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Logging Intro Assignment

Prerequisite

- 1. Power up your Linux Server VM that you have been using previously
- On your Host OS Navigate via browser to the provided website windows_activity_logs.txt
- 3. Download the specified file your host OS
- 4. In your host OS open a terminal / Shell
- 5. SCP the file to your Linux Server.
 -scp windows_activity_logs.txt <username>@<ip of linux server>:
- 6. In the Linux VM CLI, validate that the file in your home folder

Exercise 1

Run the following command:

```
grep user1 windows_activity_logs.txt
```

It should run successfully, but provide no output. That is because Linux is case sensitive.

```
| Inxellynx:~$ grep user1 windows_activity_logs.txt | Inxellynx:~$ grep user1 windows_activity_logs.txt | Inxellynx:~$
```

Option 1

grep User1 windows_activity_logs.txt

Option 2

grep -i 'user1' windows_activity_logs.txt

Exercise 2

Run the following command:

grep User3 windows_activity_logs.txt

Exercise 3

Search the file for **document1** using the previous commands as a template.

When successful, search the file for **document1.docx** using the previous commands as a template.

Exercise 4

Task 1

Make a second copy of windows_activity_logs.txt and name it windows_activity_logs2.txt.

```
2024-02-10 05:28:11, Userd, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-06 22:48:26, User2, delete file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-06 22:48:26, User2, delete file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-10 05:28:11, Userd, delete file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-10 05:24:52, User1, delete file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-10 05:25:39, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-10 05:53:99, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-10 05:53:99, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-29 23:06:58, User2, open file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-29 23:06:58, User2, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-29 24:01:16, User4, open file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 24:01:16, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-29 24:01:16, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 24:01:16, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 40:01:16, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 40:01:01, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 40:01:01, User4, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 40:01:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 40:01:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31:01:01:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31:01:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31:01, User3, edit file, success, Document1.docx
2024-02-20 31
```

Task 2

Use the **md5sum** command along with the wildcard character to generate and compare the MD5 hashes of two files.

Determine the significance of identical hashes.

Both hashes are identical because the content of both files are the same.

Task 3

Use the **diff** command to compare two files. Understand the implication of receiving no output from this comparison.

```
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lynx@lynx:~$ diff windows_activity_logs.txt windows_activity_logs2.txt
lynx@lynx:~$
```

Exercise 5

Use the **grep** command along with a wildcard to search for the term "**Spreadsheet.x1s**" across multiple files, specifying "filename" as a part of the file search pattern. PROTIP: A wildcard will be involved. Double check Exercise 4.

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Exercise 6

Task 1

Find any logs with User2 AND open file and then redirect it to a file called log1.txt

```
| Select | ynw@|ynx:~$ grep - E 'User2| open file' windows_activity_logs.txt > log1.txt |
| ynw@|ynx:~$ tail log1.txt |
| 2024-02-22 06:30:07, User2, login, success, 2024-03-06 06:02:09, User4, open file, success, Document1.docx |
| 2024-02-24 10:41:54, User1, open file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-24 10:41:54, User1, open file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-10 06:33:42, User2, delete file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-11 06:33:42, User2, delete file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-12 06:33:42, User2, delete file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 10:80:80, User2, delete file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, delete file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-13 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-14 20:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-15 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-16 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-16 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-17 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:47, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:48, User2, edit file, success, Report.pdf |
| 2024-02-18 23:48:48, User2, edit file,
```

Task 2

Find logs that contain both "User1" and "failed":

grep 'User1' windows_activity_logs.txt | grep 'failed'

But then append it to log1.txt

```
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```

Exercise 7

Use the **grep** command along with a wildcard to search for **User1** and failed multiple files, specifying **"filename"** as a part of the file search pattern from the file you downloaded and then copied previously.

Save output of the above command into a file called log2.txt

```
Iym@lymx:-$ grep User1 windows_activity_logs*.txt | grep failed > log2.txt | lym@lymx:-$ cat log2.txt | lym@lymx:-$ log2.txt | lym@lymx:-$ log2.txt | lym@lymx:-$ log2.txt | lympy | |
```