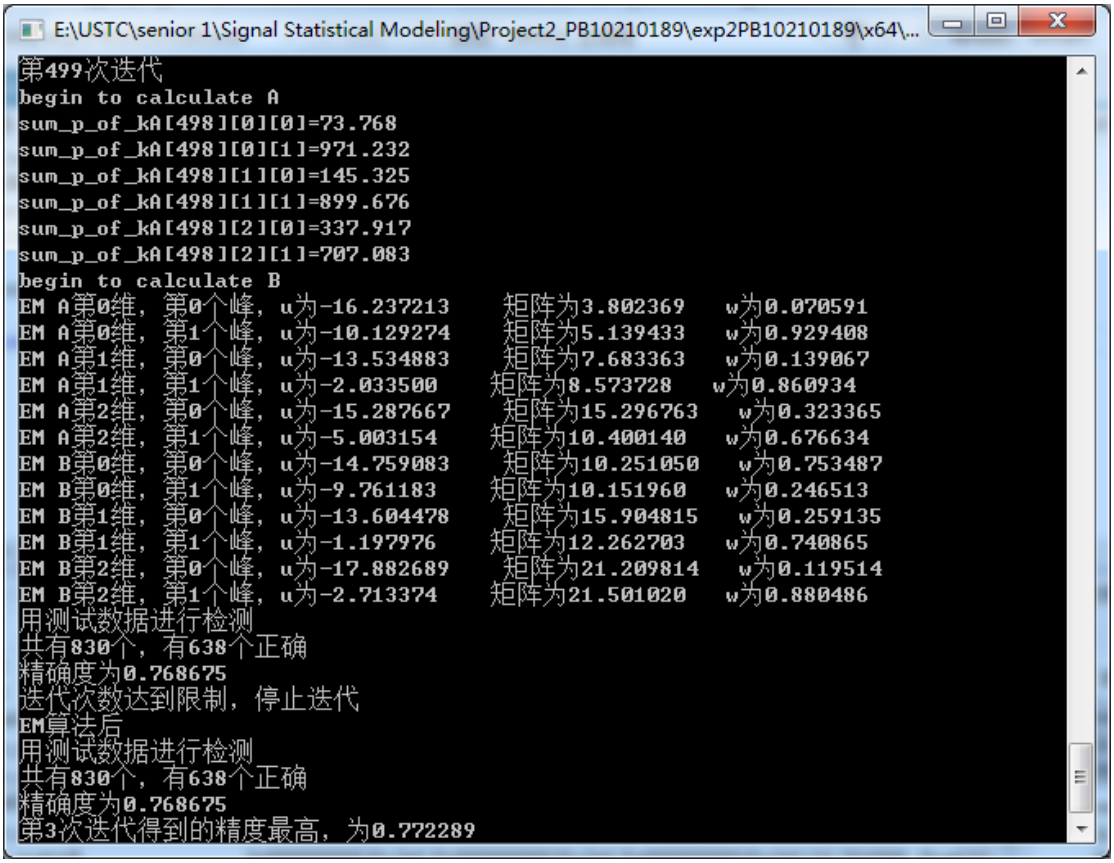
$$p(l_t=k\mid X_t,\{\omega_k^{(i)},\mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)}\})=\frac{\omega_k^{(i)}\cdot N(X_t\mid \mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}{\sum_{k-1}^{K}\omega_k^{(i)}\cdot N(X_t\mid \mu_k^{(i)},\Sigma_k^{(i)})}$$

其中

由于上式在求解 w，u，方差时都要用到，所以在程序中先算出，在实验中每次迭代后都用测试数据进行测试，在前 500 次迭代中第 3 次迭代精度最高，为 0.772289,第 499 次迭代后精度为 0.768675，迭代精度略有下降。

