

# Grid computing, containers, and big data

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## Running containers

0. Take a look at <http://bioboxes.org/docs/example-biobox-use/> and <http://bioboxes.org/docs/assemble-a-genome/> to get an idea of the kind of things containers can be used for.
1. For this practical we're lucky enough to use Apocrita, the main QMUL HPC resource with 1000s of cores available. We can do a *lot* of damage here, so we need to be responsible! Before going any further make sure you've read the QMUL Usage Policy.
2. First we'll login to the grid. Use your QMUL username (xyz123) to log in with ssh (QMUL login help):

```
ssh xyz123@login.hpc.qmul.ac.uk
```

2. Singularity is an academic counterpart to Docker, used to run containers on HPC grids safely (you can do a lot of damage with all that power...!). First we'll use it to run a Docker Whalesay image (sort-of a HelloWorld for Docker images); then you'll run your image from this morning; finally we'll look at grid submissions. First we need to load the singularity module, pull the Whalesay image from Docker Hub, and then we can run it locally:

```
# load the Singularity module
module load singularity

# pull the Whalesay container image - by default to the current directory.
# (the -size argument determines the default image size)
singularity pull --size 1000 docker://docker/whalesay

# now we can run the container locally, using Singularity
singularity exec whalesay.img foo
```

Output:

```
[xyz123@frontend11 ~]$ singularity exec whalesay.img echo foo
```

```
< foo >

      ##          .
      ## ## ##    ==
      ## ## ## ## ==
      / ~~~~~ \   ===
     { ~~~~~ }   ===
     | o       |   ---
     \ ~~~~~ /
      \ ~~~~~ /
```

## Using the grid to submit jobs

To make full use of the cluster, we need to use the grid engine to submit our job. Look at the file `helloworld_container/helloworld_singularity`

This can be submitted to the queue with `qsub helloworld_singularity.sh`.

## Writing a Docker container (demonstration only)

We're going to see how to write a container that can (could) run on the cluster.

Steps:

1. Install docker To install Docker on Linux see <https://docs.docker.com/get-started/part2>
2. Start an instance of the Docker machine on your host computer: `docker-machine start`
3. Check docker is working by pulling whalesay to this host:

```
docker pull docker/whalesay
docker image list
# you should see the whalesay image listed
docker run whalesay cowsay foo
# as above
```

2. Clone this repository with the dockerfile in it and other bits Clone this repository with `git clone https://github.com/lonelyjoeparker/0`  
If you've previously cloned it, you need to make sure your copy is up to date (it almost certainly isn't). `cd` into the directory and use `git fetch && git pull` to update it.
3. Build it (bit of editing) We're going to build a really simple container image. Navigate to the `helloworld_container` directory. The `Dockerfile` contains the instructions for building a Docker image, while `requirements.txt`, `really_simple.py` and `simpler.sh` are other required files.

To build this image into a Docker container, just run `docker build -t <some_container_name> .` Note that images can take up more and more room if you aren't careful, so use `docker container list` to see which you have, and how big they are; and `docker container rm <container>` to remove them. Note that you need to refer to containers with their hash e.g. `2f46202d0519` in:

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
cyverseuk-raxml	latest	2f46202d0519	3 hours ago	369MB
lonelyjoeparker/phylodev	helloworld	2f46202d0519	3 hours ago	369MB

4. Check it works: Try `docker run some_container_name`
5. Get a docker hub account. Now this container works we can run it anywhere that supports Docker or Singularity - but we'll use Apocrita! First we have to upload our image to <https://hub.docker.com> and you'll need to get an account to do this. You will also need to create a repository. This will be public.
6. Tag it `docker tag <your container name> <your_dockerhub_username>/<your_repository>:<some_random_tag>`
7. Push (upload) it to your repository `docker push <your_dockerhub_username>/<your_repository>:<some_random_tag>`

You should be able to see it (after a few minutes) if you open your account e.g. [https://hub.docker.com/r/<your\\_dockerhub\\_username>/](https://hub.docker.com/r/<your_dockerhub_username>/)

## Pulling our own Docker container

We will pull our container from Docker Hub.