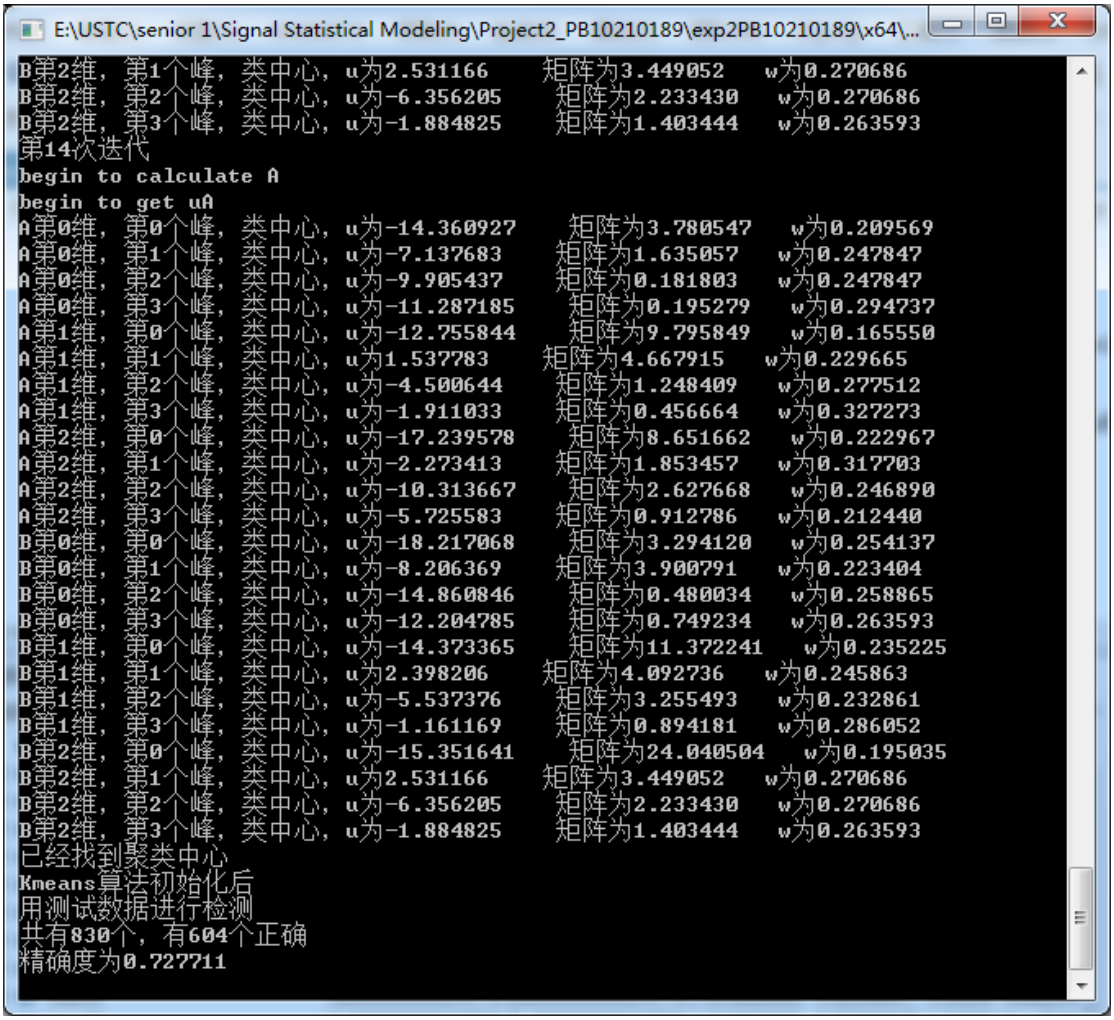
迭代结果如下





4 个峰时的情况

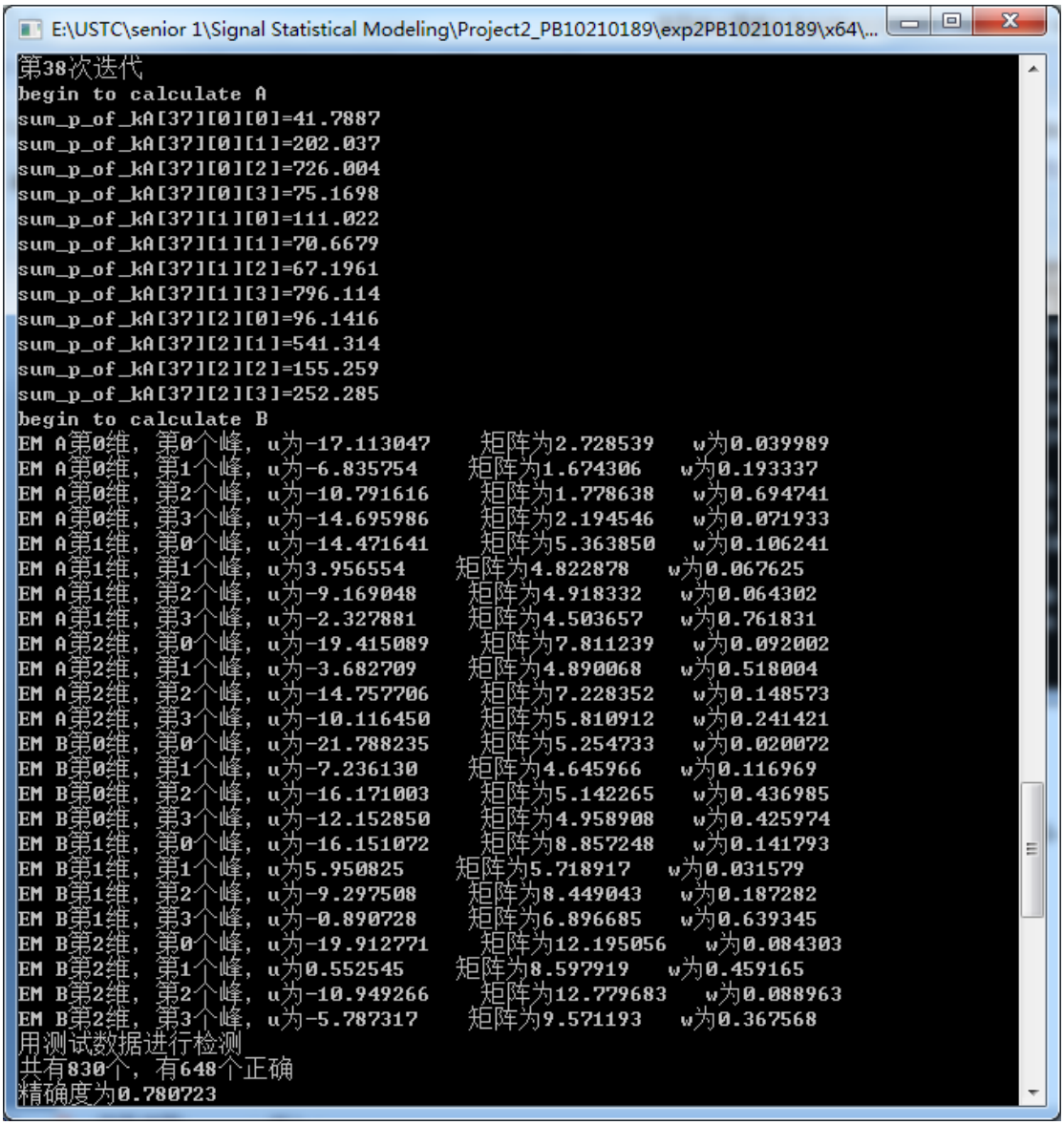
K-means 算法初始化



K-means 算法找到聚类中心，参数如上，得到的精度为 0.727711

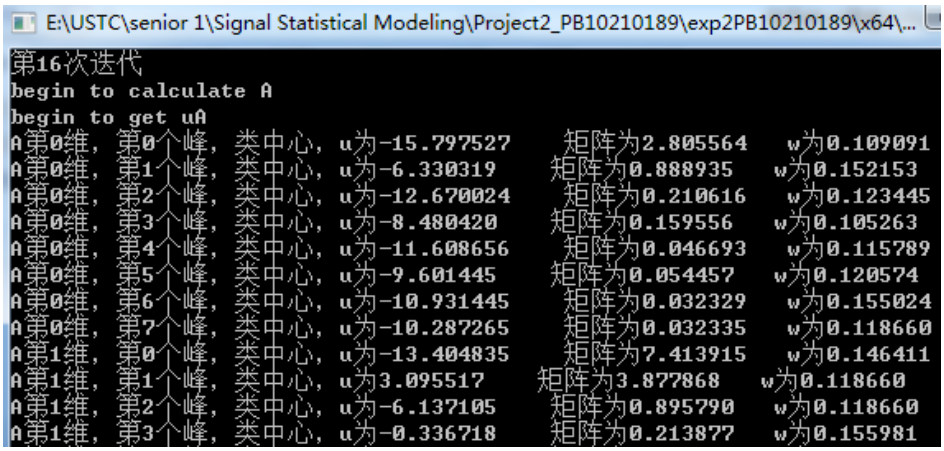
再用上面的参数进行 EM 算法。

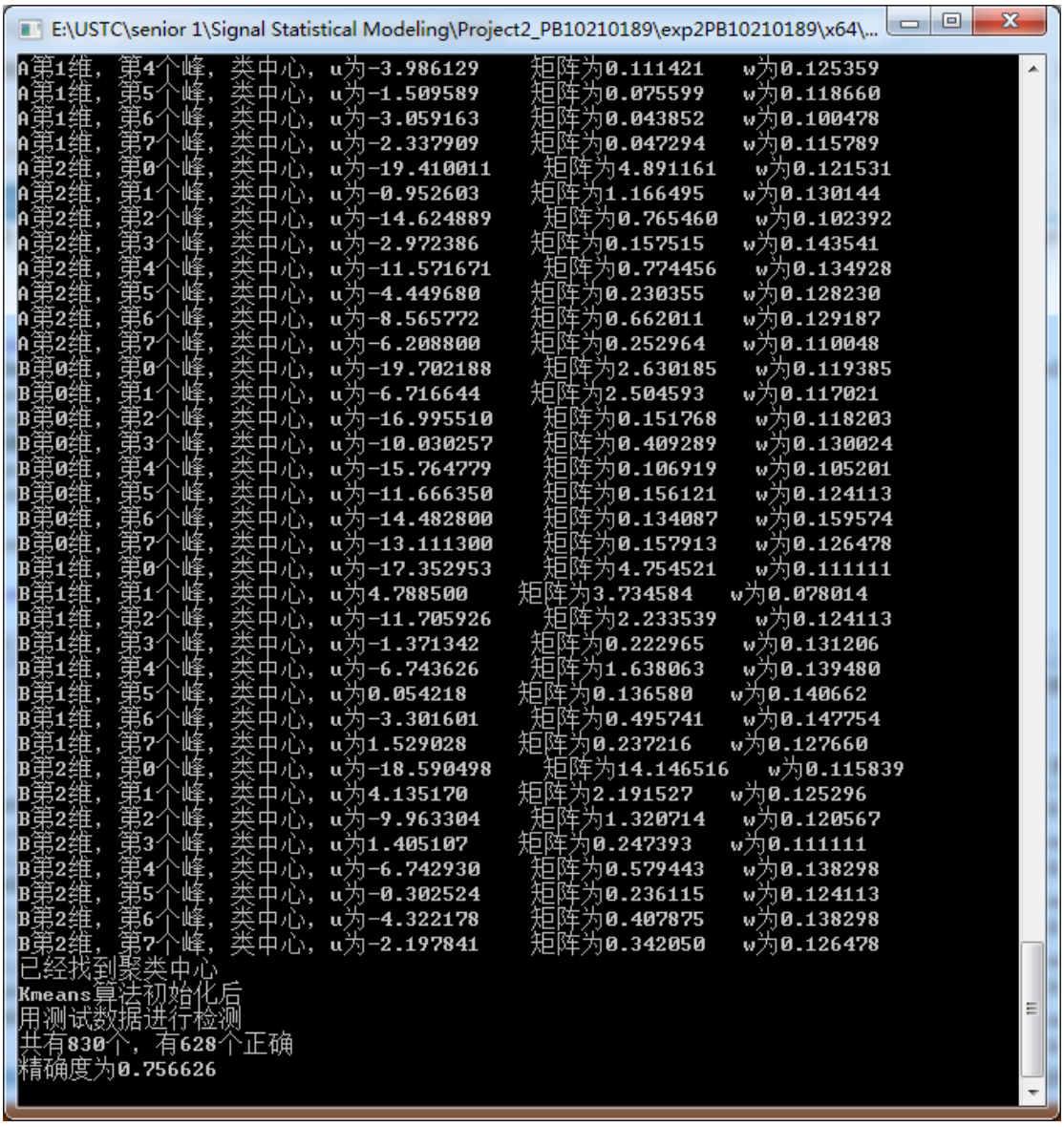
用测试数据进行检测，第 38 次迭代后精度最高，为 0.780723，如下



8 个峰时的情况

K-means 算法初始化

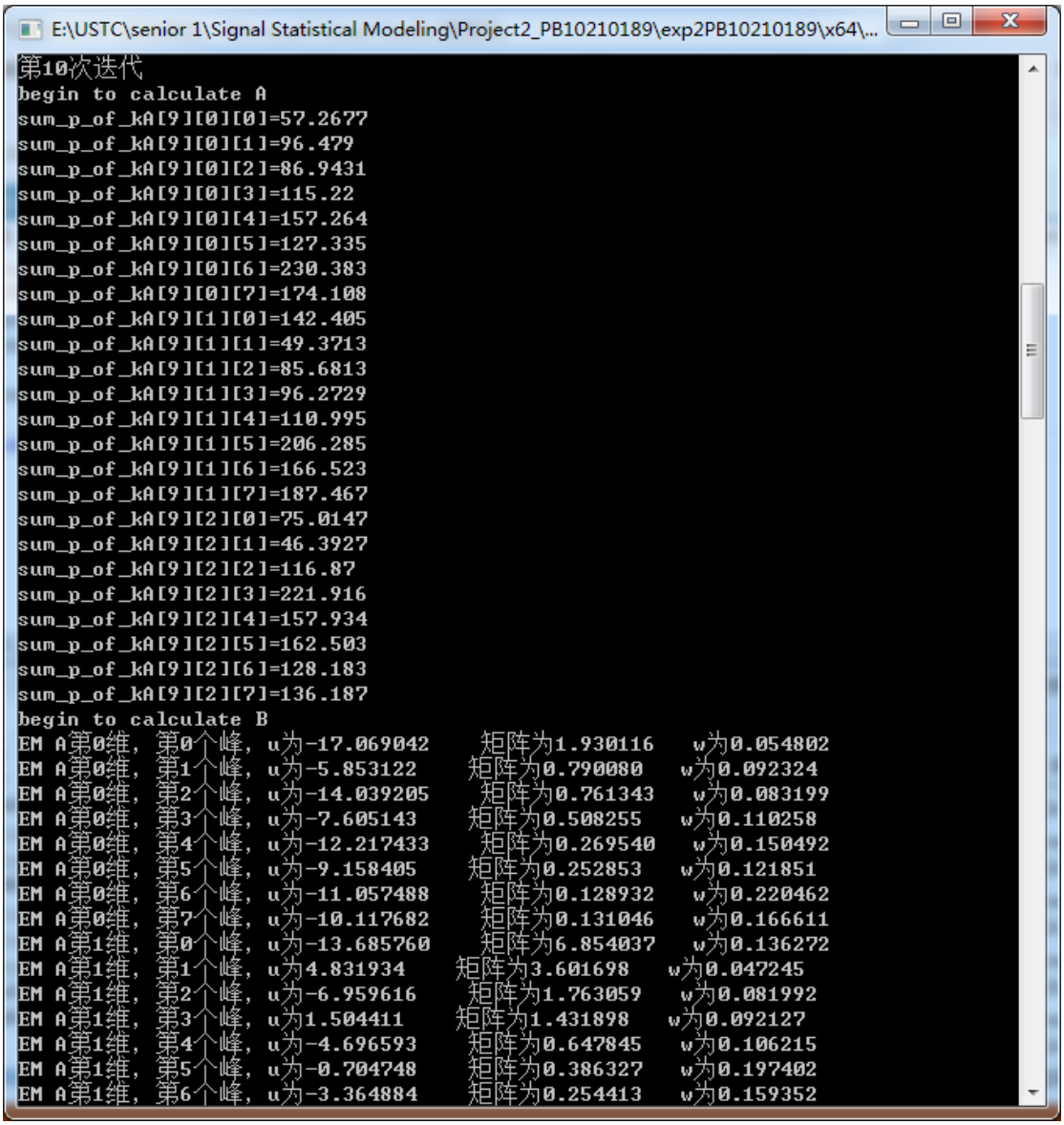


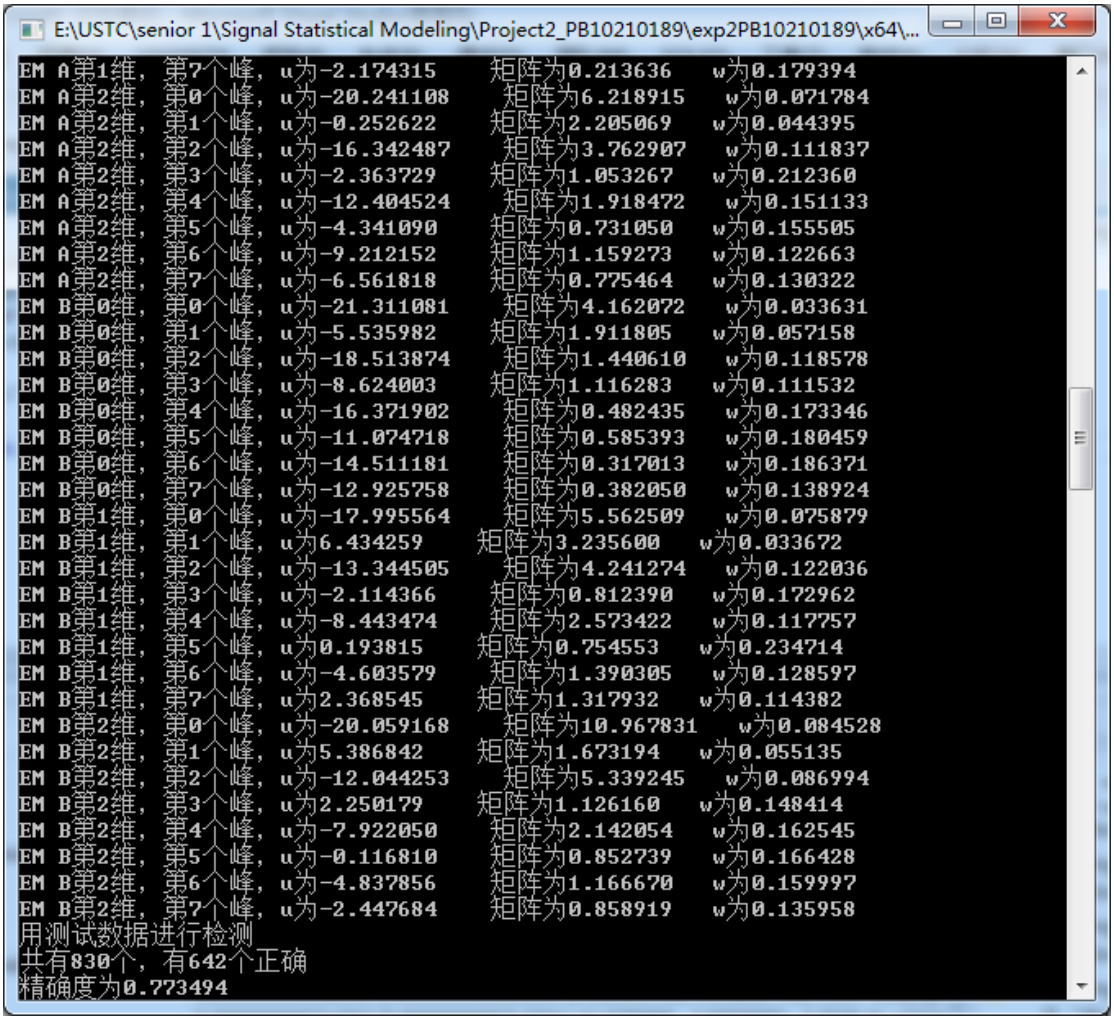


K-means 算法找到聚类中心，参数如上，得到的精度为 0.756626

再用上面的参数进行 EM 算法。

用测试数据进行检测，第 38 次迭代后精度最高，为 0.773494，如下


E:\USTC\senior 1\Signal Statistical Modeling\Project2_PB10210189\exp2PB10210189\x64\...
第10次迭代
begin to calculate A
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][0]=57.2677
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][1]=96.479
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][2]=86.9431
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][3]=115.22
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][4]=157.264
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][5]=127.335
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][6]=230.383
sum_p_of_kA[9][0][7]=174.108
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][0]=142.405
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][1]=49.3713
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][2]=85.6813
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][3]=96.2729
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][4]=110.995
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][5]=206.285
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][6]=166.523
sum_p_of_kA[9][1][7]=187.467
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][0]=75.0147
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][1]=46.3927
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][2]=116.87
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][3]=221.916
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][4]=157.934
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][5]=162.503
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][6]=128.183
sum_p_of_kA[9][2][7]=136.187
begin to calculate B
EM A第0维, 第0个峰, u为-17.069042 矩阵为1.930116 w为0.054802
EM A第0维, 第1个峰, u为-5.853122 矩阵为0.790080 w为0.092324
EM A第0维, 第2个峰, u为-14.039205 矩阵为0.761343 w为0.083199
EM A第0维, 第3个峰, u为-7.605143 矩阵为0.508255 w为0.110258
EM A第0维, 第4个峰, u为-12.217433 矩阵为0.269540 w为0.150492
EM A第0维, 第5个峰, u为-9.158405 矩阵为0.252853 w为0.121851
EM A第0维, 第6个峰, u为-11.057488 矩阵为0.128932 w为0.220462
EM A第0维, 第7个峰, u为-10.117682 矩阵为0.131046 w为0.166611
EM A第1维, 第0个峰, u为-13.685760 矩阵为6.854037 w为0.136272
EM A第1维, 第1个峰, u为4.831934 矩阵为3.601698 w为0.047245
EM A第1维, 第2个峰, u为-6.959616 矩阵为1.763059 w为0.081992
EM A第1维, 第3个峰, u为1.504411 矩阵为1.431898 w为0.092127
EM A第1维, 第4个峰, u为-4.696593 矩阵为0.647845 w为0.106215
EM A第1维, 第5个峰, u为-0.704748 矩阵为0.386327 w为0.197402
EM A第1维, 第6个峰, u为-3.364884 矩阵为0.254413 w为0.159352



8 个峰时精度略有下降可能是过拟合的原因。

在实际操作中，由于在 K-means 之前去初始值不能太偏以至于有某一类没有被分到数据，所以另写了一个函数尽可能使各类均匀分到函数。如：有四个峰时，使得有 12.5%的数据小于均值 1，37.5%的数据小于均值 2，62.5%的数据小于均值 3,87.5%的数据小于均值 4。详细函数见后。

三、Consider to improve the ML-trained single Gaussian classifier in step 1 by using some more advanced training techniques. In this part, you are asked to improve the single Gaussian classifier you got in the first step based on one of the discriminative training methods, namely minimum classification error (MCE) estimation with gradient probabilistic descent (GPD) algorithm. Study how the following quantities change as you proceed with more and more iterations in GPD training: 1) the actual error rate in training data; 2) the objective function in MCE; 3) the actual error rate in test set. Please note that in GPD training, the key issue is how to choose a proper step size experimentally.

根据 MCE 公式，

For each training data, (X_t, C_t), define misclassification measure:

$$d(X_t, C_t) = -p(C_t)p(X_t \mid \lambda_{C_t}) + \max_{C \neq C_t} p(C)p(X_t \mid \lambda_C)$$

If $d(X_t, C_t) > 0$, incorrect classification for X_t ➔ 1 error

If $d(X_t, C_t) <= 0$, correct classification for X_t ➔ 0 error

$$Q(\Lambda) \approx Q'(\Lambda) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} l(d(X_t, C_t))$$

where $$l(d) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-a \cdot d}}$$

a>0 is a parameter to control its shape.