1. Go to the correct dir on apocrita `cd /data1/SBCS-MSc-BioInf/2017-BI0782P/QMUL-MSc-BI0782P-stats-bioinfo/labs/Workshop_09_Big-data/he`
2. Pull your image: `singularity pull <your_dockerhub_username>/<your_repository>:<some_random_tag>`

It will be created as a `.img` image file.

3. Check it works: `singularity run <your_image.img>`
4. Run through the queue properly - write a minimal qsub file (`helloworld_singularity.sh`):

```
##$ -cwd
##$ -S /bin/bash
##$ -j y
##$ -pe smp 1
##$ -l h_vmem=2G

### run the whalesay container from Docker Hub
module load singularity
singularity run -B /data1/SBCS-MSc-BioInf/2017-BI0782P/QMUL-MSc-BI0782P-stats-bioinfo/labs/Workshop_09_Big-data/he
```

Now we can submit this with `qsub helloworld_singularity.sh`

## Putting it together - running our container on the grid to fit a model.

cd to /data1/SBCS-MSc-BioInf/2017-BI0782P/QMUL-MSc-BI0782P-stats-bioinfo/labs/Workshop\_09\_Big-data/raxml-container-t  
I have put a RAxML docker image on the hub (phylodev\_helloworld.img). It just runs raxml with arguments we give it on the qsub file, and exits.

- We run it with singularity (singularity exec <image>) in a qsub shell script file (raxml\_singularity.sh). Here's that file:

```
##$ -cwd
##$ -S /bin/bash
##$ -j y
##$ -pe smp 1
##$ -l h_vmem=2G

### run the whalesay container from Docker Hub
module load singularity
singularity run -B /data1/SBCS-MSc-BioInf/2017-BI0782P/QMUL-MSc-BI0782P-stats-bioinfo/labs/Workshop_09_Big-data/ra
```

- The script actually calls RAxML via a helper script in tmp/runRAxML.sh, so we need to make sure this is executable (chmod +x tmp/runRAxML.sh; I've already done this). We also need to mount ('bind' in singularity language) the working directory to the machine, to that the container can read/write files from the outside world (e.g. the cluster). We do this by invoking Singularity with the -B option (for 'bind' - the equivalent operation on a normal Docker engine would be -v, for 'volume':

singularity run -B <full\_path>:/class\_data.

We can now run this to analyse the input file from Tuesday (mc.paml) with the qsub script, but **first** edit the qsub file to change the model, random seed, and run name (see your notes from Tuesday's practical, or <path-to-raxml>/raxmlHPC -h on your own machine for how to do this.

- We call it with qsub (qsub raxml\_singularity.sh).
- Can you see the output? What was the log-likelihood?
- To compare, run the same model on the same data, using the version of RAxML on your computer, with the same random seed. Are there any differences?
- Finally we're going to analyse 19 datasets from a mammalian genome. Each of you will analyse one gene, trying different models (GTRGAMMA, GTRGAMMAI, GTRCAT, GTRCATI) with whatever combinations of random starting trees and/or multiple start points (see Tuesday) you like, and we'll combine the results.:
  - The input files are in input\_data, listed against your surname.
  - Run your dataset now locally, to check you can run it.
  - Run it on the cluster, to check it works with the singularity container. What do you need to change for the container to use this input file?
  - You can now try different combinations. Every time you produce a finished tree (RAxML\_bestTRee.\*), copy this to the output\_trees directory. I'll periodically compute a summary tree from this directory.
  - Can you work out how run multiple models as separate jobs?
  - Can you work out how you could investigate different numbers of starting trees as an array job? (\*Hint: see <https://docs.hpc.qmul.ac.uk/using/arrays/>\*)