根据实验数据观察，a 取 1000000 较为合理。

$$\lambda_i^{(n+1)} = \lambda_i^{(n)} - \varepsilon \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda_i} Q'(\lambda_1 \cdots \lambda_N)\big|_{\lambda_i = \lambda_i^{(n)}}$$

迭代公式

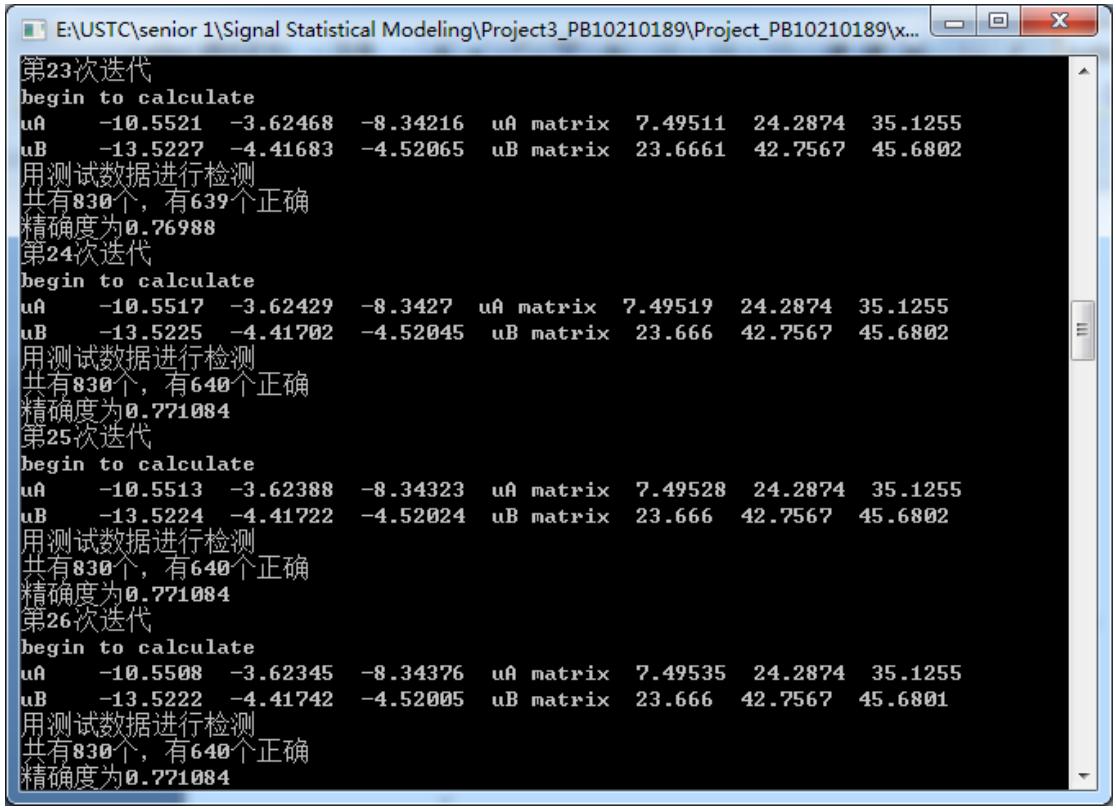
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda_i} Q'(\lambda_1 \cdots \lambda_N) = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda_i} l[d(X_t, C_t)]$$

$$= \sum_{t=1}^{T} \frac{\partial l(d)}{\partial d} \cdot \frac{\partial d(X_t, C_t)}{\partial \lambda_i}$$

$$= \sum_{t=1}^{T} a \cdot l(d) \cdot [1 - l(d)] \cdot \frac{\partial d(X_t, C_t)}{\partial \lambda_i}$$

根据实验数据，ε 取 0.00001。

第 24 次迭代后测试数据的精度最高，为 0.771084.

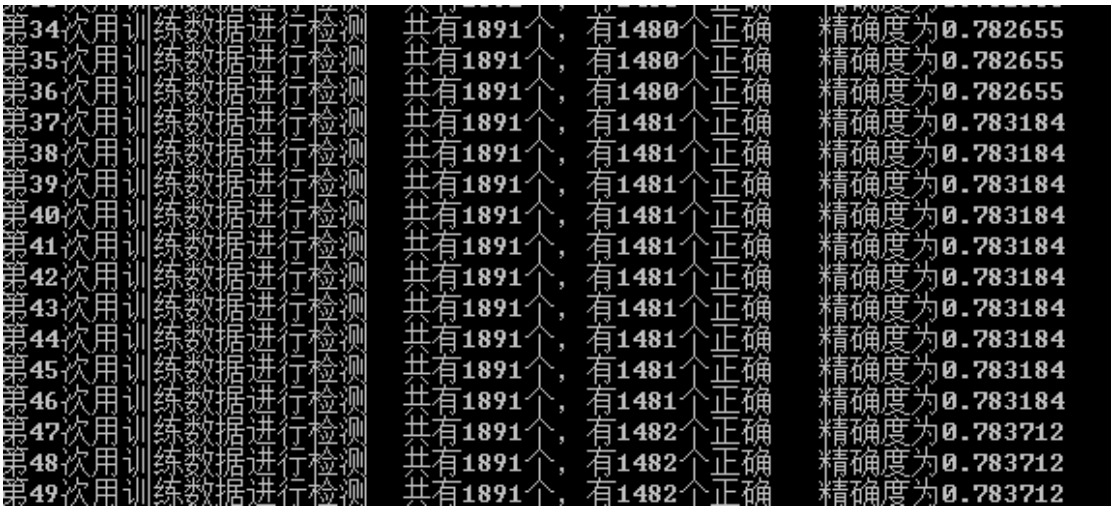


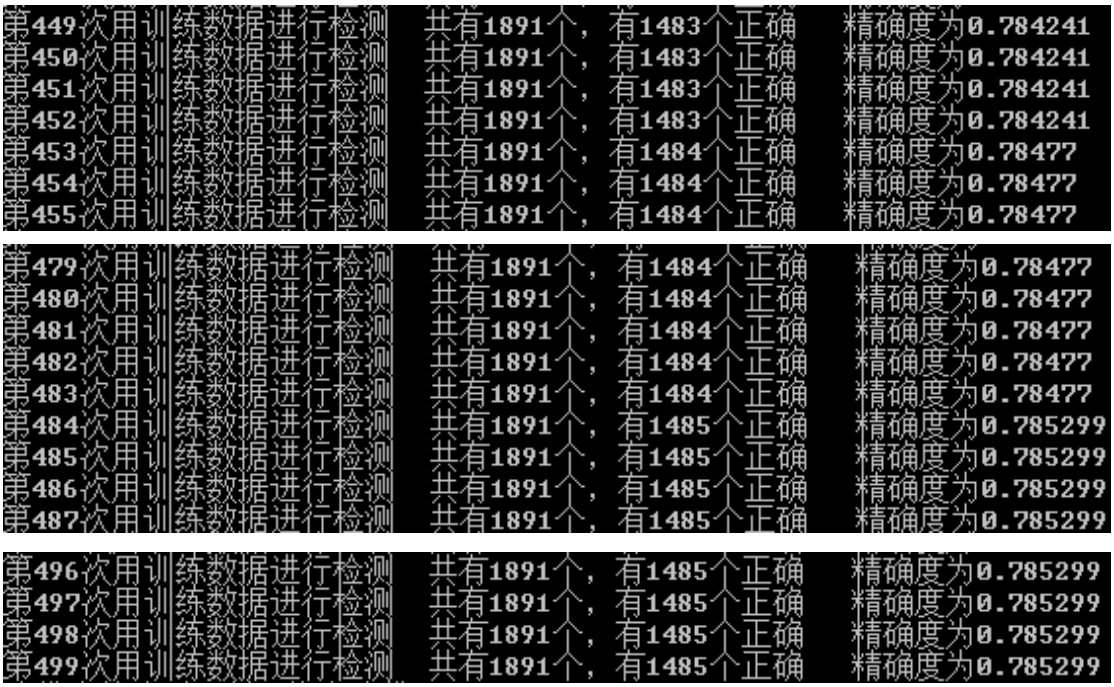
下面分别求 1) the actual error rate in training data; 2) the objective function in MCE; 3) the actual error rate in test set.

1) the actual error rate in training data

由实验可以发现随着迭代次数不断增加，训练数据的精确度不断上升，且上升不断变慢，第一次迭代 1891 组数据有 1478 个正确，在第 499 次迭代后，1891 组数据有 1485 个正确，精确度 0.785299。

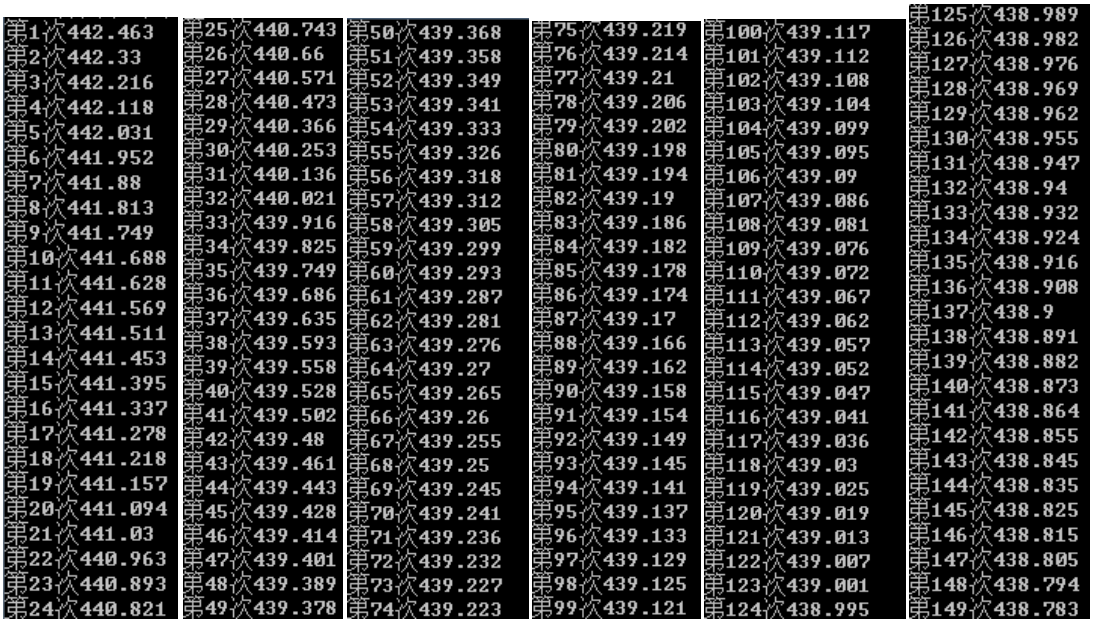
下面列出精确度变化的地方





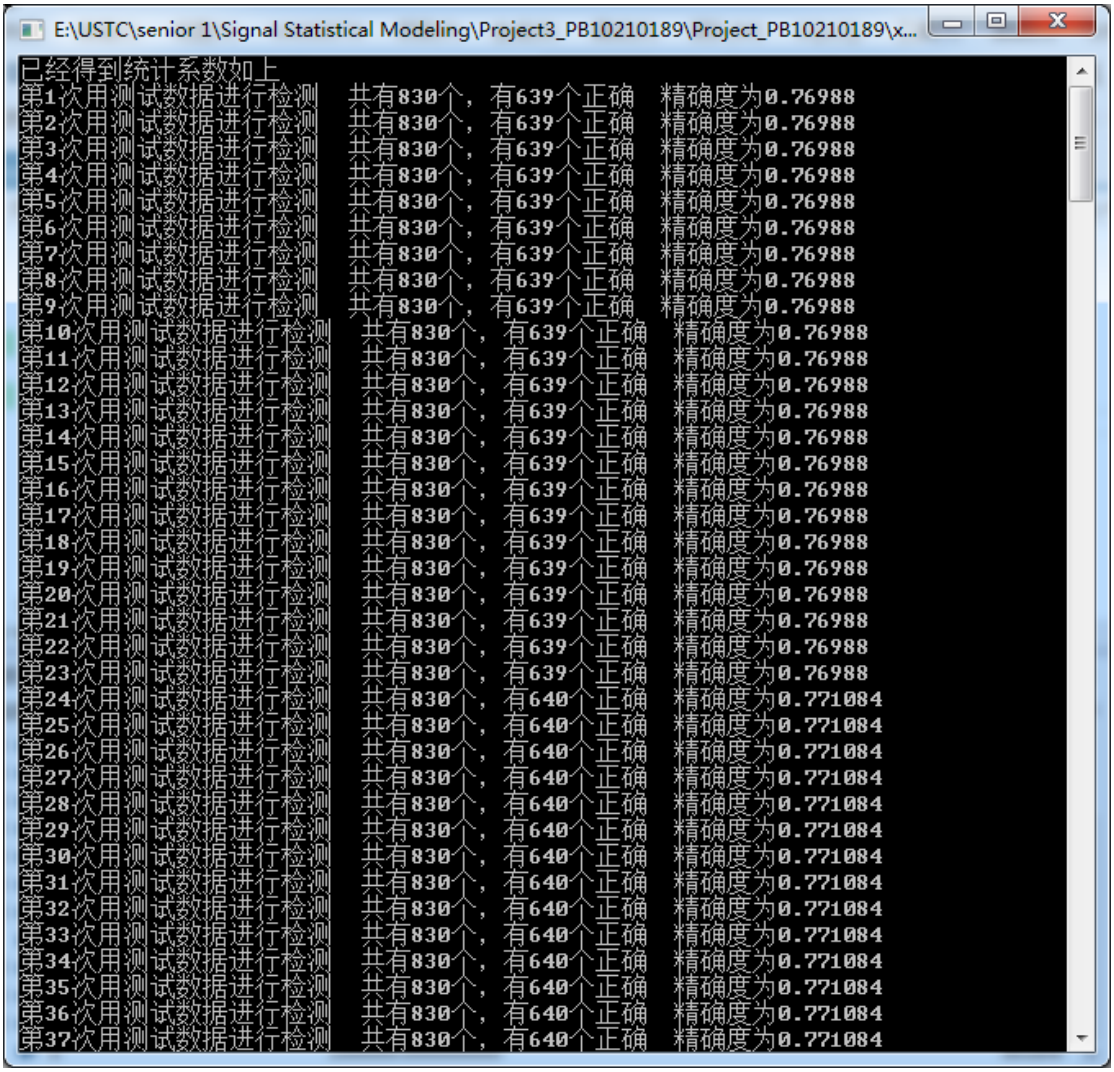
2) the objective function in MCE

经过实验，目标函数 Q 值不断下降

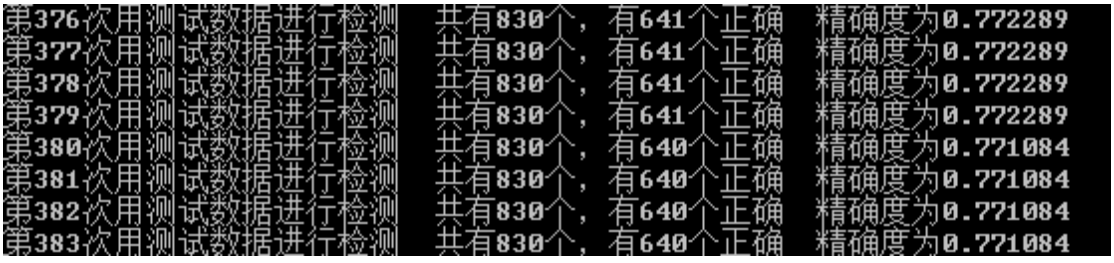


3) the actual error rate in test set

发现测试集中实际错误率降低，之后略有上升。


E:\USTC\senior 1\Signal Statistical Modeling\Project3_PB10210189\Project_PB10210189\x...
已经得到统计系数如上
第1次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第2次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第3次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第4次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第5次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第6次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第7次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第8次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第9次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第10次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第11次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第12次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第13次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第14次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第15次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第16次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第17次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第18次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第19次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第20次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第21次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第22次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第23次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有639个正确 精确度为0.76988
第24次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第25次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第26次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第27次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第28次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第29次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第30次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第31次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第32次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第33次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第34次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第35次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第36次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第37次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084


第166次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第167次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第168次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第169次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第170次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289


第376次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第377次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第378次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第379次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有641个正确 精确度为0.772289
第380次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第381次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第382次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084
第383次用测试数据进行检测 共有830个，有640个正确 精确度为0.771084

代码(共 2228 行)

实验一（291行）

```
// exp1PB10210189.cpp : 定义控制台应用程序的入口点。
//writer: Bodong Zhang
#include "stdafx.h"
#include"math.h"
#include <opencv.hpp>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include"highgui.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream> // not required by most systems
using namespace std;//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!can not use ofstream without this line
#define PI 3.1415926
void load_train_data(float trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3])
{
    char pathname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<1045;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    for(Broll=0;Broll<845;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
```

```
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
        }
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.close();
}
```

```
void get_u_matrix(float trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3],float train_uA[3],float
train_matrixA[3][3],float train_uB[3],float train_matrixB[3][3])
{
    train_uA[0]=0.0;train_uA[1]=0.0;train_uA[2]=0.0;
    train_uB[0]=0.0;train_uB[1]=0.0;train_uB[2]=0.0;
    train_matrixA[0][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[0][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[0][2]=0.0;
    train_matrixA[1][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[1][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[1][2]=0.0;
    train_matrixA[2][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[2][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[2][2]=0.0;
    train_matrixB[0][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[0][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[0][2]=0.0;
    train_matrixB[1][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[1][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[1][2]=0.0;
    train_matrixB[2][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[2][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[2][2]=0.0;
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<1045;i++)
    {
        train_uA[0]+=trainA[i][0];
        train_uA[1]+=trainA[i][1];
        train_uA[2]+=trainA[i][2];
    }
    train_uA[0]=train_uA[0]/1045;
    train_uA[1]=train_uA[1]/1045;
    train_uA[2]=train_uA[2]/1045;
    cout<<"train_uA[0]"<<train_uA[0]<<"   ";
```

```
cout<<"train_uA[1]"<<train_uA[1]<<"   ";
cout<<"train_uA[2]"<<train_uA[2]<<"\n";
for(i=0;i<846;i++)
{
    train_uB[0]+=trainB[i][0];
    train_uB[1]+=trainB[i][1];
    train_uB[2]+=trainB[i][2];
}
train_uB[0]=train_uB[0]/846;
train_uB[1]=train_uB[1]/846;
train_uB[2]=train_uB[2]/846;
cout<<"train_uB[0]"<<train_uB[0]<<"   ";
cout<<"train_uB[1]"<<train_uB[1]<<"   ";
cout<<"train_uB[2]"<<train_uB[2]<<"\n";
for(i=0;i<1045;i++)
{
    train_matrixA[0][0]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixA[1][1]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
    train_matrixA[2][2]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
}
train_matrixA[0][0]=train_matrixA[0][0]/1045.0;
train_matrixA[1][1]=train_matrixA[1][1]/1045.0;
train_matrixA[2][2]=train_matrixA[2][2]/1045.0;
for(i=0;i<846;i++)
{
    train_matrixB[0][0]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixB[1][1]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
    train_matrixB[2][2]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
}
train_matrixB[0][0]=train_matrixB[0][0]/846.0;
train_matrixB[1][1]=train_matrixB[1][1]/846.0;
train_matrixB[2][2]=train_matrixB[2][2]/846.0;

  /*
for(i=0;i<1045;i++)//实际上协方差系数较大
{
    train_matrixA[0][1]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
    train_matrixA[0][2]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
    train_matrixA[1][0]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixA[1][2]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
    train_matrixA[2][0]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixA[2][1]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
}
```

```
    for(i=0;i<846;i++)
    {
        train_matrixB[0][1]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
        train_matrixB[0][2]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
        train_matrixB[1][0]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0]);
        train_matrixB[1][2]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
        train_matrixB[2][0]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0]);
        train_matrixB[2][1]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
    }
      */
    train_matrixA[0][1]=train_matrixA[0][1]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[0][2]=train_matrixA[0][2]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[1][0]=train_matrixA[1][0]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[1][2]=train_matrixA[1][2]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[2][0]=train_matrixA[2][0]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[2][1]=train_matrixA[2][1]/1045.0;

    train_matrixB[0][1]=train_matrixB[0][1]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[0][2]=train_matrixB[0][2]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[1][0]=train_matrixB[1][0]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[1][2]=train_matrixB[1][2]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[2][0]=train_matrixB[2][0]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[2][1]=train_matrixB[2][1]/846.0;

    cout<<"train_matrixA\n"<<train_matrixA[0][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[0][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[0][2]<<"\n";
    cout<<train_matrixA[1][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[1][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[1][2]<<"\n";
    cout<<train_matrixA[2][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[2][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[2][2]<<"\n";

    cout<<"train_matrixB\n"<<train_matrixB[0][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[0][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[0][2]<<"\n";
    cout<<train_matrixB[1][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[1][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[1][2]<<"\n";
    cout<<train_matrixB[2][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[2][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[2][2]<<"\n";

}


void judge(/*float test[3],*/float train_uA[3],float train_matrixA[3][3],float
train_uB[3],float train_matrixB[3][3])//判断某个数据属于哪一类
{
```

```
float testA[470][3],testB[360][3];
float right=0.0;float sum=0.0;
char pathtestname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\test.txt";
ifstream o_file;
o_file.open(pathtestname);
int Aroll,Broll;
char a1;
o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
float Areverse_matrix[3],Breverse_matrix[3],valueA,valueB;
Areverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixA[0][0];
Areverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixA[1][1];
Areverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixA[2][2];
Breverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixB[0][0];
Breverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixB[1][1];
Breverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixB[2][2];
for(Aroll=0;Aroll<470;Aroll++)
{
    o_file>>testA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>testA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>testA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

valueA=exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
x[1]+(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

valueB=exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
    sum=sum+1.0;
    if(valueA>valueB)
        right=right+1.0;
    o_file>>a1;
    o_file>>a1;
    o_file>>a1;
    o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
}
for(Broll=0;Broll<359;Broll++)
```

```
    {
        o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

    valueA=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

    valueB=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(valueA<valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
    valueA=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));
    valueB=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
    sum=sum+1.0;
```

```
    if(valueA<valueB)
        right=right+1.0;
    float accuracy=right/sum;
    cout<<"用测试数据进行检测\n共有"<<sum<<"个，有"<<right<<"个正确\n精确度为
"<<accuracy;
    o_file.close();
}

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    float trainA[1045][3],trainB[846][3];//A有1045行数据，B有846行数据
    load_train_data(trainA,trainB);//把数据读到数组里
    float train_uA[3],train_matrixA[3][3],train_uB[3],train_matrixB[3][3];
    get_u_matrix(trainA,trainB,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    cout<<"已经得到统计系数如上\n";
    judge(train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);//判断数据属于哪一类


    /*
    char pathname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
    float i,j,k,l;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    o_file>>i;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<i<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>j;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<j<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>k;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<k<<"\n"<<endl;
    */

    //o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);

    //ifstream fin;
    //fin.get();
    //get成员函数会读取一个字符包括空格 和换行

    //o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    //o_file>>l;//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<l<<"\n"<<endl;
```

```
    //printf("sdfa%fdasfa",i);
    /*
    char q,w,e,r;
    o_file>>q;
    cout<<q<<"\n";
    o_file>>w;
    cout<<w<<"\n";
    o_file>>e;
    cout<<e<<"\n";
    o_file>>r;
    cout<<r<<"\n";
    o_file>>l;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<l<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.close();
    */
    return 0;
};
```

实验二

K-means 初始化前得到较为合理的参数的代码（414 行）

```
// get_stat.cpp : 定义控制台应用程序的入口点。
//PB10210189 writer: Bodong Zhang

#include "stdafx.h"
#include"math.h"
#include <opencv.hpp>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include"highgui.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream> // not required by most systems
using namespace std;//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!can not use ofstream without this line
#define PI 3.1415926

void load_train_data(float trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3])
{
    char pathname[356]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<1045;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
```

```
    for(Broll=0;Broll<845;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.close();
}




int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    float trainA[1045][3],trainB[846][3];//A有1045行数据，B有846行数据
    load_train_data(trainA,trainB);//把数据读到数组里
    float train_uA[3],train_matrixA[3][3],train_uB[3],train_matrixB[3][3];

    int stat1,stat2,stat3;
    int sum[6]={0,0,0,0,0,0};
    int flag[6][8];
    for(int ii=0;ii<6;ii++)
        for(int jj=0;jj<8;jj++)
            flag[ii][jj]=1;
```

```
    //use when 4 peaks
    /*
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat1=0;
        for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
        {
            if(trainA[i][0]>countnum&&trainA[i][0]<countnum+0.5)
                stat1++;
        }
        sum[0]+=stat1;


        for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[0][ii]==1&&sum[0]>=131+1045*ii/4)//1045*0.135=131
            {
                printf("A0 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[0][ii]=0;
            }
        }
        //printf("group A  dimmension 0   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat1);
    }




    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat2=0;
        for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
        {
            if(trainA[i][1]>countnum&&trainA[i][1]<countnum+0.5)
                stat2++;
        }
        sum[1]+=stat2;
        for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[1][ii]==1&&sum[1]>=131+1045*ii/4)//1045*0.135=131
            {
                printf("A1 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
```

```
                flag[1][ii]=0;
            }
        }



        //printf("group A  dimmension 1   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat2);
    }

    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<6.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat3=0;
        for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
        {
            if(trainA[i][2]>countnum&&trainA[i][2]<countnum+0.5)
                stat3++;
        }

        sum[2]+=stat3;
        for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[2][ii]==1&&sum[2]>=131+1045*ii/4)//1045*0.135=131
            {
                printf("A2 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[2][ii]=0;
            }
        }

        //printf("group A  dimmension 2   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat3);
    }

printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<0.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat1=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][0]>countnum&&trainB[i][0]<countnum+0.5)
                stat1++;
        }
        sum[3]+=stat1;
```

```
        for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[3][ii]==1&&sum[3]>=106+846*ii/4)//846*0.135=106
            {
                printf("B0 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[3][ii]=0;
            }
        }



        //printf("group B  dimmension 0   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat1);
    }
    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat2=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][1]>countnum&&trainB[i][1]<countnum+0.5)
                stat2++;
        }
        sum[4]+=stat2;
        for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[4][ii]==1&&sum[4]>=106+846*ii/4)//846*0.135=106
            {
                printf("B1 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[4][ii]=0;
            }
        }

        //printf("group B  dimmension 1   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat2);
    }

    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<8.0;countnum=countnum+0.5)
    {
        stat3=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][2]>countnum&&trainB[i][2]<countnum+0.5)
```

```
                stat3++;
            }

            sum[5]+=stat3;
            for(int ii=0;ii<4;ii++)
            {
                if(flag[5][ii]==1&&sum[5]>=106+846*ii/4)//846*0.135=106
                {
                    printf("B2 4个峰%f\n",countnum);
                    flag[5][ii]=0;
                }
            }


            //printf("group B  dimmension 2   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat3);
        }

        */



        for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
        {
            stat1=0;
            for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
            {
                if(trainA[i][0]>countnum&&trainA[i][0]<countnum+0.1)
                    stat1++;
            }
            sum[0]+=stat1;


            for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
            {
                if(flag[0][ii]==1&&sum[0]>=65+1045*ii/8)//1045/16=65
                {
                    printf("A0 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                    flag[0][ii]=0;
                }
            }
            //printf("group A  dimmension 0   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.1,stat1);
        }
```

```
    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
    {
        stat2=0;
        for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
        {
            if(trainA[i][1]>countnum&&trainA[i][1]<countnum+0.1)
                stat2++;
        }
        sum[1]+=stat2;
        for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[1][ii]==1&&sum[1]>=65+1045*ii/8)
            {
                printf("A1 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[1][ii]=0;
            }
        }



        //printf("group A  dimmension 1   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.1,stat2);
    }

    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<6.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
    {
        stat3=0;
        for(int i=0;i<1045;i++)
        {
            if(trainA[i][2]>countnum&&trainA[i][2]<countnum+0.1)
                stat3++;
        }

        sum[2]+=stat3;
        for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[2][ii]==1&&sum[2]>=65+1045*ii/8)
```

```
            {
                printf("A2 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[2][ii]=0;
            }
        }

        //printf("group A  dimmension 2   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.1,stat3);
    }

printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<0.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
    {
        stat1=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][0]>countnum&&trainB[i][0]<countnum+0.1)
                stat1++;
        }
        sum[3]+=stat1;
        for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[3][ii]==1&&sum[3]>=53+846*ii/8)//53
            {
                printf("B0 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[3][ii]=0;
            }
        }



        //printf("group B  dimmension 0   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.1,stat1);
    }
    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<10.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
    {
        stat2=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][1]>countnum&&trainB[i][1]<countnum+0.1)
                stat2++;
        }
        sum[4]+=stat2;
```

```
        for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[4][ii]==1&&sum[4]>=53+846*ii/8)
            {
                printf("B1 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[4][ii]=0;
            }
        }

        //printf("group B  dimmension 1   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.1,stat2);
    }

    printf("\n");
    for(float countnum=-35.0;countnum<8.0;countnum=countnum+0.1)
    {
        stat3=0;
        for(int i=0;i<846;i++)
        {
            if(trainB[i][2]>countnum&&trainB[i][2]<countnum+0.1)
                stat3++;
        }

        sum[5]+=stat3;
        for(int ii=0;ii<8;ii++)
        {
            if(flag[5][ii]==1&&sum[5]>=53+846*ii/8)//846*0.135=106
            {
                printf("B2 8个峰%f\n",countnum);
                flag[5][ii]=0;
            }
        }


        //printf("group B  dimmension 2   %f  to  %f  有%d个
\n",countnum,countnum+0.5,stat3);
    }



    /*
    char pathname[356]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
```

```
    float i,j,k,l;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    o_file>>i;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<i<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>j;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<j<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>k;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<k<<"\n"<<endl;
    */

    //o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);

    //ifstream fin;
    //fin.get();
    //get成员函数会读取一个字符包括空格 和换行

    //o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    //o_file>>l;//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<l<<"\n"<<endl;
    //printf("sdfa%fdasfa",i);
    /*
    char q,w,e,r;
    o_file>>q;
    cout<<q<<"\n";
    o_file>>w;
    cout<<w<<"\n";
    o_file>>e;
    cout<<e<<"\n";
    o_file>>r;
    cout<<r<<"\n";
    o_file>>l;//从文件输入一个数值。
    cout<<l<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.close();
    */
    return 0;
}
```

实验二算法代码（934 行）

```
// exp2PB10210189.cpp : 定义控制台应用程序的入口点。
//信号统计建模  张博栋 PB10210189
```

```
#include "stdafx.h"
#include"math.h"
#include <opencv.hpp>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include"highgui.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream> // not required by most systems
using namespace std;//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!can not use ofstream without this line
#define PI 3.1415926
int Kvalue=8;//K的值2,4,8
int best_times=0,get_accuracy_flag=0;
float best_accuracy=0;
void load_train_data(float trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3])
{
    char pathname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<1045;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    for(Broll=0;Broll<845;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
```

```
            o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
        }
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.close();
    }


    //判断某一组数据各维分别属于GMM的哪个峰,用最大似然估计,compare the values of
w1*N(),w2*N(),w3*N(),w4*N()...and get maximum
    void get_class(float train_u[3][8],float train_matrix[3][3][8],float train_w[3][8],float
train[3],int labelclass[3])
    {
        float reverse_matrix[3][8],value[3][8];//value用来得到各个值,根据最大的值来判断属于
谁
        for(int i1=0;i1<Kvalue;i1++)
        {
            reverse_matrix[0][i1]=1.0/train_matrix[0][0][i1];
            reverse_matrix[1][i1]=1.0/train_matrix[1][1][i1];
            reverse_matrix[2][i1]=1.0/train_matrix[2][2][i1];
        }
        for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)
            for(int i1=0;i1<Kvalue;i1++)
            {//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@应该仔细考虑是否加上w,我认为理
论上要加,但是却使得易趋于一个峰
                //经过实验,不能加w

        //value[dim3][i1]=train_w[dim3][i1]*exp(-0.5*((train[dim3]-train_u[dim3][i1])*(trai
n[dim3]-train_u[dim3][i1])*reverse_matrix[dim3][i1]))/(pow(2*PI,0.5)*pow(train_matrix[d
im3][dim3][i1],0.5));

        value[dim3][i1]=exp(-0.5*((train[dim3]-train_u[dim3][i1])*(train[dim3]-train_u[dim3
][i1])*reverse_matrix[dim3][i1]))/(pow(2*PI,0.5)*pow(train_matrix[dim3][dim3][i1],0.5))
```

```
;
        }
    //别忘了乘以w！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！！
    //int q1=0,q2=0,q3=0;
    float max[3];
    for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)
    {
        labelclass[dim3]=0;
        max[dim3]=value[dim3][0];
        for(int i1=1;i1<Kvalue;i1++)
        {
            //if(value[dim3][i1]>max[labelclass[dim3]])之前写的，写错了！！！！！！！！！！
一直有错，引以为鉴！！！
            if(value[dim3][i1]>max[dim3])
            {
                labelclass[dim3]=i1;
                max[dim3]=value[dim3][i1];
            }

        }


    }
}



//函数承接初始的参数u，w，matrix，以及各数据，最后得到新的参数，以及每个数据分别属于GMM
中的哪个峰
void Kmeans(float train_uA[3][8],float train_matrixA[3][3][8],float train_wA[3][8],float
train_uB[3][8],float train_matrixB[3][3][8],float train_wB[3][8],float
trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3],int labelA[1045][3],int labelB[846][3])
{
    float
roll_train_uA[500][3][8],roll_train_matrixA[500][3][3][8],roll_train_uB[500][3][8],roll
_train_matrixB[500][3][3][8];
    float roll_train_wA[500][3][8],roll_train_wB[500][3][8];
    int matrixclass;
    for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
        for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
        {
            roll_train_uA[0][ai][aj]=train_uA[ai][aj];
            roll_train_uB[0][ai][aj]=train_uB[ai][aj];//K均值算法的初始值
            roll_train_wA[0][ai][aj]=train_wA[ai][aj];
```

```
            roll_train_wB[0][ai][aj]=train_wB[ai][aj];
            for(int ak=0;ak<3;ak++)
            {
                roll_train_matrixA[0][ai][ak][aj]=train_matrixA[ai][ak][aj];
                roll_train_matrixB[0][ai][ak][aj]=train_matrixB[ai][ak][aj];
            }
        }
    for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
        for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
        {
            roll_train_matrixA[0][ai][ai][aj]=train_matrixA[ai][ai][aj];//对角线上的值
            roll_train_matrixB[0][ai][ai][aj]=train_matrixB[ai][ai][aj];//对角线上的值
        }//赋初值




    int i=0,j,dataclass[3];//i represent times

    int labelx,labely,labelz;
    int countnum_uA[3][8],countnum_uB[3][8];//表示每一类有几个数据
    int holddata;
    int get_terminal_i;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("第%d次迭代\n",i+1);
        //roll1[i+1][0]=0;roll1[i+1][1]=0;roll1[i+1][2]=-1;
        //roll2[i+1][0]=0;roll2[i+1][1]=0;roll2[i+1][2]=-1;
        for(int counti=0;counti<3;counti++)
            for(int countj=0;countj<8;countj++)
            {
                countnum_uA[counti][countj]=0;
                countnum_uB[counti][countj]=0;
            }
        //初始化为0

    roll_train_uA[i+1][0][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uA[i+1][1][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][7]=0.0;
```

```
    roll_train_uA[i+1][2][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][7]=0.0;



    roll_train_uB[i+1][0][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uB[i+1][1][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uB[i+1][2][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][7]=0.0;


        //roll_train_wA[i+1][3][8]可以不赋初值
        //roll_train_wA[i+1][3][8]


        for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//matrix初始化为0
            for(int wt=0;wt<Kvalue;wt++)
            {
                roll_train_matrixA[i+1][dividei][dividei][wt]=0.0;
                roll_train_matrixB[i+1][dividei][dividei][wt]=0.0;
            }




        ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

        cout<<"begin to calculate A\n";
        for(j=0;j<1045;j++)//处理不同数据
        {
            //if(get_distance(sample[j],roll1[i])<=get_distance(sample[j],roll2[i]))

    get_class(roll_train_uA[i],roll_train_matrixA[i],roll_train_wA[i],trainA[j],labelA[
j]);//判断三个维度各应该属于哪一类,赋到labelA[j][3]中

            labelx=labelA[j][0];//第一维的属于哪一类峰
```

```
            labely=labelA[j][1];
            labelz=labelA[j][2];
            countnum_uA[0][labelx]++;
            countnum_uA[1][labely]++;
            countnum_uA[2][labelz]++;
            //roll1[i+1][0]+=sample[j][0];
            //roll1[i+1][1]+=sample[j][1];
            roll_train_uA[i+1][0][labelx]+=trainA[j][0];
            roll_train_uA[i+1][1][labely]+=trainA[j][1];
            roll_train_uA[i+1][2][labelz]+=trainA[j][2];


        }
        //计算新的聚合中心
        //num_of1=get_num_of1(sample);
        //num_of2=20-num_of1;
        //roll1[i+1][0]=roll1[i+1][0]/num_of1;
        //roll2[i+1][0]=roll2[i+1][0]/num_of2;
        //roll1[i+1][1]=roll1[i+1][1]/num_of1;
        //roll2[i+1][1]=roll2[i+1][1]/num_of2;//新的类中心

        cout<<"begin to get uA\n";

        for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//得到新的迭代的u
            for(int dividej=0;dividej<Kvalue;dividej++)
            {
                if(countnum_uA[dividei][dividej]!=0)

    roll_train_uA[i+1][dividei][dividej]=roll_train_uA[i+1][dividei][dividej]/countnum_
uA[dividei][dividej];
                else {

    roll_train_uA[i+1][dividei][dividej]=roll_train_uA[i][dividei][dividej];
                    printf("没被分到类!\n");}
            }
        for(int hhhi=0;hhhi<1045;hhhi++)//得到矩阵matrix
            for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//得到新的迭代的matrix
                {

    matrixclass=labelA[hhhi][dividei];//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
@@@@@@@

    roll_train_matrixA[i+1][dividei][dividei][matrixclass]+=(trainA[hhhi][dividei]-roll
_train_uA[i+1][dividei][matrixclass])*(trainA[hhhi][dividei]-roll_train_uA[i+1][dividei
```

```
][matrixclass]);
                }

        for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)//得到矩阵matrix
            for(int divsummat=0;divsummat<Kvalue;divsummat++)
            {
                holddata=countnum_uA[dim3][divsummat];
                if(holddata>0)

    roll_train_matrixA[i+1][dim3][dim3][divsummat]=roll_train_matrixA[i+1][dim3][dim3][
divsummat]/holddata;
            }



        for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)//得到w
            for(int divsummat=0;divsummat<Kvalue;divsummat++)
            {
                holddata=countnum_uA[dim3][divsummat];
                if(holddata>0)
                    roll_train_wA[i+1][dim3][divsummat]=holddata/1045.0;
                else roll_train_wA[i+1][dim3][divsummat]=0.0;

            }


        ////////////////////////////////////////中




        for(j=0;j<846;j++)//处理不同数据
        {
            //if(get_distance(sample[j],roll1[i])<=get_distance(sample[j],roll2[i]))

    get_class(roll_train_uB[i],roll_train_matrixB[i],roll_train_wB[i],trainB[j],labelB[
j]);//判断三个维度各应该属于哪一类,赋到labelB[j][3]中

            labelx=labelB[j][0];//第一维的属于哪一类峰
            labely=labelB[j][1];
            labelz=labelB[j][2];
            countnum_uB[0][labelx]++;
```

```
            countnum_uB[1][labely]++;
            countnum_uB[2][labelz]++;
            //roll1[i+1][0]+=sample[j][0];
            //roll1[i+1][1]+=sample[j][1];
            roll_train_uB[i+1][0][labelx]+=trainB[j][0];
            roll_train_uB[i+1][1][labely]+=trainB[j][1];
            roll_train_uB[i+1][2][labelz]+=trainB[j][2];


        }
        //计算新的聚合中心
        //num_of1=get_num_of1(sample);
        //num_of2=20-num_of1;
        //roll1[i+1][0]=roll1[i+1][0]/num_of1;
        //roll2[i+1][0]=roll2[i+1][0]/num_of2;
        //roll1[i+1][1]=roll1[i+1][1]/num_of1;
        //roll2[i+1][1]=roll2[i+1][1]/num_of2;//新的类中心

        for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//得到新的迭代的u
            for(int dividej=0;dividej<Kvalue;dividej++)
            {
                if(countnum_uB[dividei][dividej]!=0)

    roll_train_uB[i+1][dividei][dividej]=roll_train_uB[i+1][dividei][dividej]/countnum_
uB[dividei][dividej];
                else {
                    printf("wrong!\n");
                    printf("wrong!\n");}
            }
        for(int hhhi=0;hhhi<846;hhhi++)//得到矩阵matrix
            for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//得到新的迭代的matrix
                {
                    matrixclass=labelB[hhhi][dividei];

    roll_train_matrixB[i+1][dividei][dividei][matrixclass]+=(trainB[hhhi][dividei]-roll
_train_uB[i+1][dividei][matrixclass])*(trainB[hhhi][dividei]-roll_train_uB[i+1][dividei
][matrixclass]);
                }
            //w,   class B
        for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)//得到矩阵matrix
            for(int divsummat=0;divsummat<Kvalue;divsummat++)
            {
                holddata=countnum_uB[dim3][divsummat];
                if(holddata>0)
```

```
    roll_train_matrixB[i+1][dim3][dim3][divsummat]=roll_train_matrixB[i+1][dim3][dim3][divsummat]/holddata;
            }

        for(int dim3=0;dim3<3;dim3++)//得到w
            for(int divsummat=0;divsummat<Kvalue;divsummat++)
            {
                holddata=countnum_uB[dim3][divsummat];
                roll_train_wB[i+1][dim3][divsummat]=holddata/846.0;
            }

////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

        //printf("类中心，分别为\n(%f,%f),(%f,%f)\n",roll1[i+1][0],roll1[i+1][1],roll2[i+1][0],roll2[i+1][1]);
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
            {
                printf("A第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u为%f",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                printf("矩阵为%f",roll_train_matrixA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                printf("w为%f\n",roll_train_wA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
```

```
            }
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                {
                    printf("B第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u为%f
",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                    printf("矩阵为%f
",roll_train_matrixB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                    printf("w为%f\n",roll_train_wB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

                }


        int whetherbreak=1;
        //float
roll_train_uA[500][3][8],roll_train_matrixA[500][3][3][8],roll_train_uB[500][3][8],roll
_train_matrixB[500][3][3][8];
        //float roll_train_wA[500][3][8],roll_train_wB[500][3][8];

        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
            {

    if(roll_train_uA[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_matrixA[i][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_matr
ixA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_uB[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_matrixB[i][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_matr
ixB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj])
                {
```

```
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_wA[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_wA[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_wB[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_wB[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }
            }

        if(whetherbreak==1)
        {
            printf("已经找到聚类中心\n");
            get_terminal_i=i+1;
            break;
        }
        if(i>=40)
        {
            printf("迭代次数达到500次，停止迭代\n");
            for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
                for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                    printf("A第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u
为%f\n",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

            for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
                for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                    printf("B第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u
为%f\n",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
            get_terminal_i=i+1;
            break;
        }
        i++;
    }

    for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
        for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
        {
            train_uA[ai][aj]=roll_train_uA[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
```

```
                train_uB[ai][aj]=roll_train_uB[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];//K均值算法的初始值
                train_wA[ai][aj]=roll_train_wA[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
                train_wB[ai][aj]=roll_train_wB[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
                for(int ak=0;ak<3;ak++)
                {

    train_matrixA[ai][ak][aj]=roll_train_matrixA[get_terminal_i][ai][ak][aj];

    train_matrixB[ai][ak][aj]=roll_train_matrixB[get_terminal_i][ai][ak][aj];
                }
            }




}

void judge(float train_uA[3][8],float train_matrixA[3][3][8],float train_wA[3][8],float
train_uB[3][8],float train_matrixB[3][3][8],float train_wB[3][8]);

float p_in_EM(int k,float X,float train_u[8],float matrix[8],float train_w[8])
{
    float sum=0.0,numerator=0.0;
    for(int ii=0;ii<Kvalue;ii++)

    sum+=train_w[ii]*exp(-0.5*(X-train_u[ii])*(X-train_u[ii])/matrix[ii])/(pow(2*PI,0.5
)*matrix[ii]);
    numerator=train_w[k]*exp(-0.5*(X-train_u[k])*(X-train_u[k])/matrix[k])/(pow(2*PI,0.
5)*matrix[k]);
    numerator=numerator/sum;
    //cout<<"p  "<<k<<" 的值为"<<numerator<<"\n";
    return numerator;
}


void EM_algorithm(float train_uA[3][8],float train_matrixA[3][3][8],float
train_wA[3][8],float train_uB[3][8],float train_matrixB[3][3][8],float
train_wB[3][8],float trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3])
{
    int get_terminal_i;
    float
roll_train_uA[500][3][8],roll_train_matrixA[500][3][3][8],roll_train_uB[500][3][8],roll
_train_matrixB[500][3][3][8];
    float roll_train_wA[500][3][8],roll_train_wB[500][3][8];
```

```
int matrixclass;
for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
    for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
    {
        roll_train_uA[0][ai][aj]=train_uA[ai][aj];
        roll_train_uB[0][ai][aj]=train_uB[ai][aj];//K均值算法的初始值
        roll_train_wA[0][ai][aj]=train_wA[ai][aj];
        roll_train_wB[0][ai][aj]=train_wB[ai][aj];
        for(int ak=0;ak<3;ak++)
        {
            roll_train_matrixA[0][ai][ak][aj]=train_matrixA[ai][ak][aj];
            roll_train_matrixB[0][ai][ak][aj]=train_matrixB[ai][ak][aj];
        }
    }
//cout<<roll_train_wB[0][1][0]<<"\n";
//cout<<roll_train_uB[0][1][0]<<"\n";
//cout<<roll_train_matrixA[0][2][2][0]<<"\n";
for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
    for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
    {
        roll_train_matrixA[0][ai][ai][aj]=train_matrixA[ai][ai][aj];//对角线上的值
        roll_train_matrixB[0][ai][ai][aj]=train_matrixB[ai][ai][aj];//对角线上的值
    }//赋初值




int i=0,j,dataclass[3];//i represent times

int labelx,labely,labelz;
int holddata;

while(1)
{
    printf("第%d次迭代\n",i+1);
    //roll1[i+1][0]=0;roll1[i+1][1]=0;roll1[i+1][2]=-1;
    //roll2[i+1][0]=0;roll2[i+1][1]=0;roll2[i+1][2]=-1;

    //初始化为0


    //以下

roll_train_uA[i+1][0][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][2]=
```

```
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][0][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uA[i+1][1][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][1][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uA[i+1][2][0]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][1]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][3]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][4]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][6]=0.0;roll_train_uA[i+1][2][7]=0.0;



    roll_train_uB[i+1][0][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][0][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uB[i+1][1][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][1][7]=0.0;

    roll_train_uB[i+1][2][0]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][1]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][2]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][3]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][4]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][5]=
0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][6]=0.0;roll_train_uB[i+1][2][7]=0.0;



        for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//matrix初始化为0
            for(int wt=0;wt<Kvalue;wt++)
            {
                roll_train_matrixA[i+1][dividei][dividei][wt]=0.0;
                roll_train_matrixB[i+1][dividei][dividei][wt]=0.0;
            }

        //以上为初始化


        ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

        cout<<"begin to calculate A\n";


        float sum_p_of_kA[500][3][8],sum_p_of_kB[500][3][8];//算u，matrix，w都需要用到
```

```
的这个数据,先算好
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk]=0.0;
                sum_p_of_kB[i][first3][firstk]=0.0;//全代码都要注意是i还是i+1(要算的是i，已知的是i+1)@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

            }

        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                for(int cali=0;cali<1045;cali++)

    sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk]+=p_in_EM(firstk,trainA[cali][first3],roll_train_uA[i][first3],roll_train_matrixA[i][first3][first3],roll_train_wA[i][first3]);

    cout<<"sum_p_of_kA["<<i<<"]["<<first3<<"]["<<firstk<<"]="<<sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk]<<"\n";
            }
        //下面开始求A的下一次迭代的u
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                for(int cali=0;cali<1045;cali++)
                {

    roll_train_uA[i+1][first3][firstk]+=trainA[cali][first3]*p_in_EM(firstk,trainA[cali][first3],roll_train_uA[i][first3],roll_train_matrixA[i][first3][first3],roll_train_wA[i][first3]);

                }

    roll_train_uA[i+1][first3][firstk]=roll_train_uA[i+1][first3][firstk]/sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk];
            }



        //下面开始求matrix
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                for(int cali=0;cali<1045;cali++)
```

```
                {
    roll_train_matrixA[i+1][first3][first3][firstk]+=(trainA[cali][first3]-roll_train_uA[i][first3][firstk])*(trainA[cali][first3]-roll_train_uA[i][first3][firstk])*p_in_EM(firstk,trainA[cali][first3],roll_train_uA[i][first3],roll_train_matrixA[i][first3][first3],roll_train_wA[i][first3]);
                        //按定义
                }
    roll_train_matrixA[i+1][first3][first3][firstk]=roll_train_matrixA[i+1][first3][first3][firstk]/sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk];
            }

        //下面开始求w
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
    roll_train_wA[i+1][first3][firstk]=sum_p_of_kA[i][first3][firstk]/1045.0;

            }



    ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////




            cout<<"begin to calculate B\n";

        /*
        float sum_p_of_kA[500][3][8],sum_p_of_kB[500][3][8];//算u, matrix, w都需要用到的这个数据,先算好
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                sum_p_of_kA[i][3][8]=0;
                sum_p_of_kB[i][3][8]=0;//全代码都要注意是i还是i+1(要算的是i, 已知的是i+1)@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
            }
        */
```

```
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
                for(int cali=0;cali<846;cali++)

    sum_p_of_kB[i][first3][firstk]+=p_in_EM(firstk,trainB[cali][first3],roll_train_uB[i
][first3],roll_train_matrixB[i][first3][first3],roll_train_wB[i][first3]);

        //下面开始求B的下一次迭代的u
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                for(int cali=0;cali<846;cali++)
                {

    roll_train_uB[i+1][first3][firstk]+=trainB[cali][first3]*p_in_EM(firstk,trainB[cali
][first3],roll_train_uB[i][first3],roll_train_matrixB[i][first3][first3],roll_train_wB[
i][first3]);

                }

    roll_train_uB[i+1][first3][firstk]=roll_train_uB[i+1][first3][firstk]/sum_p_of_kB[i
][first3][firstk];
            }


        //下面开始求B matrix
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {
                for(int cali=0;cali<846;cali++)
                {

    roll_train_matrixB[i+1][first3][first3][firstk]+=(trainB[cali][first3]-roll_train_u
B[i][first3][firstk])*(trainB[cali][first3]-roll_train_uB[i][first3][firstk])*p_in_EM(f
irstk,trainB[cali][first3],roll_train_uB[i][first3],roll_train_matrixB[i][first3][first
3],roll_train_wB[i][first3]);
                        //按定义
                }

    roll_train_matrixB[i+1][first3][first3][firstk]=roll_train_matrixB[i+1][first3][fir
st3][firstk]/sum_p_of_kB[i][first3][firstk];
            }

        //下面开始求B w
```

```
        for(int first3=0;first3<3;first3++)
            for(int firstk=0;firstk<Kvalue;firstk++)
            {

    roll_train_wB[i+1][first3][firstk]=sum_p_of_kB[i][first3][firstk]/846.0;

            }




    ///////*****************************************************************************
*****************************

        //printf("类中心，分别为\n(%f,%f),
(%f,%f)\n",roll1[i+1][0],roll1[i+1][1],roll2[i+1][0],roll2[i+1][1]);
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
            {
                printf("EM A第%d维，第%d个峰，u为%f
",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                printf("矩阵为%f
",roll_train_matrixA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                printf("w为%f\n",roll_train_wA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

            }
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                {
                    printf("EM B第%d维，第%d个峰，u为%f
",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                    printf("矩阵为%f
",roll_train_matrixB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]);
                    printf("w为%f\n",roll_train_wB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

                }

        get_accuracy_flag=0;
        //test accuracy

    //get_accuracy=judge(roll_train_uA[i+1],roll_train_matrixA[i+1],roll_train_wA[i+1],
roll_train_uB[i+1],roll_train_matrixB[i+1],roll_train_wB[i+1]);

    judge(roll_train_uA[i+1],roll_train_matrixA[i+1],roll_train_wA[i+1],roll_train_uB[i
```

```
+1],roll_train_matrixB[i+1],roll_train_wB[i+1]);
        if(get_accuracy_flag==1)
        {
            best_times=i+1;
        }
        get_accuracy_flag=0;




        int whetherbreak=1;
        //float
roll_train_uA[500][3][8],roll_train_matrixA[500][3][3][8],roll_train_uB[500][3][8],roll
_train_matrixB[500][3][3][8];
        //float roll_train_wA[500][3][8],roll_train_wB[500][3][8];

        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
            {

    if(roll_train_uA[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_matrixA[i][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_matr
ixA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_uB[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_matrixB[i][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_matr
ixB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri][printcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }
```

```
    if(roll_train_wA[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_wA[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }

    if(roll_train_wB[i][printcenteri][printcenterj]!=roll_train_wB[i+1][printcenteri][p
rintcenterj])
                {
                    whetherbreak=0;
                }
            }

        if(whetherbreak==1)
        {
            printf("已经找到类中心\n");
            get_terminal_i=i+1;
            break;
        }
        if(i>=11)
        {
            printf("迭代次数达到限制，停止迭代\n");
            /*
            for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
                for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                    printf("EM A第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u
为%f\n",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uA[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

            for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
                for(int printcenterj=0;printcenterj<Kvalue;printcenterj++)
                    printf("EM B第%d维，第%d个峰，类中心，u
为%f\n",printcenteri,printcenterj,roll_train_uB[i+1][printcenteri][printcenterj]);

            */
            get_terminal_i=i+1;
            break;
        }
        i++;
    }

    for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
        for(int aj=0;aj<8;aj++)
        {
```

```
            train_uA[ai][aj]=roll_train_uA[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
            train_uB[ai][aj]=roll_train_uB[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];//K均值算法的初始值
            train_wA[ai][aj]=roll_train_wA[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
            train_wB[ai][aj]=roll_train_wB[get_terminal_i][ai][aj];
            for(int ak=0;ak<3;ak++)
            {

    train_matrixA[ai][ak][aj]=roll_train_matrixA[get_terminal_i][ai][ak][aj];

    train_matrixB[ai][ak][aj]=roll_train_matrixB[get_terminal_i][ai][ak][aj];
            }
        }




}

//float train_uA[3][8],float train_matrixA[3][3][8],float train_wA[3][8],float
train_uB[3][8],float train_matrixB[3][3][8],float train_wB[3][8],float
trainA[1045][3],float trainB[846][3]

//void judge(float train_uA[3],float train_matrixA[3][3],float train_uB[3],float
train_matrixB[3][3])//判断某个数据属于哪一类
void judge(float train_uA[3][8],float train_matrixA[3][3][8],float train_wA[3][8],float
train_uB[3][8],float train_matrixB[3][3][8],float train_wB[3][8])
{
    float testA[470][3],testB[360][3];
    float right=0.0;float sum=0.0;
    char pathtestname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\test.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathtestname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    float
Areverse_matrix[3][8],Breverse_matrix[3][8],valueA[3],valueB[3],total_valueA,total_valu
eB;
    for(int accuracyt=0;accuracyt<Kvalue;accuracyt++)
    {
    Areverse_matrix[0][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixA[0][0][accuracyt];
    Areverse_matrix[1][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixA[1][1][accuracyt];
    Areverse_matrix[2][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixA[2][2][accuracyt];
    Breverse_matrix[0][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixB[0][0][accuracyt];
```

```
    Breverse_matrix[1][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixB[1][1][accuracyt];
    Breverse_matrix[2][accuracyt]=1.0/train_matrixB[2][2][accuracyt];
    }
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<470;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        valueA[0]=0.0;valueA[1]=0.0;valueA[2]=0.0;
        valueB[0]=0.0;valueB[1]=0.0;valueB[2]=0.0;
        for(int accdim3=0;accdim3<3;accdim3++)
            for(int accuracyk=0;accuracyk<Kvalue;accuracyk++)
            {

    valueA[accdim3]+=train_wA[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][accdim3]-trai
n_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testA[Aroll][accdim3]-train_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*Areverse
_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixA[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5)
);

    valueB[accdim3]+=train_wB[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][accdim3]-trai
n_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testA[Aroll][accdim3]-train_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*Breverse
_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixB[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5)
);
            }
        total_valueA=valueA[0]*valueA[1]*valueA[2];
        total_valueB=valueB[0]*valueB[1]*valueB[2];
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(total_valueA>total_valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    for(Broll=0;Broll<359;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
```

```
            o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;



            valueA[0]=0.0;valueA[1]=0.0;valueA[2]=0.0;
            valueB[0]=0.0;valueB[1]=0.0;valueB[2]=0.0;
            for(int accdim3=0;accdim3<3;accdim3++)
                for(int accuracyk=0;accuracyk<Kvalue;accuracyk++)
                {

    valueA[accdim3]+=train_wA[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][accdim3]-trai
n_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*Areverse
_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixA[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5)
);

    valueB[accdim3]+=train_wB[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][accdim3]-trai
n_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*Breverse
_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixB[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5)
);
                }
            total_valueA=valueA[0]*valueA[1]*valueA[2];
            total_valueB=valueB[0]*valueB[1]*valueB[2];
            sum=sum+1.0;
            if(total_valueA<=total_valueB)
                right=right+1.0;

            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
        }
        o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        valueA[0]=0.0;valueA[1]=0.0;valueA[2]=0.0;
```

```
    valueB[0]=0.0;valueB[1]=0.0;valueB[2]=0.0;
    for(int accdim3=0;accdim3<3;accdim3++)
        for(int accuracyk=0;accuracyk<Kvalue;accuracyk++)
        {

    valueA[accdim3]+=train_wA[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uA[accdim3][accuracyk])*Areverse_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixA[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5));

    valueB[accdim3]+=train_wB[accdim3][accuracyk]*exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*(testB[Broll][accdim3]-train_uB[accdim3][accuracyk])*Breverse_matrix[accdim3][accuracyk]))/(pow(2*PI*train_matrixB[accdim3][accdim3][accuracyk],0.5));
        }
    total_valueA=valueA[0]*valueA[1]*valueA[2];
    total_valueB=valueB[0]*valueB[1]*valueB[2];
    sum=sum+1.0;
    if(total_valueA<=total_valueB)
        right=right+1.0;


    float accuracy=right/sum;
    if(accuracy>best_accuracy)
    {
        get_accuracy_flag=1;
        best_accuracy=accuracy;
    }


    cout<<"用测试数据进行检测\n共有"<<sum<<"个，有"<<right<<"个正确\n精确度为"<<accuracy<<"\n";
    o_file.close();
}


int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    //先K均值算法，得到初始值
    float trainA[1045][3],trainB[846][3];//A有1045行数据，B有846行数据
    load_train_data(trainA,trainB);//把数据读到数组里
    float
train_uA[3][8],train_matrixA[3][3][8],train_uB[3][8],train_matrixB[3][3][8],train_wA[3][8],train_wB[3][8];
```

```
    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<8;j++)
        {
            train_uA[i][j]=-10.0+i;
            train_uB[i][j]=-13.0+i;//K均值算法的初始值
            train_wA[i][j]=1.0/Kvalue;
            train_wB[i][j]=1.0/Kvalue;
            for(int k=0;k<3;k++)
            {
                train_matrixA[i][k][j]=0.0;
                train_matrixB[i][k][j]=0.0;
            }
        }

    /*
    // 2个 峰时用
    train_uA[0][0]=-20.0;train_uA[0][1]=0.0;train_uA[0][2]=-18.0;train_uA[0][3]=-2.0;tr
ain_uA[0][4]=-16.0;train_uA[0][5]=-4.0;train_uA[0][6]=-14.0;train_uA[0][7]=-6.0;
    train_uA[1][0]=-4.0;train_uA[1][1]=-3.0;train_uA[1][2]=-5.0;train_uA[1][3]=-2.0;tra
in_uA[1][4]=-6.0;train_uA[1][5]=-1.0;train_uA[1][6]=-7.0;train_uA[1][7]=0.0;
    train_uA[2][0]=-9.0;train_uA[2][1]=-8.0;train_uA[2][2]=-7.0;train_uA[2][3]=-10.0;tr
ain_uA[2][4]=-11.0;train_uA[2][5]=-6.0;train_uA[2][6]=-12.0;train_uA[2][7]=-5.0;


    train_uB[0][0]=-23.0;train_uB[0][1]=-3.0;train_uB[0][2]=-21.0;train_uB[0][3]=-5.0;t
rain_uB[0][4]=-19.0;train_uB[0][5]=-7.0;train_uB[0][6]=-17.0;train_uB[0][7]=-9.0;
    train_uB[1][0]=-4.0;train_uB[1][1]=-3.0;train_uB[1][2]=-5.0;train_uB[1][3]=-2.0;tra
in_uB[1][4]=-6.0;train_uB[1][5]=-1.0;train_uB[1][6]=-7.0;train_uB[1][7]=0.0;
    train_uB[2][0]=-5.0;train_uB[2][1]=-4.0;train_uB[2][2]=-3.0;train_uB[2][3]=-6.0;tra
in_uB[2][4]=-7.0;train_uB[2][5]=-2.0;train_uB[2][6]=-8.0;train_uB[2][7]=-1.0;
    */
    /*

    //4,2个峰时用

    train_uA[0][0]=-13.5;train_uA[0][1]=-7.5;train_uA[0][2]=-10.0;train_uA[0][3]=-11.5;
train_uA[0][4]=-16.0;train_uA[0][5]=-4.0;train_uA[0][6]=-14.0;train_uA[0][7]=-6.0;
    train_uA[1][0]=-10.5;train_uA[1][1]=0.5;train_uA[1][2]=-4.0;train_uA[1][3]=-2.0;tra
in_uA[1][4]=-6.0;train_uA[1][5]=-1.0;train_uA[1][6]=-7.0;train_uA[1][7]=0.0;
    train_uA[2][0]=-16.5;train_uA[2][1]=-2.5;train_uA[2][2]=-10.0;train_uA[2][3]=-5.0;t
rain_uA[2][4]=-11.0;train_uA[2][5]=-6.0;train_uA[2][6]=-12.0;train_uA[2][7]=-5.0;

    train_uB[0][0]=-18.0;train_uB[0][1]=-9.0;train_uB[0][2]=-15.0;train_uB[0][3]=-12.5;
train_uB[0][4]=-19.0;train_uB[0][5]=-7.0;train_uB[0][6]=-17.0;train_uB[0][7]=-9.0;
```

```
    train_uB[1][0]=-14.0;train_uB[1][1]=1.5;train_uB[1][2]=-5.0;train_uB[1][3]=-1.0;train_uB[1][4]=-6.0;train_uB[1][5]=-1.0;train_uB[1][6]=-7.0;train_uB[1][7]=0.0;
    train_uB[2][0]=-12.0;train_uB[2][1]=2.0;train_uB[2][2]=-6.0;train_uB[2][3]=-1.5;train_uB[2][4]=-7.0;train_uB[2][5]=-2.0;train_uB[2][6]=-8.0;train_uB[2][7]=-1.0;



    */


    ///*

    //8个峰时用

    train_uA[0][0]=-15.1;train_uA[0][1]=-6.3;train_uA[0][2]=-12.5;train_uA[0][3]=-8.4;train_uA[0][4]=-11.5;train_uA[0][5]=-9.7;train_uA[0][6]=-10.9;train_uA[0][7]=-10.3;
    train_uA[1][0]=-14.3;train_uA[1][1]=2.4;train_uA[1][2]=-6.4;train_uA[1][3]=-0.4;train_uA[1][4]=-4.1;train_uA[1][5]=-1.4;train_uA[1][6]=-3.2;train_uA[1][7]=-2.3;
    train_uA[2][0]=-18.9;train_uA[2][1]=-1.2;train_uA[2][2]=-14.2;train_uA[2][3]=-2.9;train_uA[2][4]=-11.2;train_uA[2][5]=-4.1;train_uA[2][6]=-8.3;train_uA[2][7]=-6.0;

    train_uB[0][0]=-19.4;train_uB[0][1]=-7.2;train_uB[0][2]=-17.0;train_uB[0][3]=-10.3;train_uB[0][4]=-15.6;train_uB[0][5]=-11.7;train_uB[0][6]=-14.4;train_uB[0][7]=-13.2;
    train_uB[1][0]=-16.6;train_uB[1][1]=3.0;train_uB[1][2]=-11.2;train_uB[1][3]=-0.9;train_uB[1][4]=-6.5;train_uB[1][5]=-0.3;train_uB[1][6]=-3.4;train_uB[1][7]=1.7;
    train_uB[2][0]=-17.4;train_uB[2][1]=3.8;train_uB[2][2]=-9.5;train_uB[2][3]=1.2;train_uB[2][4]=-6.7;train_uB[2][5]=-0.6;train_uB[2][6]=-4.4;train_uB[2][7]=-2.5;



    //*/



    for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<8;j++)
        {
            train_matrixA[i][i][j]=10.0;//对角线上的值,原先写的是60
            train_matrixB[i][i][j]=10.0;//对角线上的值
        }
    int labelA[1045][3], labelB[846][3];
    Kmeans(train_uA,train_matrixA,train_wA,train_uB,train_matrixB,train_wB,trainA,trainB,labelA,labelB);
    printf("Kmeans算法初始化后\n");
```

```
    judge(train_uA,train_matrixA,train_wA,train_uB,train_matrixB,train_wB);
    EM_algorithm(train_uA,train_matrixA,train_wA,train_uB,train_matrixB,train_wB,trainA
,trainB);
    printf("EM算法后\n");
    judge(train_uA,train_matrixA,train_wA,train_uB,train_matrixB,train_wB);

    cout<<"第"<<best_times<<"次迭代得到的精度最高，为"<<best_accuracy;

    return 0;
}
```

实验三代码（589 行）

```
// Project_PB10210189.cpp : 定义控制台应用程序的入口点。
//writer: Bodong Zhang

#include "stdafx.h"
#include"math.h"
#include <opencv.hpp>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include"highgui.h"
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream> // not required by most systems
using namespace std;//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!can not use ofstream without this line
#define PI 3.1415926
#define yipu_u 0.00001//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
#define yipu_mat 0.00001//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
int best_times=0,get_accuracy_flag=0;
long double best_accuracy=0;
void load_train_data(long double trainA[1045][3],long double trainB[846][3])
{
    char pathname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<1045;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>trainA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
```

```
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>trainA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>trainA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
        }
        for(Broll=0;Broll<845;Broll++)
        {
            o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
            o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
            //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;
            o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
        }
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>trainB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.close();
}

void get_u_matrix(long double trainA[1045][3],long double trainB[846][3],long double
train_uA[3],long double train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double
train_matrixB[3][3])
{
        train_uA[0]=0.0;train_uA[1]=0.0;train_uA[2]=0.0;
        train_uB[0]=0.0;train_uB[1]=0.0;train_uB[2]=0.0;
        train_matrixA[0][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[0][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[0][2]=0.0;
```

```
train_matrixA[1][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[1][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[1][2]=0.0;
train_matrixA[2][0]=0.0;train_matrixA[2][1]=0.0;train_matrixA[2][2]=0.0;
train_matrixB[0][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[0][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[0][2]=0.0;
train_matrixB[1][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[1][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[1][2]=0.0;
train_matrixB[2][0]=0.0;train_matrixB[2][1]=0.0;train_matrixB[2][2]=0.0;
int i;
for(i=0;i<1045;i++)
{
    train_uA[0]+=trainA[i][0];
    train_uA[1]+=trainA[i][1];
    train_uA[2]+=trainA[i][2];
}
train_uA[0]=train_uA[0]/1045.0;
train_uA[1]=train_uA[1]/1045.0;
train_uA[2]=train_uA[2]/1045.0;
///////////////cout<<"train_uA[0]"<<train_uA[0]<<"   ";
///////////////cout<<"train_uA[1]"<<train_uA[1]<<"   ";
///////////////cout<<"train_uA[2]"<<train_uA[2]<<"\n";
for(i=0;i<846;i++)
{
    train_uB[0]+=trainB[i][0];
    train_uB[1]+=trainB[i][1];
    train_uB[2]+=trainB[i][2];
}
train_uB[0]=train_uB[0]/846.0;
train_uB[1]=train_uB[1]/846.0;
train_uB[2]=train_uB[2]/846.0;
////////////////cout<<"train_uB[0]"<<train_uB[0]<<"   ";
////////////////cout<<"train_uB[1]"<<train_uB[1]<<"   ";
////////////////cout<<"train_uB[2]"<<train_uB[2]<<"\n";
for(i=0;i<1045;i++)
{
    train_matrixA[0][0]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixA[1][1]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
    train_matrixA[2][2]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
}
train_matrixA[0][0]=train_matrixA[0][0]/1045.0;
train_matrixA[1][1]=train_matrixA[1][1]/1045.0;
train_matrixA[2][2]=train_matrixA[2][2]/1045.0;
for(i=0;i<846;i++)
{
    train_matrixB[0][0]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
    train_matrixB[1][1]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
    train_matrixB[2][2]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
```

```
    }
    train_matrixB[0][0]=train_matrixB[0][0]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[1][1]=train_matrixB[1][1]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[2][2]=train_matrixB[2][2]/846.0;

      /*
    for(i=0;i<1045;i++)//实际上协方差系数较大
    {
        train_matrixA[0][1]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
        train_matrixA[0][2]+=(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
        train_matrixA[1][0]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
        train_matrixA[1][2]+=(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1])*(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2]);
        train_matrixA[2][0]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][0]-train_uA[0]);
        train_matrixA[2][1]+=(trainA[i][2]-train_uA[2])*(trainA[i][1]-train_uA[1]);
    }

    for(i=0;i<846;i++)
    {
        train_matrixB[0][1]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
        train_matrixB[0][2]+=(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
        train_matrixB[1][0]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0]);
        train_matrixB[1][2]+=(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1])*(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2]);
        train_matrixB[2][0]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][0]-train_uB[0]);
        train_matrixB[2][1]+=(trainB[i][2]-train_uB[2])*(trainB[i][1]-train_uB[1]);
    }
      */
    train_matrixA[0][1]=train_matrixA[0][1]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[0][2]=train_matrixA[0][2]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[1][0]=train_matrixA[1][0]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[1][2]=train_matrixA[1][2]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[2][0]=train_matrixA[2][0]/1045.0;
    train_matrixA[2][1]=train_matrixA[2][1]/1045.0;

    train_matrixB[0][1]=train_matrixB[0][1]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[0][2]=train_matrixB[0][2]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[1][0]=train_matrixB[1][0]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[1][2]=train_matrixB[1][2]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[2][0]=train_matrixB[2][0]/846.0;
    train_matrixB[2][1]=train_matrixB[2][1]/846.0;

    ////////////////cout<<"train_matrixA\n"<<train_matrixA[0][0]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[0][1]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[0][2]<<"\n";
    ////////////////cout<<train_matrixA[1][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[1][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[1][2]<<"\n";
```

```
    ////////////////cout<<train_matrixA[2][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixA[2][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixA[2][2]<<"\n";

    ////////////////cout<<"train_matrixB\n"<<train_matrixB[0][0]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[0][1]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[0][2]<<"\n";
    ////////////////cout<<train_matrixB[1][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[1][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[1][2]<<"\n";
    ////////////////cout<<train_matrixB[2][0]<<"  "<<train_matrixB[2][1]<<"
"<<train_matrixB[2][2]<<"\n";

}

void judge(/*long double test[3],*/long double train_uA[3],long double
train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])//判断某个数
据属于哪一类
{
    long double testA[470][3],testB[360][3];
    long double right=0.0;long double sum=0.0;
    char pathtestname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\test.txt";
    ifstream o_file;
    o_file.open(pathtestname);
    int Aroll,Broll;
    char a1;
    o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
    long double Areverse_matrix[3],Breverse_matrix[3],valueA,valueB;
    Areverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixA[0][0];
    Areverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixA[1][1];
    Areverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixA[2][2];
    Breverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixB[0][0];
    Breverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixB[1][1];
    Breverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixB[2][2];
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<470;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

    valueA=exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
```

```
x[1]+(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

    valueB=exp(-0.5*((testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(valueA>valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    for(Broll=0;Broll<359;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

    valueA=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

    valueB=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(valueA<valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    o_file>>testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
```

```
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
        valueA=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Arever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));
        valueB=exp(-0.5*((testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Brever
se_matrix[0]+(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matri
x[1]+(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(
pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;

        if(valueA<valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        long double accuracy=right/sum;

        if(accuracy>best_accuracy)
        {
            get_accuracy_flag=1;
            best_accuracy=accuracy;
        }
        cout<<"用测试数据进行检测  共有"<<sum<<"个，有"<<right<<"个正确  精确度为
"<<accuracy<<"\n";
        o_file.close();
}


void judge_train(/*long double test[3],*/long double train_uA[3],long double
train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])//判断某个数
据属于哪一类
{
        long double train_testA[1045][3],train_testB[846][3];
        long double right=0.0;long double sum=0.0;
        char pathtestname[256]="E:\\USTC\\senior 1\\Signal Statistical Modeling\\train.txt";
        ifstream o_file;
        o_file.open(pathtestname);
        int Aroll,Broll;
        char a1;
        o_file.seekg(4,ios::cur);//读指针位置向后4格
```

```
    long double Areverse_matrix[3],Breverse_matrix[3],valueA,valueB;
    Areverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixA[0][0];
    Areverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixA[1][1];
    Areverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixA[2][2];
    Breverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixB[0][0];
    Breverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixB[1][1];
    Breverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixB[2][2];
    for(Aroll=0;Aroll<1045;Aroll++)
    {
        o_file>>train_testA[Aroll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>train_testA[Aroll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>train_testA[Aroll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainA[Aroll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

    valueA=exp(-0.5*((train_testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*(train_testA[Aroll][0]-train_uA[0])*Areverse_matrix[0]+(train_testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*(train_testA[Aroll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matrix[1]+(train_testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*(train_testA[Aroll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

    valueB=exp(-0.5*((train_testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*(train_testA[Aroll][0]-train_uB[0])*Breverse_matrix[0]+(train_testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*(train_testA[Aroll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matrix[1]+(train_testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*(train_testA[Aroll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(valueA>valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    for(Broll=0;Broll<845;Broll++)
    {
        o_file>>train_testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>train_testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
```

```
        o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
        o_file>>train_testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
        //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;

    valueA=exp(-0.5*((train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Areverse_matrix[0]+(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matrix[1]+(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));

    valueB=exp(-0.5*((train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Breverse_matrix[0]+(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matrix[1]+(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
        sum=sum+1.0;
        if(valueA<valueB)
            right=right+1.0;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;
        o_file>>a1;//转到下一行
    }
    o_file>>train_testB[Broll][0];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][0]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>train_testB[Broll][1];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][1]<<"\n"<<endl;
    o_file.seekg(1,ios::cur);
    o_file>>train_testB[Broll][2];//从文件输入一个数值。
    //cout<<trainB[Broll][2]<<"\n"<<endl;
    valueA=exp(-0.5*((train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*(train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uA[0])*Areverse_matrix[0]+(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matrix[1]+(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uA[2])*Areverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_matrixA[2][2],0.5));
    valueB=exp(-0.5*((train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*(train_testB[Broll][0]-train_uB[0])*Breverse_matrix[0]+(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*(train_testB[Broll][1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matrix[1]+(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*(train_testB[Broll][2]-train_uB[2])*Breverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,1.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_matrixB[2][2],0.5));
    sum=sum+1.0;

    if(valueA<valueB)
```

```
            right=right+1.0;
        long double accuracy=right/sum;

        if(accuracy>best_accuracy)
        {
            get_accuracy_flag=1;
            best_accuracy=accuracy;
        }
        //cout<<"用训练数据进行检测  共有"<<sum<<"个，有"<<right<<"个正确   精确度为
"<<accuracy<<"\n";
        o_file.close();
}



long double MCE_d(long double X[3],int Ct,long double train_uA[3],long double
train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])
{
        long double Areverse_matrix[3],Breverse_matrix[3],valueA,valueB,lastvalue;
        Areverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixA[0][0];
        Areverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixA[1][1];
        Areverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixA[2][2];
        Breverse_matrix[0]=1.0/train_matrixB[0][0];
        Breverse_matrix[1]=1.0/train_matrixB[1][1];
        Breverse_matrix[2]=1.0/train_matrixB[2][2];
        valueA=exp(-0.5*((X[0]-train_uA[0])*(X[0]-train_uA[0])*Areverse_matrix[0]+(X[1]-tra
in_uA[1])*(X[1]-train_uA[1])*Areverse_matrix[1]+(X[2]-train_uA[2])*(X[2]-train_uA[2])*A
reverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,0.5)*pow(train_matrixA[0][0]*train_matrixA[1][1]*train_ma
trixA[2][2],0.5));
        valueB=exp(-0.5*((X[0]-train_uB[0])*(X[0]-train_uB[0])*Breverse_matrix[0]+(X[1]-tra
in_uB[1])*(X[1]-train_uB[1])*Breverse_matrix[1]+(X[2]-train_uB[2])*(X[2]-train_uB[2])*B
reverse_matrix[2]))/(pow(2*PI,0.5)*pow(train_matrixB[0][0]*train_matrixB[1][1]*train_ma
trixB[2][2],0.5));
        long double pA=1045.0/1891.0;
        long double pB=846.0/1891.0;
        if(Ct==0)//A
            lastvalue=pB*valueB-pA*valueA;
        else
            lastvalue=pA*valueA-pB*valueB;

        return lastvalue;


}
```

```
long double MCE_1_d(long double X[3],int Ct,long double a,long double train_uA[3],long double train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])
{
    long double lastvaluel=1.0/(1.0+exp((0.0-a)*MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB)));
    return lastvaluel;
}

long double MCE_Q(long double trainA[1045][3],long double trainB[846][3],long double a,long double train_uA[3],long double train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])
{
    int t;
    long double lastvalueQ=0.0;
    for(t=0;t<1045;t++)

    lastvalueQ+=MCE_1_d(trainA[t],0,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    for(t=0;t<846;t++)

    lastvalueQ+=MCE_1_d(trainB[t],1,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    cout<<lastvalueQ<<"\n";
    return lastvalueQ;
}




long double calculus_d_by_x(int which_xcanshu,long double X[3],int Ct,long double train_uA[3],long double train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])
{
    //canshu 0------11
    long double cal_d_value;
    if(which_xcanshu==0||which_xcanshu==1||which_xcanshu==2)//修改A的均值
    {
        long double duA=0.00001;
        long double nominator1,nominator2;
        nominator1=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        train_uA[which_xcanshu]=train_uA[which_xcanshu]-duA;
        nominator2=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        cal_d_value=(100000*nominator1-100000*nominator2);
```

```
        train_uA[which_xcanshu]=train_uA[which_xcanshu]+duA;

    }
    else if(which_xcanshu==3||which_xcanshu==4||which_xcanshu==5)//修改A的方差
    {
        long double duA=0.00001;
        long double nominator1,nominator2;
        nominator1=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);

    train_matrixA[which_xcanshu-3][which_xcanshu-3]=train_matrixA[which_xcanshu-3][whic
h_xcanshu-3]-duA;
        nominator2=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        cal_d_value=(100000*nominator1-100000*nominator2);

    train_matrixA[which_xcanshu-3][which_xcanshu-3]=train_matrixA[which_xcanshu-3][whic
h_xcanshu-3]+duA;

    }
    else if(which_xcanshu==6||which_xcanshu==7||which_xcanshu==8)//修改B的均值
    {
        long double duB=0.00001;
        long double nominator1,nominator2;
        nominator1=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        train_uB[which_xcanshu-6]=train_uB[which_xcanshu-6]-duB;
        nominator2=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        cal_d_value=(100000*nominator1-100000*nominator2);
        train_uB[which_xcanshu-6]=train_uB[which_xcanshu-6]+duB;

    }
    else if(which_xcanshu==9||which_xcanshu==10||which_xcanshu==11)//修改B的方差
    {
        long double duB=0.00001;
        long double nominator1,nominator2;
        nominator1=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);

    train_matrixB[which_xcanshu-9][which_xcanshu-9]=train_matrixB[which_xcanshu-9][whic
h_xcanshu-9]-duB;
        nominator2=MCE_d(X,Ct,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
        cal_d_value=(100000*nominator1-100000*nominator2);

    train_matrixB[which_xcanshu-9][which_xcanshu-9]=train_matrixB[which_xcanshu-9][whic
h_xcanshu-9]+duB;

    }
```

```
    return cal_d_value;
}

long double calculus_Q_by_x(long double a,int which_xcanshu,long double
trainA[1045][3],long double trainB[846][3],long double train_uA[3],long double
train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double train_matrixB[3][3])
{
    /*
    int t;
    long double lastvalueQ=0.0;
    for(t=0;t<1045;t++)

    lastvalueQ+=MCE_1_d(trainA[t],0,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    for(t=0;t<846;t++)

    lastvalueQ+=MCE_1_d(trainB[t],1,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    return lastvalueQ;
    */
    int t;
    long double lastvalueQ=0.0;
    for(t=0;t<1045;t++)
    {
        long double
ld=MCE_1_d(trainA[t],0,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);

    lastvalueQ+=a*ld*(1-ld)*calculus_d_by_x(which_xcanshu,trainA[t],0,train_uA,train_ma
trixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    }
    for(t=0;t<846;t++)
    {
        long double
ld=MCE_1_d(trainB[t],1,a,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);

    lastvalueQ+=a*ld*(1-ld)*calculus_d_by_x(which_xcanshu,trainB[t],1,train_uA,train_ma
trixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    }
    return lastvalueQ;//第一个数据的值是50
}

void iteration(long double trainA[1045][3],long double trainB[846][3],long double
train_uA[3],long double train_matrixA[3][3],long double train_uB[3],long double
train_matrixB[3][3])
{
```

```
	long double
roll_train_uA[500][3],roll_train_matrixA[500][3][3],roll_train_uB[500][3],roll_train_matrixB[500][3][3];
	for(int ai=0;ai<3;ai++)
	{
			roll_train_uA[0][ai]=train_uA[ai];
			roll_train_uB[0][ai]=train_uB[ai];//初始值
			for(int ak=0;ak<3;ak++)
			{
				roll_train_matrixA[0][ai][ak]=train_matrixA[ai][ak];
				roll_train_matrixB[0][ai][ak]=train_matrixB[ai][ak];
			}
	}
	int time_i=0;
	//long double a=1000000.0;//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@10000比较合理  @@还要监视yipu的效果
@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@
	long double a=1000000.0;//@@@@@@@@@@@@@@10000,1000000比较合理  @@还要监视yipu的效果
@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@

	while(1)
	{
		printf("第%d次",time_i+1);
		for(int dividei=0;dividei<3;dividei++)//u and matrix初始化为0
		{
			roll_train_uA[time_i+1][dividei]=roll_train_uA[time_i][dividei];
			roll_train_uB[time_i+1][dividei]=roll_train_uB[time_i][dividei];
			for(int dividej=0;dividej<3;dividej++)
			{

	roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1][dividei][dividej]=roll_train_matrixA[time_i][dividei][dividej];

	roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1][dividei][dividej]=roll_train_matrixB[time_i][dividei][dividej];
			}
		}

		////////////////cout<<"begin to calculate\n";
		for(int iter12=0;iter12<12;iter12++)
		{
			if(iter12==0||iter12==1||iter12==2)//修改A的均值

	roll_train_uA[time_i+1][iter12]-=yipu_u*calculus_Q_by_x(a,iter12,trainA,trainB,roll_train_uA[time_i],roll_train_matrixA[time_i],roll_train_uB[time_i],roll_train_matrixB[t
```

```
ime_i]);
            if(iter12==3||iter12==4||iter12==5)

    roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1][iter12-3][iter12-3]-=yipu_mat*calculus_Q_by_x(a,iter12
,trainA,trainB,roll_train_uA[time_i],roll_train_matrixA[time_i],roll_train_uB[time_i],r
oll_train_matrixB[time_i]);
            if(iter12==6||iter12==7||iter12==8)

    roll_train_uB[time_i+1][iter12-6]-=yipu_u*calculus_Q_by_x(a,iter12,trainA,trainB,ro
ll_train_uA[time_i],roll_train_matrixA[time_i],roll_train_uB[time_i],roll_train_matrixB
[time_i]);
            if(iter12==9||iter12==10||iter12==11)

    roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1][iter12-9][iter12-9]-=yipu_mat*calculus_Q_by_x(a,iter12
,trainA,trainB,roll_train_uA[time_i],roll_train_matrixA[time_i],roll_train_uB[time_i],r
oll_train_matrixB[time_i]);
        }


        //只用于输出Q的值

    //MCE_Q(trainA,trainB,a,roll_train_uA[time_i+1],roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1],roll_t
rain_uB[time_i+1],roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1]);

        //输出系数
        ////////////////cout<<"uA  ";
        ////////////////
        /*
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            cout<<"  "<<roll_train_uA[time_i+1][printcenteri];
        cout<<"  uA matrix";
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            cout<<"  "<<roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri];
        cout<<"\n";
        cout<<"uB  ";
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            cout<<"  "<<roll_train_uB[time_i+1][printcenteri];
        cout<<"  uB matrix";
        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
            cout<<"  "<<roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri];
        cout<<"\n";
        */
        get_accuracy_flag=0;
        //test accuracy
```

```
    //get_accuracy=judge(roll_train_uA[i+1],roll_train_matrixA[i+1],roll_train_wA[i+1],
roll_train_uB[i+1],roll_train_matrixB[i+1],roll_train_wB[i+1]);

    judge(roll_train_uA[time_i+1],roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1],roll_train_uB[time_i+1],
roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1]);

    //judge_train(roll_train_uA[time_i+1],roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1],roll_train_uB[ti
me_i+1],roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1]);
        if(get_accuracy_flag==1)
        {
            best_times=time_i+1;
        }
        get_accuracy_flag=0;




        int whetherbreak=1;

        for(int printcenteri=0;printcenteri<3;printcenteri++)
        {

    if(roll_train_uA[time_i][printcenteri]!=roll_train_uA[time_i+1][printcenteri])
                whetherbreak=0;

    if(roll_train_matrixA[time_i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri]!=roll_train_matrixA[tim
e_i][printcenteri][printcenteri])
                whetherbreak=0;

    if(roll_train_uB[time_i+1][printcenteri]!=roll_train_uB[time_i][printcenteri])
                whetherbreak=0;

    if(roll_train_matrixB[time_i+1][printcenteri][printcenteri]!=roll_train_matrixB[tim
e_i][printcenteri][printcenteri])
                whetherbreak=0;

        }



        if(whetherbreak==1)
        {
```

```
            printf("已经找到类中心\n");
            break;
        }
        if(time_i>=498)
        {
            printf("迭代次数达到限制，停止迭代\n");
            break;
        }

        time_i++;
    }
}

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    //测试长双精度型是否精确
    /*
    long double try1=7.123456789,try2=7.123456788;
    try1=try1-try2;
    try1=try1*100000000.0;
    cout<<try1<<"\n";
    */

    //12个参数train_uA[3],train_matrixA[3][3],train_uB[3],train_matrixB[3][3]
    long double trainA[1045][3],trainB[846][3];//A有1045行数据，B有846行数据
    load_train_data(trainA,trainB);//把数据读到数组里
    long double train_uA[3],train_matrixA[3][3],train_uB[3],train_matrixB[3][3];
    get_u_matrix(trainA,trainB,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    cout<<"已经得到统计系数如上\n";
    iteration(trainA,trainB,train_uA,train_matrixA,train_uB,train_matrixB);
    cout<<"第"<<best_times<<"次迭代得到的精度最高，为"<<best_accuracy;


    return 0;
}
```